National Year Book
1907

Society of the Sons of the
American Revolution

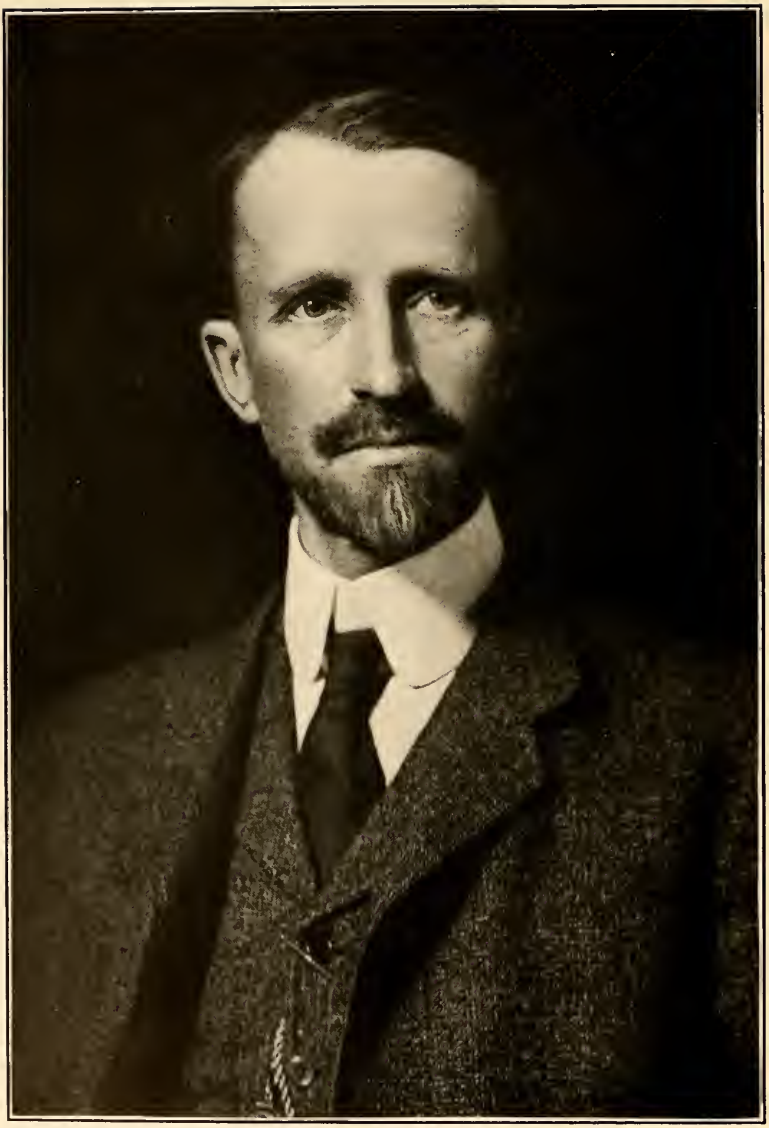
Gc
973.3406
S6aay
1907
1633349

REYNOLDS HISTORICAL
GENEALOGY COLLECTION

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY
3 1833 00824 6537

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2010 with funding from
Allen County Public Library Genealogy Center

http://www.archive.org/details/nationalyearbook1907sons



NELSON A. McCLARY
PRESIDENT GENERAL

NATIONAL YEAR BOOK

1907

The National Society

OF THE

Sons of the American Revolution

CONTAINING LIST OF THE GENERAL OFFICERS AND OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEES FOR 1907; OFFICERS 1889 TO 1906; CHARTER, CONSTITUTION, AND BY-LAWS; OFFICERS OF STATE SOCIETIES AND LOCAL CHAPTERS; PROCEEDINGS OF DENVER CONGRESS, JUNE 3 AND 4, 1907; RECORDS OF MEMBERS ENROLLED FROM MAY 1, 1906, TO JUNE 1, 1907.

Compiled by

A. HOWARD CLARK

Secretary General and Registrar General

PRESS OF JUDD & DETWEILER, INC., WASHINGTON, D. C.

1633349

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY

OF THE

Sons of the American Revolution.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Elected at Congress in Denver, Colorado,
June 4, 1907.

President General:

Nelson A. McClary, 184 La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Vice-Presidents General:

Trueman G. Avery, 202 Main Street, Buffalo, New York.
William H. Bayly, 2125 N Street, Washington, D. C. (Died September 22, 1907.)
Pelham W. Ames, 1955 Lyon Street, San Francisco, California.
Gen. J. W. Whiting, Mobile, Alabama.
Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, 204 Jackson Bldg., Denver, Colorado.

Secretary General and Registrar General:

A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General:

Willard Secor, Forest City, Iowa.

Historian General:

William Frederick Slocum, LL. D., Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Chaplain General:

Rev. J. Herman Randall, 60 West 130th Street, New York, N. Y.

BIOGRAPHIES OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

NELSON A. McCLARY.

PRESIDENT GENERAL.

NELSON ALVIN MCCLARY was born on a farm at Albany, Vt., August 17, 1856. When nine years of age, upon the death of his mother, the family became scattered. He attended school at Peacham, Vt., and worked in a general store at Windsor, Vt. He was placed in charge of a book store at Hanover, N. H., by a brother at the age of nineteen. Deciding to go through college, he fitted privately and kept the book store until the end of his junior year, and graduated at Dartmouth College in 1884, with degree of A. B. and "final honors" in chemistry. He was awarded the Grimes prize for greatest general improvement during course, and was class-day poet.

He settled in Chicago in 1884, where he first worked for Jansen, McClurg & Co., publishers and booksellers. After a few months he obtained a position with a gas-works construction company as salesman, later Secretary, and finally General Manager. He became interested in several gas properties in Western States, and secured a franchise for the Cicero Gas Company (now part of the Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co.) in 1892, of which he became President. He planned the works and built and managed the Ogden Gas Company (Chicago) until sold, 1896 to 1901. He is now President of the Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co. (Chicago suburbs), President of the De Kalb County (Ill.) Gas Co., Secretary of the Sterling (Ill.) Gas & Electric Light Co., Vice-President of Florence Oil Co. (Ind.) and Vice-President of the National Gas & Water Co.

He married in 1888 Emily Bicknell Rood, of Philadelphia, and has two sons, aged sixteen and eighteen. His home is in Oak Park (Chicago suburb). He has been a member of the

Oak Park Board of Education for six years; Secretary and President of Board of Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church, Oak Park, for six years; Vice-President of the Oak Park Club in 1904; member of the University Club (Chicago); member of South Shore Country Club (Chicago); President of Chicago Dartmouth Alumni Association, 1903-4; President of the Illinois Society, S. A. R., 1905, and Vice-President General of National Society, S. A. R., 1905.

He is the great-great-grandson of Maj. Andrew McClary, of the First (Stark's) New Hampshire Regiment, who was killed at the Battle of Bunker Hill. Major McClary fought at the rail fence during the entire engagement, and was killed by a cannon ball from a British ship during the retreat.

TRUEMAN G. AVERY.

Vice-President General.

Trueman Gardiner Avery belongs to what is known as the Groton branch of the Avery family.

Christopher Avery, born in England, probably in Cornwall, about 1590, came to America in the *Arabella,* landing at Salem, Mass., in 1630-31; in 1663 became a resident of New London, where he died in 1679. James Avery, Christopher's only son, born in England in 1620, came over with his father. In November, 1643, he married Joanna Greenslade, of Boston, for his first wife, whom he took with him to his home at Gloucester, and who became the mother of his six sons and three daughters. In 1656 he built on a farm located at the head of Poquonnock Plain, in the present town of Groton, a home in which he lived until his death, and which was for more than two centuries afterwards the property of an Avery of the male line, until 1895, when it was destroyed by fire. It had come to be known as the "Hive of the Averys." Recently a suitable monument has been erected on its site.

Joseph Avery, two generations later, married Tabitha Gardiner, at South Kingston, R. I.

Gardiner Avery, two generations still later, with two brothers, was a revolutionary soldier and among the first who marched to Roxbury, Mass., in 1775, where he remained until

the British left Boston, when he went to New York. He enlisted in 1776; was in battle at Chester. At the age of 66, in April, 1818, from Oneida, N. Y., he made a successful application for a pension. Gardiner Avery was born in Preston, Conn., in 1752. In 1772 he married Ama Newell, at Monson, Mass., where fourteen children were born, the youngest being Jared Newell, the father of the subject of this sketch.

Trueman G. Avery was born July 30, 1837, at Lenox, N. Y.; attended the public schools; prepared for college at the Oneida Conference Seminary, located at Cazenovia, N. Y.; graduated in 1856 at Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., from which he received in course the degrees of A. B. and A. M. After studying for two years in the law office of Judge Israel S. Spenser, at Syracuse, N. Y., and a course of one year at the Albany Law School, he was admitted to the practice of the law in 1859. In 1860 he opened an office in Buffalo, but soon engaged in commercial pursuits, which absorbed much of his time and attention until his retirement from active business. In 1893 he was admitted to membership in the Empire State Society, Sons of the American Revolution. Immediately thereafter he, with twelve other members, became interested in the idea of a local organization of members of the S. A. R. residing in his vicinity; an application to the State Society looking to that end was submitted and approved, and in the fall of that year the Buffalo Chapter, the Pioneer Chapter in the State, if not in the country, was organized, with Elbridge G. Spaulding, President; Trueman G. Avery, Vice-President. In 1896, upon the death of Mr. Spaulding, the Vice-President was promoted to the Presidency, which position he continues to hold. More than one hundred members were rapidly added to the roll.

In 1900 the Buffalo Chapter was instrumental in the formation of a local organization whose objects should be the perpetuation, acquisition, and suitable marking, maintenance, and preservation of places and objects of historic interest upon and along the "Niagara Frontier," so called, in New York State. On November 14 of that year, by the invitation of its President, five representatives from each of the following-named societies, viz., Sons of the American Revolution, Sons of the Revolution, Daughters of the American Revolution, Children of the American Revolution, The Society of Colonial Wars,

and The Buffalo Historical Society, met at his home, and appointed committees on organization and sites.

At a meeting at the same place, held on December 26, representatives from the Niagara Frontier Historical Society of Niagara Falls, Society of the War of 1812, and the Men's Club of Lewiston appeared besides the representatives from the societies before named. Articles of association were adopted and officers duly elected. The same officers have been chosen at each annual meeting.

Because of the Exposition of 1901 the work of the Association was not taken up until the year 1902. Nine tablets have been erected and formally dedicated. Two more will be added to the number in September next. There is also in preparation a granite structure to commemorate the services and death of Capt. Abraham S. Hull and nine privates of the Ninth Regiment of the U. S. Infantry, who fought and were killed at the Battle of Lundy's Lane. In a cemetery on the field where the battle occurred, near the shadow of two large trees, almost under the eves of a village church, at an angle with those about them, are two unpretentious graves, side by side. In one of these the officer is buried; in the other are the remains of the privates collected from the field; one is marked by a much mutilated marble slab; the other by a headboard. Our memorial stone will be suitably inscribed for both.

Mr. Avery has been several times on the Board of Managers of the Empire State Society; under the past two administrations a member of the Executive Committee of the National Society.

WILLIAM HAMILTON BAYLY.

Vice-President General.

Died at Washington, September 22, 1907.

William Hamilton Bayly, elected Vice-President General at the Denver Congress, was born near Gettysburg, Pa., March 5, 1850; son of Joseph Tate and Harriet (Hamilton) Bayly; great-grandson on his father's side of James Bayly, Esq., and Capt. David McQueen, and on his mother's side great-grandson of Capt. William Hamilton and great-great-grandson of Nich-

olas Bittinger, each of whom served in the Pennsylvania Militia during the Revolution.

Mr. Bayly graduated from Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, in 1870, having the post-graduate degrees of A. B. and A. M. from that college. He was admitted to the Gettysburg Bar in April, 1873, and to the Philadelphia Bar in the winter of 1875-76. He was Chief Burgess of Gettysburg in 1880 and Borough Treasurer in 1881. He was appointed a clerk in the U. S. Pension Bureau at Washington, August 12, 1882, the last ten years as Chief Clerk of the Bureau.

In December, 1886, he was married to Mary F. Kuhns, daughter of Rev. Dr. L. M. Kuhns, of Canton, Ohio.

Mr. Bayly became a member of the District of Columbia Society of the Sons of the American Revolution during the second year of its organization, and served as its Vice-President and President. He was much interested in the preservation of the Revolutionary War records in the Pension Bureau, and under a comprehensive plan devised by him much progress has been made in the compilation in card catalogue form of the valuable genealogical and military data in the original pension claims of Revolutionary soldiers.

PELHAM W. AMES.

Vice-President General.

Pelham Warren Ames was born in Massachusetts April 22, 1839; graduated at Harvard University 1859; appointed Acting Assistant Paymaster, U. S. Navy, July 9, 1861, serving on the U. S. S. *Connecticut* (supply ship) and on the U. S. S. *Saginaw* in the Pacific Squadron; resigned April 25, 1866.

Mr. Ames has been a resident of San Francisco since 1872. He has been much interested in naval associations, serving as Senior Vice-Commander of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States; Vice-Commander (and ex-Commander two terms) of the Naval Order of the United States; Fleet Lieutenant Commander U. S. Veteran Navy. He is a member of George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R.; of the Society of Mayflower Descendants, and of other organizations. He is President of the California Society of the Sons

of the American Revolution, and at the Denver Congress on June 4, 1907, he was elected a Vice-President General and Trustee of the National Society.

His maternal great-grandfather, Gamaliel Bradford, served in the Revolution as Colonel of the Fourteenth Massachusetts Regiment.

His father, Seth Ames, was Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, and Fisher Ames, his grandfather, was elected President of Harvard University in 1806.

Mr. Ames served 20 years as Secretary of the Sutro Tunnel Company and 18 years as Secretary of the Spring Valley Water Company.

GEN. J. W. WHITING.

Vice-President General.

Julian Wythe Whiting was born and reared in Hampton, Virginia, and was educated at the Hampton Military Academy and the University of Virginia. He was elected President of the Alabama Society of the Sons of the American Revolution upon its organization in Mobile, June 27, 1903, and was elected Vice-President General of the National Society at the Denver Congress June 4, 1907.

Thomas Whiting, the great-grandfather of General Whiting, was a member of the Virginia Convention that met at Williamsburg July 17, 1775; the Convention of May 6, 1776, and others. He served on the Naval Board of the Colony, of which he was President.

In March, 1861, General Whiting was appointed by Governor Moore First Lieutenant in First Battalion of Alabama Artillery, regularly enlisted men, which battalion was transferred as regulars to the Confederate Service and served through the entire war. He was promoted to Captaincy of Company F, same battalion, and commanded the most prominent position at Fort Morgan, Alabama, when Farragut's Fleet entered the Bay, and the first gun fired on the Fleet was by his command. When the fort surrendered, being on fire, which was beyond control, he was taken to New Orleans to prison. After four days he escaped from prison and after

several days in the swamps around New Orleans reached the Confederate lines and went into service again and continued in it till the collapse of the Confederacy. After the war, when he entered the Volunteer Service, Alabama National Guard, the General who commanded Fort Morgan during the fight and siege sent him a medal for gallantry. He was made Lieutenant Colonel, First Regiment Alabama State Troops, then Colonel, and later appointed Major General by the Governor of Alabama. After the war he engaged in the cotton business. In January, 1884, he took charge of The People's Bank, of Mobile, the stock of which was selling at thirty cents on the dollar; the latest sale was five hundred and twenty-five dollars for one-hundred-dollar shares.

DR. CLARKSON N. GUYER.

Vice-President General.

Dr. Clarkson Newbery Guyer, elected Vice-President General at the Denver Congress, was born in Albany, New York, on April 1st, 1867. He is a son of Hugh P. Guyer, a prosperous merchant of that town, and studied dentistry in the office of Dr. E. C. Edmonds, coming to Denver in 1879.

Returning East, he took a course in the College of Dental Surgery at Baltimore, and was graduated from that institution. Immediately re-entering upon his profession in Denver, he carefully laid the foundations which have brought him lucrative practice and distinguished honors.

He has been President of the Denver Dental Society; three times a member of the State Board of Dental Examiners, for two years its Secretary, and is now serving a fourth term as a member of that Board; one of the Founders, Trustee, and Professor of Surgery in the Homeopathic College of Denver; Clinical Instructor in the Western Dental College of Kansas City; a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Mason; a public-spirited citizen, who has served upon many important committees of the Denver Chamber of Commerce.

His membership and interest in the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution is the good wine of his life, to be mentioned last. With the ancestral blood of the Dickensons, the Patricks, the Palmers, the Seymours, and the Campbells of

Revolutionary days, of Governor John Webster of Colonial times mingling in his veins, he has ever been a magnetic, patriotic force in the Colorado Society, of which he was President in 1904.

When it was definitely determined to hold the Eighteenth National Congress in Denver, its members with unanimous accord turned to him for the needed touch of his genius of organization. It made him chairman of a convention committee, with power to appoint different committees. The chairmen of these committees he formed into an executive committee, over which he presided at luncheon every Saturday, with an average attendance of about fifteen. Under his "smile and push" the work was followed up so closely that every dollar of the entertainment fund was actually in bank before the arrival of a National delegate, and with sufficient margin to offer a "Prize Membership Banner" to the National Society, to stimulate its membership during the ensuing and succeeding years.

A. HOWARD CLARK.

Secretary General and Registrar General.

A. Howard Clark has been a member of the District of Columbia Society since 1890. He was Secretary General of the National Society in 1892 and has been Registrar General since 1893. In 1904, 1905, 1906, and 1907 he was elected to fill the office of Secretary General.

He was born in Boston April 13, 1850, of New England ancestry without exception for ten generations. He is descended from Enoch Clark, Enoch Hall, Thomas Jenner Carnes, and Edward Carnes, officers and privates in the Continental Army and Massachusetts Militia.

Mr. Clark was educated at Boston and at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., which gave him the degree of Master of Arts.

He engaged in mercantile business in New York City from 1867 to 1875; in 1879 was assistant on the United States Fish Commission and later expert on the Tenth Census. Since 1881 he has been connected with the Smithsonian Institution as Curator of the Division of History in the National Museum

and as editor of the publications of the Institution. In 1883 he served on the Executive Staff of the United States Commission at the International Fisheries Exposition in London, and was United States Expert Commissioner to the Paris Exposition of 1889, by appointment of President Cleveland, when he was honored by order of President Carnot with the decoration of Officier du Mérite Agricole.

He is a member of the Baronial Order of Runnymede, of the Society of Mayflower Descendants, and the Society of Colonial Wars, and since 1899 has been Secretary of the American Historical Association.

In 1881 he married Alice Morrow, of Gloucester, Mass., a charter member (No. 16) of the Daughters of the American Revolution, one of its first Registrar Generals, later Secretary General and Vice-President General, and now Honorary Vice-President General for life. He has two sons.

WILLARD SECOR.

Treasurer General.

In 1685 Louis XIV published the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, which caused half a million of the flower of France to flee to foreign lands for refuge from Huguenot persecution.

The ancestors of the subject of this sketch, on the paternal side, came to America about the year 1689, as a result of that religious intolerance. They settled at New Rochelle, N. Y., and so prolific have been the succeeding generations that nearly every State in the Union has representatives of the liberty-loving and determined pioneers.

Willard Secor was born at Forest City, Iowa, June 28, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at Cornell College, Mount Vernon, Iowa. At the age of twenty he went into a bank at Winnebago, Minn., as bookkeeper, and was soon promoted to the cashiership. After a few years as cashier, the duties of which were so taxing on his strength, he entered the real estate office of his father, and is now the Secretary and General Manager of The Secor Company—Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance—in his native town. He is also connected with two insurance companies in Des Moines, and

is regarded as an all-round hustler in business and politics; has been a member of the town council of Forest City and Secretary of the County Republican Committee.

He was State Treasurer for four years of the Iowa Society, Sons of the American Revolution, and is now its honored President.

He traces his genealogy to Revolutionary sires through four distinct lines of ancestry.

WILLIAM FREDERICK SLOCUM.

Historian General.

William F. Slocum, LL.D., President of Colorado College, elected Historian General at the Denver Congress, was born at Grafton, Mass., July 20, 1851. He graduated at Amherst, 1874 (LL.D., 1893); graduated at Andover Theological Seminary, D. D., 1878 (LL.D., University of Nebraska, 1894); student in Germany, 1874-75; pastor of Congregational Church, Amesbury, Mass., 1878-83; First Congregational Church, Baltimore, 1883-88. He is an extensive writer on school subjects. He was elected President of the Colorado Society of Sons of the American Revolution April 19, 1907.

Doctor Slocum is a son of William Frederick and Margaret (Tinker) Slocum; grandson of Oliver Ellsworth and Polly (Mills) Slocum; great-grandson of Cephas Mills, private Massachusetts State troops in the Revolution.

J. HERMAN RANDALL.

Chaplain General.

Rev. John Herman Randall, pastor of the Mount Morris Baptist Church, New York City, was elected Chaplain General at the Denver Congress.

He was born at St. Paul, Minn., April 27, 1871. His great-great-grandfather, Benjamin Knower, served as private in the Massachusetts troops.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

THE GENERAL OFFICERS AND THE FOLLOWING TRUSTEES FOR STATE SOCIETIES.

Alabama: Major William Frye Tebbetts, Mobile.
Arizona: George D. Christy, Phœnix.
Arkansas: Frank W. Rawles, Little Rock.
California: W. Pelham Ames, 1955 Lyons St., San Francisco.
Colorado: Harold C. Stephens, Denver.
Connecticut: Lewis B. Curtis, Bridgeport.
Delaware: Thomas F. Bayard, Wilmington.
District of Columbia: William L. Marsh, 1303 Q St., Washington.
Florida: W. S. Keyser, Pensacola.
France: Gen. Horace Porter, New York, N. Y.
Hawaii: John Effinger, Honolulu.
Illinois: Major Edgar B. Tolman, 108 La Salle St., Chicago.
Indiana: Charles W. Moores, Indianapolis.
Iowa: Willard Secor, Forest City.
Kansas: John M. Meade, Topeka.
Kentucky: Rt. Rev. Charles E. Craik, Louisville.
Louisiana: Peter F. Pescud, New Orleans.
Maine: Dr. George Emory Fellows, Orono.
Maryland: Justice Henry Stockbridge, 11 North Calhoun St., Baltimore.
Massachusetts: Gen. Charles K. Darling, 101 P. O. Bldg., Boston.
Michigan: Rev. Rufus W. Clark, 24 Buhl Block, Detroit.
Minnesota: John Day Smith, Minneapolis.
Missouri: Ashley Cabell, 610 Mechanics' Nat. Bank Bldg., St. Louis.
Montana: E. H. Talcott, Livingston.
Nebraska: James H. Adams, 816 N. Y. Life Bldg., Omaha.
New Hampshire: Charles Gales Shedd, Keene.
New Jersey: Hon. J. Franklin Fort, East Orange.
New York: William A. Marble, 397 Broadway, New York.
Ohio: Col. William L. Curry, Columbus.
Oklahoma: Col. A. S. Reaves, Lawton.
Oregon: Tyler Woodward, Portland.
Pennsylvania: Col. R. W. Guthrie, 434 Diamond St., Pittsburg.
Rhode Island: George Franklin Weston, 225 Lennox Ave., Providence.
South Dakota: Capt. Theodore G. Carter, Deadwood.
Tennessee: J. A. Cartwright, Nashville.
Texas: George T. Jester, Corsicana.
Utah: Edward D. Woodruff, Salt Lake City.
Vermont: William James Van Patten, Burlington.
Virginia: Gen. Charles J. Anderson, Richmond.
Washington: Judge Charles H. Hanford, Seattle.
Wisconsin: William Ward Wight, Milwaukee.

National Committees, 1907.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

Mr. Nelson A. McClary, President General, *Chairman ex-officio.*
Gen. Francis Henry Appleton, 50 Congress St., Boston, Mass.
Hon. Morris B. Beardsley, Bridgeport, Conn.
Judge Henry Stockbridge, 11 N. Calhoun St., Baltimore, Md.
Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., 1755 P St., Washington, D. C.
Mr. Theodore H. Eaton, Detroit, Mich.
Col. George Clinton Batcheller, 702 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

COMMITTEE ON AUDITING AND FINANCE:

Col. Wm. Jewett Robie, *Chairman,* Richmond, Ind.
Mr. Charles G. Stone, Hartford, Conn.
Mr. Daniel M. Lord, 100 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.
Col. Wm. L. Curry, Columbus, Ohio.
Hon. Waldo Pettengill, Rumford Falls, Me.

COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS:

Mr. John D. Vandercook, *Chairman,* 108 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.
Mr. Louis Annin Ames, 99 Fulton St., New York, N. Y.
Mr. R. Fuller Shryock, 318 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.
Mr. George Curtis Darling, Providence, R. I.
Gen. James Rush Lincoln, Ames, Iowa.
Mr. Charles Gale Shedd, Keene, N. H.
Mr. William Ward Wight, Milwaukee, Wis.

MEMORIAL COMMITTEE:

Mr. Andrew W. Bray, *Chairman,* Newark, N. J.
Mr. Jonathan Trumbull, Norwich, Conn.
Gen. Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A., Portland, Oreg.
Dr. Francis H. Brown, 28 State St., Boston, Mass.
Col. George V. Lauman, Chicago, Ill.
Mr. William T. Dewey, Montpelier, Vt.
Maj. Moses Veale, 727 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION:

Maj. Wm. Frye Tebbetts, *Chairman,* 65 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.
Hon. Cornelius A. Pugsley, 12 West 122d St., New York City.
Mr. George E. Maxwell, 839 Lumber Exchange Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.
Col. A. S. Hubbard, 565 Fourth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.
Col. John P. Penney, Pittsburg, Pa.
Mr. Ashley Cabell, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. R. W. Breckinridge, 711 N. Y. Life Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION:

Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D., *Chairman,* 24 Buhl Block, Detroit, Mich.
Prof. Wm. K. Wickes, Syracuse, N. Y.
Hon. Geo. D. Todd, Louisville, Ky.
Mr. J. Franklin Pierce, Milwaukee, Wis.
Dr. Charles W. Needham, Stoneleigh Court, Washington, D. C.
Mr. Wm. J. Dutton, 401 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
Col. Charles Lyman, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

Special Committees.

FLAG COMMITTEE:

Col. Ralph Prime, *Chairman,* Yonkers, N. Y.
Gen. Thomas M. Vincent, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.
Hon. Peter F. Pescud, New Orleans, La.
Col. Ira H. Evans, Austin, Texas.
Gen. Charles K. Darling, Old South Bldg., Boston, Mass.
Mr. Ralph Emery, Belfast, Me.
Mr. Henry B. Ferris, 108 Hasel Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PRESS COMMITTEE:

Mr. A. Howard Clark, *Chairman,* Washington, D. C.
Mr. Edwin S. Crandon, *Evening Transcript,* Boston, Mass.
Mr. George W. Bates, Detroit, Mich.
Mr. John M. Meade, Topeka, Kan.
Mr. Wm. Allen Wood, Indianapolis, Ind.
Mr. Fred A. Hale, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Mr. Frank B. Steele, 114 Elmwood Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PARKS:

Mr. William V. Cox, *Chairman,* Second National Bank, Washington, D. C.
Mr. William Allen Marble, 395 Broadway, New York City.
Mr. Wm. P. Fiske, Concord, N. H.
Hon. F. Franklin Fort, East Orange, N. J.
Mr. Ricardo E. Miner, Phœnix, Ariz.
Judge J. A. Cartwright, Nashville, Tenn.
Mr. H. K. Bush-Brown, Newburgh, N. Y.

COMMITTEE ON PENSION AND MUSTER ROLLS:

Gen. Thomas M. Vincent, U. S. A., *Chairman,* Washington, D. C.
Mr. Zebina Moses, 711 H St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
Col. Wm. B. Thompson, Washington, D. C.
Col. R. W. Guthrie, Pittsburg, Pa.
Mr. Spotswood Garland, Wilmington, Del.
Mr. William L. Marsh, 1303 Q St., Washington, D. C.
Maj. Edgar B. Tolman, 108 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE:

Mr. Henry V. A. Joslin, *Chairman,* Providence, R. I.
Dr. Moses G. Parker, Lowell, Mass.
Mr. A. Howard Clark, Washington, D. C.

COMMITTEE ON NAVAL RECORDS:

Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., *Chairman,* 1755 P. St., Washington, D. C.
Rear Admiral George W. Baird, U. S. N., Washington, D. C.
Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester, U. S. N., Washington, D. C.

COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL ANTHEMS:

Rear Admiral George W. Baird, U. S. N., *Chairman,* 1505 Rhode Island Ave., Washington, D. C.
Mr. Richard T. Davies, New York City.
Dr. E. D. Gardner, Toledo, Ohio.
Mr. Henry Dwight Holton, Brattleboro, Vt.
Judge C. H. Hanford, Seattle, Wash.
Mr. Harry H. Trice, Norfolk, Va.

COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS FOR BUFFALO CONGRESS:

Mr. Trueman G. Avery, *Chairman,* 202 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Mr. William Allen Marble, 397 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Col. George Clinton Batcheller, 702 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

COMMITTEE ON PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF INFORMATION TO IMMIGRANTS:

Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., *Chairman,* 1755 P St., Washington, D. C.
Col. Charles Lyman, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.
A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.

Past Presidents General.

LUCIUS P. DEMING, of Connecticut.
Elected at Congress held in New York City, April 30, 1889.

DR. WILLIAM SEWARD WEBB, of Vermont.
Elected at the Congress held in Louisville, April 30, 1890, and re-elected at the Congress in Hartford, April 30, 1891.

COL. A. S. HUBBARD, Past President California Society.
Entered on roll of Past Presidents General by unanimous vote of the Congress held in Louisville, April 30, 1890.

GENERAL HORACE PORTER, LL.D., of New York.
Elected at the Congress held in New York, April 30, 1892, and re-elected at the Congresses held in Chicago, June 16, 1893; in Washington, April 30, 1894; in Boston, May 1, 1895, and in Richmond, April 30, 1896.

GEN. ALBERT M. WINN, Past President California Society.
Entered on roll of Past Presidents General by vote of the Congress held in New York City, April 30, 1892.

HON. EDWIN SHEPARD BARRETT, of Massachusetts.
Elected at the Congress held in Cleveland, April 30, 1897, and re-elected at the Congress held in Morristown, April 30, 1898. Died in office December 21, 1898.

HON. FRANKLIN MURPHY, of New Jersey.
Succeeded to the office upon the death of Hon. Edwin Shepard Barrett, in 1898, and elected at the Congress held in Detroit, May 2, 1899.

GEN. JOSEPH C. BRECKINRIDGE, U. S. A., of Washington, D. C.
Elected at the Congress held in New York City, April 30 and May 1, 1900.

HON. WALTER SETH LOGAN, of New York.
Elected at the Congress held in Pittsburg, Pa., April 30 and May 1, 1901. Died July 19, 1906.

HON. EDWIN WARFIELD, of Maryland.
Elected at the Congress held in Washington, D. C., April 30 and May 1, 1902.

GEN. EDWIN S. GREELEY, of Connecticut.
Elected at the Congress held in New Haven, Conn., April 30 and May 1, 1903.

HON. JAMES DENTON HANCOCK, of Pennsylvania.
Elected at the Congress held in St. Louis, Mo., June 15 and 16, 1904.

GEN. FRANCIS HENRY APPLETON, of Massachusetts.
Elected at the Congress held in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, May 3, 1905.

HON. CORNELIUS AMORY PUGSLEY, of New York.
Elected at the Congress held in Faneuil Hall, Boston, May 1, 1906.

GENERAL OFFICERS FROM 1889 to 1906.

General Officers Elected at New York, April 30, 1889.

President General.....Lucius P. Deming
Vice-President General for Alabama.....Major G. B. West
Vice-President General for Arkansas.....Col. S. W. Williams
Vice-President General for California.....Col. A. S. Hubbard
Vice-President General for Connecticut.....Maj. J. C. Kinney
Vice-President General for Delaware.....A. J. Woodman
Vice-President General for Illinois.....Bishop C. E. Cheney
Vice-President General for Indiana.....William E. English
Vice-President General for Kentucky.....Simon B. Buckner
Vice-President General for Maine.....C. H. Denison
Vice-President General for Maryland.....Rev. John G. Morris, D. D.
Vice-President General for Massachusetts.....Edwin S. Barrett
Vice-President General for Michigan.....Wm. H. Brearley
Vice-President General for Minnesota.....John B. Sanborn
Vice-President General for Missouri.....D. R. Francis
Vice-President General for New Hampshire.....H. K. Slayton
Vice-President General for New Jersey.....Robt. S. Green
Vice-President General for New York.....Wm. H. Arnoux
Vice-President General for Ohio.....Rutherford B. Hayes
Vice-President General for Rhode Island.....E. B. Andrews
Vice-President General for South Carolina.....Wade Hampton
Vice-President General for Tennessee.....Dr. D. C. Kelly
Vice-President General for Vermont.....W. P. Dillingham
Vice-President General for Virginia.....Fitzhugh Lee
Vice-President General for West Virginia.....John J. Jacob
Vice-President General for Wisconsin.....Wm. D. Hoard
Vice-President General for District of Columbia.Admiral D. D. Porter
Vice-President General for France.....Edmond de Lafayette
Secretary General.....Lieut. J. C. Cresap, U. S. N.
Assistant Secretary General.....Chas. J. King
Assistant Secretary General.....Wilson J. Gill
Assistant Secretary General.....William F. Cregar
Treasurer General.....James Otis
Registrar General.....L. L. Tarbell
Chaplain General.....Rev. Timothy Dwight

General Officers Elected at Louisville, Ky., April 30, 1890.

President General.....Dr. Wm. Seward Webb
Honorary Vice-President General...Admiral David D. Porter, U. S. N.
Honorary Vice-President General.....Joseph E. Johnston

Honorary Vice-President General.....Edwin S. Barrett
Vice-President General.....Lucius P. Deming
Vice-President General.....Gov. Simon B. Buckner
Vice-President General.....Wm. H. Arnoux
Vice-President General.....Josiah C. Pumpelly
Vice-President General.....Dr. G. Brown Goode
Secretary General.....Lieut. James C. Cresap, U. S. N.
Treasurer General .....James Otis
Registrar General.....Luther L. Tarbell
Historian General.....Wm. Francis Cregar
Surgeon General.....Wm. Thornton Parker, M. D.
Chaplain General.....Rt. Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, D. D.

General Officers Elected at Hartford, Conn., April 30, 1891.

President General.....Dr. Wm. Seward Webb
Active Vice-President General.....Gen. Horace Porter
Active Vice-President General .....Jonathan Trumbull
Active Vice-President General.....Gen. Bradley T. Johnson
Active Vice-President General.....Judge Albert Edgerton
Active Vice-President General.....Col. Champion S. Chase
Honorary Vice-President General.....Rear Admiral Worden, U. S. N.
Honorary Vice-President General.....Luther L. Tarbell
Honorary Vice-President General.....Wm. Wirt Henry
Secretary General.....Lieut. James C. Cresap, U. S. N.
Treasurer General .....James Otis
Registrar General.....Dr. G. Brown Goode
Historian General.....Henry Hall
Surgeon General.....Dr. Chas. E. Briggs
Chaplain General.....Rt. Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, D. D.

General Officers Elected at New York City, April 30, 1892.

President General.....Gen Horace Porter
Vice-President General.....Jonathan Trumbull
Vice-President General.....Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....Henry M. Shepard
Vice-President General.....Gen. T. S. Peck
Vice-President General .....Paul Revere
Honorary Vice-President General.....Chauncey M. Depew
Honorary Vice-President General.....Thos. F. Bayard
Honorary Vice-President General.....Gen. Bradley T. Johnson
Secretary General.....A. Howard Clark
Treasurer General.....Charles Waldo Haskins
Registrar General.....Dr. G. Brown Goode
Historian General .....Henry Hall
Surgeon General.....Dr. Aurelius Bowen
Chaplain General.....Rt. Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., JUNE 16, 1893.

President General.....GEN. HORACE PORTER
Vice-President General.....CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW
Vice-President General.....HENRY M. SHEPARD
Vice-President General.....COL. THOMAS M. ANDERSON, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....HENRY C. ROBINSON
Secretary General .....FRANKLIN MURPHY
Treasurer General.....CHAS. W. HASKINS
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General .....HENRY HALL
Chaplain General.....RT. REV. CHAS. E. CHENEY, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 30, 1894.

President General.....GEN. HORACE PORTER
Vice-President General.....GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, U. S. A
Vice-President General.....COL. THOMAS M. ANDERSON, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....COL. WM. RIDGELY GRIFFITH
Vice-President General.....EDWIN S. BARRETT
Vice-President General.....JOHN WHITEHEAD
Secretary General .....FRANKLIN MURPHY
Treasurer General.....CHAS. W. HASKINS
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General .....HENRY HALL
Chaplain General.....RT. REV. CHAS. E. CHENEY, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT BOSTON, MASS., MAY 1, 1895.

President General.....GEN. HORACE PORTER
Vice-President General.....GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....COL. THOMAS M. ANDERSON, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....EDWIN SHEPARD BARRETT
Vice-President General .....JOHN WHITEHEAD
Vice-President General.....CUSHMAN K. DAVIS
Secretary General .....FRANKLIN MURPHY
Treasurer General.....CHAS. W. HASKINS
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General .....HENRY HALL
Chaplain General.....RT. REV. CHAS. E. CHENEY, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT RICHMOND, VA., APRIL 30, 1896.

President General.....GEN. HORACE PORTER
Vice-President General.....COL. THOMAS M. ANDERSON, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....EDWIN S. BARRETT
Vice-President General .....JOHN WHITEHEAD
Vice-President General.....COL. WM. RIDGELY GRIFFITH

Vice-President General.....Wm. Wirt Henry
Secretary General .....Franklin Murphy
Treasurer General.....Chas. W. Haskins
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General .....Henry Hall
Chaplain General.....Rt. Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, D. D.

General Officers Elected at Cleveland, Ohio, April 30, 1897.

President General.....Edwin Shepard Barrett
Vice-President General.....Col. Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A.
Vice-President General .....John Whitehead
Vice-President General.....James M. Richardson
Vice-President General.....Capt. Samuel Eberly Gross
Vice-President General.....Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, U. S. A.
Secretary General .....Franklin Murphy
Treasurer General.....Chas. W. Haskins
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General .....Henry Hall
Chaplain General.....Rt. Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, D. D.

General Officers Elected at Morristown, N. J., April 30, 1898.

President General.....Edwin Shepard Barrett
Vice-President General .....Franklin Murphy
Vice-President General.....Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....Col. Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....James M. Richardson
Vice-President General .....John Whitehead
Secretary General.....Capt. Samuel Eberly Gross
Treasurer General.....Chas. W. Haskins
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General.....Edwd. M. Gallaudet, LL.D.
Chaplain General.....Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D.

General Officers Elected at Detroit, Mich., May 2, 1899.

President General.....Franklin Murphy
Vice-President General.....Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, U. S. A.
Vice-President General .....John Whitehead
Vice-President General.....Thos. W. Palmer
Vice-President General.....Jonathan Trumbull
Vice-President General.....James H. Anderson
Secretary General.....Capt. Samuel Eberly Gross
Treasurer General .....Charles Waldo Haskins
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General.....Edwd. M. Gallaudet, LL.D.
Chaplain General.....Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT NEW YORK CITY, MAY 1, 1900.

President General.....GEN. J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....COL. THOMAS M. ANDERSON, U. S. A.
Vice-President General.....JAMES H. GILBERT
Vice-President General.....GEN. FRANCIS H. APPLETON
Vice-President General.....GEN. EDWIN S. GREELEY
Vice-President General.....HOWARD DE HAVEN ROSS
Secretary General.....CAPT. SAMUEL EBERLY GROSS
Treasurer General.....CORNELIUS AMORY PUGSLEY
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General.....GEN. THEODORE S. PECK
Chaplain General.....REV. ETHELBERT D. WARFIELD, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT PITTSBURG, PENNA., MAY 1, 1901.

President General.....WALTER SETH LOGAN
Vice-President General.....JAMES DENTON HANCOCK
Vice-President General.....THOMAS PITTS
Vice-President General.....HORACE DAVIS
Vice-President General.....JOHN WHITEHEAD
Vice-President General.....GEORGE A. PEARRE
Secretary General.....CAPT. SAMUEL EBERLY GROSS
Treasurer General.....CORNELIUS AMORY PUGSLEY
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General.....GEORGE WILLIAMS BATES
Chaplain General.....REV. ETHELBERT D. WARFIELD, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 1, 1902.

President General.....EDWIN WARFIELD
Vice-President General.....CORNELIUS A. PUGSLEY
Vice-President General.....CAPT. SAMUEL EBERLY GROSS
Vice-President General.....NOBLE D. LARNER
Vice-President General.....HOWARD DE HAVEN ROSS
Vice-President General.....COL. ALBERT J. LOGAN
Secretary General.....CHARLES WALDO HASKINS
Treasurer General.....NATHAN WARREN
Registrar General.....A. HOWARD CLARK
Historian General.....GEORGE WILLIAMS BATES
Chaplain General.....REV. RUFUS W. CLARK, D. D.

GENERAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT NEW HAVEN, CONN., MAY 1, 1903.

President General.....GEN. EDWIN S. GREELEY
Vice-President General.....MAJOR IRA H. EVANS
Vice-President General.....DR. JOHN W. BAYNE
Vice-President General.....DANIEL M. LORD
Vice-President General.....JOHN J. HUBBELL

Vice-President General.....Arthur W. Dennis
Secretary General.....Edward Payson Cone
Treasurer General .....Nathan Warren
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General.....George Williams Bates
Chaplain General.....Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D.

General Officers Elected at St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1904.

President General.....Hon. James Denton Hancock
Vice-President General.....Gen. George Howell Shields
Vice-President General.....John Paul Earnest
Vice-President General.....Col. A. D. Cutler
Vice-President General.....Edward Payson Cone
Vice-President General.....Charles Kingsbury Miller
Secretary General.....A. Howard Clark
Treasurer General.....Isaac W. Birdseye
Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Historian General.....George Williams Bates
Chaplain General.....Rev. J. W. Atwood, D. D.

General Officers Elected in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, May 3, 1905.

President General.....Gen. Francis Henry Appleton
Vice-President General.....Hon. Morris B. Beardsley
Vice-President General.....Col. John C. Lewis
Vice-President General.....Prof. Benjamin Blake Minor
Vice-President General.....Hon. Henry Stockbridge
Vice-President General.....Nelson A. McClary
Secretary General and Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Treasurer General.....Isaac W. Birdseye
Historian General.....Prof. William K. Wickes
Chaplain General.....Rev. J. W. Atwood, D. D.

General Officers Elected in Faneuil Hall, Boston, May 1, 1906.

President General.....Hon. Cornelius A. Pugsley
Vice-President General.....Moses Greeley Parker, M. D.
Vice-President General.....Hon. Henry Stockbridge
Vice-President General.....Hon. Edward Anson Butler
Vice-President General.....Hon. Lunsford L. Lewis
Vice-President General.....Andrew W. Bray
Secretary General and Registrar General.....A. Howard Clark
Treasurer General.....Isaac W. Birdseye
Historian General.....Prof. William K. Wickes
Chaplain General.....Rev. J. W. Atwood, D. D.

NATIONAL CHARTER.

[PUBLIC—No. 214.]

H. R. 15332.

FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA;

At the First Session,

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the fourth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and five.

AN ACT

TO INCORPORATE THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Francis Henry Appleton, of Massachusetts; Lucius P. Deming, of Connecticut; William Seward Webb, of Vermont; Horace Porter, of New York; Joseph C. Breckinridge, of Washington, District of Columbia; Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey; Walter S. Logan, of New York; Edwin Warfield, of Maryland; Edwin S. Greeley, of Connecticut: James D. Hancock, of Pennsylvania; Morris B. Beardsley, of Connecticut; John C. Lewis, of Kentucky; Henry Stockbridge, of Maryland; Nelson A. McClary, of Illinois; A. Howard Clark, of Washington, District of Columbia; Isaac W. Birdseye, of Connecticut; William K. Wickes, of New York; J. W. Atwood, of Ohio; J. W. Whiting, of Alabama; Ricardo E. Miner, of Arizona; Joseph M. Hill, of Arkansas; Alexander G. Eells, of California; Clarkson N. Guyer, of Colorado; Jonathan Trumbull, of Connecticut; Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware; William H. Bayly, of Washington, District of Columbia; William S. Keyser, of Florida; Charles M. Cooke, of Hawaii; Inman H. Fowler, of Indiana; Eugene Secor, of

Iowa; John M. Meade, of Kansas; Peter F. Pescud, of Louisiana; Waldo Pettengill, of Maine; James D. Iglehart, of Maryland; Moses G. Parker, of Massachusetts; Rufus W. Clark, of Michigan; James C. Haynes, of Minnesota; Ashley Cabell, of Missouri; Ogden A. Southmayd, of Montana; Amos Field, of Nebraska; Daniel C. Roberts, of New Hampshire; J. Franklin Fort, of New Jersey; William A. Marble, of New York; Isaac F. Mack, of Ohio; Henry H. Edwards, of Oklahoma; Thomas M. Anderson, of Oregon; William L. Jones, of Pennsylvania; John E. Studley, of Rhode Island; Theodore G. Carter, of South Dakota; J. A. Cartwright, of Tennessee; I. M. Standifer, of Texas; Fred A. Hale, of Utah; Henry D. Holton, of Vermont; Lunsford L. Lewis, of Virginia; Cornelius H. Hanford, of Washington; J. Franklin Pierce, of Wisconsin; Trueman G. Avery, of New York; William W. J. Warren, of New York; Henry V. A. Joslin, of Rhode Island; John Paul Earnest, of Washington, District of Columbia; A. S. Hubbard, of California, and all such other persons as may from time to time be associated with them, and their successors, are hereby constituted a body corporate and politic, in the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, by the name of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

SEC. 2. That the purposes and objects of said corporation are declared to be patriotic, historical, and educational, and shall include those intended or designed to perpetuate the memory of the men who, by their services or sacrifices during the war of the American Revolution, achieved the independence of the American people; to unite and promote fellowship among their descendants; to inspire them and the community at large with a more profound reverence for the principles of the Government founded by our forefathers; to encourage historical research in relation to the American Revolution; to acquire and preserve the records of the individual services of the patriots of the war, as well as documents, relics, and landmarks; to mark the scenes of the Revolution by appropriate memorials; to celebrate the anniversaries of the prominent events of the war and of the Revolutionary period; to foster true patriotism; to maintain and extend the institutions of American freedom, and to carry out the purposes expressed in the preamble to the Constitution of our country and the injunctions of Washington in his farewell address to the American people.

SEC. 3. That said corporation shall have power to receive, purchase, hold, sell, and convey real and personal estate, so far only as may be necessary or convenient for its lawful purposes, to an amount not exceeding at any one time in the aggregate five hundred thousand dollars; to sue and be sued, complain and defend in any court; to adopt a common seal, and to alter the same at pleasure; to make and adopt a constitution, by-laws, rules, and regulations for admission, government, suspension, and expulsion of its members, and from time to time to alter and repeal such constitution, by-laws, rules, and regulations, and to adopt others in their places; to provide for the election of its officers and to define their duties; to provide for State Societies or Chapters

with rules for their conduct, and to regulate and provide for the management, safe-keeping, and protection of its property and funds; *Provided always,* That such constitution, by-laws, rules, and regulations be not inconsistent with the laws of the United States or any of the States thereof.

SEC. 4. That the property and affairs of said corporation shall be managed by not more than sixty nor less than forty trustees, who shall be elected annually at such time as shall be fixed in the by-laws, and at least one trustee shall be elected annually from a list of nominees to be made by each of the State Societies and submitted to this Society at least thirty days before the annual meeting, in accordance with general provisions regulating such nominations as may be adopted by this Society.

SEC. 5. That the first meeting of this corporation shall be held on a call issued by any fifteen of the above-named corporators by a written notice signed by them, stating the time and place of meeting, addressed to each of the corporators personally named herein and deposited in the post-office at least five days before the day of meeting.

SEC. 6. That this charter shall take effect upon its being accepted by a majority vote of the corporators named herein who shall be present at said meeting, or at any other meeting specially called for that purpose; and notice of such acceptance shall be given by said corporation by causing a certificate to that effect signed by its President and Secretary to be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 7. That Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act.

J. G. CANNON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS,
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

Approved, June 9, 1906.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

CONSTITUTION

OF

The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

(*Adopted at the Denver Congress, June 3, 1907.*)

Article I.—Name.

The name of this organization shall be "The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution."

Article II.—Purposes and Objects.

The purposes and objects of this Society are declared to be patriotic, historical, and educational, and shall include those intended or designed to perpetuate the memory of the men who, by their services or sacrifices during the war of the American Revolution, achieved the independence of the American people; to unite and promote fellowship among their descendants; to inspire them and the community at large with a more profound reverence for the principles of the Government founded by our forefathers; to encourage historical research in relation to the American Revolution; to acquire and preserve the records of the individual services of the patriots of the war, as well as documents, relics, and landmarks; to mark the scenes of the Revolution by appropriate memorials; to celebrate the anniversaries of the prominent events of the war and of the Revolutionary period; to foster true patriotism; to maintain and extend the institutions of American freedom, and to carry out the purposes expressed in the preamble of the Constitution of our country and the injunctions of Washington in his farewell address to the American people.

Article III.—Membership.

Section 1. Any man shall be eligible to membership in the Society who, being of the age of twenty-one years or over, and a citizen of good repute in the community, is the lineal descendant of an ancestor who was at all times unfailing in his loyalty to, and rendered active service in, the cause of American Independence, either as an officer, soldier, seaman, marine, militiaman or minute man, in the armed forces of the Continental Congress, or of any one of the several Colonies or States,

or as a signer of the Declaration of Independence; or as a member of a Committee of Safety or Correspondence; or as a member of any Continental, Provincial, or Colonial Congress or Legislature; or as a recognized patriot who performed actual service by overt acts of resistance to the authority of Great Britain.

SECTION 2. Applications for membership shall be made to any State Society, in duplicate, upon blank forms prescribed by the Board of Trustees, and shall in each case set forth the name, occupation and residence of the applicant, line of descent, and the name, residence and services of his ancestor or ancestors in the Revolution, from whom he derives eligibility.

The applicant shall make oath that the statements of his application are true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Upon the approval of an application by the State Society, to which it is made, one copy shall be transmitted to the Registrar General of the National Society, who shall examine further the eligibility of the applicant. If satisfied that the member is not eligible, he shall return the application for correction.

Until the State Society shall satisfy the Registrar General of the eligibility of such applicant, his name shall not be placed on the roll of membership.

SECTION 3. The official designation of the members of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution shall be "Compatriots."

ARTICLE IV.—NATIONAL AND STATE SOCIETIES.

SECTION 1. The National Society shall embrace all the members of the State Societies of the Sons of the American Revolution now existing or which may hereafter be established under this Constitution.

SECTION 2. Whenever in any State or Territory in which a State Society does not exist, or in which a State Society has become inactive, or failed for two years to pay its annual dues to the National Society, fifteen or more persons duly qualified for membership in this Society may associate themselves as a State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and organize in accordance with this Constitution, they may be admitted by the Board of Trustees to the National Society as "The —— Society of the Sons of the American Revolution," and shall thereafter have exclusive local jurisdiction in the State or Territory or in the District in which they are organized, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, but this provision shall not be construed so as to exclude the admission of candidates residing in other States.

SECTION 3. Each State Society shall judge of the qualifications of its members and of those proposed for membership, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, and shall regulate all matters pertaining to its own affairs. It shall have authority to establish local chapters within its own jurisdiction, and to endow the chapters with such power as it may deem proper, not inconsistent with the charter of the National Society or

with this Constitution. It shall have authority, after due notice and impartial trial, to expel any member who, by conduct unbecoming a gentleman, shall render himself unworthy to remain a member of the Society.

SECTION 4. Each State Society shall submit to the Annual Congress of the National Society a report, setting forth by name the additions, transfers and deaths, and any other changes in the membership and the progress of the State Society during the preceding year, and making such suggestions as it shall deem proper for the promotion of the objects of the National Society.

SECTION 5. Whenever a member in good standing in his Society shall change his residence from the jurisdiction of the State Society of which he is a member to that of another, he shall be entitled, if he so elects, to a certificate of honorable demission from his own State Society, in order that he may be transferred to the State Society to whose jurisdiction he shall have changed his residence; provided, that his membership shall continue in the former until he shall have been elected a member of the latter.

Each State Society shall, however, retain full control of the admission of members by transfer.

SECTION 6. Whenever the word "State" occurs in this Constitution, it shall be held to include within its meaning the District of Columbia and the Territories of the United States.

SECTION 7. A Society may be formed in any foreign country by fifteen or more persons who are eligible to membership under this Constitution, which shall bear the same relation to the National organization as the State Society, subject to the provisions of this Constitution.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES.

SECTION 1. The General Officers of the National Society shall be a President General, five Vice-Presidents General, the order of seniority among whom shall be determined by lot at the time of their election, a Secretary General, Treasurer General, Registrar General, Historian General, and Chaplain General, who shall be elected by ballot by a vote of a majority of the members present and entitled to vote at the annual meeting of the Congress of the National Society, and shall hold office for one year and until their successors shall be elected.

SECTION 2. The General Officers provided for in section 1, together with one member from each State Society, shall constitute the Board of Trustees of the National Society. Such Trustee from each of the several State Societies shall be elected annually at the Congress of the National Society, upon the nomination, or from a list of nominees, to be made by each of the State Societies and submitted to the National Society by the filing thereof with the Secretary of the National Society at least thirty days before the meeting of the Annual Congress of the National Society. And in the event that any one or more of the State Societies shall omit or neglect to make such nomination or submit said list of

nominees, by the time herein required, then the President of the State Society so in default, shall, *virtute officii,* be chosen as and become the representative of his State Society upon said Board.

SECTION 3. The Board of Trustees shall have charge of, and be charged with the care and custody of all property belonging to the National Society, and to that end shall be vested with the powers conferred by section 3 of the Act of Incorporation of the National Society: *Provided, however,* That it shall not have the power to sell, convey, or in anywise encumber any real estate belonging to the Society without the assent of three-fourths of the members of said Board. The Board of Trustees shall also have authority to adopt and promulgate the By-Laws of the National Society, to prescribe the duties of the General Officers, to provide the seal, to designate and make regulations for the issue of the insignia, and to transact the general business of the National Society during the intervals between the sessions of the Congress.

Meetings of the Board of Trustees may be held at the call of the President General, or in case of his absence or inability, at the call of the Senior Vice-President General, certified by the Secretary General. Meetings shall be called at the request of seven members. At such meetings seven shall constitute a quorum.

SECTION 4. An executive committee of seven, consisting of the President General as chairman, and six members to be nominated by him and approved by the Board of Trustees, shall, in the interim between the meetings of the Board, transact such business as may be delegated to it by a Congress of the Society or the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.—DUES.

Each State Society shall pay annually to the Treasurer General, to defray the expenses of the National Society, fifty cents for each active member thereof, unless intermitted by the National Congress.

All such dues shall be paid on or before the first day of April in each year for the ensuing year, in order to secure representation in the Congress of the National Society.

ARTICLE VII.—MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SECTION 1. The Annual Congress of the National Society for the election of the General Officers and for the transaction of business shall be held on the thirtieth day of April or on the first day of May in each year. The place of such meeting shall be designated by the Board of Trustees.

SECTION 2. Special meetings of the Congress may be called by the President General, and shall be called by him when directed so to do by the Board of Trustees, or whenever requested in writing so to do by at least five State Societies, on giving thirty days' notice, specifying the time and place of such meeting and the business to be transacted.

SECTION 3. The following shall be members of all such annual or special meetings of the Congress, and shall be entitled to vote therein:

(1) All the General Officers and the ex-Presidents General of the National Society.

(2) The members of the Board of Trustees and the President or Senior Vice-President of each State Society.

(3) One delegate at large from each State Society.

(4) One delegate from every fifty members of the Society within a State and for a fraction of twenty-five or over.

SECTION 4. After the adjournment of the Eighteenth Annual Congress of this Society, State Societies shall be represented at meetings of the National Society only by members of their own State Society, either duly elected, or who in the absence of regularly elected delegates, may be chosen by the regularly elected attending delegates of such State Society from the members of such State Society who may be present at any meeting of the National Society.

ARTICLE VIII.—AMENDMENTS.

This Constitution may be altered or amended at any meeting of the Congress of the National Society, provided that sixty days' notice of the proposed alterations or amendments, which shall first have been recommended by a State Society, or by a prior Congress, or by the Board of Trustees, or by the Executive Committee of the National Society, shall be sent by the Secretary General to the President of each State Society.

A vote of two-thirds of those present shall be necessary to their adoption.

ARTICLE IX.

This Constitution shall take effect upon its adoption.

BY-LAWS

OF

The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

(*Adopted at Denver Congress, June 3, 1907.*)

Article I.—Election of Officers.

All nominations of General Officers shall be made from the floor, and the election shall be by ballot. A majority shall elect. The nominations may be acted upon directly or may be referred to a committee to examine and report.

Article II.—Officers.

The duties of the General Officers shall be such as usually appertain to their offices, and they shall have such other duties as are hereinafter imposed or shall be delegated to them by an annual Congress or by the Board of Trustees.

They shall report at the annual meeting, and at such other times as they may be required to do so by the Board of Trustees.

Article III.—President General.

Section 1. The President General, in addition to his general duties, shall be *ex officio* chairman of the Board of Trustees, and of the Executive Committee, and a member of every other Committee.

Section 2. At each annual meeting he shall appoint the following standing committees:

Committee on Auditing and Finance,
Committee on Credentials,
Memorial Committee,
Committee on Organization,
Committee on Education.

The duties of the above committees shall be such as usually pertain to committees of like character, and such as may be defined by the Board of Trustees.

Article IV.—Vice-Presidents General.

Section 1. In the absence of the President General, the Senior Vice-President General present shall preside at the Annual Meeting.

SECTION 2. In the prolonged absence or inability to act of the President General, the executive authority shall be vested in the Vice-Presidents General in order of precedence.

ARTICLE V.—SECRETARY GENERAL.

The Secretary General, in addition to his general duties, shall have charge of the seal, and give due notice of all meetings of the National Society or Board of Trustees. He shall give due notice to all General Officers and State Societies of all votes, orders and proceedings affecting or appertaining to their duties. He shall distribute all pamphlets, circulars, rosettes and supplies, as directed by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.—TREASURER GENERAL.

SECTION 1. The Treasurer General shall collect and receive the funds and securities of the National Society. He shall deposit the same to the credit of the "Society of the Sons of the American Revolution," and shall draw them thence for the use of the National Society, as directed by it or by the Board of Trustees, upon the order of the President General, countersigned by the Secretary General. His accounts shall be audited by a committee to be appointed at the Annual Meeting.

SECTION 2. He shall give bond for the safe custody and application of the funds, the cost of such bond to be borne by the National Society.

ARTICLE VII.—REGISTRAR GENERAL.

The Registrar General shall keep a register of the names and dates of the election, resignation or death of all members of the several State Societies, and shall have the care and custody of all duplicate applications for membership. He shall issue upon the requisition of the Secretary or Registrar of the several State Societies certificates of membership and insignia to every member entitled thereto, through such Secretary or Registrar.

ARTICLE VIII.—HISTORIAN GENERAL.

The Historian General shall have the custody of all the historical and biographical collections of which the National Society may become possessed and shall catalogue and arrange the same, and shall place the same in a fireproof repository for preservation.

ARTICLE IX.—CHAPLAIN GENERAL.

The Chaplain General shall be a regularly ordained minister, and shall open and close all general meetings of the National Society with the services usual and proper on such occasions.

ARTICLE X.—STATE SOCIETIES.

Every State Society shall—

(1) Notify the Secretary General of the election and appointment of all officers, nominees for Board of Trustees and delegates.

(2) Pay to the Treasurer General on the first day of March or within thirty days thereafter, the sum of fifty cents for each active member thereof.

(3) Transmit to the Registrar General duplicate applications of all accepted members, and notify him of the resignation or death of all members thereof.

Article XI.—Board of Trustees.

Section 1. The Board of Trustees shall prepare and carry out plans for promoting the objects and growth of the Society; shall generally superintend its interests, and shall execute such other duties as shall be committed to it at any meeting of the National Society. It shall have charge of the printing of the Diploma and the manufacturing of the Insignia, and shall determine the price at which the same shall be issued.

Section 2. It shall have the authority to admit or reorganize as a State Society any association of fifteen or more persons duly qualified for membership in the Society.

Section 3. It shall have power to fill any vacancy occurring among the General Officers, and an officer so elected shall act until the following annual election and until his successor shall be elected.

Section 4. It shall have authority to make, alter and amend the By-Laws as hereinafter provided.

Section 5. The President General may call meetings of the Board of Trustees at any time he may deem necessary, and shall call such meetings upon the written request of any five members thereof, provided that of any meeting, other than such as may be called during the session or immediately upon the adjournment of an annual or special Congress of the National Society, not less than five days' notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given.

1633349

Article XII.—Executive Committee.

A meeting of the Executive Committee may be called at any time by the President General, and such meeting shall be called upon the written request of three members thereof. It shall be the duty of the Executive Committee to exercise the powers, and perform the duties committed to it by any annual or special Congress or by the Board of Trustees; to control and supervise all arrangements for the holding of the annual or any special Congress, and the social and other functions connected therewith; it shall upon the request of the proper committee of the National Society or of the Board of Trustees, assist in the organization of new State Societies, and increasing the membership of weak State Societies, and for these purposes may incur its necessary expenses, limited to such amounts as may be in the Treasury unappropriated, and not required for the current expenses of the National Society during the year.

Article XIII.—Seal.

The seal of the Society shall be two and three-eighths of an inch in diameter, charged with the figure of a minute man, grasping a musket in his right hand, and surrounded by a constellation of thirteen stars, who shall be depicted in the habit of a husbandman of the period of the American Revolution, and as in the act of deserting the plough for the service of his country; the whole encircled by a band three-eighths of an inch wide, within which shall appear the legend, "National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, organized April 30, 1889."

Article XIV.—Certificates.

All members of this Society, wherever admitted, shall be entitled to a certificate of membership duly attested by the President General, Secretary General and Registrar General, countersigned by the President, Secretary, and Registrar of the State Society to which such member shall have been admitted.

Article XV.—Insignia.

The insignia of the Society shall comprise (1) a cross surmounted by an eagle in gold, (2) a rosette.

Section 1. The cross shall be of silver, with four arms, covered with white enamel and eight gold points, same size as a Chevalier's Cross of the Legion of Honor of France, with a gold medallion in the center bearing on the obverse a bust of Washington in profile, and on the reverse the figure of a minute man, surrounded by a ribbon enameled blue, with the motto "Libertas et Patria" on the obverse, and the legend "Sons of the American Revolution" on the reverse, both in letters of gold. The cross shall be surmounted by an eagle in gold and the whole decoration suspended from a ring of gold by a ribbon of deep blue, with white and buff edges, and may be worn by any member of the Society on ceremonial occasions only, and shall be carried on the left breast, or at the collar if an officer or Past President General of the National Society, or the President, active or past, of a State Society.

Section 2. The rosette shall be seven-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, of usual pattern, displaying the colors of the Society, blue, white and buff, and may be worn by all members at discretion in the upper left-hand buttonhole of the coat.

Article XVI.—Indebtedness.

No debts shall be contracted on behalf of the National Society. Every obligation for the payment of money, except checks drawn against deposits, executed in the name or on behalf of the National Society shall be null and void.

Article XVII.—Order of Business of the Annual Congress.

1. Calling the Congress to order by the President General.
2. Opening prayer by the Chaplain General.
3. Appointment of a Committee on Credentials.
4. Remarks by the President General on condition and needs of the Society.
5. Report of Committee on Credentials.
6. Reading of minutes of the last Congress.
7. Report of Board of Trustees.
8. Reports of General Officers.
9. Reports of standing committees.
10. Reports of special committees.
11. Reports of State Societies.
12. Old and unfinished business.
13. New business, including election of officers and Trustees.
14. Adjournment.
15. *Provided,* That for a special purpose the Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of those present and voting, suspend the above order of business.

Article XVIII.—Amendments.

These By-Laws may be altered or amended by a vote of three-fourths of the members present at any meeting of the Board of Trustees, notice thereof having been given at a previous meeting.

STATE SOCIETIES

OF

The National Society

OF THE

Sons of the American Revolution.

ALABAMA SOCIETY.

23 MEMBERS.

Organized in Mobile, Ala., June 27, 1903, and admitted into the National Society November 18, 1903.

Officers.

President, Major William Frye Tebbetts.....Mobile
First Vice-President, Colonel F. B. Merrill.....Mobile
Second Vice-President, A. R. Noble.....Anniston
Treasurer, C. S. Shawhan.....Mobile
Secretary, R. B. Douglass.....Mobile
Registrar, Colonel R. B. Dumont.....Mobile

Board of Managers.

General J. W. Whiting.....Mobile
Beverly Wilson.....Mobile
Colonel J. T. Poe.....Mobile
Rittenhouse Moore.....Mobile
F. L. Ross.....Mobile

All the officers *ex-officio*.

ARIZONA SOCIETY.

42 MEMBERS.

Organized June 13, 1896. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, George D. Christy.....Phœnix
Vice-President, Everett E. Ellinwood.....Phœnix
Secretary, Clay F. Leonard.....Phœnix
Treasurer, Lloyd B. Christy.....Phœnix
Registrar, Carl T. Hayden.....Phœnix
Historian, Rev. Julius A. Atwood.....Phœnix
Chaplain, Winfield Scott, D. D.....Phœnix

Additional Managers.

R. E. Sloan, Frederick W. Wilson, Prosper P. Parker.

ARKANSAS SOCIETY.

36 Members.

Organized April 29, 1889. Annual meeting Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Frank W. Rawles.....Little Rock
Vice-President, R. W. Balch.....Little Rock
Secretary and Registrar, Fay Hempstead.....Little Rock
Treasurer, Philander Keep Roots.....Little Rock

CALIFORNIA SOCIETY.

415 Members.

Instituted October 22, 1875. Constitution adopted August 7, 1876. Annual meeting second Tuesday in January.

Officers elected January 8, 1907.*

President, Pelham W. Ames, 1955 Lyon St....San Francisco
Vice-President, George C. Sargent, 2511 B'w'y, San Francisco
Secretary, Dr. J. Mora Moss, 930 Green St.....San Francisco
Registrar, Col. A. S. Hubbard, 565 Fourth Av., San Francisco
Treasurer, Edwin Bonnell, 101 Montgomery St., San Francisco
Marshal, J. S. Manley, 130 Locust St.....San Francisco

Additional Managers.

Edward Mills Adams, Cal. Title Ins. & Trust Co.,
San Francisco
O. D. Baldwin, 1000 Green St.....San Francisco
Robert Collier, 2535 Polk St.....San Francisco
C. Mason Kinne, Hotel Jefferson.....San Francisco
R. M. Sims, 1228 McAllister St.....San Francisco
C. E. Washburn, 1210 Dewey Ave.....Los Angeles

* Hon. John A. Hosmer was elected President at the annual meeting. He died May 1.

COLORADO SOCIETY.

139 MEMBERS.

Organized July 4, 1896. Annual meeting April 19, to commemorate the Battles of Lexington and Concord.

Officers Elected April 19, 1907.

President, William Frederick Slocum, LL. D.,
Colorado Springs
Vice-President, Clarkson N. Guyer, 2134 Williams St., Denver
Vice-President, Gen. Irving Hale, 508 Kittredge Bldg., Denver
Vice-President, Leonard Dates, Denver Dry Goods Co., Denver
Vice-President, Jos. F. Tuttle, Jr., 58 W. First Ave., Denver
Vice-President, J. T. Holbrook, 2944 High St.....Denver
Secretary, Volcott C. Stoddard, 203 Continental Bldg., Denver
Treasurer, Chas. H. Wells, Denver Dry Goods Co., Denver
Registrar, Edward W. Milligan, 1346 Clayton St.....Denver
Historian, Edgar Rollins Downs, 1415 S. 15th St., Denver
Chaplain, Rev. J. H. Houghton, 1166 Lincoln Ave., Denver

Board of Managers.

Henry J. Hersey, Chairman, Continental Bldg., Denver.
Frederick Yeakel, R. A. Parsons,
James A. Jones, H. C. Stephens,
Levi Hunt, F. M. Keezer,
J. H. Leiper.

CONNECTICUT SOCIETY.

971 MEMBERS.

Organized April 2, 1889. Annual meeting May 10, to commemorate the capture of Fort Ticonderoga by a Connecticut expedition.

Officers elected May 10, 1907.

President, Lewis B. Curtis.....Bridgeport
Vice-President, Rufus E. Holmes.....Winsted
Secretary, Charles G. Stone.....Hartford
Treasurer, Henry C. Sherwood.....Bridgeport
Registrar, Hobart L. Hotchkiss.....New Haven
Historian, Frank B. Gay.....Hartford
Chaplain, Rev. John De Peu.....Bridgeport
Necrologist, Captain Henry R. Jones.....New Hartford

Members of the Board of Managers.

The Board of Managers include the officers, members of the Board, Delegates, and Secretaries of Local Branches.

Jonathan Trumbull.....Norwich
Clarence H. Wickham.....Hartford
Edward W. Hooker.....Hartford
J. Coolidge Hills.....Hartford
Dr. Charles C. Godfrey.....Bridgeport
Charles E. Buckingham.....Bridgeport
John H. Perry.....Southport
Charles M. Williams.....Meriden
H. Wales Lines.....Meriden
Eli C. Birdsey.....Meriden
General E. S. Greeley.....New Haven
George B. Martin.....New Haven
Wilson H. Lee.....New Haven
Benjamin R. English.....New Haven
Edgar L. Pond.....Terryville

Delegates to National Convention.

Isaac W. Birdseye (Delegate at Large).....Bridgeport
Henry C. Sherwood.....Bridgeport
Roderick P. Curtis.....Bridgeport
Morris B. Beardsley.....Bridegport
Charles Hopkins Clark.....Hartford
Dr. G. C. F. Williams.....Hartford
Colonel Louis R. Cheney.....Hartford
Leverett Belknap.....Hartford

Edgar J. Doolittle.....Meriden
Andrew J. Sloper.....New Britain
Charles F. Brooker.....Ansonia
John H. Whittemore.....Naugatuck
L. Wheeler Beecher.....Westville
Merritt Heminway.....Watertown
Isaac W. Brooks.....Torrington
Robert W. Hill.....Waterbury
William E. Chandler, The Hargrave, 72nd St. West, New York
Everett E. Lord.....New Haven
George F. Burgess.....New Haven
William J. Atwater.....New Haven
General George H. Ford.....New Haven

Secretaries of Local Branches.

EX-OFFICIO.

Henry F. Burroughs.....Bridgeport
George M. Curtis.....Meriden
Wm. D. Scranton.....New Haven
Carl J. Viets.....New London
Charles A. Quintard.....Norwalk
Henry F. Parker.....Norwich

Chapter Officers.

GENERAL DAVID HUMPHREYS BRANCH, NO. 1, NEW HAVEN.

President, Wilson H. Lee.
Vice-President, Benjamin R. English.
Secretary and Treasurer, William D. Scranton.
Historian and Chaplain, Rev. Dryden W. Phelps.
Chairman Standing Committee, Nathan Easterbrook, Jr.

CAPTAIN JOHN COUCH BRANCH, NO. 2, MERIDEN.

President, H. Wales Lines.
Vice-President, Walter Hubbard.
Secretary and Treasurer, Geo. M. Curtis.
Chaplain, Rev. W. S. Perkins.
Historian, Judge J. P. Platt.
Executive Committee: H. Wales Lines (*ex-officio*), Geo. M. Curtis (*ex-officio*), E. J. Doolittle, John M. Harmon.

GENERAL SILLIMAN BRANCH, NO. 3, BRIDGEPORT.

Organized 1893.

President, Charles E. Buckingham.
Vice-President, Charles P. Coe.
Secretary, Henry F. Burroughs.
Registrar, George C. Peet.
Historian, William A. Barnes.
Chaplain, Lewis B. Silliman.
Treasurer, Julius H. Gorham.

ISRAEL PUTNAM BRANCH, NO. 4, NORWICH.

Secretary, Henry F. Parker.

NORWALK BRANCH, NO. 5.

Secretary, C. A. Quintard.

NATHAN HALE BRANCH, NO. 6, NEW LONDON.

President, John G. Stanton, M. D.
Vice-President, P. Leroy Harwood.
Secretary, Carl Jay Viets.
Treasurer, Alfred Coit.

DELAWARE SOCIETY.

79 MEMBERS.

Organized January 29, 1889. Annual meeting December 7, to commemorate the ratification of the Constitution of the United States by Delaware.

Officers elected December 7, 1906.

President, Thomas F. Bayard.....Wilmington
Vice-President, James H. Hughes.....Dover
Vice-President, George W. Marshall, M. D.....Milford
Vice-President, John Bancroft.

Secretary and Treasurer, David B. Ferris,
603 West 8th St., Wilmington
Registrar and Historian, Lawrence B. Jones,
507 Broome St., Wilmington
Chaplain, Rev. Jos. Brown Turner.....Dover

Additional Managers.

Spotswood Garland, Alfred A. Curtis,
Col. William A. La Motte, Col. John Wainwright,
George W. Sparks.

Delegates.

George A. Elliott, William Beadenkopf,
Willard Springer.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY.

(Washington, D. C.)

---

538 MEMBERS.

Organized April 19, 1890. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, William Lowrey Marsh, 1303 Q St...Washington
First Vice-President, Louis Addison Dent,
Fendall Bldg., Washington
Second Vice-President, Justice Thomas H. Anderson,
1531 N. H. Ave., Washington
Third Vice-President, Francis H. Parsons,
Library of Congress, Washington
Recording Secretary, Sidney I. Besselievre,
315 E St., N. E., Washington
Corresponding Secretary, John Edward Fenwick,
The Sherman, Washington
Treasurer, Philip F. Larner, 918 F St.....Washington
Registrar, Albert D. Spangler, 72 S St. N. W.....Washington

Assistant Registrar, Zebina Moses,
711 H St. N. W., Washington
Historian, Selden M. Ely, 50 S St. N. W.....Washington
Librarian, Paul Brockett, Smithsonian Institution, Washington
Chaplain, Rev. Thomas S. Childs, D. D.....Chevy Chase

Board of Management.

1908.

Francis E. Grice, Chas. W. Needham, LL. D.,
H. P. R. Holt, Frederick D. Owen,
Edgar B. Stocking.

1909.

Sidney I. Besselievre, William V. Cox,
Col. Fred. C. Bryan, Wallace D. McLean,
John Speed Smith.

1910.

Commander John H. Moore, General Thos. M. Vincent,
William B. Thompson, George C. Maynard,
William A. De Caindry.

FLORIDA SOCIETY.

34 MEMBERS.

Organized March 14, 1896. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate the birthday of Washington.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, F. G. Renshaw.....Pensacola
Vice-President, T. V. Kessler.....Pensacola
Secretary, A. C. Blount, Jr.....Pensacola
Chaplain, P. H. Whaley.....Pensacola

Board of Managers.

J. H. Cross, Geo. P. Wentworth,
J. C. Avery.

SOCIETY IN FRANCE.

22 MEMBERS.

Organized in Paris, France, September 16, 1897. Annual meeting Lexington Day, April 19.

Officers.

President, General Horace Porter.....Paris
Vice-President, Gaston de Sahune de la Fayette.....Paris
Secretary (Vacancy).....Paris
Treasurer, J. D. Stickney.....Paris
Registrar, Col. Charles Chaillé-Long.....Paris

HAWAIIAN SOCIETY.

82 MEMBERS.

Organized June 17, 1896. Annual meeting June 17, to commemorate the Battle of Bunker Hill.

Officers elected June 17, 1906.

President, John Effinger.....Honolulu
Vice-President, Lorrin Andrews Thurston.....Honolulu
Secretary and Treasurer, Lyle Alexander Dickey,
35 South King St., Honolulu
Registrar, Sidney Miller Ballou.....Honolulu

Members of the Board of Managers.

Wallace Rider Farrington, Jared Gage Smith,
Gerrit Parmile Wilder.

ILLINOIS SOCIETY.

529 Members.

Organized January 14, 1890. Annual meeting December 3, to commemorate the admission of Illinois into the Union.

Officers elected December 3, 1906.

President, Major Edgar B. Tolman, 108 La Salle St., Chicago
First Vice-President, Horace Kent Tenney,
205 La Salle St., Chicago
Second Vice-President, John Shepherd,
159 La Salle St., Chicago
Secretary, John D. Vandercook, 108 La Salle St.....Chicago
Treasurer, James H. Gilbert, 108 La Salle St.....Chicago
Registrar, Porter B. Fitzgerald, 612 Rector Building, Chicago
Historian, James Edgar Brown, 108 La Salle St.....Chicago
Chaplain, Charles Herbert Young,
6451 Woodlawn Ave., Chicago
Sergeant-at-Arms, Eames MacVeagh,
Wabash Ave. and Lake St., Chicago

Board of Managers.

L. R. Atkins, 171 La Salle St.....Chicago
H. R. Baldwin, Rector Building.....Chicago
James M. Eddy.....Berwyn
Horace E. Horton, 1020 Longwood Ave.....Chicago
Geo. V. Lauman, 99 Randolph St.....Chicago
Seymour Morris, 135 Adams St.....Chicago

Chapter Officers.

SPRINGFIELD CHAPTER, NO. 1.

Organized February 1, 1897.

President, Charles G. Gray.....Springfield
Secretary, Chas. F. Mills.....Springfield
Treasurer, Isaac R. Diller.....Springfield

GEORGE ROGERS CLARK CHAPTER, NO. 2, BLOOMINGTON.

Organized March 13, 1897.

President, Charles L. Capen.....Bloomington
Vice-President, S. A. Thayer.....Bloomington

EVANSTON CHAPTER, NO. 3, EVANSTON.

Organized April 26, 1897.

President, Geo. M. Sargent.....Evanston
Secretary, Charles Pierson Spining.....Evanston

SAMUEL ADAMS CHAPTER, NO. 4, JACKSONVILLE.

Organized July 23, 1897.

Secretary, Horace H. Bancroft.....Jacksonville

ROCK ISLAND CHAPTER, NO. 5, ROCK ISLAND.

Organized April 8, 1898.

President, H. C. Connelly.....Rock Island
Secretary, Edward H. Guyer.....Rock Island

MONMOUTH CHAPTER, NO. 6.

Organized December 27, 1902.

President, Victor H. Webb.....Monmouth
Vice-President, Chas. E. Nye.....Monmouth
Secretary, Eugene A. Lord.....Monmouth

OAK PARK CHAPTER, NO. 7.

Organized June, 1903.

President, Henry D. Pierce.....Oak Park
Vice-President, George Butters.....Oak Park
Secretary, George D. Webb.....Oak Park
Historian, Dr. R. F. Johonnot.....Oak Park
Treasurer, John D. Vandercook.....Austin

INDIANA SOCIETY.

315 MEMBERS.

Organized January 15, 1890. Annual meeting February 25, to commemorate the capture of Fort Sackville, Vincennes, Ind., by Gen. George Rogers Clark.

Officers elected February 25, 1907.

President, Charles W. Moores, 602 Lemcke Bldg., Indianapolis
First Vice-President, Austin F. Denny.....Indianapolis
Second Vice-President, William A. Wood.....Indianapolis
Third Vice-President, Theodore Stein.....Indianapolis
Secretary, Dr. Benjamin A. Richardson,
208 Newton Claypool Building, Indianapolis
Registrar, Duncan T. Bacon, 340 N. Illinois St....Indianapolis
Chaplain, Rev. Christopher Sargent.....Indianapolis
Treasurer, William J. Brown.....Indianapolis
Wellington Clark was elected Honorary Vice-President.

Chapter Officers.

ANTHONY WAYNE CHAPTER, FT. WAYNE.

President, Dr. B. Van Sweringen.....Ft. Wayne
Secretary, C. S. Swan.....Ft. Wayne
Treasurer, C. B. Woodworth.....Ft. Wayne

JOHN MORTON CHAPTER, TERRE HAUTE.

President, James E. Somes.....Terre Haute
Vice-President, George Oscar Dix.....Terre Haute
Secretary, Charles T. Jewett.....Terre Haute
Treasurer, Horace C. Tune.....Terre Haute
Registrar and Historian, James B. Harris.....Terre Haute

HUNTINGTON CHAPTER.

President, Frank Felter.....Huntington
Vice-President, Chas. McGrew.....Huntington
Secretary, Morton Tuttle.....Huntington
Registrar, E. B. Heiney.....Huntington
Treasurer, N. W. Scott.....Huntington

IOWA SOCIETY.

240 MEMBERS.

Organized September 5, 1893. Annual meeting April 19, to commemorate Lexington and Concord.

Officers elected April 19, 1907.

President, Willard Secor.....Forest City
First Vice-President, E. R. Hutchison.....Des Moines
Second Vice-President, George C. Kennedy.....Waterloo
Treasurer, F. B. Clark.....Ottumwa
Secretary, E. D. Hadley.....Des Moines
Registrar-Historian, E. H. Hazen.....Des Moines
Chaplain, Rev. D. R. Dungan.....Des Moines

Additional Managers.

J. B. Collins.....Des Moines
George D. Rowe.....Boone
Elijah H. Lewis.....Chariton
E. D. Hamlin.....Des Moines

Chapter Officers.

WOODBURY CHAPTER, SIOUX CITY.

Vice-President, John Church Cushing Hoskins.
Secretary-Treasurer, George Lyman Baldwin.

LEXINGTON CHAPTER, KEOKUK.

President, Harwood O. Whitney.
Vice-President, William Holcomb Titus.
Secretary-Treasurer, David Brown Hamill.

BLACK HAWK CHAPTER, WAPELLO.

(Dormant.)

WASHINGTON CHAPTER, AMES.

President, Herman Knapp.
Vice-President, Edgar Williams Stanton.
Secretary-Treasurer, Charles Hamilton.

BUNKER HILL CHAPTER, WATERLOO.

President, Julian W. Richards.
First Vice-President, William Cummins Logan.
Second Vice-President, Roger Leavitt.
Secretary-Treasurer, George Colvin Kennedy.

KANSAS SOCIETY.

170 MEMBERS.

Organized March 31, 1892. Annual meeting the third Wednesday in January.

Officers elected January 25, 1907.

President, John M. Meade.....Topeka
Vice-President, Col. T. W. Harrison.....Topeka
Secretary and Historian, D. W. Nellis.....Topeka
Treasurer, D. W. Norton.....Topeka
Registrar, J. L. Eldridge.....Topeka

KENTUCKY SOCIETY.

63 MEMBERS.

Organized April 8, 1889. Annual meeting October 19, to commemorate the surrender of Cornwallis.

Officers elected October 19, 1907.

President, The Very Rev. Chas. Ewell Craik, D. D., 515 W. Ormsby St., Louisville
Vice-President, Henry Clifton Rodes.....Louisville
Secretary, Donald Robertson Jacob.....Louisville
Treasurer, George Hall Wilson.....Louisville
Registrar, Dr. Thomas Page Grant, 832 Second St., Louisville
Historian, George L. Danforth.....Louisville
Chaplain, Rev. Richard L. McCready.....Louisville

Board of Managers.

Rear Admiral John Crittenden Watson, U. S. N.

John C. Lewis,	C. B. Robinson,	Geo. Du Relle,
Geo. T. Wood,	Ben La Bree,	Geo. D. Todd.
Geo. L. Burton,	Geo. G. Fetter,	

LOUISIANA SOCIETY.

73 MEMBERS.

Organized May 18, 1893. Annual meeting February 22.

Officers elected December 15, 1907.

President, Peter F. Pescud, 818 Gravier St.....New Orleans
First Vice-President, Charles Marshall.....New Orleans
Second Vice-President, Edward Rightor.....New Orleans
Third Vice-President, Charles Stewart Matthews....Raceland
State Secretary, Thomas Dabney Dimitry, 928 Erato St., New Orleans

Financial Secretary, Robert Turnbull Burwell,
818 Gravier St., New Orleans
Treasurer, Col. Charles A. Larendon, 815 Union St.,
New Orleans
Registrar, Louis D. Lagarde, Kennen Building..New Orleans
Historian, Henry Rightor, 818 Gravier St.....New Orleans
Chaplain, John Talbot Sawyer, D. D.....Crowley

Board of Managers.

Judge E. Howard McCaleb, A. H. Dicks,
W. McL. Fayssoux, H. W. Robinson.

MAINE SOCIETY.

370 MEMBERS.

Organized March 14, 1891. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, George Emory Fellows, LL.D.....Orono
Senior Vice-President, Hon. Frederic E. Boothby...Portland

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Edward Payson Ricker.....South Poland
Willis Blake Hall.....Caribou
Hon. Melvin P. Frank.....Portland
Hon. Joseph C. Holman.....Farmington
Dr. Benjamin L. Noyes.....Stonington
Judge Oliver G. Hall.....Augusta
Arthur Stevens Littlefield.....Rockland
Francis B. Greene.....Boothbay Harbor
Charles L. Hathaway.....Norway
Thomas W. Vose.....Bangor
Hon. John F. Sprague.....Monson
Judge Frank L. Staples.....Bath
Charles F. Jones.....Skowhegan
Ralph Emery.....Belfast
Henry R. Taylor.....Machias

Lieut. Oliver P. Remick.....Kittery
Registrar and Secretary, Nathan Goold.....Portland
Treasurer, Philip F. Turner.....Portland
Librarian, Albert R. Stubbs.....Portland
Historian, Hon. Augustus F. Moulton.....Portland
Chaplain, Rev. Joseph Battell Shepherd.....Portland

COUNCILLORS.

Hon. Warren H. Vinton.....Gray
Edward S. Everett.....Portland
Charles F. Flagg.....Portland
Capt. Thomas J. Little.....Portland
Herbert Harris.....Portland

MARYLAND SOCIETY.

200 MEMBERS.

Organized April 20, 1889. Annual meeting October 19, to commemorate the burning of the brig "Peggy Stuart" at Annapolis, October 19, 1774.

Officers elected October 19, 1906.

President, Henry Stockbridge, 11 N. Calhoun St., Baltimore
First Vice-President, J. Noble Stockett,
1604 John St., Baltimore
Second Vice-President, Yates Stirling,
209 W. Lanvale St., Baltimore
Third Vice-President, Edwin Warfield,
Fidelity Building, Baltimore
Fourth Vice-President, George W. Hyde,
225 E. Baltimore St., Baltimore
Fifth Vice-President, George L. Van Bibber.....Belair
Secretary, R. Fuller Shryock, 318 St. Paul St.....Baltimore
Treasurer, R. Ross Holloway, 1131 Calvert Bldg., Baltimore
Registrar, George W. McCreary, 300 St. Paul St....Baltimore
Historian, Alfred D. Bernard,
Central Savings Bank Building, Baltimore
Chaplain, Rev. Henry Branch.....Ellicott City

Managers.

James E. Hancock, 4 S. Howard St.....Baltimore
James D. Iglehart, M. D., 211 W. Lanvale St.....Baltimore
W. P. C. Cockey, 527 George St.....Baltimore
Ira H. Houghton, 12 E. Lexington St.....Baltimore
N. L. Dashield, M. D., 2340 Madison Ave.....Baltimore
Thomas M. Maynadier, 316 Spear's Wharf.....Baltimore
George R. Gaither, Continental Building.....Baltimore
Walter D. Young, Roland Park.....Baltimore

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIETY.

1,557 MEMBERS.

Organized April 19, 1889. Annual meeting April 19, to commemorate the Battles of Lexington and Concord.

Officers for 1907-1908.

President, Gen. Charles Kimball Darling.....Boston
Vice-President, Edward Clarence Battis.....Salem
Vice-President, John Henry Manning.....Pittsfield
Vice-President, Arthur Holbrook Wellman.....Malden
Secretary and Registrar, Herbert Wood Kimball,
28 State St., Boston
Treasurer, Charles Montraville Green, M. D.....Boston
Historian, Charles French Read.....Brookline
Chaplain, Rev. Lewis Wilder Hicks.....Wellesley

Other Managers.

Luther Atwood.....Lynn
Horace Sargent Bacon.....Lowell
Vernon Ashley Field.....Chelsea
Calvin Lord.....Brookline
John McKinstrey Merriam.....South Framingham
Clarence Fuller Boyden.....Taunton
George Dudley Chamberlain.....Springfield
Edwin Bruce Story.....Northampton
Isaac Newton Nutter.....East Bridgewater

George Maury Rice.....Worcester
Frank Conant Hayward.....South Acton
Watson Grant Cutter.....Cambridge
Alfonso Scott Harris.....Boston
William Henry Winship.....Malden
Frank Vernon Wright.....Salem

Chapter Officers.

OLD SALEM CHAPTER, SALEM.

Chartered October 31, 1895.

President, Frank A. Gardner, M. D.
Vice-President, John Robinson.
Second Vice-President, David Pingree.
Secretary and Treasurer, Edward C. Battis.
Registrar, Andrew Nichols.

BOSTON CHAPTER.

Chartered October 31, 1895.

President, Allen Burdick, M. D.
Vice-President, Calvin Lord.
Secretary, Frederic G. Bauer.
Treasurer, Charles S. Parsons.
Historian, Edward J. Cox.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CHAPTER, SPRINGFIELD.

Chartered October 31, 1895.

President, Ethan Brooks.
Vice-President, John C. Robinson.
Secretary, Charles B. Hitchcock.
Treasurer, Henry D. Marsh.
Historian, William F. Emerson.
Chaplain, Rev. Newton M. Hall.

OLD MIDDLESEX CHAPTER, LOWELL.

Chartered January 17, 1896.

President, James F. Savage.
Vice-President, Charles H. Conant.
Secretary, John I. Coggeshall.

Treasurer, Edson K. Humphrey.
Registrar, Horace S. Bacon.
Historian, George L. Van Deursen, M. D.
Chaplain, Rev. Ransom A. Greene, D. D.

OLD ESSEX CHAPTER, LYNN.

Chartered February 7, 1896.

President, Nathan M. Hawkes.
First Vice-President, George S. Bliss.
Second Vice-President, Henry F. Tapley.
Secretary and Registrar, Luther Atwood.
Treasurer, Webster Bruce.
Historian, Horace H. Atherton, Jr.

OLD COLONY CHAPTER, WHITMAN.

Chartered April 17, 1896.

President. Isaac N. Nutter.
Vice-President, Horatio F. Copeland, M. D.
Secretary, Charles E. Lovell, M. D.
Treasurer, Randall W. Cook.
Historian, Rev. Leonard B. Hatch.

OLD SUFFOLK CHAPTER, CHELSEA.

Chartered February 3, 1897.

President, Fred A. Cheney.
Vice-President, Channing Howard.
Secretary, Thomas U. Follansbee.
Treasurer, Elmer H. Snow.
Historian, Fred A. Pitcher.

WORCESTER CHAPTER, WORCESTER.

Chartered April 2, 1897.

President, Alfred S. Roe.
Vice-President, Ledyard Bill.
Vice-President, John C. Berry, M. D.
Vice-President, George M. Rice.
Secretary, Charles T. Tatman.
Treasurer, Harry B. Fairbanks.
Historian, Charles O. Bachelor.

NEWTOWNE CHAPTER, NEWTON.

Chartered May 7, 1897.

President, Edward J. Cox.
Vice-President, Samuel L. Powers.
Secretary and Treasurer, Frank D. Frisbie.
Registrar, Frederic M. Mitchell.
Historian, Samuel G. Webber, M. D.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY CHAPTER, PITTSFIELD.

Chartered June 4, 1897.

President, Allen H. Bagg.
Vice-President, Edward T. Slocum.
Vice-President, James H. Punderson.
Vice-President, Roscoe C. Taft.
Secretary and Registrar, Joseph E. Peirson.
Treasurer, William C. Stevenson.
Historian, James F. A. Adams, M. D.
Chaplain, Rev. J. E. C. Sawyer.

ROBERT TREAT PANE CHAPTER, TAUNTON.

Chartered September 3, 1897.

President, Clarence F. Boyden.
First Vice-President, F. Arthur Walker.
Second Vice-President, Everett S. Horton.
Secretary, William M. Dean.
Treasurer, Edward M. Hamlen.
Registrar, James E. Seaver.
Historian, Joshua E. Crane.
Chaplain, Rev. George H. Johnson.

GENERAL BENJAMIN LINCOLN CHAPTER, HINGHAM.

Chartered December 1, 1899.

(Dissolved.)

MALDEN CHAPTER, MALDEN.

Chartered April 6, 1900.

President, Arthur H. Wellman.
First Vice-President, Daniel P. S. Page.
Second Vice-President, William H. Winship.
Secretary, Walter K. Watkins.
Treasurer, Charles L. Parker.
Historian, Charles D. Jones, M. D.

CAMBRIDGE CHAPTER, CAMBRIDGE.

Chartered March 7, 1902.

President, John Amee.
Vice-President, Watson G. Cutter.
Secretary, Shepard Howland.
Treasurer, Albert F. Amee.
Historian, Edward B. Hutchinson.

SETH POMEROY CHAPTER, NORTHAMPTON.

Chartered October 13, 1905.

President, Edwin Bruce Story.
Vice-President, Frank N. Look.
Secretary, Robert W. Lyman.
Treasurer, George H. Sergeant.
Historian, William P. Cutter.
Chaplain, Rev. Henry G. Smith, D. D.

ROXBURY CHAPTER, BOSTON.

Chartered April 13, 1906.

President, George A. Tainter.
Vice-President, Augustus Bacon.
Secretary, George J. Sinnett, Jr.
Treasurer, Arthur L. Foster.
Historian, Henry C. Whitcomb.

MICHIGAN SOCIETY.

330 MEMBERS.

Organized January 18, 1890. Annual meeting April 15.

Officers elected April 16, 1906.

President, Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D.,
720 Jefferson Ave., Detroit
Vice-President, John N. Bagley, 50 Bates St.....Detroit
Secretary, Rufus G. Lathrop, 811 Union Trust Bldg., Detroit
Treasurer, Enoch Smith, 145 Griswold St.....Detroit
Chaplain, Rev. Lee S. McCollester, D. D.,
655 John R. St., Detroit
Historian, Joseph Greusel, 949 Fort St. W.....Detroit
Registrar, Norman B. Conger, Union Trust Bldg., Detroit

Board of Managers.

Theodore H. Eaton, 484 Jefferson Ave.....Detroit
Richard H. Fyfe, 183 Woodward Ave.....Detroit
Albert M. Henry, Penobscot Building.....Detroit
Almon B. Atwater, 61 Hancock Ave. E.....Detroit
William A. Butler, Jr., Hancock and Second.....Detroit
George B. Remick, Warren and Woodward Aves.....Detroit
George H. Barbour, Lafayette Boulevard.....Detroit
Jacob S. Farrand, Jr., 457 Woodward Ave.....Detroit
Edward A. Barnes, 55 Home Bank Building.....Detroit
James N. Wright, 34 Warren Ave. E.....Detroit
Leon C. Finck, Care of Parke Davis & Co.....Detroit
C. M. Burton, Abstract Building.....Detroit
William C. Harris, 620 Moffat Building.....Detroit
Ralph E. Stone, Detroit Trust Building.....Detroit
Charles D. Standish, 1022 Cass Ave.....Detroit
David D. Cady, 57 Watson St.....Detroit
Sherman D. Callendar, 412 Moffat Building.....Detroit
Frank D. Taylor, Taylor-Woolfenden Co.....Detroit
Oliver Goldsmith, 401 Jefferson Ave.....Detroit
Louis B. King, 103 Woodward Ave.....Detroit
James Coslett Smith, Penobscot Building.....Detroit

Chapter Officers.

WESTERN MICHIGAN CHAPTER, GRAND RAPIDS.

Secretary, Claude Hamilton.

MINNESOTA SOCIETY.

315 MEMBERS.

Organized December 26, 1889. Annual meeting December 26, to commemorate the anniversary of the Battle of Trenton.

Officers.

President, Hon. John Day Smith.....Minneapolis
Vice-President, Hon. Charles Keith.....Princeton
Vice-President, Hon. Calvin L. Brown.....Morris
Honorary Vice-President, Hon. Walter H. Sanborn..St. Paul
Honorary Vice-President, Hon. Loren W. Collins, Minneapolis
Honorary Vice-President, Hon. Lucius F. Hubbard..St. Paul
Honorary Vice-President, Hon. James O. Pierce, Minneapolis
Secretary and Treasurer, Edward S. Stringer,
306 Nat. Ger. Amer. Bank Bldg., St. Paul
Assistant Secretary, Charles H. Bronson.....St. Paul
Registrar, Charles Stees, 165 East Seventh St.....St. Paul
Historian, Rev. Edward C. Mitchell.....St. Paul
Chaplain, Rev. Maurice D. Edwards, D. D.....St. Paul

Board of Managers.

David L. Kingsbury.....St. Paul
Jesse A. Gregg.....St. Paul
James P. Gribben.....St. Paul
James Simonton.....St. Paul
Bishop H. Schriber.....St. Paul
Fred B. Chute.....Minneapolis
Robert D. Cone.....Minneapolis

Dr. C. A. McCullom.....Minneapolis
Wallace G. Nye.....Minneapolis
John H. Riheldaffer.....Minneapolis
Ellis J. Westlake.....Minneapolis
Hon. Henry F. Barker.....Cambridge
Carl K. Bennett.....Owatonna
Dr. T. C. Clark.....Stillwater
George H. Crosby.....Duluth
Hon. Winfield Scott Hammond.....St. James
Hon. Virgil B. Seward.....Marshall
Hon. Robert C. Saunders.....Pine City
Hon. A. T. Stebbins.....Rochester
Herbert R. Spencer.....Duluth

MISSOURI SOCIETY.

115 Members.

Organized April 23, 1889. Annual meeting March 4, to commemorate taking effect of the Constitution of the United States. Annual dinner April 19, to commemorate Battles of Concord and Lexington.

Officers elected March 4, 1907.

President, Ashley Cabell,
610 Mechanics Nat. Bank Bldg., St. Louis
Vice-President, James E. Withrow, Court House, St. Louis
Vice-President, Isaac M. Mason,
Commercial Bank Building, St. Louis
Vice-President, W. B. Homer,
Commonwealth Trust Building, St. Louis
Vice-President, John L. Robards.....Hannibal
Honorary Vice-President, Geo. H. Shields.
Honorary Vice-President, C. P. Walbridge.
Honorary Vice-President, S. M. Dodd.
Honorary Vice-President, T. Griswold Comstock.
Honorary Vice-President, Stephen P. Twiss.
Secretary, Robert E. Adreon,
1932 North Broadway, St. Louis

Treasurer, I. Shreve Carter, Laclede Building.....St. Louis
Registrar, Linn Paine, Mermod-Paccard Building, St. Louis
Historian, J. M. Fulton, Commonwealth Building, St. Louis
Chaplain, Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolls, D. D.,
8 Hortense Place, St. Louis

Board of Managers.

E. O. Stanard,
Chas. H. Mekeel,
Jos. W. McLellan,
W. H. H. Tainter,
Melvin H. Stearns,
Geo. H. Shields,
C. H. Hughes,
Linn Paine,
Walter S. Bear,
Chas. H. Duffer,
Peyton H. Skipwith, Jr.,
Edwin W. Hooker,
S. M. Green.

Chapter Officers.

ST. LOUIS CHAPTER.

Same officers as for State Society.

KANSAS CITY CHAPTER.

President, George P. Gross.
Vice-President, William H. Williams.
Secretary, Frank C. Spalding.
Treasurer, William H. H. Tainter.
Registrar, George R. Jones.
Historian, James M. Greenwood.
Chaplain, Rev. John H. Crum.

MONTANA SOCIETY.

51 MEMBERS.

Organized June 5, 1894. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, R. H. Howey.....Helena
Vice-President, O. T. Walker.....Helena
Secretary, Leslie Sulgrove.....Helena
Treasurer, Charles J. Brackett.....Helena
Registrar, W. Rush Burroughs.....Helena
Chaplain, F. M. Smith.....Helena
Historian, J. C. Auld.....Helena

Board of Managers.

W. A. Chessman,
C. H. Loud,
J. N. Alexander,
E. H. Talcott,
J. U. Sanders,
Cornelius Hedges, Jr.,
C. T. Perry,
E. G. Brooke,
J. B. Collins,
O. T. Crane.

NEBRASKA SOCIETY.

90 Members.

Organized April 26, 1890. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, James H. Adams, 816 N. Y. Life Building, Omaha
Senior Vice-President, Paul W. Kuhns.....Omaha
Junior Vice-President, Ralph W. Breckenridge.....Omaha
Secretary, Pressly J. Barr.....Omaha
Treasurer, John F. Flack, City Savings Bank.....Omaha
Registrar, Pressly J. Barr, 4820 California St.....Omaha
Historian, P. Emerson Taylor.....Tekamah

Board.

Jeff W. Bedford.....Omaha
Ralph W. Emerson.....Omaha
James Richardson.....Omaha
John S. Brady.....Omaha
Ornan J. King.....Lincoln

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOCIETY.

330 MEMBERS.

Organized April 24, 1889. Annual meeting April 19, to commemorate the Battle of Lexington.

Officers Elected July 9, 1907.

President, Charles Gale Shedd.....Keene
Vice-President, Oliver E. Branch.....Manchester
Vice-President, Elisha R. Brown.....Dover
Vice-President, Franklin W. McKinley.....Manchester
Secretary and Treasurer, Howard F. Hill.....Concord
Registrar, William P. Fiske.....Concord
Historian, Henry H. Metcalf.....Concord
Chaplain, Lucius Waterman, D. D.....Hanover

Additional Managers.

Otis G. Hammond.....Concord
Arthur H. Chase.....Concord
George D. Waldron.....Concord
Charles L. Mason.....Concord
James S. Taft.....Keene
Fred W. Lamb.....Manchester
William F. Whitaker.....Haverill

Chapter Officers.

KEENE CHAPTER, NO. 1.

President, Hon. James S. Taft.
Vice-President, Rev. Alfred H. Wheeler.
Secretary and Treasurer, Charles Gale Shedd.
Historian, Rev. Josiah L. Seward, D. D.
Executive Committee: James S. Taft, Alfred H. Wheeler, Clement J. Woodward, Frank H. Whitcomb.

NEW JERSEY SOCIETY.

364 MEMBERS.

Organized March 7, 1889. Annual meeting usually January 3 (Battle of Princeton) or at such other time as the Society at any annual meeting may designate.

Officers elected January 3, 1907.

President, Hon. J. Franklin Fort.....East Orange
First Vice-President, Andrew W. Bray.....Newark
Second Vice-President, Hon. Edward S. Atwater....Elizabeth
Secretary, Col. J. R. Mullikin, 312 Belleville Ave., Newark
Treasurer, Capt. Oscar H. Condit.....East Orange
Registrar, John Jackson Hubbell, 820 Broad St.....Newark
Historian, Prof. William C. Armstrong.....New Brunswick
Chaplain, Rev. Stanley White.....Orange

Board of Managers, 1907.

Gen. Joseph W. Congdon.....Paterson
Lovell H. Carr.....Elizabeth
Philip H. Hoffman.....Morristown
Franklin Murphy, Jr.....Newark
George R. Howe.....East Orange
Hon. John S. Applegate.....Red Bank
Edward Q. Keasbey.....Morristown
Jay Frank Parmly.....Newark
Edward W. Hicks.....New Brunswick
Alfred T. Holley.....Hackensack

Chapter Officers.

ELIZABETHTOWN CHAPTER, NO. 1.

President, Hon. George T. Parrot.
Vice-President, Hon. Edward S. Atwater.
Secretary, Henry C. Cadmus.
Treasurer, Moses M. Crane.
Historian, Miller C. Earl.

Managers.

Hon. Edward S. Atwater, H. T. W. Hunting,
Lovell H. Carr, C. C. Taintor,
Sylvester Deming, Fred B. Bassett.

ORANGE CHAPTER, NO. 2.

President, John Lenord Merrill, 517 Park Ave., East Orange
Vice-President, Rev. Charles Laban Pardee.
Secretary, Dr. Lloyd Gwynne Morgan,
7 Mitchell Place, East Orange
Treasurer, Mervyn E. Johnston, 44 Carleton St., East Orange
Historian, David Lawrence Pierson.

Board of Managers.

Howard Marshal, Capt. John H. Palmer, Francis Gilbert.

The Orange Chapter also includes residents of Montclair, Glen Ridge, and Bloomfield.

NEW YORK.

THE EMPIRE STATE SOCIETY.

1,276 MEMBERS.

Organized February 11, 1890. Annual meeting March 17.

Officers Elected March 19, 1907.

President, William Allen Marble, 397 Broadway, New York
First Vice-President, Cornelius A. Pugsley,
12 W. 122d St., New York
Second Vice-President, Richard T. Davies,
143 Liberty St., New York
Third Vice-President, Newell B. Woodworth.....Syracuse
Secretary, Louis Annin Ames, 239 Broadway....New York
Treasurer, James de la Montanye, 239 Broadway, New York
Registrar, Teunis D. Huntting, 239 Broadway.....New York
Historian, Josiah C. Pumpelly, 2881 Broadway....New York
Chaplain, Rev. Charles L. Goodell, D. D.,
136 W. 130th St., New York

Managers.

William H. Kelly,
Wm. W. J. Warren,
Capt. Chas. A. Du Bois,
Col. Wm. A. Crombie,
Wm. E. F. Smith,
Rufus I. Shea,
Wm. M. Crane,
John Bowes Cox,
Dr. Israel C. Jones,
Theodore Gilman,
Wm. S. Kitchell,
Martin S. Allen,
John De W. Mowris,
George H. Denny,
Walter B. Hopping,
Hon. Warren Higley,
George D. Bangs,
Trueman G. Avery,
Frederick W. Swan,
Dr. Earl H. King,
John H. Burroughs.

Chapter Officers.

BUFFALO CHAPTER.

President, Trueman G. Avery.
First Vice-President, Eben O. McNair,
Second Vice-President, Hamilton Ward.
Secretary, Frank B. Steele.
Treasurer, Walter Aspinwall.

YONKERS CHAPTER.

President, Hampton D. Ewing.
Secretary, W. W. Scrugham.
Treasurer, Wm. H. A. Holmes.

NEWBURGH CHAPTER.

President, David A. Morrison.
Secretary, Le Grand W. Pellett.
Treasurer, Frank E. Forsyth.

SYRACUSE CHAPTER.

President, Newell B. Woodworth.
Secretary, Harry E. Newell.
Treasurer, Lucius M. Kinne.

NEWTOWN-BATTLE CHAPTER, ELMIRA.

President, Wm. C. Buck.
Secretary, Frederick W. Swan.
Treasurer, Wm. H. Lovell.

FORT JOHNSTOWN CHAPTER, JOHNSTOWN.

President, Harwood Dudley.
Treasurer, Harry W. Brown.

GANSEVOORT-WILLETT CHAPTER, ROME.

President, Chas. C. Hopkins.
Secretary, G. L. Prescott.
Treasurer, Dr. John M. Barton.

MOHAWK VALLEY CHAPTER, HERKIMER.

President. Abram B. Steele.
Secretary, F. W. Cristman.
Treasurer, Geo. F. Small.

ADIRONDACK CHAPTER, FORT EDWARD.

President, Robert O. Bascom.
Secretary, Archibald S. Derby.
Treasurer, Mark L. Sheldon.

ROCHESTER CHAPTER.

President, Dr. E. Vine Stoddard.
Secretary, Edward D. Putnam.
Treasurer, Wm. B. Farnham.

BINGHAMTON CHAPTER.

President, Hon. E. Franc Jones.
Secretary, Norman M. Pierce.
Treasurer, A. J. McCrary.

SARATOGA CHAPTER.

President, Cassius B. Thomas.
Secretary, Dr. Earl H. King.
Treasurer, Chas. F. Fish.

OHIO SOCIETY.

440 MEMBERS.

Organized April 11-22, 1889. Annual meeting April 19, to commemorate the Battle of Lexington.

Permanent headquarters of the Society at Columbus under constitutional provision.

Officers elected April 19, 1907.

President, William L. Curry.....Columbus
Vice-President, John Uri Lloyd.....Cincinnati
Secretary, William A. Taylor.....Columbus
Assistant Secretary, Hugh Huntington.....Columbus
Registrar, Hugh Huntington.....Columbus
Treasurer, Stimpson G. Harvey.....Toledo
Historian, Herbert Brooks.....Columbus
Chaplain, Clement G. Martin.....Fostoria

Board of Management.

William L. Curry.....Columbus
John Uri Lloyd.....Cincinnati
William A. Taylor.....Columbus
Hugh Huntington.....Columbus
William P. Heston.....Toledo
John W. Harper.....Cincinnati
Charles C. Pavey.....Columbus
John N. Van Deman.....Dayton
Harry P. Ward.....Columbus
M. B. Moulton.....Lima
William L. David.....Findlay

Executive Committee.

William L. Curry, William A. Taylor,
John Uri Lloyd, Hugh Huntington,
Charles C. Pavey.

Chapter Officers.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHAPTER, COLUMBUS.

President, Henry A. Williams.
Vice-President, Dr. J. U. Barnhill.
Registrar, Major MacLee Wilson.
Historian, Dr. Willard B. Carpenter.
Secretary and Treasurer, Hugh Huntington.

Executive Committee.

Col. James Kilbourne,
Col. W. A. Taylor,
Col. W. S. Potter,
Mr. Frank Tallmadge.

ANTHONY WAYNE CHAPTER, TOLEDO.

President, Porter Paddock.
First Vice-President, C. C. Dawson.
Second Vice-President, C. F. M. Niles.
Registrar, R. D. Whittlesey.
Secretary, C. W. Merrill.
Treasurer, Frederick Woodford Whittlesey.
Historian, Dr. W. A. Dickey.
Chaplain, Rev. R. D. Hollington.

NATHAN HALE CHAPTER, YOUNGSTOWN.

President, Joseph Green Butler, Jr.
First Vice-President, James P. Wilson.
Second Vice-President, Adin V. Henman.
Secretary, Charles A. Ensign.
Registrar, Henry R. Baldwin.
Treasurer, Benjamin F. Wirt.
Historian, Henry R. Baldwin.

WESTERN RESERVE SOCIETY, CLEVELAND.

President, W. R. Gilbert.
First Vice-President, Willard Abbott.
Second Vice-President, Mozart Gallup (Sandusky).
Third Vice-President, Arlington G. Reynolds (Painesville).
Secretary, Orlando J. Hodge.
Treasurer, Hubert B. Fuller.

Registrar, Francis W. Treadway.
Historian, Oliver K. Brooks.
Chaplain, Rev. Frederick B. Avery.

Board of Management: the officers and

Gen. James Barnett, William H. Marlatt,
Liberty E. Holden, William B. Baldwin (Akron),
James M. Richardson, Giles R. Gregory (Norwalk),
T. S. Knight,
D. K. Paige, Assistant Treasurer (Akron).

SIMON KENTON CHAPTER, KENTON.

President, Judge Artemas B. Johnson.
First Vice-President, Dr. Jesse Snodgrass.
Second Vice-President, Dr. David P. Philips.
Historian, George E. Crane.
Chaplain, Abishai Woodward.
Secretary, Hugh E. Pearce.
Treasurer, Hugh L. Runkle.
Registrar, Austin L. McKitrick.

CINCINNATI CHAPTER, CINCINNATI.

President, Edward P. Whallon.
First Vice-President, Carroll Brookfield.
Second Vice-President, John Uri Lloyd.
Secretary and Treasurer, John D. Follett.

NATHANAEL GREENE CHAPTER, XENIA.

President, Charles C. Shearer.
Vice-President, James E. Galloway.
Corresponding Secretary, William A. Galloway.
Recording Secretary, Finley D. Torrence.
Registrar, David M. Stewart.
Historian, Clark M. Galloway.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CHAPTER, NEWARK.

President, Robert Mason Davidson.
Vice-President, Edward Kibler.
Secretary, Frederick H. King.
Registrar, Charles Hempstead.
Treasurer, Channing M. Thompson.

OKLAHOMA SOCIETY.

22 MEMBERS.

Organized February 22, 1905. Admitted into the National Society May 18, 1905.

Officers elected February 22, 1906.

President, Col. A. S. Reaves.....Lawton
Secretary, L. Haynes Buxton, M. D.....Oklahoma City
Registrar, J. B. Thoburn.....Guthrie
Historian, W. P. Campbell.....Oklahoma City

OREGON SOCIETY.

115 MEMBERS.

Organized June 6, 1891. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Wallace McCamant, Concord Building....Portland
Vice-President, Judge Alfred F. Sears, Jr.....Portland
Secretary, Amedee M. Smith, Fenton Building.....Portland
Treasurer, A. A. Lindsley, Sherlock Building.....Portland
Registrar, W. H. Chapin, 110 Front St.....Portland

Board of Managers.

P. S. Malcolm.....Portland
James F. Ewing.....Portland
Tyler Woodward.....Portland
Stephen A. Lowell.....Pendleton

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY.

465 Members.

Organized November 23, 1893. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Robert Walker Guthrie,
434 Diamond St., Pittsburg
Vice-President, Albert A. Horne,
5th Ave. and Penn St., Pittsburg
Vice-President, Frank K. Patterson,
237 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg
Vice-President, William L. Jones, 234 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg
Vice-President, Hon. James Denton Hancock.....Franklin
Vice-President, Edward King.....New Castle
Vice-President, Harry Blynn, 824 Chestnut St....Philadelphia
Vice-President, Thomas Stephen Brown,
Berger Building, Pittsburg
Vice-President, L. C. Walkinshaw.....Greensburg
Secretary, Frank G. Paulson, 515 Wood St.....Pittsburg
Registrar, Henry D. Sellers, 237 Fourth Ave.....Pittsburg
Treasurer, Ogden Russell, Third National Bank...Pittsburg
Chaplain, Rev. Joseph Bausman, D. D.....Rochester
Historian, Rev. W. A. Stanton, D. D.
6340 Marchand St., Pittsburg

Board of Managers.

S. E. Gill, A. H. Anderson,
S. D. Hubley, H. B. Oursler,
John P. Penney, M. C. Miller,
F. A. Kimball.

Chapter Officers.

WAYNE CHAPTER, ERIE.

Chartered 1899.

President, Dr. David N. Dennis.
Vice-President, John W. Little.
Secretary, George Burton.
Treasurer, William Spencer.
Registrar, Douglas Benson.
Historian, Charles S. Clarke.

NEW CASTLE CHAPTER, NEW CASTLE.

President, C. H. Akens.
Vice-President, Franklin R. Woods.
Secretary, Frank C. Lutton.
Treasurer, H. A. Wilkinson.
Registrar, J. S. Du Shane.

PHILADELPHIA CHAPTER.

President, Harry Blynn, 824 and 826 Chestnut St.
Vice-President, Moses Veale, 727 Walnut St.
Secretary, Clarence P. Wynne, 721 Walnut St.
Treasurer, Edward H. Harding, 5717 Landsdowne Ave.
Registrar, Thomas Wynne, 5100 Lancaster Ave.
Historian, Dr. John V. Allen, 4635 Frankford Ave.

Board of Managers.

Alfred H. Burnham, William MacDonald, Peter D. Helms.

RHODE ISLAND SOCIETY.

287 MEMBERS.

Organized February 1, 1890. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, George Franklin Weston,
225 Lenox Ave., Providence
Vice-President, Charles Warren Lippitt,
7 Young Orchard Ave., Providence
Secretary, Christopher Rhodes, 290 Benefit St.....Providence
Treasurer, Arthur Preston Sumner,
17 Custom House St., Providence
Registrar, Francis Eliot Bates.....Oak Lawn
Historian, Edwin Aylesworth Burlingame,
359 Brook St., Providence
Chaplain, Rev. Samuel Heber Webb,
21 Adelaide Ave., Providence
Poet, William Chace Greene.....Peacedale

Chapter Officers.

BRISTOL CHAPTER, NO. I, BRISTOL.

President, John Winthrop De Wolf.
Vice-President, Henry Maitland Gibson.
Secretary, Joseph Franklin Farrally.
Treasurer, Frederick Filmore Gladding.
Historian, George Ulrie Arnold.

Board of Managers.

Howard W. Church, Charles H. Manchester.

PROVIDENCE CHAPTER, NO. 2.

President, Robert P. Brown.
Vice-President, Edward S. Jones.
Secretary and Treasurer, Arthur P. Sumner.
Historian, Wilfred H. Munroe.

Board of Managers.

Henry C. Dexter, Joseph Balch, Isaac C. Greene.

SOUTH DAKOTA SOCIETY.

10 MEMBERS.

Organized April 24, 1899. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected May 14, 1905.

President and Registrar, Capt. Theo. G. Carter.....Deadwood
Vice-President, James B. Baker.
Secretary and Treasurer, A. D. Wilson.....Deadwood
Chaplain, Rev. E. E. Clough, D. D.....Deadwood

Board of Managers.

Chambers Kellar, Fred H. Rugg, William F. Kenfield.

TENNESSEE SOCIETY.

110 MEMBERS.

Organized December 2, 1889. Annual meeting October 7, to commemorate the Battle of Kings Mountain.

Officers elected October 7, 1903.

President, Hon. J. A. Cartwright.....Nashville
Vice-President, John P. Williams.....Nashville
Vice-President, Charles S. Martin.....Nashville
Secretary and Treasurer, L. R. Eastman.....Nashville
Historian, John H. De Witt.....Nashville
Chaplain, Dr. David C. Kelley.....Nashville

Board of Managers.

Roger Eastman.....Nashville
Leslie Warner.....Nashville
D. A. Lindsey.....Nashville
Jno. W. Faxon.....Chattanooga

TEXAS SOCIETY.

75 Members.

Organized December 8, 1896. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1906.

President, Hon. George T. Jester.....Corsicana
First Vice-President, Hon. Edward F. Harris.....Galveston
Second Vice-President, Gen. J. R. Waites.....Houston
Secretary, Clay S. Briggs.....Galveston
Treasurer, Wilber H. Young.....Austin
Registrar and Historian, J. T. Huffmaster.....Galveston

Additional Managers.

I. S. Dallam,
William F. Beers,
John Charles Harris,
Hon. X. B. Saunders.

UTAH SOCIETY.

65 Members.

Organized January 29, 1895. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Edward D. Woodruff, 986 Third St., Salt Lake City
Vice-President, Charles P. Crawford.....Bingham Canyon
Secretary, Geo. Jay Gibson,
47 Commercial Block, Salt Lake City
Treasurer, George Rust, Tribune Building....Salt Lake City
Registrar, William D. Neal, 290 Center St., Salt Lake City
Historian, Morris L. Ritchie, 1171 First St., Salt Lake City
Chaplain, Edward V. Silver,
902 East Second South St., Salt Lake City

Board of Managers.

Fisher S. Harris, Commercial Club.....Salt Lake City
Heber M. Wells, 61 First St.....Salt Lake City
L. Frank Gardner, 130 South Main St.....Salt Lake City
J. Walcott Thompson, 47 Commercial Block..Salt Lake City
Frank B. Stephens, Auerbach Building.....Salt Lake City

VERMONT SOCIETY.

268 Members.

Organized April 2, 1889. Annual meeting second Wednesday in November.

Officers.

President, William James Van Patten.....Burlington
Vice-President, William Edward Hawks.....Bennington
Secretary, Walter Hill Crockett.....St. Albans
Treasurer, Clarence Lucius Smith.....Burlington
Registrar, Henry Leonard Stillson.....Bennington
Historian (Vacancy).
Chaplain, Rev. Milton Leonard Severance.....Burlington

Board of Managers.

Zophar Mack Mansur.....Newport
Portor Hinman Dale.....Island Pond
Hiram Carleton.....Montpelier
Clayton Luther Alexander.....Burlington
Henry Dwight Holton.....Brattleboro
Nelson Wilber Fisk.....Isle la Motte
John Abner Mead.....Rutland

VIRGINIA SOCIETY.

70 Members.

Organized July 7, 1890. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Judge Lunsford L. Lewis.....Richmond
Vice-President, J. Staunton Moore.....Richmond
Vice-President, Arthur B. Clarke.....Richmond
Vice-President, Gen. Charles J. Anderson.....Richmond
Secretary and Registrar and Historian,
Dr. Robert A. Brock, 517 W. Marshall St.....Richmond
Treasurer, Earnest W. Moore, 2606 E. Broad St...Richmond
Chaplain, Norton P. Savage.....Richmond

Board of Managers.

W. Macfarlane Jones.....Richmond
Capt. E. H. Lea.....Richmond
Gen. A. L. Phillips.....Richmond
C. W. P. Brock, M. D.....Richmond
Geo. E. Crawford.....Richmond
Turner Ashby Miller.....Richmond

Chapter Officers.

TIDEWATER CHAPTER, NO. I, NORFOLK.

President, Tench F. Tilgham.
Secretary, Frederick Aunspaugh.
Treasurer, Dr. L. T. Royster.
Registrar, Harry H. Trice.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY.

192 MEMBERS.

Organized June 17, 1895. Annual meeting February 22, to commemorate Washington's Birthday.

Officers elected February 22, 1907.

President, Judge C. H. Hanford.....Seattle
First Vice-President, Waldo G. Paine.....Spokane
Second Vice-President, Overton G. Ellis.....Tacoma
Third Vice-President, Samuel J. Holmes, M. D.....Seattle
Secretary, Orison J. C. Dutton, Boston Block.....Seattle
Treasurer, Augustus V. Bell.....Seattle

Registrar, Walter B. Beals.....Seattle
Historian, Frank S. Southard.....Seattle
Chaplain, Edward Lincoln Smith, D. D.....Seattle

Chapter Officers.

SEATTLE CHAPTER.

President, Dr. S. J. Holmes.
Vice-President, E. S. Follmer.
Secretary, Augustus Armstrong.
Treasurer, Albert H. Beebe.
Historian, C. E. Crowell.
Chaplain, Rev. Edward Lincoln Smith.

Board of Managers.

W. Edward Storr, Joel R. Gay.

TACOMA CHAPTER.

SPOKANE CHAPTER.

WISCONSIN SOCIETY.

230 MEMBERS.

Organized February 25, 1890. Annual meeting May 29, to commemorate the admission of Wisconsin into the Union.

Officers elected May 29, 1906.

President, William Ward Wight.....Milwaukee
First Vice-President, Norman L. Burdick.....Milwaukee
Second Vice-President, W. J. Turner.....Milwaukee
Secretary, Col. Horace Martin Seaman.....Milwaukee
Treasurer, William Stark Smith.....Milwaukee
Registrar, Ellis B. Usher.....Milwaukee
Historian, Henry M. Youmans.....Waukesha
Chaplain, Rev. George W. Dunbar.....Fort Monroe, Va.

Additional Members of the Board of Managers.

J. Franklin Peirce, Frederick B. Bradford,
Col. William W. Strong, Wyman K. Flint,
Dr. U. O. B. Wingate, Gardner P. Stickney.

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL CONGRESS

OF

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION,

HELD AT DENVER, COLORADO,

JUNE 3 AND 4, 1907.

COMMITTEES OF THE EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS.

The National Executive Committee, President General Pugsley, Chairman, in general charge under the National By-Laws, charged the Colorado Society with the management of the Congress under the following

COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS OF THE COLORADO SOCIETY.

Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, Chairman.
John T. Holbrook, Secretary.
Harold C. Stephens, Treasurer.
Rev. J. H. Houghton.
Rev. W. F. Steele.
Judge N. Walter Dixon.
William F. Slocum, Colorado Springs.
Geo. L. Cannon, Jr.
Gen. Irving Hale.
Gen. A. W. Corliss.
Rev. David Utter.
Jas. S. Temple.
Rodney J. Bardwell.
Chas. K. McHarg, Pueblo.

Executive Committee.

Henry J. Hersey, Finance.
Jos. F. Tuttle, Jr., Reception.
E. W. Milligan, Excursion and Printing.
Harold C. Stephens, Entertainment.
Frank M. Keezer, Press.
Edgar R. Downs, Halls.
Volcott C. Stoddard, Registration.
Frederick Yeakel, Decorations.
John T. Holbrook, Badges.

Howard T. Vaille, Banquet and Toastmaster.

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUT

AND GUESTS AT COLORADO SPRINGS

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL CONGRESS

OF

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION,

HELD AT DENVER, COLORADO,

JUNE 3 AND 4, 1907.

[A *pro forma* session of the Eighteenth Congress was held at the Brown Palace Hotel, Denver, on April 30, 1907, at 10 a. m.

The following delegates and alternates were present from the Colorado Society: Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, Senior Vice-President; Joseph F. Tuttle, Jr., Delegate; Harold C. Stephens, Delegate; Henry J. Hersey, Alternate for Howard T. Vaille; Frank M. Keezer, Alternate for Dr. W. F. Slocum, President of Colorado Society.

Mr. Hersey called the meeting to order and nominated Dr. Guyer for Chairman. The nomination was seconded by Mr. Stephens, and Dr. Guyer was elected. Mr. Hersey nominated Mr. Stephens to act as Secretary. The nomination was seconded by Mr. Keezer, and Mr. Stephens was elected.

Mr. Tuttle moved that the Congress do now adjourn to meet in the ordinary of the Brown Palace Hotel, in Denver, at 10 o'clock a. m., June 3, 1907. Motion was seconded by Mr. Keezer and duly carried.

(Signed) H. C. STEPHENS, *Secretary.*]

FIRST SESSION.

MONDAY, JUNE 3, 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

The Eighteenth Annual Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution, duly called under the provisions of the Constitution, was convened at the Brown Palace Hotel, Denver,

Colorado, at 10 a. m., June 3, 1907, with President General Cornelius A. Pugsley in the chair and a large attendance of delegates.

The President General opened the proceedings by introducing the former Chaplain General, Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D., of Michigan, who led the Congress in prayer and read an appropriate order of service.

The President General appointed Mr. Vandercook, of Illinois (Chairman), Mr. Pierce, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Burgess, of Connecticut, a Committee on Credentials, and then introduced Lieutenant Governor E. R. Harper, of Colorado, who addressed the Congress as follows:

ADDRESS OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR E. R. HARPER, OF COLORADO.

Mr. President General, Sons of the American Revolution, our guests:

It was only a few moments ago, in arriving at the Governor's office at the Capitol, that I learned that you were going to be so unfortunate as not to have the Governor himself with you this morning. I only wish he might have been here so that he could give you, as he can so well, the welcome that you deserve. However, I want to assure you that while he could do it much more pleasingly to you, he could do it with no more earnestness than I, and I gladly welcome you here on behalf of the State of Colorado. We are glad to have you here. We are always glad to have visitors come into our great Commonwealth. There is so much that we want you to see, so much to inspire, so much to entertain, so much to please, that we want you to see everything and all parts of this great State. We have very, very much indeed to talk about in Colorado, and we want all the time of yours that we can have to listen to what we have to say. We want to talk about so much—and it is a little different from the story that you, possibly, have all heard, of the old colored lady in Virginia. A young man had been traveling through the State for a long while and came finally to a cabin late in the afternoon, very hungry. He knocked at the door and the old colored lady responded to the call, and he asked if she could not favor him with a little something to eat. "Why, yes, sah, yes, sah, my boy; I will be glad to do so. What would you like to have—some fried chicken, a baked potato, and some gravy?" "Oh, yes, ma'am; that would be very nice, Auntie." "Very well." She went into the other room and came back in a little while, and said, "Maybe you would rather have some roast 'possum and fried sweet potatoes and some nice hoe cake." "Oh, yes; that would be all right; anything that you may have, Auntie." After a little while she came back again and she says, "Maybe you would rather have some very nice roast turkey with dressing and cranberry sauce." "Oh, yes, ma'am; anything that is handy. I am very,

very hungry." Finally she went into the other room and came out again after awhile with some cold potatoes and a piece of cold corn-bread and some side pork. She set them down, and, a little disappointed, he looked up and says, "Why, Auntie, what about that 'possum and that roast turkey and chicken?" "Why, good Lord! you don't think we have those things to eat, do you. Why, we just have those things to talk about." (Laughter.)

Now, we have things here that we talk about and we want you to see them.

I want to congratulate you, gentlemen, most earnestly upon the honor that you bear of belonging to this splendid organization, this honored Society. A man who has in his veins the blood of the founders of our Government, who has as a heritage kinship with those who fought in the Revolution, has every reason to be proud, and I question very much whether he is a very good citizen if he does not want to show that pride once in a while. While I have not the honor to be a member of your Society, I want to say to you that I am pleased to know that my forefathers were in the war of the Revolution, and I am proud of it, and I am not ashamed to say so at any time or under any circumstances. (Applause.) We have much in Colorado to be proud of, and we are especially pleased to have you gentlemen here with us, because you will appreciate more than many others what has been done here in the last few years, and much that has been done is to be attributed to that great American citizenship, that loyalty, that spirit of American freedom and fair dealing that you gentlemen so thoroughly represent. Much that Colorado has today she owes to the men who, like yourselves, have coursing through their veins the blood of the Revolutionary fathers. And so I say to you we most cordially and most heartily welcome you to this great new State, great in many ways, and in all the ways that go to make good citizenship. We are proud of it, and we are proud to have you here with us. We trust that during your stay you will have the most pleasant experience of your whole life. We trust that you shall go from here, if you have to go, only to think and plan how soon you can return. (Applause.) We are confident that after you have breathed the air of these Rocky regions for a few days, and have drunk in the sunshine such as we have only here in Colorado, you will want to come back, and that you will want to stay longer next time, and we want you to.

We again welcome you most cordially on behalf of the great State of Colorado. I bid you a pleasant time here and a safe return home. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It now gives me very great pleasure to introduce to this Congress Mr. A. J. Spengel, the Acting Mayor of the City of Denver. (Applause.)

ADDRESS OF ACTING MAYOR SPENGEL.

Mr. President General, Sons of the American Revolution:

It affords me great pleasure, and it is not only a pleasure, but it is an honor, to welcome such a distinguished body of men to our city. You gentlemen, in your personalities as well as in your organization, represent, I might say, absolutely the ideal of our country—what our Government, what our country, what our flag, and what our institutions stand for. And in this strenuous work-a-day life, this mad race after the dollar, in which we are engaged in this present century, it is well that such an organization exists to call us back and make us think of what our country and our institutions and our flag represent. I congratulate you, gentlemen, that you have an organization perfect in every way, with its annual meetings, to carry out that idea. (Applause.) In welcoming you to our city, it is perhaps needless for me to say that our doors are wide open to you. I did not bring any keys with me, for I was called at a moment's notice, and did not have time to go down to the city hall for them, but I assure you that you do not need any keys, for our doors are unlocked. You know that in the West the latch-string ever hangs on the outside; pull it freely and you will find a welcome behind every door. If there are any younger men, though, that belong to the organization, who are apt to be out late at nights, if you will call on me I will present you with a key to the back door as well. (Laughter and applause.) I might add that I will see to it that every officer has special instructions to see that you are properly entertained; and if the altitude should overcome you I will see that he gives you free transportation to the city hall.

Now, gentlemen, we hope that your convention will be a success; that in the results of your deliberations all of your fondest expectations will be realized, and that when you are through with your deliberations you will spend just a little time in taking in the beauties and glories of this western State. I wish to thoroughly emphasize every word that our eloquent Acting Governor has uttered to you in regard to our State. You know that we in the West are known, in the common vernacular, as boosters. We have to boost. We have to impress upon you people that you are not the whole thing, that there is something in the United States besides yourselves, and we want you to find it out now that we have you among us. Colorado is known—has, in fact, a world-wide reputation—as the greatest mineral producing State in the Union, and yet, gentlemen, it may be surprising to some of you to know that her agricultural products far exceed in value those of her mineral resources. Everything that Colorado produces must be quoted in the superlative degree, because everything we produce is of the very best. Is there a man or woman among you who has not eaten or at least heard of the Greeley potato? Everybody seems to know of them. Who has not heard of the Rocky Ford cantaloupe? Why, I find in New York city, when I visit there, cantaloupes from Georgia, cantaloupes from

Florida, cantaloupes from every State in the Union, all masquerading as Rocky Fords. We have an industry in our State that is only six years old—this is its seventh year—it is the beet sugar industry. If you will just take the time to see those mammoth sugar beets that we raise, weighing all the way from eighteen to fifty pounds each (laughter)—now, don't you sing any song that you have "heard liars yourselves," because we have heard that song. When I tell you that the farmer, before ever he plants a seed, has a crop guaranteed, with a guaranteed price of five dollars per ton for beets at the factory, and that he raises from eighteen to thirty-five tons of beets to the acre, you will know that there is something in the beet business, and our beet sugar industry in its sixth year—last year—returned a little over twelve millions of sugar.

Now, gentlemen, these are only just a few items to show you that all Coloradoans are not liars. (Laughter.)

Again, I hope you will be with us long enough to give us an opportunity to show you our glorious climate and our wonderful sun, which shines, according to the U. S. Weather Observatory, three hundred and sixty-seven days a year. (Laughter.) We have recently had to abbreviate that, because it did not shine for a few days last month. We want you to fill your lungs with this magnificent ozone. We want you to feast your eyes upon this grand scenery, and then, when you have seen it all, go home and tell your friends about it, and tell them to come and do likewise.

Again, ladies and gentlemen, I welcome you to our city.

I thank you. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I am sure we appreciate what the people of Denver and Colorado have said to us through their official representatives. I now have the pleasure of introducing to you Rev. Dr. William F. Slocum, of Colorado, who will speak to us in behalf of the Colorado State Society. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY DR. WILLIAM F. SLOCUM, OF COLORADO.

Mr. President General, Compatriots:

I have been asked, first of all, to make one or two statements before I add a few words of welcome on behalf of our State Society. I have been asked to say that the piece of rock—I will not say what proportion of gold it contains—that lies upon the table has been brought from the summit of Pike's Peak by one of our enthusiastic members that it might lie here in your presence. The gavel which is used at this Congress was in a kit of tools of one of the soldiers of the Revolution, a Virginia soldier, and was carried through the war, and was at Valley Forge. The piece of oak in the handle came from the roof of one of the buildings in which General Washington held a council of war.

I am sure you will all be interested in this document which I am very glad, also, to present on behalf of the State of Colorado to this Congress. It reads as follows:

RESOLUTION BY GENERAL JOHN R. HURD.

WHEREAS, There will assemble in the City of Denver on April 30, 1907, the National Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution; and

WHEREAS, We deem it a great honor to the State of Colorado to have such honored guests within her borders: Therefore be it

Resolved, By the House, the Senate concurring, That the Sixteenth General Assembly extends its greeting to the members of the National Society, Sons of the American Revolution, and bids them welcome to our State.

R. J. BRECKENRIDGE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILLIAM C. BLAIR,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.
E. R. HARPER,
President of the Senate.
L. B. STEAD,
Secretary of the Senate.

HENRY A. BUCHTEL,
Governor of Colorado.
[SEAL.] TIMOTHY O'CONNER,
Secretary of State.

(Applause.)

It gives me very great pleasure, on behalf of the Society of the State of Colorado, to welcome you all once more to our State, and we know you will appreciate our ambitions to make something of a State here which will correspond in many ways to what has been done by the States from which so many of you have come. I am quite sure you are already beginning to think that it is impossible for us to tell the truth about Colorado without seeming to tell a lie, but I am confident you will find that it is only in seeming, and that you will find out that Colorado has many things of which to be proud. I wish I could make you all feel what it is to our State of Colorado, that has been in existence as a State so few years, and whose birthday marked one of the great birthdays of the Nation, her one hundredth birthday—what it means to have you come here from all parts of America, from your business, from your professions, but, above all, with great love for our Nation, patriotic, believing in American ideals, believing in those great principles that founded our Nation, and reminding us in our new State, with our intense activity, that there are great ideas behind us; that the foundations of our country go back to those great principles of justice and righteousness which have made our Nation what it is. We are proud of our mountains, we are proud of our plains, but, more than that, I think we shall learn to be proud of the character of our citizens and what we are trying to put in the hearts and minds of our young men and our young women in this new Commonwealth.

I wonder if you all realize, as we have to realize here, that nothing is accomplished in Colorado without the mastery of a difficulty. We cannot make the grass grow without a scientific experiment which brings the water from the mountains to the plains. We have to carry our railroads over these great passes by the mastery of some of the greatest difficulties the world has ever known. We will give you the precious ores, but they come only by the smiting of the rocks, and everything that comes to use in Colorado, with all its promise, is by the mastery of a difficulty, and I am very sure you will say to yourselves instantly that wherever there are great difficulties there will also be produced, because of those difficulties, men and women of character, of force, and of energy, and because we are doing that we need just what the men at Valley Forge were forging into the life of the Nation, because we are trying to do here what has been done in the past. And so, in behalf of our State Society, I welcome you, because you are bringing to Colorado not only your friendship, which we so highly prize, not only your kindliness in coming so far that we may greet you, but, above all, you are bringing to us those great ideals that have made the American Nation and are reminding us in our new State that we too must forge into our new life, into our new opportunities here, that which comes out of the splendid past, and we thank you for this, and I am very sure that as you come and as you go you are to leave in Denver and in Colorado something that shall help us in our battle to make of a new State something corresponding to what Massachusetts and New York and New Jersey and Michigan and these many States from which you have come have already accomplished for themselves.

And may I say one thing more? If I understand the purpose of our Society and its great function, it is that we may keep in the life of America those splendid ideals that have made nations; that our purpose, after all, is not simply to remind ourselves of those who went before us, and that we have stood in some relation to them, but that, after all, the hope of our Nation in the future lies in its moral ideals, in those great conceptions of justice that have made our system of jurisprudence, that have made our Nation what it is, and that those ideals are here and we are reminding ourselves of them, and in reminding ourselves of them we find the unity of our Nation. You have come here from the South, you have come here from Maryland, from New Jersey, from Massachusetts, from the Middle West, and we are here from the New West. State lines have gone. We are not thinking of any section of our country. But if there is to be national unity, much as our railroads and our crops and our farms make it, the real unity of our American life lies in that unity that comes out of moral purpose and moral conception, and we are glad to feel that you are making us still more one with the life of America, because we, too, are to attempt to carry out those same ideals in Colorado that have been carried out in the rest of the Nation. (Applause.) And so we thank you for coming here. We are greatly indebted to you, and we shall always be indebted to you; and, as has been said, you are welcome to Denver, as the Acting Mayor has told

you; you are welcomed to the State through our Executive, and you are welcome to our hearts. (Applause.)

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT GENERAL PUGSLEY.

It gives me pleasure to accept, in behalf of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, this piece of rock from Pike's Peak, the use of this gavel with all the splendid history connected with it, and the resolution tendered by your House of Representatives—or Assembly, I believe you call it—and your Senate. I am sure that I voice the sentiment of my compatriots when I say that we appreciate the very warm and cordial welcome tendered to us today by the Lieutenant Governor, by the Acting Mayor, and by the President of the Colorado Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. I know that we all are gratified to meet, as we do, from all parts of the United States in your progressive State and beautiful city. Standing here today in this high altitude, I am under the impression that the National Congress has never before met so near the stars or in such close proximity to the Garden of the Gods. As we journeyed over your plains, looked upon your mountains in all their grandeur and beheld the wonderful development of your State and the marvelous enterprise and thrift of your city, it seemed to us that in the long ago some beautiful goddess of this western world had breathed forth a prayer in the words of the poet:

"Bring me men to match my mountains,
Bring me men to match my plains,
Men with empires in their purpose,
And new eras in their brains;
Pioneers to clear thought's marshland,
And to cleanse old error's fen,
Bring me men to match my mountains,
Bring me men."

(Applause.)

The prayer was answered, the men and the women came, and it is only necessary to travel over your magnificent State and walk the streets of your cities to realize that westward the course of empire has taken its way. (Applause.)

But in the pure air of this high altitude, so far above the strife, the confusion, and the heavy laden atmosphere of the lower world, it is not surprising that we should find the sturdiest of manhood and the most charming of womanhood. (Applause.) We, therefore, thank the compatriots of Colorado for their invitation to meet with them and breathe for a little time this delightful atmosphere. We thank the Acting Mayor for the keys to the "Queen City of the Plains," this brilliant municipal jewel set in all this magnificence of mountain and plain, a city beautiful, unique, peerless. (Applause.) We thank the Lieutenant Governor for the welcome accorded us in the name of the State, and for the freedom of your State domain—a domain so grand in its scenery, so rich in its minerals, so delightful and health-giving in its climate.

We have come, we have seen, we are conquered. We are yours. (Applause.) We place ourselves in your hands trustingly, hopefully, expectantly. (Laughter.) The experienced ones, who have attended conventions in your city and State before, have prepared themselves for all you have prepared for them. The others may wish they had, after enjoying your gracious hospitality. (Laughter and applause.)

Reference has been made to the lusciousness of a Rocky Ford product. We knew we would not receive at your hands a Colorado lemon, but we regret we are a little early for a Rocky Ford melon. (Laughter and applause.)

Compatriots, although our Society was founded on the Pacific coast, this is the first time in our history that we have met in National Congress beyond the Mississippi. The mere fact, compatriots of the West, that you have such a flourishing Society of the Sons of the American Revolution in Colorado and other Western States is proof that your ancestors were from the East, where the mighty struggle for liberty and independence was so fiercely waged. Some of your ancestors may have fought—

"By the rude bridge that arched the flood,"

where

"The embattled farmers stood
And fired the shot heard 'round the world."

They may have fought at Lexington, at Bunker Hill, at Saratoga, at Trenton or at Yorktown. Some may have trodden the blood-wet paths of Valley Forge or stormed the heights of Stony Point with Mad Anthony Wayne. From whatever section of the East you or your ancestors may have journeyed, we, who have come from the Atlantic coast, hail you today as our compatriots, as our brethren beloved. (Applause.) We of the East have come to catch inspiration from you of the West, to clasp your hands, to feel the warm pulsations of your western life. (Applause.) It may be that some of us, after we have looked upon your wonderland, known your manly men, beheld your beautiful women, experienced your hospitality, as we journey hence will feel like the poet Wordsworth when he stopped to look back upon a beautiful scene in the lake district of England and said: "I have half a mind to go back again, not to sojourn, but to abide." (Applause.)

Today we see the East with its teeming millions, the Middle West with its constantly increasing population, united with bands of steel to the Pacific coast, and between all sections of our common country an intercommunication and community of interest, which means much for our beloved Republic. Today we behold the Nation reaching out into the Sunset Sea, the realization, the consummation, perhaps, of the prophetic vision of Daniel Webster, who said: "There is nothing to check this people until they touch the shores of the Pacific, and then they are so accustomed to water that that is a facility and no obstruction." (Applause.)

Our interests are now becoming world-wide. They embrace two hemispheres. As we have needed in the past men of courage and of brain to meet national issues, to develop national policies and to fulfill national destiny, so will we need them in the issues of today and of the future. I think it was Edmund Burke who said: "Great empire and little men go ill together." (Applause.)

Compatriots, the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution is founded, as you well know, upon ancestral lines, and we rightly glory in the heroic deeds of our fathers. But one has slyly said: "When a man's talk is mainly of his ancestors, you may know that the best of the family is under ground." (Laughter.) And some one in speaking of his ancestors having remarked, "Oh, you mustn't blame me for my ancestors, you know," received the reply, "We don't; we blame them for you." (Laughter and applause.)

This Society means something more, however, than mere pride in lineal descent. It means something more than a mere aggregation of men whose ancestors were powerful factors in the founding and shaping of this Republic. It means something more than the perpetuation of the memory of those ancestors whose services and sacrifices achieved American Independence. It means and it stands preëminently for the perpetuation of those great principles and ideals of government for which our fathers battled, and which through all the years of our Nation's life have been maintained by the courage and the devotion of patriotic men and women. (Applause.)

In the maintenance of those principles and ideals of government, which are as distinctly ours today as they were the early patriots', I believe that this organization, and other kindred organizations, should and do play a most important part. They are doing a magnificent work, not only in building monuments, in marking battlefields, but they are instilling in the youth of the broad land principles of patriotism and are educating our foreign-born population for good citizenship.

In this connection I wish to speak in terms of highest appreciation of the splendid work of our esteemed compatriot, the Rev. Dr. Rufus W. Clark (applause), Chairman of the Educational Committee and President of the Michigan State Society. Through his untiring efforts and zeal the work of the Sons of the American Revolution along educational lines has been greatly advanced, and a new interest has been awakened, I believe, throughout the State Societies. He has aided in inspiring sentiments like that sent me by the President of the Ohio Society, who wrote: "Let the watch words for this year be 'patriotic education,' with the emphasis placed on both words." (Applause.)

No one can read the admirable address of General Lincoln, President of the Iowa Society, recently delivered, but must be impressed with the value of the work our Society is accomplishing.

The education of those born upon our own soil, and especially the education of our foreign-born population, in the great principles which underlie our Government is invaluable and cannot be overestimated. I was gratified to receive from a Colorado compatriot, Mr. Vaille, a sug-

gestion that one of the subjects for the banquet should be, "Is the flood of foreign emigration destroying our American ideals?" I believe there is no greater need in our national life nor a more important work for this Society than to keep alive our American ideals. I believe one of the great problems confronting the American people today is the Americanizing of the vast hordes of immigrants that are weekly landed at our ports. I do not wonder that the wit of Ellis Island, some time ago, when he saw something like 50,000 immigrants landed in New York in less than a week, said dryly: "I don't suppose they have left a soul in Europe, except American tourists." (Laughter and applause.)

I believe we should gladly welcome to our shores the honest, upright sons of other lands, but we do not want the criminals, the paupers, the off-scourings of Europe or of Asia. We do not want our citizenship weakened. We do not want our high ideals lowered. We do not want our American customs, our American institutions, our American Sunday disregarded. (Applause.) We do not want license masquerading as liberty. We want men of brawn, brain, muscle. We want men of integrity of character, high ideals, sturdy patriotism. We want the men who will become American in spirit as well as American in citizenship. (Applause.) We have reason to rejoice that we have been so successful in Americanizing immigrants, and that their children go forth with ours from the public schools of the land, with the Star Spangled Banner waving over their heads, singing in excellent English, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," Americans, every one of them. (Applause.) But I am not so sure that we do not need to guard some Americans against being foreignized, especially those who covet for their daughters foreign titles, which may be purchased with a money value. (Applause.)

I believe we need to put the words "Patriotic Education" in the forefront of our Society. I believe that if our Nation is to take the lead in the march of human progress, in the onward sweep of civilization along the higher plane of humanity, our boasted liberty must not degenerate into license; our patriotism must mean obedience to law, and we must know—

> "When to take occasion by the hand
> And make the bounds of freedom wider yet."

(The President General continuing:) Now, we are going to have, I am sure, a very peaceful convention, and I am reminded of a young man whose thoughts were all of peace. He was diffident and bashful, but finally mustered sufficient courage, after having courted a young lady for more than a year, to tell her of his love. You can imagine his heart throbs when she said, "Why, I have been loving you these many years." As he went out into the night and gazed at the stars in the exuberance of the peace and joy that filled his heart, he said fervently, "Oh, Lord, I ain't got nothing against nobody." (Laughter and applause.)

Compatriots, the next business in order is the report of the Committee on Credentials, Mr. Vandercook, Chairman.

Mr. JOHN D. VANDERCOOK (Illinois): Mr. President General, the report that the Committee presents this morning is a preliminary report. We understand there are more delegates in the city, but they have not yet presented their credentials. We find there are 89 delegates duly accredited and present at this meeting, as follows: 3 national officers; Alabama, 1; California, 2; Colorado, 5; Connecticut, 2; District of Columbia, 6; Illinois, 11; Indiana, 1; Iowa, 1; Maine, 1; Maryland, 2; Massachusetts, 20; Michigan, 9; Minnesota, 1; Nebraska, 2; New Jersey, 7; Empire State Society, 6; Ohio, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; Rhode Island, 1; South Dakota, 2; Vermont, 1; Washington, 1, and Wisconsin, 2, making a total of 89 delegates seated.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: If there is no objection the Committee on Credentials will be continued. I hear none and it is so ordered.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I wish to state at this point that we have present with us, and I wish him to rise, a real son of the American Revolution, Mr. Arra F. Clark, of Massachusetts. (Applause.)

Mr. MARBLE (New York): Mr. President General, I propose three cheers for Compatriot Clark, of Massachusetts, the only son of a soldier.

(The audience then rose and gave three cheers for Mr. Clark.)

Mr. CLARK (Massachusetts): Compatriots, I thank you for the honor. The high altitude exhausts my breath, so that I cannot make any extended remarks.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I want to say to the Congress that Compatriot Clark has come all the way from Massachusetts to be present with us on this occasion, and, further, that the Massachusetts Society has sent a letter stating that the bearer, Mr. Arra F. Clark, of Boston, is an actual son of a soldier of the Revolution and a member of that Society, and recommending him to the favorable consideration of the Congress. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I might further say that we have here from the Pacific Coast one of the original members of the Sons of the American Revolution, and I would like very much to have Colonel Hubbard, of San Francisco, rise.

(Colonel Hubbard rose amid loud cheers.)

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): Mr. President General, allow me to offer three cheers for the originator of the Sons of the American Revolution in California.

(Three cheers were given Mr. Hubbard.)

Mr. HUBBARD (California): Mr. President General and gentlemen, I should be made of stone if I did not feel the cordial reception that I have received since I came into this city. I was here forty-one years ago, not in this city, but in the Territory of Colorado, when we had to tie down our "skiff" to keep the Comanches and the Navajos from stealing it away. Since I have returned I have received nothing but kindness and good cheer. I thank you. (Applause.)

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I would suggest that Colonel Hubbard be invited to a seat on the platform, as he is a past President General of our Society.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I know that will be the wish of the convention, and Mr. Hubbard will please take a seat at the table.

(Mr. Hubbard was escorted to the platform amid cheers.)

Mr. HUBBARD (California): Mr. President General and compatriots, I rise for the purpose of announcing to this honorable Congress the death of one of its members, Honorable John Allen Hosmer, President of the California Society, who was called higher up on May 1st last. He was almost literally a product of the great West. Although born in Ohio, he was taken west by his father, whom President Lincoln appointed Chief Justice of the then Territory of Montana. Subsequently he came to California. He was a lawyer by intuition. He was a descendant of one of those who signed the Articles of the Confederation, and who was also a member of the Continental Congress. He was a Judge of the Superior County Court of San Francisco, Superior Judge, and the bar of that State has taken proper notice thereof. It was on my motion that he was elected President of the California Society, and he had promised and expected to be here on this occasion. I regret that he is not here, especially that he might champion the views which California may have to present to this Congress, but that has fallen to my lot, and at the proper time I will do my duty to my State. I thank you.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the reading of the minutes of the last Congress; our Secretary General, Mr. Clark.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Mr. President General, I move that the reading be dispensed with, as they have all been printed.

The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the report of the Board of Managers, which will be read by the Secretary General.

The Secretary General then read the following report:

REPORT OF THE GENERAL BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The General Board of Managers reports that a meeting was held at Boston May 1, 1906, the proceedings of which are printed on pages 187, 188 of the National Year Book for 1906. The Board adopted an amendment to Article XI, Section 5, of the By-Laws, providing that of any meeting of the Board other than such as may be called during the session or immediately upon the adjournment of an annual or special Congress of the National Society not less than five days' notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given. The Board ratified the following nominations by the President General for members of the National Executive Committee:

Hon. Cornelius A. Pugsley, Chairman, *ex officio*.
Gen. Francis Henry Appleton, of Boston.
Gen. Edwin S. Greeley, of New Haven.
Trueman G. Avery, of Buffalo.
Henry V. A. Joslin, of Providence.
Nelson A. McClary, of Chicago.
Hon. J. Franklin Fort, of East Orange, N. J.
Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., of the City of Washington.

The Board appointed Hon. Truman H. Newberry, Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Rear Admiral George W. Baird, U. S. N., and Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., a committee to carry out the resolution adopted by the Boston Congress concerning legislation for the preservation and indexing of the Naval Record of the Revolution.

A meeting of the General Board of Managers and the Executive Committee was held in New York on November 26, 1906, and the proceedings thereof were printed in full in the OFFICIAL BULLETIN of December 15, 1906. Mr. Beardsley, Chairman of the Charter Committee, reported that on June 9, 1906, President Roosevelt had approved the Act of Incorporation of the National Society; that the charter had been formally accepted by the corporators at a meeting held in the City of Washington on November 17; that a certificate of acceptance had been duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and that a temporary Con-

stitution and By-Laws of the Corporation had been adopted to accord with the charter, and that officers had been elected to serve until the Annual Congress of the National Society.

Mr. Joslin, Chairman of the Publication Committee, reported that a plan had been adopted for publishing National and State Society news in an OFFICIAL BULLETIN, to be distributed as widely as the resources of the National Society would permit, and with the coöperation of the State Societies to be sent to every member of the organization.

After careful consideration and full discussion of invitations to hold the Congress of 1907 in Norfolk, Buffalo, and Denver, and other localities, it was decided that the next Congress should be held in the Far West, and it was thereupon voted to accept the invitation of the Colorado Society and to hold the Eighteenth Congress in the City of Denver.

It was voted that $500 be appropriated toward the expenses of the Denver Congress.

Mr. W. H. Bayly, Commander J. H. Moore, and Mr. A. Howard Clark were appointed a Committee to investigate and report to the next Congress upon the advisability, practicability, and possibility of establishing and maintaining, in conjunction with other similar organizations in the City of Washington, a central Bureau of Records, Research, and Information on the plan proposed by the Benjamin Franklin Chapter of the Ohio Society at the Boston Congress.

The resolution offered at the Boston Congress to make and establish the twenty-third of September as a day to be annually commemorated by the Navy of the United States, to be known as "Paul Jones Day," was referred to the Naval Records Committee for consideration and report.

The President General announced the death on July 19, 1906, of Walter Seth Logan, ex-President General of the National Society, and it was voted that General E. S. Greeley, Hon. Morris B. Beardsley, and Mr. William A. Marble be a committee to report commemorative resolutions for action at the Denver Congress.

The President General also announced the death on November 12, 1906, of William Rufus Shafter, Major General U. S. Army, a member of the California Society, and it was voted that an expression of sorrow be entered on the records and communicated to the California Society.

The Committee on Revision of the Constitution authorized by the Boston Congress was requested by the Board to devise, in coöperation with the Charter Committee, a practical plan for the consolidation of the Corporation and the existing National Society.

The General Board of Managers and the Executive Committee held a meeting in New York City on February 19, 1907, the proceedings of which were printed in full in the OFFICIAL BULLETIN of March 15, 1907.

At this meeting President General Pugsley called attention to letters from the officers of the Colorado Society and from the Committee of Arrangements and Executive Committee for the Denver Congress, urgently suggesting the advisability of postponing the regular business of the Congress from April 30 to the month of June, when weather conditions would be far more favorable.

On motion by General Appleton, duly seconded, it was

Resolved, That the 18th Annual Congress be called to meet in Denver, Colorado, at 10 a. m. on April 30, 1907.

On motion by Mr. Van Patten, duly seconded, it was

Resolved, That it is the sense of the General Managers and Executive Committee that the opening session of the 18th Annual Congress on April 30 should adjourn without the transaction of business to meet in Denver at 10 a. m. on Monday, June 3, 1907.

On motion, duly seconded, it was voted that the Treasurer General be authorized to pay to the Colorado Society, at such time as it may desire, the appropriation of five hundred dollars ($500), voted by the General Board on November 26, toward the expenses of the 18th Annual Congress.

The following report was received:

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, *February* 6, 1907.

SIR: In obedience to a resolution of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution at its annual meeting in Boston May 1, 1906, your committee on the subject of "Paul Jones Day" in the Navy, begs leave to report that a bill "To Establish Paul Jones Day in the Navy" (Senate, No. 8240) has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Burnham, of New Hampshire. The bill designates the twenty-third day of September in each year as "Paul Jones Day," on which occasion "all vessels of the Navy lying in United States ports shall dress ship."

The bill does not create a holiday, nor does it cause any expenditure of money. As it does not apply to ships in foreign ports, the commanding officers of the ships of the Navy abroad will not be required to observe the day or to ask foreign ships to participate in such observance.

Respectfully,

TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY,
G. W. BAIRD,
JNO. H. MOORE,
Committee.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL.

Mr. Beardsley, Chairman of the Committee on Revision of the Constitution and By-Laws, consisting of Hon. Morris B. Beardsley, Mr. Nelson A. McClary, Mr. John Paul Earnest, and Hon. Henry Stockbridge, appointed by authority of the Boston Congress of 1906, submitted as the report of that committee a new Constitution and new By-Laws embodying such modifications of the present Constitution and By-Laws as seem to be desirable and the changes necessary to conform with the charter granted by act of Congress approved June 9, 1906.

The new Constitution was then carefully considered section by section, and on motion by Mr. Beardsley, duly seconded, it was

Resolved, That the following new Constitution, proposed by the Revision Committee, be recommended by the Executive Committee for adoption by the National Society as a substitute for the present Constitution, and that the Secretary General be, and is hereby, instructed to

give notice of such recommendation to the President of each State Society under the provisions of Article VIII of the National Constitution for action at the next Annual Congress.

The Revision Committee also recommended that the General Board of Managers adopt the following new By-Laws as a substitute for the present By-Laws of the National Society. The proposed By-Laws were read in full, and notice thereof was ordered entered on the minutes of the Board for action at the next meeting under the provisions of Article XVIII of the National By-Laws.

On motion, the Secretary General was directed to print the redraft of the Constitution and the By-Laws in the notice to be sent at once to State Society Presidents and in the next OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

The new Constitution was accordingly printed in full in circular of February 26, 1907, and sent to the President of each State Society, under the requirements of Article VIII of the National Constitution, and was also printed in full in the OFFICIAL BULLETIN of March 15, 1907.

A meeting of the Managers was held at 9.30 o'clock a. m., June 3, at Denver, the President General presiding. The new By-Laws, as presented to the Board on February 19, were recommended for adoption after the Congress shall have adopted the new Constitution.

On motion by Commander Moore, a resolution was recommended to the Congress for adoption, favoring the establishment of a Record and Pension Office in the Navy Department.

A. HOWARD CLARK,
Secretary General.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, what is your pleasure with regard to the report of the Board of Managers?

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that it take the usual course and be printed.

The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Mr. President General, I will ask at this time unanimous consent to suspend the regular order of business and that we take up and proceed to consider the final report of the Special Committee on National Charter.

The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I will read the report, with your permission, in order to spare the Secretary, who has a great deal of reading to do.

The following report was then read by Mr. Beardsley:

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL CHARTER.

To The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution:

At the meeting of the General Board of Managers and Executive Committee, at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, on December 6, 1904, inquiry was made as to whether the Society was legally incorporated and the subject was discussed at some length. A committee was thereupon appointed to consider and report on the incorporation of the National Society.

See page 114, National Year Book, 1905.

This Committee reported at the Sixteenth Annual Congress, held at Philadelphia in 1905, that although at two separate times attempts had been made to incorporate the Society under the laws of Connecticut, the proper steps had not been taken in either case, and that we were simply a voluntary association.

It was then voted that a committee of two be appointed to secure incorporation of the Society under the laws of the District of Columbia; that the same committee be instructed to secure a special charter from the Congress of the United States, and we were appointed such committee.

See page 166, National Year Book, 1905.

We prepared the proposed act, submitted it to the Board of Managers, and secured their approval of it.

During the first session of the 59th Congress, January 26, 1906, Hon. E. J. Hill, of Connecticut, our compatriot, introduced the bill in the House of Representatives and on February 26, 1906, it passed the House.

May 23, 1906, it passed the Senate, with a slight amendment. June 5, 1906, it passed the House as amended, and was finally approved by the President, also our compatriot, June 9, 1906.

We submit a certified copy of the same herewith, and it will be found printed in full on page 94 of the Year Book of 1906.

We wish to acknowledge our indebtedness to Congressman Hill, who introduced the bill in the House; to Mr. Olcott, of New York, who had charge of the bill on the District Committee, and to Mr. Wiley, of New Jersey, who was chairman of the District Subcommittee at the hearing on the bill and materially aided in its passage through the House; also to Senators Blackburn, Bulkeley, Brandegee, Dillingham, Frye, and Depew, who assisted its passage in the Senate.

The first meeting of the Corporation, duly called pursuant to Section 5 of the charter, was held at the New Willard Hotel, in the City of Washington, D. C., on November 17, 1906.

At this meeting the charter was accepted, and it was directed that a certificate of its acceptance be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

This certificate has been duly filed.

A temporary Constitution and By-Laws were also adopted and officers elected to serve until the annual meeting.

A plan has been prepared whereby the incorporated Society and the voluntary association may be consolidated at this Congress, thus carrying out the purpose for which your Committee were appointed and being the final act of the commission entrusted to us, which we beg leave to submit herewith.

MORRIS B. BEARDSLEY,
JOHN PAUL EARNEST,
Committee.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (continuing) : In connection with this report, I am very happy to be able to present to you, Mr. President General and compatriots, a beautiful engrossed copy of our new charter. I felt as if there ought to be something official that could go among the archives of the Society. This has been gotten up in the State Department, and the certification bears the original signature of the Secretary of State, Honorable Elihu Root. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We are very proud and happy to receive this beautiful copy, which has been prepared with great care and is a beautiful specimen of the penman's art. It bears the signature of Mr. Elihu Root, Secretary of State, who is also a member of our Society.

Mr. BATES (Michigan) : Mr. President General, I move that the report of the Committee be accepted, and that this be considered as the Articles of Incorporation of this Society, and that the Committee be discharged.

The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut) : Mr. President General and compatriots, the granting of that charter by the Congress of the United States to our Society rendered necessary certain amendments to our Constitution and By-Laws in order that they may conform to the now supreme law of this Society. A committee was appointed to prepare and present to the Congress those amendments to the Constitution and the By-Laws. We have done that; we have submitted the Constitution to the Board of Managers, and it has received the recommendation of the Executive Committee, and notice has been given according to our charter. The By-Laws have been submitted to the Board of Managers, which has the power of amending them, and they have all been printed, and I now move you, sir,

that the regular order of procedure be suspended and that we now receive and proceed to consider the special report of the Committee on Revision of the Constitution and By-Laws.

The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

(Copies of the Constitution and By-Laws were here distributed among the delegates.)

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Mr. President General, if it is agreeable to the Congress, I would like to suggest that I read this report through, and then that we go back and consider it section by section, amending it, if it is the will of the Congress, in any particular, and after it has been amended in accordance with the wishes of the Congress that it be adopted as a whole. It seems desirable to do this, because if this Constitution and these By-Laws should be adopted, as they will be, of course, in some form, the closing proceedings of this Congress will have to be conducted under this amended Constitution. With your permission, I will read it through.

(Reads the report to, but not including, Article I of the Constitution.)

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON REVISION OF CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS.

To The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution:

At the Annual Congress of the Society held at Boston, Mass., April 30 and May 1, 1906, it was

Voted, That a committee be appointed by the incoming President General to revise the Constitution and By-Laws. Pursuant to such vote the President General appointed as such Committee:

Morris B. Beardsley, of Connecticut, Chairman;
Mr. Nelson A. McClary, of Illinois;
Mr. John Paul Earnest, of Washington, D. C., and
Judge Henry Stockbridge, of Maryland.

To this Committee was also referred the amendment to the Constitution, proposed and recommended by the Maine Society, viz:

Amend Article III, Section 1, by adding to said section the words:
"*Provided, however,* That worthy sons of members of this Society shall be eligible to membership in the Society on attaining the age of eighteen years or over."

Also the amendment to the Constitution proposed by Judge Stockbridge, viz:

"*Resolved,* That Article VII, Section 4, of the Constitution be repealed and reënacted so as to read:

"SECTION 4. State Societies shall be represented at meetings of the National Society only by members of their own State Society, duly

elected, or who may be designated by the regularly chosen delegates from such Society who may be present at any meeting of the National Society."

The Committee entered upon their duties, and, after due consideration, submit the following resolutions and recommend their adoption:

Resolved, That the entire present Constitution of the Society be repealed and be reënacted so as to read as follows:

CONSTITUTION OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Article I.—Name.

The name of this organization shall be "The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution."

Article II.—Purposes and Objects.

The purposes and objects of this Society are declared to be patriotic, historical, and educational, and shall include those intended or designed to perpetuate the memory of the men who, by their services or sacrifices during the war of the American Revolution, achieved the independence of the American people; to unite and promote fellowship among their descendants; to inspire them and the community at large with a more profound reverence for the principles of the Government founded by our forefathers; to encourage historical research in relation to the American Revolution; to acquire and preserve the records of the individual services of the patriots of the war, as well as documents, relics, and landmarks; to mark the scenes of the Revolution by appropriate memorials; to celebrate the anniversaries of the prominent events of the war and of the Revolutionary period; to foster true patriotism; to maintain and extend the institutions of American freedom, and to carry out the purposes expressed in the preamble of the Constitution of our country and the injunctions of Washington in his farewell address to the American people.

Article III.—Membership.

Section 1. Any man shall be eligible to membership in the Society who, being of the age of twenty-one years or over, and a citizen of good repute in the community, is the lineal descendant of an ancestor who was at all times unfailing in his loyalty to, and rendered active service in, the cause of American Independence, either as an officer, soldier, seaman, marine, militiaman or minute man, in the armed forces of the Continental Congress, or of any one of the several Colonies or States, or as a signer of the Declaration of Independence; or as a member of a Committee of Safety or Correspondence; or as a member of any Continental, Provincial, or Colonial Congress or Legislature; or as a recognized patriot who performed actual service by overt acts of resistance to the authority of Great Britain.

SECTION 2. Applications for membership shall be made to any State Society, in duplicate, upon blank forms prescribed by the Board of Trustees, and shall in each case set forth the name, occupation and residence of the applicant, line of descent, and the name, residence and services of his ancestor or ancestors in the Revolution, from whom he derives eligibility.

The applicant shall make oath that the statements of his application are true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Upon the approval of an application by the State Society, to which it is made, one copy shall be transmitted to the Registrar General of the National Society, who shall examine further the eligibility of the applicant. If satisfied that the member is not eligible, he shall return the application for correction.

Until the State Society shall satisfy the Registrar General of the eligibility of such applicant, his name shall not be placed on the roll of membership.

SECTION 3. The official designation of the members of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution shall be "Compatriots."

ARTICLE IV.—NATIONAL AND STATE SOCIETIES.

SECTION 1. The National Society shall embrace all the members of the State Societies of the Sons of the American Revolution now existing or which may hereafter be established under this Constitution.

SECTION 2. Whenever in any State or Territory in which a State Society does not exist, or in which a State Society has become inactive, or failed for two years to pay its annual dues to the National Society, fifteen or more persons duly qualified for membership in this Society may associate themselves as a State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and organize in accordance with this Constitution, they may be admitted by the Board of Trustees to the National Society as "The —— Society of the Sons of the American Revolution," and shall thereafter have exclusive local jurisdiction in the State or Territory or in the District in which they are organized, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, but this provision shall not be construed so as to exclude the admission of candidates residing in States where no Society has been organized.

SECTION 3. Each State Society shall judge of the qualifications of its members and of those proposed for membership, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, and shall regulate all matters pertaining to its own affairs. It shall have authority to establish local chapters within its own jurisdiction, and to endow the chapters with such power as it may deem proper, not inconsistent with the charter of the National Society or with this Constitution. It shall have authority, after due notice and impartial trial, to expel any member who, by conduct unbecoming a gentleman, shall render himself unworthy to remain a member of the Society.

SECTION 4. Each State Society shall submit to the Annual Congress of the National Society a report, setting forth by name the additions, transfers and deaths, and any other changes in the membership and the progress of the State Society during the preceding year, and making such suggestions as it shall deem proper for the promotion of the objects of the National Society.

SECTION 5. Whenever a member in good standing in his Society shall change his residence from the jurisdiction of the State Society of which he is a member to that of another, he shall be entitled, if he so elects, to a certificate of honorable demission from his own State Society, in order that he may be transferred to the State Society to whose jurisdiction he shall have changed his residence; provided, that his membership shall continue in the former until he shall have been elected a member of the latter.

Each State Society shall, however, retain full control of the admission of members by transfer.

SECTION 6. Whenever the word "State" occurs in this Constitution, it shall be held to include within its meaning the District of Columbia and the Territories of the United States.

SECTION 7. A Society may be formed in any foreign country by fifteen or more persons who are eligible to membership under this Constitution, which shall bear the same relation to the National organization as the State Society, subject to the provisions of this Constitution.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES.

SECTION 1. The General Officers of the National Society shall be a President General, five Vice-Presidents General, the order of seniority among whom shall be determined by lot at the time of their election, a Secretary General, Treasurer General, Registrar General, Historian General, and Chaplain General, who shall be elected by ballot by a vote of a majority of the members present and entitled to vote at the annual meeting of the Congress of the National Society, and shall hold office for one year and until their successors shall be elected.

SECTION 2. The General Officers provided for in section 1, together with one member from each State Society, shall constitute the Board of Trustees of the National Society. Such Trustee from each of the several State Societies shall be elected annually at the Congress of the National Society, upon the nomination, or from a list of nominees, to be made by each of the State Societies and submitted to the National Society by the filing thereof with the Secretary of the National Society at least thirty days before the meeting of the Annual Congress of the National Society. And in the event that any one or more of the State Societies shall omit or neglect to make such nomination or submit said list of nominees, by the time herein required, then the President of the State Society so in default, shall, *virtute officii,* be chosen as and become the representative of his State Society upon said Board.

SECTION 3. The Board of Trustees shall have charge of, and be charged with the care and custody of all property belonging to the

National Society, and to that end shall be vested with the powers conferred by section 3 of the Act of Incorporation of the National Society: *Provided, however,* That it shall not have the power to sell, convey, or in anywise encumber any real estate belonging to the Society without the assent of three-fourths of the members of said Board. The Board of Trustees shall also have authority to adopt and promulgate the By-Laws of the National Society, to prescribe the duties of the General Officers, to provide the seal, to designate and make regulations for the issue of the insignia, and to transact the general business of the National Society during the intervals between the sessions of the Congress.

Meetings of the Board of Trustees may be held at the call of the President General, or in case of his absence or inability, at the call of the Senior Vice-President General, certified by the Secretary General. Meetings shall be called at the request of seven members. At such meetings seven shall constitute a quorum.

SECTION 4. An executive committee of seven, consisting of the President General as chairman, and six members to be nominated by him and approved by the Board of Trustees, shall, in the interim between the meetings of the Board, transact such business as may be delegated to it by a Congress of the Society or the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.—DUES.

Each State Society shall pay annually to the Treasurer General, to defray the expenses of the National Society, fifty cents for each active member thereof, unless intermitted by the National Congress.

All such dues shall be paid on or before the first day of April in each year for the ensuing year, in order to secure representation in the Congress of the National Society.

ARTICLE VII.—MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SECTION 1. The Annual Congress of the National Society for the election of the General Officers and for the transaction of business shall be held on the thirtieth day of April or on the first day of May in each year. The place of such meeting shall be designated by the Board of Trustees.

SECTION 2. Special meetings of the Congress may be called by the President General, and shall be called by him when directed so to do by the Board of Trustees, or whenever requested in writing so to do by at least five State Societies, on giving thirty days' notice, specifying the time and place of such meeting and the business to be transacted.

SECTION 3. The following shall be members of all such annual or special meetings of the Congress, and shall be entitled to vote therein:

(1) All the General Officers and the ex-Presidents General of the National Society.

(2) The members of the Board of Trustees and the President or Senior Vice-President of each State Society.

(3) One delegate at large from each State Society.

(4) One delegate from every fifty members of the Society within a State and for a fraction of twenty-five or over.

SECTION 4. After the adjournment of the Eighteenth Annual Congress of this Society, State Societies shall be represented at meetings of the National Society only by members of their own State Society, either duly elected, or who in the absence of regularly elected delegates, may be chosen by the regularly elected attending delegates of such State Society from the members of such State Society who may be present at any meeting of the National Society.

ARTICLE VIII.—AMENDMENTS.

This Constitution may be altered or amended at any meeting of the Congress of the National Society, provided that sixty days' notice of the proposed alterations or amendments, which shall first have been recommended by a State Society, or by a prior Congress, or by the Board of Trustees, or by the Executive Committee of the National Society, shall be sent by the Secretary General to the President of each State Society.

A vote of two-thirds of those present shall be necessary to their adoption.

ARTICLE IX.

This Constitution shall take effect upon its adoption.

Resolved, That the entire present By-Laws be repealed and be re-enacted so as to read as follows:

BY-LAWS OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

ARTICLE I.—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

All nominations of General Officers shall be made from the floor, and the election shall be by ballot. A majority shall elect. The nominations may be acted upon directly or may be referred to a committee to examine and report.

ARTICLE II.—OFFICERS.

The duties of the General Officers shall be such as usually appertain to their offices, and they shall have such other duties as are hereinafter imposed or shall be delegated to them by an annual Congress or by the Board of Trustees.

They shall report at the annual meeting, and at such other times as they may be required to do so by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE III.—PRESIDENT GENERAL.

SECTION 1. The President General, in addition to his general duties, shall be *ex officio* chairman of the Board of Trustees, and of the Executive Committee, and a member of every other Committee.

SECTION 2. At each annual meeting he shall appoint the following standing committees:

Committee on Auditing and Finance,
Committee on Credentials,
Memorial Committee,
Committee on Organization,
Committee on Education.

The duties of the above committees shall be such as usually pertain to committees of like character, and such as may be defined by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE IV.—VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

SECTION 1. In the absence of the President General, the Senior Vice-President General present shall preside at the Annual Meeting.

SECTION 2. In the prolonged absence or inability to act of the President General, the executive authority shall be vested in the Vice-Presidents General in order of precedence.

ARTICLE V.—SECRETARY GENERAL.

The Secretary General, in addition to his general duties, shall have charge of the seal, and give due notice of all meetings of the National Society or Board of Trustees. He shall give due notice to all General Officers and State Societies of all votes, orders and proceedings affecting or appertaining to their duties. He shall distribute all pamphlets, circulars, rosettes and supplies, as directed by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.—TREASURER GENERAL.

SECTION 1. The Treasurer General shall collect and receive the funds and securities of the National Society. He shall deposit the same to the credit of the "Society of the Sons of the American Revolution," and shall draw them thence for the use of the National Society, as directed by it or by the Board of Trustees, upon the order of the President General, countersigned by the Secretary General. His accounts shall be audited by a committee to be appointed at the Annual Meeting.

SECTION 2. He shall give bond for the safe custody and application of the funds, the cost of such bond to be borne by the National Society.

ARTICLE VII.—REGISTRAR GENERAL.

The Registrar General shall keep a register of the names and dates of the election, resignation or death of all members of the several State Societies, and shall have the care and custody of all duplicate applications for membership. He shall issue upon the requisition of the Secretary or Registrar of the several State Societies certificates of membership and insignia to every member entitled thereto, through such Secretary or Registrar.

Article VIII.—Historian General.

The Historian General shall have the custody of all the historical and biographical collections of which the National Society may become possessed and shall catalogue and arrange the same, and shall place the same in a fireproof repository for preservation.

Article IX.—Chaplain General.

The Chaplain General shall be a regularly ordained minister, and shall open and close all general meetings of the National Society with the services usual and proper on such occasions.

Article X.—State Societies.

Every State Society shall—

(1) Notify the Secretary General of the election and appointment of all officers, nominees for Board of Trustees and delegates.

(2) Pay to the Treasurer General on the first day of March or within thirty days thereafter, the sum of fifty cents for each active member thereof.

(3) Transmit to the Registrar General duplicate applications of all accepted members, and notify him of the resignation or death of all members thereof.

Article XI.—Board of Trustees.

Section 1. The Board of Trustees shall prepare and carry out plans for promoting the objects and growth of the Society; shall generally superintend its interests, and shall execute such other duties as shall be committed to it at any meeting of the National Society. It shall have charge of the printing of the Diploma and the manufacturing of the Insignia, and shall determine the price at which the same shall be issued.

Section 2. It shall have the authority to admit or reorganize as a State Society any association of fifteen or more persons duly qualified for membership in the Society.

Section 3. It shall have power to fill any vacancy occurring among the General Officers, and an officer so elected shall act until the following annual election and until his successor shall be elected.

Section 4. It shall have authority to make, alter and amend the By-Laws as hereinafter provided.

Section 5. The President General may call meetings of the Board of Trustees at any time he may deem necessary, and shall call such meetings upon the written request of any five members thereof, provided that of any meeting, other than such as may be called during the session or immediately upon the adjournment of an annual or special Congress of the National Society, not less than five days' notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given.

Article XII.—Executive Committee.

A meeting of the Executive Committee may be called at any time by the President General, and such meeting shall be called upon the written request of three members thereof. It shall be the duty of the Executive Committee to exercise the powers, and perform the duties committed to it by any annual or special Congress or by the Board of Trustees; to control and supervise all arrangements for the holding of the annual or any special Congress, and the social and other functions connected therewith; it shall upon the request of the proper committee of the National Society or of the Board of Trustees, assist in the organization of new State Societies, and increasing the membership of weak State Societies, and for these purposes may incur its necessary expenses, limited to such amounts as may be in the Treasury unappropriated, and not required for the current expenses of the National Society during the year.

Article XIII.—Seal.

The seal of the Society shall be two and three-eighths of an inch in diameter, charged with the figure of a minute man, grasping a musket in his right hand, and surrounded by a constellation of thirteen stars, who shall be depicted in the habit of a husbandman of the period of the American Revolution, and as in the act of deserting the plough for the service of his country; the whole encircled by a band three-eighths of an inch wide, within which shall appear the legend, "National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, organized April 30, 1889."

Article XIV.—Certificates.

All members of this Society, wherever admitted, shall be entitled to a certificate of membership duly attested by the President General, Secretary General and Registrar General, countersigned by the President, Secretary, and Registrar of the State Society to which such member shall have been admitted.

Article XV.—Insignia.

The insignia of the Society shall comprise (1) a cross surmounted by an eagle in gold, (2) a rosette.

Section 1. The cross shall be of silver, with four arms, covered with white enamel and eight gold points, same size as a Chevalier's Cross of the Legion of Honor of France, with a gold medallion in the center bearing on the obverse a bust of Washington in profile, and on the reverse the figure of a minute man, surrounded by a ribbon enameled blue, with the motto "Libertas et Patria" on the obverse, and the legend "Sons of the American Revolution" on the reverse, both in letters of gold. The cross shall be surmounted by an eagle in gold and the whole decoration suspended from a ring of gold by a ribbon of deep blue, with

white and buff edges, and may be worn by any member of the Society on ceremonial occasions only, and shall be carried on the left breast, or at the collar if an officer or Past President General of the National Society, or the President, active or past, of a State Society.

SECTION 2. The rosette shall be seven-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, of usual pattern, displaying the colors of the Society, blue, white and buff, and may be worn by all members at discretion in the upper left-hand buttonhole of the coat.

ARTICLE XVI.—INDEBTEDNESS.

No debts shall be contracted on behalf of the National Society. Every obligation for the payment of money, except checks drawn against deposits, executed in the name or on behalf of the National Society shall be null and void.

ARTICLE XVII.—ORDER OF BUSINESS OF THE ANNUAL CONGRESS.

1. Calling the Congress to order by the President General.
2. Opening prayer by the Chaplain General.
3. Appointment of a Committee on Credentials.
4. Remarks by the President General on condition and needs of the Society.
5. Report of Committee on Credentials.
6. Reading of minutes of the last Congress.
7. Report of Board of Trustees.
8. Reports of General Officers.
9. Reports of standing committees.
10. Reports of special committees.
11. Reports of State Societies.
12. Old and unfinished business.
13. New business, including election of officers and Trustees.
14. Adjournment.
15. *Provided,* That for a special purpose the Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of those present and voting, suspend the above order of business.

ARTICLE XVIII.—AMENDMENTS.

These By-Laws may be altered or amended by a vote of three-fourths of the members present at any meeting of the Board of Trustees, notice thereof having been given at a previous meeting.

They recommend that the amendment to the Constitution proposed by the Maine Society be not adopted.

They recommend that the amendment to the Constitution proposed by Judge Stockbridge be amended so as to read as follows, and in that form adopted:

SECTION 4. State Societies shall be represented at meetings of the National Society only by members of their own State Society, either

duly elected or who, in the absence of regularly elected delegates, may be chosen by the regularly elected attending delegates of such State Society from the members of such State Society who may be present at any meeting of the National Society.

Respectfully submitted.

MORRIS B. BEARDSLEY,
NELSON A. MCCLARY,
JOHN PAUL EARNEST,
HENRY STOCKBRIDGE,
Committee.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (continuing): Now, the old Constitution has not been radically amended. The wording has been changed in many places to conform to our new charter. For instance, our new charter abolishes the present Board of Managers and substitutes in its place a Board of Trustees, so that wherever in our present charter or By-Laws the "Board of Managers" occurs we have changed it, striking that out and substituting "Board of Trustees," and so on right through. The only amendments that are of any importance we will see as we go along. One is with regard to the representation of our State Societies in the National Congress, and another is the representation in the Congress made necessary by the Board of Trustees.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Won't that affect the past transactions of the Congress? Usually they have the original Constitution, and then, if amended, the new Constitution as it is here printed in the same form, because we have in the past been going under the past Constitution. Now, if you repeal the old Constitution, possibly the new members will not understand the proceedings of the past.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: They should be printed side by side.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Now, there is a provision here that this new Constitution is to take effect immediately on its passage, except in one respect, and that is that the representation in the Congress cannot be changed. Delegates are chosen under the provisions of the old Constitution, and there is a provision made that that shall not apply, but in all other respects after we adopt this new Constitution we shall proceed under it. It is merely making an omnibus amendment instead of going into this endless detail.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): It seems to me it is a mistake to abolish the existing Constitution. It is the only organic law under which we exist, and if we attempt to abolish it and then substitute something for it, for the time being, apparently, we have no Constitution. Now, it would seem to me—and it is a very simple thing, indeed, because I have been over this matter somewhat—that there are very few amendments in the proposed revision, and the proper way, it seems to me, would be to read the amendment and refer to the corresponding clause in the old Constitution, and it would be a very simple thing.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Allow me to explain one moment. As we stand at present, we have a chartered Society, incorporated by the Congress of the United States. That chartered Society, at a special meeting this morning, pursuant to the vote of the Board of Managers of this voluntary Society, passed a preamble, which I have in my pocket and which I will refer to the Congress at the proper time, setting out the acts they have done under that charter, to wit, they met in the City of Washington and held their first meeting, as they are required to do under the charter; they accepted that charter and filed with the Secretary of State their certificate of its acceptance; they organized temporarily. Now, they passed a preamble and resolution this morning setting out the acts they had done, recommending this Congress to adopt a Constitution and By-Laws that shall not be repugnant to the charter, and, when you have done that, every legal member of this voluntary Society becomes an incorporator of the incorporated Society, thereby completing the merger, and from that moment on we are a chartered Society, chartered by the Congress of the United States, so that we are not without a Constitution for a minute.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): Well, it is the same thing I have in mind. After we have adopted these amendments as proposed by the Committee, then a resolution would be proper that the Constitution as amended be the Constitution of the Society, according to the requirements of the act of Congress.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Yes, I have such a——

Mr. BATES (Michigan): But in order to do it intelligently——

Col. LYMAN (District of Columbia): Mr. President General, I rise to a point of order. I think this discussion is out of

order at this time. Mr. Beardsley was reading a paper, and I suggest that he be allowed to finish the reading of that paper, and then let us take up the discussion.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The point of order is well taken.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): Do I understand the gentleman is offering a resolution?

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I was merely reading this report, by way of explanation.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): Oh, then you haven't finished your report?

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I have not.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): Very well; I beg your pardon.

(Mr. Beardsley here continued to read the report of the Committee on Revision of Constitution and By-Laws, reading Article I to Article VII, inclusive.)

As to Article VII, the Committee this morning will ask permission to amend Section 4 of the Constitution as submitted to the State Societies. Of course, the representation during this meeting of the Congress would have to be under the provision of the old Constitution, and that there may be no misunderstanding, we wish permission to insert as an amendment to Section 4 "After the adjournment of the 18th Annual Congress of this Society," so that there will be no misunderstanding on that score. We also ask permission to run in an Article IX there, the need for which escaped our notice, as there was no such provision in the former Constitution. Article IX will then read: "This Constitution shall take effect upon its adoption," because we want to elect the officers and Board of Trustees under the provisions of this Constitution.

Now, Mr. President General, in justice to the Committee, I ought to make a little explanation. We were directed by the Board of Managers in New York to formulate and present here at this Congress a plan of merger or consolidation of the chartered Society and the voluntary Society, and we have done that. Now, you see, to do that there has been a special meeting duly called of the incorporators under the charter, and that was accomplished this morning. They have passed a preamble and resolution, which I beg permission to read:

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress approved June 9, 1906, and which said act is designated as Public, No. 214, of the acts passed at the first

session of the Fifty-ninth Congress, the persons in said act named, together with such other persons as might from time to time be associated with them, were created a body politic and corporate under and by the name of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution;

AND WHEREAS, at a meeting of the said persons in said act named as incorporators, called as in said act provided, and held in the City of Washington on the seventeenth day of November, 1906, the said charter so granted was duly accepted, and a certificate of such acceptance duly executed was filed with the Secretary of State, as required by the provisions of Section 6 of the said act;

AND WHEREAS the persons in said act named as incorporators were, in procuring the passage of said act, and in their action accepting said charter, and in causing to be made and executed the certificate of the acceptance of the same, and in filing said certificate with the Secretary of State, acting not as individuals, but for and on behalf of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, a voluntary, unincorporated organization theretofore existing, and which had, prior thereto, appointed a committee to procure the passage of such act:

Be it resolved, That the Congress of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, which is about to assemble in the City of Denver and State of Colorado, be, and it is hereby, requested to approve, ratify, and adopt each and every the several matters and things hereinbefore recited as done as and for the acts of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution; and be it further

Resolved, That the said National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution be, and it is hereby, requested to accept, ratify, and adopt the said charter granted by the said act passed June 9, 1906, as and for its charter, to the end that the said voluntary organization heretofore existing under the name of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the body corporate as created by said act of Congress approved June 9, 1906, may be merged and thereafter be and constitute but one body; and be it further

Resolved, That when the said voluntary organization of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution shall have adopted a Constitution and By-Laws which shall, in the judgment of the President General, the Secretary General, and the Chairman of the Committee to secure the grant of a charter, be conformable to the provisions and requirements of the said act of incorporation, adopted agreeably to the provisions of Section 3 of said act, such adoption to be evidenced by the filing with the Secretary General of a memorandum certificate that the Constitution and By-Laws so adopted are in compliance with, and not repugnant to, the provisions in said act contained, that thereupon all persons who shall at that time be members in good standing of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution shall become and thereafter be members of the body corporate, and the said voluntary organization theretofore existing and this corporation shall be merged and united and thereafter constitute but one body, to wit, the

body corporate created and authorized by the act hereinbefore recited and particularly described; and be it further

Resolved, That upon the filing of the said certificate hereinbefore named with the said Secretary General the Constitution and By-Laws of this body corporate, heretofore adopted in the City of Washington on the 17th day of November, 1906, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (continuing): Now, after you have adopted a Constitution which is not repugnant to the charter granted us by Congress, then I propose to ask this Congress to take a short recess in order that the Board may be convened and pass the proper amendments to make the By-Laws conform to the charter, because if the Constitution and By-Laws should not conform to the charter granted us by the Congress, there could be no merger and we would simply have to have two separate Societies. There must then be a legal certificate as evidence in the hands of the Secretary General that you have adopted a Constitution, and By-Laws which are in conformity with and not repugnant to this law of Congress. Now, in accordance with these resolutions passed by the corporate Society, we meet automatically, our former temporary Constitution and By-Laws are repealed, and you all become members and incorporators of the new Society, and the Constitution which you have adopted here and your By-Laws, as amended, become the Constitution and By-Laws of the one merged Society, which is the Society incorporated by the United States Congress.

Then I have another resolution following that, which I am going to ask this Congress to adopt, in conformity with this request, confirming and approving and ratifying the things which we did as individuals, not intending to form a separate Society, but in pursuance to your mandate, that you adopt them as your acts, and that you adopt the Constitution, and thereafter we are, in Congress assembled, the chartered organization, the voluntary organization having gone out of existence, and every member of it in good and legal standing becomes immediately and automatically a legal incorporator of the chartered Society. (Applause.)

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): You have not, so far as I have heard, and I have listened attentively, provided that

this organization shall accept, by the Constitution, the provisions of the act of Congress. Do you not think that should go in as an additional article of the Constitution?

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I do; yes, sir. You are requested to do that. That preamble and resolution of the chartered Society at a special meeting this morning requests you to do it. I think if you will let me read this it will answer your question. Now, after we have adopted here a Constitution so amended as to be in conformity with the act of Congress, after the Board of Managers have amended the By-Laws so as to make them also in conformity, then you are asked to do your part toward the merger, the chartered Society having done its part conditionally on your adopting a proper Constitution and By-Laws. Then I am going to follow this right up, just as soon as we get back a report that that condition precedent has been complied with by this Congress, with a resolution which I shall offer, being this resolution and preamble which I will now read:

(Reads resolution ratifying acts of incorporators, etc., subsequently adopted. See p. 40.)

Mr. BEARDSLEY (continuing): I think that covers it.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): Yes; that covers it.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Now, my suggestion, Mr. President General, is that we go back and take up the Constitution section by section, and if any one has an objection to offer to any section or any amendment, that that be considered, and, if not, that that be passed, and, having considered it right through in that way, that we then pass an omnibus resolution or motion adopting the Constitution as a whole, and that thereupon this Congress take a recess of twenty minutes or half an hour to enable the Board of Managers to adopt the By-Laws; then we will come back here and report that condition precedent, which was put upon the merger by the chartered Society having been fulfilled, and then the work will be done.

A DELEGATE: Why could that not be done at the same time and not take a recess?

A DELEGATE: Those By-Laws were submitted to a special committee and received its approval.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): The only way we could amend the By-Laws was that they were to be received by one meeting of the Board of Managers and continued and printed and notice given until their next meeting, so we had this meeting in New York, and received them and discussed them and thoroughly familiarized with them, and then, as a matter of conformity to the requirements, we had to continue them to this next meeting. Now we are ready to do that.

Now, perhaps I can shorten this—I know I am taking up a good deal of time. The heading "Constitution of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution" is unchanged.

Now, as to Article I—the name. The name is simply changed to conform to the wording of the charter. The word "Society" is changed to "Organization," because Judge Stockbridge thought it best not to use the word "Society" twice, and to meet his ideas we have changed the word "Society" to "Organization." The original Constitution read, "The name of this Society shall be," etc., and we have changed it to read, "The name of this *Organization* shall be," etc.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Are there any amendments proposed to this paragraph?

Mr. BATES (Michigan): I suggest that Mr. Beardsley go right on without any interruption, and if any one has any objection or any amendment to offer let him make a memorandum of it and take it up after the reading has been finished.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): Would it not save time in the end to adopt these articles as we pass them, if there are no amendments offered?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The trouble with that is that if you should want to recur to them you will have to reconsider.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I think we might consider them as we go along, and then one supreme resolution would cover the whole thing at the close.

Now, in Article II, the only change there was that the title to that was changed from "Objects" to "Purposes and Objects," to conform to the wording of the charter, and the subject-matter was changed so that also would conform to the wording of the charter. There is simply a little difference in the wording.

In Article III, on membership, the only change that was made was the words "civil officer" were stricken out of the limitations to eligibility in Section 1, as it was thought that that would possibly let some in who were not properly eligible for membership, and anybody that could join the Society, the other terms of eligibility are sufficient to cover it. And then there is a change at the end of Section 2. The change is this: Under our present procedure, a man may sometimes be enrolled in a State Society, and a copy of his papers be sent to the Registrar General, then if the Registrar General finds that his papers are defective and sends them back, and he cannot correct them, his name must be dropped from the State roll; so we have provided that a man shall not be enrolled in a State Society until his papers have been approved by the Registrar General; and thus there will be no occasion for dropping the name of an applicant whose claim is not approved, since he has not been enrolled.

In Article IV, National and State Societies, an addition is made at the end of Section 2. We have inserted the words "subject to the provisions of this Constitution." That provides that a man shall not be admitted to membership in a State Society, where the State in which he resides has a State Society, without it being waived by the Society where he belongs.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): We object to the last part of that Section 2 of Article IV, and make this suggestion: That it shall read "but this provision shall not be construed so as to exclude the admission of candidates residing in other States"—that is, putting in the word "other" before "States" in the next to the last line and cutting off all the rest of that clause.

In explanation, I would say that, located as we are in New York City, in our State Society we are drawing occasionally from the contiguous territory of Connecticut and New Jersey. Those living in those States and near to our line are business men doing business in the city of New York; their associations are there, and they prefer to join our Society. We have already on our roster a number of members residing in Jersey City, Hoboken, and in the western part of Connecticut, they having their legal residence in those places, and our reason for offering this amendment is that if the original article should pass

many of these persons whom I refer to would not join their State Society for the reason that they are located far away from the central body, whereas, if they are allowed to join our Society, they are within a few miles of our central body, and they are deriving more benefits than they would by joining the State Society in which they live. I offer that as an explanation of why we ask for that change.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I might suggest also to the compatriots that this makes no change whatever in the present law or Constitution; it remains precisely as it was.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Mr. President General, I am a neighbor of Mr. Marble's, living in New Jersey, and while we do not object to certain members from Jersey City and Hoboken having affiliation with Mr. Marble, we do object on general principles to New Jersey men going over to New York. We think they ought to join the New Jersey Society, and then let them join the Empire State Society if they want to also. There is no reason why they should not join both of them, but as patriotic Jerseymen they ought to stand by their own State, and we feel that all those members from New Jersey who have joined the Empire State Society should at least become members of the New Jersey Society. Of course, it affects no one in the past, but in the future it will, and we object to that amendment on the ground that each man who is a resident of the State should be patriotic enough to join his own State Society.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): I desire to ask for information. Is it possible for a man to be a member of two State Societies?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Oh, yes.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): I would further state, with due respect to my friend from New Jersey, that many of the persons I refer to, if they are not permitted to join our Society, will join no Society.

Mr. DEWEY (Vermont): I would state that compatriots from Vermont have, in almost every State of the Union, held their allegiance firmly to Vermont; and only within the last two months I have been the means of taking two Alaska men into the Society, and also an officer of the State of Texas, Major Evans, and I object to having our Society riddled in that way.

Commander Moore (District of Columbia): I desire to second the amendment of Mr. Marble, of New York. The District of Columbia is peculiarly situated. We have temporary residents from all parts of the country, and, if we do not accept this amendment, I think we will lose a great many recruits which we are constantly taking in in Washington, and for the good of the Society at large I think this amendment should prevail.

Mr. Hubbell (New Jersey): There is one other idea I would like to express. A resident of a State, as I said before, ought to join his State Society, yet a resident of another State, whose ancestry may come from New Jersey, might like to join the New Jersey Society, but, if he lives in California, it is much more patriotic for him, if he is a resident there, to join the California Society; so I think it might be arranged that if a person's ancestry are from a certain State—if such an amendment could be made—that he might join the Society of the State of his ancestry, but a candidate from Alaska belonging to Vermont is rather a stretch of the imagination, although it might possibly be that he had affiliations there.

Mr. Shryock (Maryland): There are great portions of our State that lie directly alongside of and almost inside of the District of Columbia, and I feel that if this is amended those people will go over to the District of Columbia, and, while we would like to have them with us as our own State members, we do not want to keep them out of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, because we would like to have them with us, and therefore I would like to add my consent to the amendment offered by the State of New York. Montgomery County is almost a part of the District of Columbia, and they are more able to get those people than we are, and I really believe it would be a benefit to the Society at large to allow that amendment.

Admiral Baird (District of Columbia): About twenty per cent of the Society in the District of Columbia is composed of Army and Navy officers. They make their homes there, and are obliged to. They are stationed, a great many of them, there on duty. They hold a voting residence in other States. They do not want to give up that franchise. Now, it would be difficult to determine what a man's residence is. A great

many hold that it is where he votes, while others hold that it is where he happens to sojourn. We speak of the minister in Paris as the resident minister at Paris, and there is a great deal of dispute about that. Now, if we oblige Army and Navy officers to join the Societies of their original States, we would deprive the District of Columbia Society of a great many members, and, I imagine, the New York Society also. For that reason I hope the amendment will prevail.

Col. HUBBARD (California): I am opposed to the adoption of the amendment offered by the Empire State Society for this reason: It affects the State of California. We have men in California wearing the rosette of this Society who are not members of our State Society. They live in California and have lived there for years. It permits unfair means of securing membership. These men do not affiliate with us, but they retain their membership elsewhere. We hope that the amendment will not pass.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Are they residents of your State?

Col. HUBBARD (California): Yes.

Mr. BRAY (New Jersey): Mr. Marble spoke about some members in New York who, if they could not join the Empire State Society, would join no Society. As I understand the provision in this Constitution, it allows us to give our permission to join any other Society. If Mr. Marble will give us the names of those men we will be glad to give them permission to join the Empire State Society. That is according to the Constitution, as I understand it.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): It seems to me that we are a National Congress legislating for the whole body, and if New Jersey, for instance, is hurt by New York by having some join the Empire State Society that would not join the New Jersey Society, we are benefited as a National Congress by those joining. Now, it seems to me that we want to get the greatest number as members of this organization, whether they join in New Jersey, New York, Illinois, or California, so I am in favor of the amendment, with a view that we open the doors just as widely as we can, so as to get just as many members to join the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution as possible, because I believe we benefit them by getting them to join, and I believe our influence is going to extend and broaden

so that we are going to benefit the whole country. I am therefore in favor of the amendment.

Question called for.

The amendment offered by Mr. Marble was thereupon put by the President General and declared carried.

Col. LYMAN (District of Columbia): I think we shall gain time if we proceed to the end with the sections and take note of those to which objection is made and of the amendments proposed.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We will follow that course if there is no objection.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): The next is Article V—Officers and Trustees. They have changed the old Constitution by injecting these words after Vice-Presidents General: "The order of seniority among whom should be determined by lot at the time of their election," and in the election of five Vice-Presidents General during this Congress they will all be of the same importance, elected without discrimination, but as soon as they are elected they will get together and among themselves determine their order of seniority. That is Section 1.

Now, Section 2 is rewritten to conform to the charter. The charter provides that in place of the present Board of Managers there shall be a Board of Trustees, and that this Board of Trustees be not less than forty nor more than sixty. We fix that minimum and maximum because there are now more than forty different Societies, and we thought there would not be more than sixty in a long time to come, so we make that elastic. Now, that Board of Trustees will be made up in this way: Every State Society will be represented by a member, and a certain length of time before the meeting, whereby they are required to be elected, notice will be sent to each State Society by the Secretary General requesting them to send the three names from that Society as nominees, on which this Congress shall elect that State's member of the Board of Trustees. Should they fail for any cause to do that, then, automatically, the President of the State Society becomes their member of the Board of Trustees. Now, we have followed just the principle which the old Constitution had of two delegates at large in every State Society. Where those two delegates were

the President of the State Society and the First Vice-President, now they will be the member of the Board of Trustees from that State, and if the President, *ex officio,* becomes a member of the Board of Trustees, then the Vice-President takes his place as a delegate at large.

Article VI is rewritten to show clearly the fact that the annual dues are now fifty cents, as approved by the Board of Managers and the Philadelphia Congress.

Article VII is also changed——

Judge HANFORD (Washington): I desire to propose an amendment to Article VII. I understand you are passing on them.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Article VII has been changed, and I was going to tell you how it is changed. In Section 3, No. 2, it makes the President or Senior Vice-President of each State Society, and the members of the Board of Trustees, members of this Congress. Now, that does not increase the number of members of the Congress. We now provide that the members of the Board of Trustees from each State shall be members of the Congress, and in cases where the President is not *ex officio* a member of the Board of Trustees that he shall be the other member of the Congress. In case he has been elected as a member of the Board of Trustees *ex officio,* then the Vice-President becomes the other member of the Congress; so that instead of the President and the Vice-President always becoming *ex-officio* members of the Congress, the members are the State Trustee and the President, unless the President has been substituted on the Board of Trustees, when the Vice-President becomes *ex officio* a member of Congress. That is the only change in that section.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): I understand that the Constitution as a whole has been submitted, or is to be, so that new amendments may now be proposed in addition to those recommended by the Committee.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Certainly.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): I was going to propose an amendment to Section 1 of Article VII with relation to the date of our annual Congress. I believe it will be conducive to the pleasure of the delegates to have the Congress at times

of good weather, and I therefore move that the date of the annual Congress be changed to read "the first Monday in June."

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I shall have to rule that out of order, I think, as not germane to the question.

Mr. TEBBETTS (Alabama): The first day of June is about the time when people begin to go north on account of the hot weather. In my part of the State I think the first day of June would be a little too late in the year.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I should think that would not be germane, as we have had no notice of so important a move as that or so radical a change in our Constitution. Sixty days' notice ought to be given.

Col. LYMAN (District of Columbia): My suggestion was that as soon as an objection is made we should pass on to unobjected sections and then go back and take those up for discussion.

Mr. BURGESS (Connecticut): I am instructed by the Connecticut Society to offer an amendment to Article VI. I desire to read it now. The amendment proposes to substitute in place of the word "fifty" the word "twenty-five." This is relating to dues.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You merely make the motion to be acted upon later?

Mr. BURGESS (Connecticut): Yes, sir.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Now, is there an objection to Section 4? I understand there is an objection, or that they wish to amend Section 4 of Article VII, so we will pass that under the ruling.

Then there is another amendment suggested by Mr. Burgess in Article VI.

Now, the next is Article VIII—Amendments. That is not changed from the old Constitution.

Under Article IX I have written in "This Constitution shall take effect on its adoption." That provision we forgot to put in.

Now, shall we go back to those that are objected to?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I think the first objection is that relating to Article VI—Dues.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Yes.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Connecticut Society moves to amend Article VI by substituting in place of the word "fifty" the word "twenty-five." Is the motion seconded?

Mr. Marble (New York): Out of courtesy to my neighboring State, I will second the motion in order to have it brought before the house.

Mr. Beardsley (Connecticut): I am a Connecticut man, and in obedience to the wish of my State Society I will say that it is the desire of our Society that it be so changed; but from my own experience I know that dues of twenty-five cents will not pay the fixed charges of the Society, and you simply hamper and spoil the efficiency of the Society if you reduce the dues to that amount. Now, I say that from my experience as an individual, but at the same time I notify you that Connecticut wants it so changed.

Question called for.

The amendment proposed to reduce the dues to twenty-five cents was then put by the President General and defeated unanimously.

Mr. Beardsley (Connecticut): The next will be Section 4, Article VII. I would state the difference between the two sections, the old and the new, which is this: In the old Constitution the State Societies could be represented not only by their regularly elected delegates, but they could select alternates or substitutes, and any member in good standing in the National Society could be selected, as I understand, by those duly-elected members of the State Society who were present at the Congress, and we have provided here that State Societies shall be represented only by their own members, either the duly-elected delegates from their States or other members in good standing with the State Society, while present at the place of meeting of the Congress and who are substituted by those of the elected delegates who are present. The reason we did this was that, in the opinion of some of the members of the Committee, it would tend to secure a larger attendance at the Congress. Now, it is understood that a State can send one man—for instance, the State of Connecticut is entitled to twenty-five votes in this Congress. If it is understood they can send one man here, and he can throw the whole twenty-five votes, after a while we will have a Congress of about twenty or twenty-five in attendance and it will not amount to anything. But we have no pride of opinion. Now, we recommend this as the best thing in our judgment, but it is your Constitution and we want you to have it just as you like it.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We wish to hear from the gentlemen from California.

Mr. HUBBARD (California): Mr. President General, the Society of the State of California, has prepared certain resolutions which they have instructed me to present before this body, and with the consent of the President General I would like the Secretary General to read them.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Secretary General will read the resolutions.

CALIFORNIA SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, *May* 15, 1907.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Managers, Pelham Warren Ames, President, in the chair, the following resolutions on the proposed new Constitution and By-Laws of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution were presented by the senior Vice-President, George C. Sargent, and were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS it is difficult and often impossible for the Societies of the Sons of the American Revolution of States situated at a distance from the place at which the National Congresses have been heretofore held to send more than one of its members as a delegate to represent said Societies;

AND WHEREAS the Societies of Eastern States have little difficulty in sending the full quotas to which they are entitled, by reason of proximity to the place at which the Congress is held;

AND WHEREAS the effect of the adoption of some of the articles of the proposed Constitution would, in effect, disfranchise the States of the Societies which are at a distance and leave the entire control of the National organization in the hands of delegates from the New England, Middle, and a portion of the Southern States;

AND WHEREAS this Society, although having a very large membership, which would entitle it to eleven delegates, had in the past the right to cast such eleven votes, even though it had less than eleven delegates present upon the floor;

AND WHEREAS the same condition exists with regard to all of the State Societies in the Far South and West;

AND WHEREAS the effect of the new Constitution would be to destroy all except an insignificant part of the representation of these distant Societies and leave them in a position to be heavily outvoted, but still called upon to bear their full proportion of the expenses of the National Congress, as based upon their full membership:

Now, therefore, be it resolved, That this Society protests against the said amendments to the Constitution and By-Laws, as a violation of the principle that taxation without representation is tyranny.

Resolved further, That this Society recommends that Article V, Section 1, of the Constitution be amended so as to omit the words "A majority of the members present," and insert the words "delegates to."

Resolved further, That the effect of the proposed amendments to the Constitution would be to throw all the power in the election of officers and all other matters into the hands of the State Societies of the extreme East, which would be an injustice and detrimental to the true

interests of the National Society; tend to disrupt the same; cause the formation of numbers of distinct Societies, and nullify the objects for which the National Society was organized.

Resolved, That this Society further recommends that there be stricken from Article VII, Section 3, Subdivision 2, of the proposed Constitution the words "The members of the Board of Trustees and."

Resolved further, That this Society instruct its delegates and request its friends to use all honorable means in season and out of season to defeat the above amendments to the Constitution and By-Laws of the National Society.

Resolved further, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to all State Societies with a request for their coöperation in opposing the above amendments, and the further request that they make a special effort to be represented at the coming Congress at Denver, Colorado.

Resolved further, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the President General and the Secretary General of the National Society, with the request that it be read to the Congress of the National Society when the above amendments are under discussion, and that they be made a part of the records of the Congress.

By order of the Board of Managers:

PELHAM WARREN AMES,
President.

J. MORA MOSS, M. D., *Secretary.*
A. S. HUBBARD, *Registrar.*

(In the original printed paper Article IV was cited instead of Article V.)

Col. HUBBARD (California): Now, the California Society believe that the words "The members of the Board of Trustees" should be omitted from this Constitution in Article VII, Section 3, Subsection 2. I am under instructions from my colleagues to make request to have that stricken from the Constitution, although, if you decide to have it remain there, we will recognize the wisdom of this Congress in keeping it there. We realize that the Society is becoming top-heavy; that if the Trustees, as therein provided, are admitted members of the annual Congress there is little or nothing left for the delegates themselves, who have been regularly elected, say, sixty days before the meeting of the Congress, and we hope that will be stricken out.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I might explain that to the Congress. I think the gentleman is laboring under a misapprehension. We have not increased the membership of the Congress in the least. We preserve the old principle of the Constitution of two delegates at large from each State Society, only instead of these two delegates at large being the President and Vice-President of the State Society *ex officio* we have provided that they shall be the State's member of the Board

of Trustees and the President, and if the President *ex officio* is the State's member of the Board of Trustees, then the Vice-President shall be the second member at large. We have not increased it at all. It is the same number of delegates, only instead of those two delegates at large from each State being the President and Vice-President of the State Society it is the State's member of the Board of Trustees and the President, or, if the President happens for the time being to be the State member of the Board of Trustees *ex officio,* then the Vice-President.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Ought not the word "or" then be substituted for "and"?

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): No; I think that is all right as it stands.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): I would like to ask if the gentleman from California made a motion that that be stricken out and if it was seconded and I did not hear it. Is there a motion before the house?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: There is no motion before the house.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): Then the motion is out of order, is it not?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It is. The motion is not properly before the house.

A DELEGATE: Is the amendment seconded?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: There is no motion before the house, as I understand it.

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): I would like to move that the report of the Committee be accepted and that the resolution thereto annexed be adopted by the Society—that is: *"Resolved,* That the entire present Constitution of the Society be repealed and be re-enacted so as to read as follows"—that is, as we have just read it, with the amendments as made.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

Mr. HUBBARD (California): Under instructions from the California Society, I vote no.

General HALE (Colorado): Is that motion open to discussion?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We shall give you the opportunity, General Hale, to be heard on this question. I think the Society will give you that privilege of speaking to this question, although the motion has been carried.

General HALE (Colorado): I simply rose to bring up the discussion on this point in Section 4 of Article VII in regard to the delegates. I supposed from the California State letter a general discussion of that subject would come up, but it seems nobody made any motion. I do not care to introduce it, particularly, only it seems to me it would be a very much fairer provision to allow the different Societies to be represented in accordance with their proportion of membership rather than only by those present. If only the delegates present can vote, the Societies nearer the meeting of the convention must necessarily have a great advantage over Societies at a distance. I do not speak of this as being unfavorable to the West as against the East, nor *vice versa*, although in general it would be unfavorable to the West for the reason that the great majority of conventions will be in the East. I bring it up simply on general principles, that wherever the convention is held it would not seem to be right to be practically controlled by delegates who are in that immediate vicinity; and therefore it seems to me, and, undoubtedly, to the California Society and a great many others, that it would be a fairer provision to allow the old system, or something analogous to it, to prevail, so that each State could have a proper representation in proportion to its membership. I intended to bring that up before the motion was put, but perhaps there may not be enough sentiment in favor of that idea to demand its consideration. I simply offer that as a suggestion.

Major DUTTON (California): If this paper of the California Society is not taken as a formal amendment, I wish to offer formally the amendment as it is put down here. Under Article V, Section 1——

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I feel that I will have to rule the discussion out of order; the question has been decided.

Commander MOORE (District of Columbia): I move that we reconsider that last vote and give them a chance to reconsider.

The motion was seconded, put by the President, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The article is open for amendment.

Major DUTTON (California): I move that an amendment to Article V, Section 1, of the Constitution be made so as to omit the words "a majority of the members present" and insert in their place the words "delegates to."

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The motion is that Article V, Section 1, be amended so as to omit at the top of page 4 the words "a majority of the members present" and insert the words "delegates to," so that the clause would read: "The general officers of the National Society shall be a President General, five Vice-Presidents General, a Secretary General, Treasurer General, Registrar General, Historian General, and Chaplain General, who shall be elected by ballot by a vote of the *delegates to* the annual meeting," etc.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I think a matter of that importance should be put in writing.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Well, that is a radical change that has not been announced to the Society.

A DELEGATE: I make the point that it is out of order.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I think the point is well taken.

Mr. MCCLARY (Illinois): I understand that the point raised is exactly the same point as that which was raised with reference to Section 4, Article VII, to which, by special vote, we reverted. Now, it would be necessary to change this Section 1 of Article V also if we decided to change Section 4 of Article VII. It therefore will be as easy for us to reach our decision as to what we wish to do through a discussion of Section 4 of Article VII as it would be by mixing these two things together. The one depends upon the other. They must be made consistent. In the old Constitution they are inconsistent and it has given rise to trouble. In this Constitution as submitted and proposed they are consistent. If, however, it should be determined by this Congress to change Section 4 of Article VII, then, of course, this previous Section 1 of Article V must be changed; otherwise it would be inconsistent; and therefore I suggest, inasmuch as we are simply discussing it, that we confine our discussion for the present to Section 4 of Article VII as being the principal thing and the principal point and as laying down the rule for the voting of delegates, and as

it was to this section that we reverted by special vote, I wish to say just one word as to why the Revision Committee was induced to put it as they did. The matter was considered for a long time; it has been discussed for two years; it was before the Philadelphia Congress, and it was considered by last year's Board of Managers and in the Congress last year. It has been before the present Board of Managers and the Executive Committee, where it was discussed fully, and this Committee, while it may not have decided wisely, has studied it very carefully and with a view to the interests of the whole Society. One reason why I wanted to say a word about it was that it seemed to me that Illinois was peculiarly happily situated to speak on this subject. We are in the Central West. We can understand exactly the arguments of both sides. We are about equally affected by both considerations. I don't think it would make any real difference in our proportionate representation in a Congress, because we are so centrally located; therefore I think what we have to offer ought to be received from us in the belief that we are wholly unbiased and could not have any selfish motive, our sole motive being the good of the National Society. Now, I cannot enter into all the arguments that have been advanced in this connection, but the matter of disproportion would run one way more strongly (as in case Massachusetts were able to send one man to this Congress and cast thirty-four votes) than it would the other way. The main thing we should bear in mind is the good of the whole Society, and one great, good thing for the whole Society is our annual Congress. If a man attends a Congress he will thereafter be a good son and an active son, and he will probably attend a second Congress. It is necessary for the well-being of a National Society like ours that we have well-attended Congresses. Now, what would be the effect of allowing one delegate to vote the entire strength of a State Society? The final effect would certainly be that we would find our attendance running down almost to the number of Societies represented—one from each Society. Our meetings would become small and would amount to very little. We have to bring pressure on our members to induce them to attend these Congresses; I think that is true of every State except New Jersey. We have to appeal to them on the ground that "you must do this as a matter of loyalty to the

State of Illinois. You must attend, because we cannot vote our quota unless we have our delegates present;" and I believe nearly every man we have here or who has attended any of the three past Congresses has been induced to go mainly by a sense of duty. Of course, as is always the case, when we yield to duty we are glad of it afterwards and particularly glad when we are on the ground; but if they had not thought it was a duty to their State Society they would not have attended. Unless we allow this section to stand as proposed, my belief is that our Congresses will dwindle to very small gatherings of twenty to twenty-five men. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Is the motion seconded?

Motion seconded.

Col. LYMAN (District of Columbia): Amend Section 4 of Article VII and Section 1 of Article V would be amended as a matter of course following that. If there is a proposition formulated as to Section 4 of Article VII, let us vote on that proposition.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): The greater embraces the lesser, and Article VII, Section 4, is the one we want to vote on.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): Did not California—Col. Hubbard—make a motion to adopt that, and the other California delegate, Major Dutton, second it?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: No; that was in relation to Article V.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): There is a proposition from California to amend. That proposition has not been formulated in terms. We cannot vote on it unless it is formulated in definite terms.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Secretary General will state the resolution——

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The only definite proposition is to amend Article V, Section 1, at the top of page 4 of the printed Constitution, by omitting the words "a majority of the members present" and inserting the words "delegates to," so as to make it read "shall be elected by ballot by a vote of *delegates to* and entitled to vote at," etc.

Judge HANFORD (Washington): Section 4 of Article VII is fundamental, providing for representation in this house, and, if there is to be an amendment at all, it seems to me it should

be to that section as a fundamental proposition. Everything else should be made to conform to any amendment that may be adopted——

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I shall have to rule it out of order under those conditions.

Major DUTTON (California): Is there any proposition covering this ground, either in this or anything else? It appeared to me there were a few vague sentences said that did not cover anything, and I think it is of too great importance to be allowed to go in this way. I am perfectly willing to withdraw this and let it go, provided the discussion is going on on these lines.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Will you withdraw your original motion and present a new motion covering Section 4 of Article VII?

Major DUTTON (California): I am merely presenting this matter under instructions received from our own Society, in the exact words that were given to us.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): We have threshed this all out and voted on it. There has been an expression of the Congress on Section 4 of Article VII, which is primary. The other would be only the correlative of it if we amend Section 4.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): Mr. President General, I think perhaps it is not quite in place for us to insist that any one should draw an amendment to the clause of the Constitution which is satisfactory to us, but I suggest that California has made a motion, and, although it does not seem to be couched in very happy language, it seems to me the best thing to do is to vote on that which they do present, and I believe that motion is in order; that the question of its grammar, of its rhetoric, does not put it out of order, and that it ought to be voted on, and then that ample opportunity should be given them to draw another amendment if they see fit, and that we ought not to hasten that matter, but if they do not want to submit any more they should not be urged to do so.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will accept that suggestion.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Then the motion is this: That Article V, Section 1, be amended by striking out the words at the top of page 4, "a majority of the members present," and inserting the words "delegates to," so as to make it read, from

the bottom of page 3, "who shall be elected by ballot by a vote of *delegates to* and entitled to vote at the annual meeting," etc.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We will now vote upon the amendment as proposed.

The amendment was seconded, put by the President General, and lost.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I now move that the report of the committee be adopted, together with the resolution accompanying it, and that the Constitution as amended be adopted as a whole.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that we now take a recess of five minutes.

(A recess of five minutes was thereupon taken, during which time a meeting of the Board of Managers was held and the By-Laws as proposed by the Revision Committee were regularly adopted, including the insertion of the words "or Past President General" in Section 1 of Article XV.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Congress will come to order.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I wish to announce that the Board of Managers at their session just convened have adopted the proposed amendments to the By-Laws, and that they are not inconsistent with the charter granted us by Congress; therefore the two conditions imposed by the chartered Society upon this voluntary Society have been fulfilled. You have adopted a Constitution which is not repugnant to the National Charter, and the Board of Managers has adopted a set of By-Laws so amended as to be in accordance with it, and I have the pleasure of submitting the following certificate:

CERTIFICATE.

We, the undersigned, Cornelius A. Pugsley, President General of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution; A. Howard Clark, Secretary General of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and Morris B. Beardsley, Chairman of the Committee to secure the incorporation of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, do hereby certify that we have examined and considered the Constitution and By-Laws adopted this day by the voluntary unincorporated association heretofore existing under and by the name of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and that the same are in accordance with and not repugnant to the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 9, 1906, entitled An

act to incorporate The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Witness our hands and seals this third day of June, A. D. 1907.

CORNELIUS A. PUGSLEY, [SEAL.]
President General.
A. HOWARD CLARK, [SEAL.]
Secretary General.
MORRIS B. BEARDSLEY, [SEAL.]
Chairman of Committee to Procure Incorporation.

(Applause.)

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I now beg leave to offer the following preamble and resolutions and move their adoption:

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress approved June 9, 1906, a charter of incorporation was granted to the persons therein named, and such other persons as might from time to time be associated with them, under and by the name of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution;

AND WHEREAS the acceptance of said act by the persons therein named, and the certification of such acceptance to the Secretary of State as required by said act, has been reported to this Congress by the corporation by the said act created;

AND WHEREAS it further appears by the preambles and resolutions adopted by the incorporators of the said corporation and reported to this Congress that the said acts of the said incorporators were done for and on behalf of this National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution: Therefore be it

Resolved, That each and every the acts so made and done by the said persons named as incorporators in said act, and such other persons, if any, as they may have associated with them, be, and the same are hereby, affirmed, adopted, ratified, and approved by this Congress, to have the same effect as if the same had been made and done by this Congress or by and in pursuance of its sanction and authority previously given.

Resolved, That The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, as the same has heretofore existed, hereby accepts, ratifies, and adopts the charter granted by an act of Congress approved June 9, 1906, as and for the charter of this Society, to the end that this Society may be merged in and be and become the body politic and corporate created by the said act.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Gentlemen, the merger is complete and we are now an incorporated Society under the provisions of the act of Congress. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, I wish, in behalf of the Sons of the American Revolution, to express to Judge Beardsley and the other members of the Committees on Charter and Revision of the Constitution our heartfelt thanks. If you realized the work that has been accomplished by Judge Beardsley and the amount of correspondence it has required, you would tender him, I know, a hearty vote of thanks for all that he has done in arranging and bringing before you this completed charter and Constitution and By-Laws, and a motion to that effect should be in order at this time.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): Mr. President General, I move that the thanks of this Congress be tendered by a rising vote to Judge Beardsley for the very able and thorough manner in which this service has been performed.

The motion was seconded, put to a rising vote by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, what is your further pleasure?

Col. LAUMAN (Illinois): I move that we now adjourn until 8 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): I move that the regular order be suspended and that the Committee on Credentials be now requested to report, and be discharged.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Committee on Credentials will now report, Mr. Vandercook, Chairman.

Commander MOORE (District of Columbia): Will a remark be in order on that motion?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It is out of order.

Mr. VANDERCOOK (Illinois): Mr. President General, the Committee reports that there are now present ninety-seven delegates. If it is your pleasure I will read the names.

Mr. BRAY (New Jersey): I move that the reading of the names be dispensed with.

Motion seconded.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): As I understand that motion, it will be utterly impossible after the report of this Committee for any delegation to fill. Now, I have on the way, as I understand, one man, and possibly two, with credentials from the

State of New York, and if this resolution is carried, making this final, there will be no opportunity to get them in.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: If some one will move that the Committee be continued I think it will be sufficient, and let them report tomorrow morning.

Mr. BRAY (New Jersey): I make that motion.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

Col. LAUMAN (Illinois): I now renew my motion to adjourn.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: If the gentleman will withdraw his motion for a moment, I desire to announce before adjournment the "Seeing Denver" automobile ride, which will start from headquarters this afternoon in charge of Mr. H. C. Stephens. If we adjourn to meet tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, we will have abundant time to finish the work of the Congress.

Col. LAUMAN (Illinois): I so amend the motion.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

An adjournment was thereupon taken until Tuesday, June 4, 1907, at 9 o'clock a. m.

SECOND SESSION.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1907, 9 O'CLOCK A. M.

The President General opened the proceedings by introducing Rev. Rufus W. Clark, of Detroit, Michigan, who led the Congress in prayer.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The first business in order is the report of General Officers. I will call upon the Secretary General, Mr. A. Howard Clark.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: There is a question in my mind as to how much I ought to read of these reports. We do not want to consume too much time with unnecessary reading, and I will omit some things. They will be printed.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Will they be sent to the different Societies?

The SECRETARY GENERAL: They will all be sent out in the Year Book.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Would it not be well for the Secretary General to ask that certain portions of it be passed?

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Yes.

The Secretary General then read his annual report to the Congress as follows:

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY GENERAL.

The Secretary General has the honor to report that the past year has been full of energetic work on the part of the State Societies in forwarding the objects of the organization set forth in the first article of the Constitution. Much has been done to perpetuate the memory of the patriots of the Revolution; the community at large has been inspired with a more profound reverence for the principles of the Government founded by our forefathers; records of individual services and historical documents have been preserved from destruction; scenes of the Revolution have been marked with appropriate memorials; anniversaries of prominent events of the period have been celebrated; true patriotism has been fostered; the institutions of American freedom have been maintained and extended, and constant effort has been made by individual members and as an organization to carry out the purposes expressed in the preamble to the Constitution of our country and the injunctions of Washington in his Farewell Address to the American people.

It is unnecessary that the Secretary General here enumerate all the recorded work of the State Societies since the Congress in Faneuil Hall. It would be impossible to measure the influence of that work, and alike impossible to tell of the results of the patriotic acts of individual members in places high and humble.

Among the most salient features of local work was the initiation of the movement by the Philadelphia Chapter for the locating and the marking with proper memorials of graves of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence. An illustrated pamphlet concerning the graves of Pennsylvania Signers was compiled and issued with a view to interesting the Societies in the other original States to similar action.

Massachusetts has contributed to the patriotic work by contributing to a fund for the preservation of Paul Revere's house; through a gift from Gen. Francis Henry Appleton the Society has had painted a portrait of the eminent patriot James Otis, to be placed in the council chamber of the old State House in Boston, where he made his renowned speech against writs of assistance.

Connecticut has marked the graves of 75 Revolutionary soldiers, and has arranged to place the "War Office" at Lebanon in an attractive condition for use as a public library. The Society expects to erect a monument at Compo Beach, where General Tryon landed the British troops on his raid to Danbury.

The Hawaiian Society has held two public meetings, the one on Washington's Birthday being presided over by the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, Compatriot George R. Carter. Five prizes of $10 each were awarded to pupils in Honolulu schools for orations on patriotism. Three of the prize-winners were of the Hawaiian race and some Chinese lads came close to having the best orations.

The Utah Society has continued its custom of presenting a medal to the high-school student who prepares and delivers the best address upon some event in the Revolutionary War. Several other State Societies have followed a similar custom.

Other items of interest in regard to the accomplishments of State Societies that might here be enumerated will be recorded in the usual State Society reports printed in the proceedings of the Congress.

The most important event in the history of the organization as a whole was the approval, on June 9, 1906, by our compatriot the President of the United States of the act of Congress which has constituted this Society a body corporate and politic, defined its work and its powers, and established it as a National body, dignified, strong for good, a Society of which every member is proud. The Charter Committee has completed its work and will report to the present Congress.

The General Board of Managers and the National Executive Committee have held three meetings, the proceedings of which have been officially published.

The Naval Records Committee, authorized by the Boston Congress, has secured the enactment of the law bringing together in the Navy Department at Washington all the Naval Records of the Revolution. The cataloguing and indexing of these records is now in progress, and it is estimated that nearly a hundred thousand new names will be added to the official records of those who served their country on the sea during the Revolution.

The Educational Committee has issued and distributed circulars entitled "Advice to Immigrants," originally prepared by Gen. Thomas M. Anderson, setting forth the principles of American institutions. It has also published an outline of topics of historical and present-day interest which may be suggestive to State Societies arranging subjects for consideration at their regular meetings.

The Committee on National Parks has gathered information showing what has been accomplished throughout this country in the public preservation of Revolutionary battlefields and the marking of historic spots, and will present to the Congress resolutions for its consideration.

The work of these and of other National Committees and the doings of the State Societies have been made known through the OFFICIAL BULLETIN, a publication established during the past year upon a plan arranged by a committee authorized by the last Congress. The first BULLETIN was distributed under date of October 15, the next December 15, and others March 15 and May 15, aggregating 103 pages of matter pertaining to the work of the Society and recording members added to the roll. The size of the BULLETIN and the number of copies that

might be issued is limited only by the funds available for the purpose. Arrangements have been made whereby any State Society will be furnished with as many additional copies as may be desired at small expense.

The National Year Book, a volume of 317 pages, was printed by order of the Board of Managers and distributed *pro rata* to the State Societies, the usual edition of a thousand copies having been increased to twelve hundred.

The advantage of preserving duplicate records of State Societies in the custody of the National Society has been evidenced on several occasions, but at no time more vividly than in the complete loss of all the records of the California Society by the disastrous earthquake and fire on April 18, 1906. Fortunately copies at least of the application papers of all the members of that Society may now be furnished from the National Society archives.

The accumulated records of the Secretary General's and the Registrar General's offices are rapidly increasing, and more adequate storage quarters than at present available may soon be demanded. This Congress may decide it wise to appoint a special committee to consider this question or the Board of Managers may be empowered to take such steps as may be necesary to meet the requirements of the case during the next year.

A. Howard Clark,
Secretary General.

The President General: What shall be done with the report of the Secretary General?

Mr. Hubbell (New Jersey): I move that it be received and printed.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The Registrar General then read his report as follows:

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL.

Your Registrar General has the honor to report to the Denver Congress that since the Congress in Faneuil Hall at Boston a year ago 709 names have been added to the roll, bringing the total enrollment since the date of organization, April 30, 1889, up to 18,192 lineal descendants of soldiers, sailors, and patriots of the American Revolution. After deducting the losses by death and other causes during the past eighteen years the present active roll in forty-one Societies is 11,118.

New York has been in the lead as to new members, adding 120 to its roll; Massachusetts has added 86; Ohio, 49; Connecticut, 46; Illinois, 38; Hawaii, 28; Rhode Island, 26, and other States in varying numbers as tabulated below.

MEMBERSHIP OF STATE SOCIETIES MAY 29, 1907.

	Total number.	New members.
Alabama	23	0
Arizona	42	9
Arkansas	36	3
California	415	16
Colorado	139	17
Connecticut	971	46
Delaware	79	1
District of Columbia	538	24
Florida	34	0
France	22	0
Hawaii	82	28
Illinois	529	38
Indiana	315	14
Iowa	240	13
Kansas	170	4
Kentucky	63	0
Louisiana	73	3
Maine	370	9
Maryland	200	33
Massachusetts	1,557	86
Michigan	330	0
Minnesota	315	25
Missouri	115	5
Montana	51	1
Nebraska	90	7
New Hampshire	330	5
New Jersey	364	17
New York	1,276	120
Ohio	440	49
Oklahoma	22	4
Oregon	115	8
Pennsylvania	465	35
Rhode Island	287	26
South Dakota	10	0
Tennessee	110	0
Texas	75	3
Utah	65	5
Vermont	268	20
Virginia	70	11
Washington	192	17
Wisconsin	230	7
	11,118	709

Massachusetts still has the largest membership, 1,557; next, New York, 1,276, followed by Connecticut, 971.

It is the sad duty of the Registrar General to record a long list of deaths during the year, including—

Senator Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, January 24, 1907.

Captain Nathan Appleton, of Massachusetts, August 25, 1906.

Brigadier General George Bell, U. S. A., January 2, 1907.

Elisha Dyer, ex-Governor of Rhode Island, November 29, 1906.

Judge John A. Hosmer, President of the California Society, May 1, 1907.

Walter Seth Logan, of New York, ex-President General, July 19, 1906.

Hon. John Patton, of Michigan, May 24, 1907.

Hon. Robert B. Roosevelt, of New York, June 14, 1906.

Major General William Rufus Shafter, U. S. A., November 12, 1906.

Brigadier General Orlando Bolivar Willcox, U. S. A., May 10, 1907.

The register of new members from April 30, 1906, to April 15, 1907, including pedigrees in full and statement of ancestors' services, has been published in the OFFICIAL BULLETIN and copies sent to every new member, in accordance with the plan of the Publication Committee.

During the year 383 certificates of membership have been engrossed, and 709 permits for badges have been issued. For the sale of badges during the year the Society jewelers have granted a commission of $198, making the total receipts from this source under the present agreement $842.50. There has also been received a commission of $134 on the sale of rosettes and ribbon.

Medals and diplomas for services in the War with Spain have been awarded during the past year to the following new members:

Lyle Van Vleck, Pennsylvania.

Edgar Copeland Sturges, Illinois.

Gen. Edward Davis, U. S. A., Hawaii.

John R. Henderson, Colorado.

Clarence R. Henderson, Pennsylvania.

These awards bring the total to 647 medals issued since the custom was adopted, at the Detroit Congress, on May 1, 1899, the first anniversary of the victory at Manila Bay by the American fleet in command of our compatriot Admiral Dewey.

The Registrar General has several times called attention to the historic importance of the archives of his office, the pedigrees and records of ancestors' service of so many thousands of Americans of proved lineal descent from the active men of the Revolution. The roll includes men of prominence in almost every honorable position or occupation—the President of the United States, the Admiral of the Navy, Governors of States, men high in legal fame, in medicine, in the church, in business, men of leisure, or in the hardest toil. Two men who were enrolled with this Society as Governors have risen to the highest political seat in this Nation, and other prospective Presidents may now be in our ranks.

Among the most recent papers registered is one of Elijah Clark Sears, of Canton, South Dakota, born in Connecticut in 1805, whose father, Willard Sears, born in 1760, performed active service in the Connecticut Militia in 1776.

Your Registrar General, as he has done each year since 1893, once more thanks the officers of the State Societies for their courteous coöperation in preserving the integrity of the National Society archives, and in thus building up a manuscript memorial of Revolutionary records in the City of Washington.

A. Howard Clark,
Registrar General.

City of Washington, *May* 30, 1907.

Commander Moore (District of Columbia): Mr. President General, before making a motion to accept the report of the Registrar General and have it printed in the usual form, I would like to make a few remarks.

Upon inquiry I find that in all past Congresses of the Sons of the American Revolution the question of building up the Society has never been brought forward. We have been satisfied to come and appoint a Committee on Recruiting and leave that duty to them. It seems to me that we should profit by the example set for us by the Daughters of the American Revolution and try and build up the Society. Nothing is said today in this report in regard to how many members we have actually gained during the past year—I mean the net gain—and for a very good reason. We have 709 new members, but the total membership has dropped during the past year. It was the same way the year before. We have been gradually losing ground instead of gaining ground. I wish you had been in Washington when the Daughters were there at their National Congress, and when they got up and reported State after State as adding to their membership, and when the final report was turned in six thousand new members were found to have been added to that Society in one year. (Applause.) What are these Congresses for except for us to come here and get a little more enthusiasm and go back to our State Societies and try and pass it along the line. I think we should go back from this Congress with the feeling that in the coming year we will at least try and get in a thousand new members. Why, if the Daughters have been able to secure six thousand in the last year, I should not be surprised if they may take in ten thousand

during the coming year. They are simply plowing the ground for us, and we are helping in the work in a very slight way. If it were not for them I believe our Society, with its present way of doing things, would not exist five years longer. We are becoming moribund. We cannot do work that way. Thank God, we have had during the past few years a Chairman of the Committee on Education who is doing good work. (Applause.) Now, let us follow that up.

I will not take up any more of your time, but I hope you will all go home and try and get a little more of the enthusiasm I have gained by attending these Congresses.

I make the motion that the report be accepted and printed.

Motion seconded.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, you have heard the motion and the most earnest words of Commander Moore, and it is moved that this report take the usual course.

The motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Mr. President General, I would like to make one little statement. The report of the Registrar for the last year showed additional members secured during the year numbering 705, while the report this year shows the number of new members to be 709.

A DELEGATE: Is that the net gain?

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The number of new applications for membership that have been filed during the yast year——

A DELEGATE: What is the net loss?

The SECRETARY GENERAL: It is one hundred and sixty-six.

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): Mr. President General, I was elected Secretary of the Maryland Society just about a year ago. It takes a man, like an animal out on the prairie here, a little while to get broken in, and when I made my report I did not get it quite as accurate as I may be able to do next year. I will say for Maryland that from the first of April of 1906 up to the first of June, 1907, we have added to our list fifty members (applause), and we are not through yet.

Mr. MCCLARY (Illinois): Mr. President General, I have a thought to express, and perhaps this is the proper time to bring it out. While we have forty-one Societies, of course, we could have six more, as our forty-one include the District

of Columbia, Hawaii, and France. Now, the great States of North and South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, and North Dakota have no Societies. Efforts have been made to form Societies in those States, and I hope they may ultimately succeed, but it will be of very great benefit to the Committee on Recruiting if any members here present having personal friends in any of those States whom they have reason to believe—they need not necessarily know it to be a fact, but whom they reasonably believe—to be eligible would give those names to the Chairman of the Committee on Recruiting some time either immediately after leaving this meeting by letter or, better yet, here at the meeting, and that will help greatly in forming the nucleus for new Societies in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, and North Dakota.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I may state that one reason for the decrease in the total membership is just what we expected. We expected that possibly the increase of dues a few years ago and the successful effort to put the Society on a splendid financial foundation might result in the non-payment of dues by a considerable number of members, and, partly for that reason, during the last two or three years several Societies have dropped from the rolls a considerable number of members. Those that remain, however, are wide awake.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I think that accounts very largely for the decrease in membership.

The next in order is the report of the Treasurer General, which will be presented by Judge Beardsley, of Connecticut.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Mr. President General, in the regrettable absence of our Treasurer General, Mr. Birdseye, who is still ill and abroad for treatment, I am acting in his place.

Following is the report of the Treasurer General:

TREASURER GENERAL'S REPORT.

MAY 24, 1907.

To the President General of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution:

The report of the Treasurer General includes the period from April 28, 1906, to May 24, 1907. The Society follows its usual prudent course of providing funds in advance to meet the expenses of the year, and starts with a handsome balance in its treasury.

The annual dues of the State Societies, which are its principal source of income, are due and payable in March and April and are paid by most of the Societies before the annual meeting of the National Congress, so that the treasury then shows the largest amount of the year from which the disbursements for the coming year for current expenses are to be paid. There will be, however, a surplus after paying the ordinary expenses of the Society for the year of about $6,000.00, which the Society can make such use of as it may seem best. Every bill for current expenses during the period for which this report is made is paid and we have contributed $500.00 toward the expenses of the National Congress at Denver. There are no outstanding bills that your Treasurer General is aware of and the finances of this Society are in their usual good condition.

You will notice in the detailed report some of the delinquent dues in the years previous have, by patient solicitation, been collected and the small State Societies at the present time are in better standing with their finances in the National Society than ever before.

The income of the Society the past year has exceeded the expenses by about $3,000.00.

Respectfully submitted.

I. W. BIRDSEYE,
Treasurer General.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION—I. W. BIRDSEYE, TREASURER GENERAL.

Mr. President General and Compatriots of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, the Treasurer General has the honor to submit the following report of the receipts and disbursements for the fiscal year ending May 24, 1907:

Cash balance—April 27, 1906..... $6,997.99

Receipts.

Annual Dues:		
1905.....	$28.50	
1906.....	596.50	
1907.....	4,801.50	
	$5,426.50	
Certificates	501.00	
Application blanks	64.50	
Official Bulletins	28.50	
J. E. Caldwell & Co., rebate on insignia.	255.00	
Interest on note of $5,000.....	161.41	
Interest on bank deposits.....	80.71	
		6,517.62
Total receipts for the year.....		$13,515.61

Disbursements.

Printing and stationery.....	$1,300.38	
Salary Secretary and Registrar General	1,170.00	
Expense office Secretary and Registrar General	578.22	
Expense office Treasurer General.....	7.00	
American Bank Note Co.....	227.50	
Reporting Boston Congress, 1906.....	138.30	
H. C. Stephens (Congress, 1907).....	500.00	
Ribbon for certificates.....	41.16	
R. W. Clark (Educational Committee).	53.80	
Total disbursements for the year.....		$4,016.36
Cash on hand May 24, 1907.....		9,499.25
	$13,515.61	$13,515.61

Deposited in Pequonnock National Bank, Bridgeport..... $9,499.25

I. W. Birdseye,
Treasurer General.

Bridgeport, Connecticut, *May* 24, 1907.

DETAILS OF RECEIPTS BY STATES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING MAY 24, 1907.

States.	Annual dues.			Certificates.	Blanks.	Total.
	1905.	1906.	1907.			
Arizona	.....	$19.50	$21.00	.....	$2.75	$43.25
Arkansas	.....	.....	15.00	.....	.....	15 00
California	.....	.....	207.50	$2.00	2.75	212.25
Connecticut	.....	.....	456.00	60.00	.....	516.00
Colorado	.....	.....	67.00	8.00	5.50	80.50
Dist. of Columbia	.....	.....	265.00	1.00	.....	266.00
Empire State	.....	.....	597.50	113.00	10.00	720.50
Hawaii	.....	27.50	34.50	19.00	.....	81.00
Illinois	.....	.....	254.50	41.00	5.40	300.90
Indiana	.....	.....	78.00	9.00	5.50	92.50
Iowa	.....	117.50	111.00	23.00	2.75	254.25
Kansas	$28.50	23.00	.....	1.00	.....	52.50
Kentucky	.....	.....	35.50	1.00	2.75	39.25
Louisiana	.....	36.00	.....	2.00	.....	38.00
Maine	.....	.....	180.50	13 00	.....	193.50
Maryland	.....	.....	100.00	22.00	3.60	125.60
Massachusetts	.....	.....	692.50	40.00	5.40	737.90
Michigan	.....	163.00	165.00	10.00	.....	338.00
Minnesota	.....	.....	126.00	1.00	.....	127.00
Missouri	.....	.....	42.00	.....	.....	42.00
Nebraska	.....	53.00	45 00	8.00	.....	106.00
New Hampshire	.....	.....	165.00	3.00	.....	168.00
New Jersey	.....	.....	181.00	17.00	.....	198.00
Ohio	.....	.....	220.00	.....	.....	220.00
Oklahoma	.....	9.00	.....	23.00	5.40	37.40
Oregon	.....	32.50	38.00	.....	.....	70.50
Pennsylvania	.....	.....	227.00	31.00	5.50	263.50
Rhode Island	.....	.....	146.50	22.00	.....	168.50
South Dakota	.....	.....	5.00	.....	.....	5.00
Texas	.....	.....	34.00	4.00	.....	38.00
Utah	.....	32.00	30.50	.....	3.60	66.10
Vermont	.....	.....	136.00	19.00	.....	155.00
Virginia	.....	.....	34.50	5.00	3.60	43.10
Washington	.....	83.50	90.50	3 00	.....	177.00
	$28.50	$596.50	$4,801.50	$501.00	$64.50	$5,992.00

J. E. Caldwell & Co., rebate on insignia	255.00
New Jersey, Official Bulletins	21.00
Rhode Island, Official Bulletins	7.50
Interest on notes of $5,000	161.41
Interest on bank deposits	80 71
Total	$6,517.62

Details of Disbursements.

1906.			
May 5.	American Bank Note Co., diplomas		$70.00
	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work		96.60
" 18.	Judd & Detweiler, printing and stationery		20.25
	American Bank Note Co., diplomas		35.00
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.		4.00
	Chester M. Clark, clerical work, assistant to Secretary General		28.50
	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General:		
	April	$90.00	
	Expense Boston Congress	13.50	
			103.50
June 6.	A Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, May		90.00
" 20.	Judd & Detweiler, printing and stationery		11.50
	Wm. L. Hallworth, photos Faneuil Hall		1.50
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.		3.00
July 6.	Elizabeth D. Tabler, ancestor service slips for Year Book		21.78
	Arthur T. Lovell, reporting Boston Congress, 1906		138.30
	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work		77.80
	The Chas. H. Elliott Co., printing and stationery		37.72
	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, June		90.00
" 23.	Geo. E. Howard, circular of June 15th		22.50
	E. Morrison Paper Co., seals and tubes for certificates		3.02
Aug. 2.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, July		90.00
" 25.	Gatchel & Manning, engraving group of officers for Year Book		10.50
Sept. 4.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, August		90.00
	Chester M. Clark, clerical work, assistant to Secretary General		22.00
" 10.	I. W. Birdseye, transfer of note, $5,000		
" 28.	Gatchel & Manning, engraving group, Boston Congress		10.50
Oct. 4.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, September		90.00
	Chester M. Clark, clerical work, assistant to Secretary General		19.00
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.		2.00

Oct. 22.	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work	$57.95
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	2.00
Nov. 12.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, October	90.00
" 20.	Williams & Wilkins, printing, etc., 1906 Year Book.	674.33
	Judd & Detweiler, printing and stationery	76.50
	E. Morrison Paper Co., envelopes, mailing tubes	4.65
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	2.17
Dec. 6.	The Chas. H. Elliott Co., 2 electros, insignia S. A. R.	.65
	The Maurice Joyce Engraving Co., redrawing and engraving emblem	4.00
	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, November	90.00
	Chester M. Clark, clerical work, assistant to Secretary General	16.00
" 17.	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work	58.67
" 27.	Cash for stamps, Treasurer General, I. W. Birdseye	2.00
1907.		
Jan. 8.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, December	90.00
	S. C. Brown, clerical work, assistant to Secretary General	15.00
	Annin & Co., S. A. R. ribbon	5.16
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	4.35
" 15.	Ernest A. Wright, menus, envelopes, cards for Philadelphia Congress	75.00
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	44.66
	Judd & Detweiler, Official Bulletin	74.64
Feb. 9.	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work	45.55
	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General:	
	January $90.00	
	Clerical assistant, etc. 12.50	
		102.50
Mar. 11.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, February	90.00
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	2.45
	The Chas. H. Elliott Co., printing and stationery	14.10
	Woodward & Lothrop, ribbon for certificates	4.50
April 4.	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, March	90.00
" 8.	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	6.66
	American Bank Note Co., diplomas	122.50
	R. W. Clark, expenses Educational Committee	53.80
	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work	67.95

April 8.	Woodward & Lothrop, ribbon for certificates.....	$18.00
	Judd & Detweiler, printing and stationery.....	120.73
May 13.	Woodward & Lothrop, ribbon for certificates.....	13.50
	Judd & Detweiler, printing and stationery.....	16.00
	Edward V. Brokaw & Bro., printing and stationery.	8.22
	A. Howard Clark, expenses Registrar and Secretary General, April	90.00
	H. C. Stephens, toward expenses National Congress at Denver, Colorado	500.00
" 22.	S. C. Brown, engrossing certificates, etc., clerical work	47.20
	Cash for stamps, Treasurer General, I. W. Birdseye	5.00
" 23.	E. B. Russ, engrossing act of Congress.....	21.00
	Total	$4,016.36

Hon. CORNELIUS A. PUGSLEY,
President General of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

DEAR SIR: We, the undersigned, having made an examination of the books and accounts of I. W. Birdseye, Treasurer General of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, for the period from April 28, 1906, to May 24, 1907, hereby certify that the accompanying statement of receipts and disbursements is correct; that proper vouchers are on file for the regular expenditures, and that the balance of cash in the bank agrees with the accounts of the books of the Pequonnock National Bank of Bridgeport, Conn.

MORRIS B. BEARDSLEY.
HENRY C. SHERWOOD,
Treasurer Connecticut State Society.
G. W. BLACK, *Accountant.*

Approved:
DANIEL MINER LORD,
Chairman Auditing Committee Eighteenth National Congress, Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): I move the report be accepted.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The question is on the acceptance of the report of the Treasurer General.

Motion seconded.

The motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The report of the Auditing Committee will follow immediately. Mr. Lord, of Illinois.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): The final report has been read by Judge Beardsley, but on behalf of that Committee I want to

commend the thoroughly businesslike way in which that report was made. They save the Auditing Committee of this Congress a good deal of work by going into it so fully themselves. The Treasurer not only certifies and shows up everything, but the Treasurer of the Connecticut Society, and then they call in a public accountant who certifies to it, so all that the Committee have to do in this Congress is simply to go through the footings, and it certainly is a model way of presenting a Treasurer's report, and the Auditing Committee desires to compliment Mr. Birdseye on this thorough and businesslike and thoroughly competent way of keeping accounts. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We are very glad to hear this report from the Chairman of the Auditing Committee.

The next in order is the report of the Historian General, which will be read by the Secretary General.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Professor Wickes has written to me that he very much regretted that he could not be present. He has sent in his report, which I will read, if desired.

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): I move that that report be printed and sent to the members of the Society, as it will take up a good deal of time to read it, and, while no doubt it is interesting, I think it is well to facilitate matters as much as we can.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL.

COLONIAL LIFE.

President General and Compatriots:

No American citizen, by right of lineage a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, can fail to find in these days of celebrations and anniversaries a fitting theme for consideration and comment. Nor is it needful that such a theme be confined to that short period of our National history which lies within the few years spanning the life of the American Revolution. For there is not a page from the first day of our recorded history up to the present which does not furnish material worthy the study of every true American. There is, however, one chapter upon which the gaze of patriots is just now centered—a chapter which will well repay careful, though necessarily brief, perusal.

Jamestown.

Undeterred by the failure of that gallant knight, Sir Walter Raleigh, to found a lasting colony in America, the London Company—obtaining from King James the First, in 1606, a charter which granted to "Sundry Knights, Gentlemen, Merchants, and other Adventurers" possession of all lands and rivers and the right of search for mines of gold, silver, and copper along the coast of so-called "Virginia,"—sent out three ships and about one hundred men on a mission of discovery and gain. Curiously complex was this company of voyagers to the New World—with its overplus of councillors and gentlemen and its corresponding scantiness of toilers. Not very good material for the hewing out of a strong colony from a strange wilderness!

But, by favor of Providence, one man there was—Captain John Smith—well fitted by training and experience to achieve excellent results where only disaster and ruin might have been looked for. Prisoner, councillor, president—he was the dominating spirit of the enterprise. With that desire for adventure which marked his hardy and intrepid soul, he pushes his discoveries along the New England coast; he contrives a fort for better defense against savage foes; he secures from the Indians a supply of corn; he trains the "gentlemen" to inure their "tender fingers" to work; above all, he shows a spirit of democracy in work for the general weal which wrought most potently in settling and strengthening the colony for the starving time of 1609—a lonely and sorrowful time, indeed, from which the famished and desolate band found relief in the arrival in 1610 of ships and stores from England.

Doing all this and much more for the Virginia Colony, it is not, perhaps, of special importance whether Pocahontas, as the story goes, actually saved the life of the gallant Captain or not. And yet, if it be not true, it is not easy to explain certain undoubted historical facts in connection with the career of the Indian maiden and her friendly and helpful relations with the little Jamestown Colony.

As our chief concern, however, in this brief paper is to name a contribution or two made by each of the original colonies toward the inculcation of such civic principles as helped to mould colonial life into somewhat of compactness for the struggle for independence, let us glance, first, at some events, subsequent to 1607, in

Virginia.

Only twelve years after the landing at Jamestown there came over from England a royal governor, bringing with him from the King to the colonists the privilege of having a hand in local governments, choosing burgesses and making laws such as were thought to be good, and so sprang into existence, in 1619, the first Assembly in Virginia, composed of governor, royal council and representatives of the people. (Alas! the same year saw a Dutch slave ship sailing up the James—the beginning of African slavery.) And just a hundred years before the

Declaration of Independence there broke out the fierce flame of Bacon's Rebellion against the heedlessness and heartlessness of that royal governor who thanked God there were no free schools in America, and hoped there would be none for a hundred years to come! In less than a score of years after that declaration the famous College of William and Mary was founded—second in time in a long line of similar institutions; while now the common schools of America are well-nigh uncountable, their influence immeasurable. But the little colony at Jamestown, decimated by disease and starvation, was just upon the verge of utter collapse and extinguishment, when Lord De La Ware appeared in 1610 with a company of men on three ships stored with provisions. The colony thus revived and strengthened never since has halted on its march of three hundred years to 1907.

Other Colonies.

And now, a few sentences must suffice to recall to our thoughts the various colonies that joined old Virginia in her march of civilization in the New World, and to record a few facts of extreme significance in the history of each.

Little Delaware, permanently settled first by the Swedes, and ruled over in turn by the Dutch and the English, was now a separate colony, and anon an adjunct of Pennsylvania, yet always a quiet, persistent, freedom-loving community.

Maryland, under the care of Lord Baltimore, to whom the King of England had given entire control in the government of the colony, was an early and splendid example of that spirit of toleration in matters of belief which is the only safety of a nation where there are "many men of many minds."

Carolina—afterwards North and South Carolina—had probably the most cosmopolitan population of any colony except New York. And as the people differed in ancestry, so did they in living—the South dwelling on plantations; the North, in woods and mountains. Both fast grew in the thought of independency of government, and both early showed the disregard and disfavor in which they held the most elaborate constitution which ever was drawn up for vesting power in a chosen few!

In Georgia, a colony not founded until 1733, the best possible illustration is given of what one man, *if an Oglethorpe,* can do in rescuing the poor and oppressed from the prison-house of their cares and woes, and in making them happy and useful; and still again in that same colony is shown the wretchedness and lifelessness which may follow the withdrawal of the hand of beneficence and blessing!

While a volume would not give an adequate idea of the animating thought of New York as a colony, there can be no doubt of the early existence of a limitless spirit of trade and gain; of zeal for education; of an ever-deepening spirit of liberty; of a cosmopolitan character which, after London, was the marvel of the 17th century!

New Jersey, nigh to New York in position, was not alien to her in the spirit of her settlements—the Dutch and the English in turn swaying her destinies as a colony. Thither, too, the peaceful Quakers came, and persecuted people from afar, to claim and to share that freedom of conscience which she proclaimed and practiced.

Pennsylvania is an illustration of a colony founded and for a time governed by one man, with such singleness and righteousness of purpose as is rarely seen—a "one-man power" most admirable. This colony also is proof that a finer spirit of gratitude than we are wont to think may exist in the hearts of a favored community toward its founder and friend!

Turning now for a glance at the New England colonies, we find New Hampshire, at one time joined to New York and more than once to Massachusetts, a colony autonomous in 1741—her inhabitants made up of sturdy Scotch and Irish immigrants, with a strength of character akin to that of the granite hills among which they settled—making ready for the freedom soon to dawn.

Very few colonies experienced more trying time than Connecticut—harassed, as she was, by the Dutch in their efforts to extend trade and gain new territory, yet a land of promise, truly, as we may know from the great companies of men that first traversed her forests and then made them into settlements, a colony which gave America her first written constitution, a unique document in our early history.

As Connecticut is unique in her constitution, so is Rhode Island in her history—largely through the prescience and prophetic spirit of one man—Roger Williams—a man who seized upon a noble principle and held fast to it with a tenacity that made the little colony renowned and helped other colonies, though a bit jealous, to a better understanding of liberality of spirit.

Coming to Massachusetts, the first thought that occurs to mind and holds it enchained is Plymouth and the year of the Pilgrim settlements—1620. There is no need here to trace its early history of starvation and loneliness—nor that of the Puritan colony a few years later—narrow of creed and stern of life. For great qualities, most useful to the State, were developed in both companies under the leadership of men of faith and works!

The Time of Evolution.

Your Historian has missed his purpose if, reading between the few and compacted lines going before, you, the Sons, cannot trace the rise and progress of certain great principles designed and destined to play a great part in the War of the Revolution. For, in the first place, the colonies themselves, in varying degrees, it is true, and yet to some degree in each, were settled by men of strong convictions, possessed with a desire for freedom. Indeed, for their beliefs and longings many of them suffered the loss of every treasured thing but life itself! Moreover, even the very narrowness and conceit of certain first-comers wrought such reaction in the body politic as to make clear beyond a

peradventure the fact that very early in its history the New World had grown too large in spirit to harbor without protest any principles alien to liberty and equality. This fact found attestation in the practical refusal of the men of the Carolinas to receive for their governance a constitution of fine-spun theories and philosophizings, impractical and visionary; and in the willingness with which the men of Connecticut received a constitution which, though marred by churchly power, looked, at least, in the direction of self-government in affairs of local concern. It wrought also for the general welfare and progress of the colonies that there were many men among the early settlers whose first thought was for peace and not war—for tilling the soil, like the Swedes—for catching fish, like the men of New Hampshire—for buying and selling, like the Quakers: and that, too, not because they were craven in spirit, desiring "peace at any price," even that of honor and freedom, but because they felt that the only beneficent life of a nation is to be found in well-ordered peace. And still again, the moulding power of a principle is seen in the workings of a proprietary government like that of Pennsylvania, wherein that kind of rulership was at its best—power being vested in a man pacific and generous to a degree, both to white men and to red men: and yet, in the sum total of his sway, showing a self-interest almost inseparable from the exercise of great power, and proving to thinking men the dangers to strength and unity which lurk amid the shadows of paternal government. Nor is the peril which confronts the proprietor-government by any means absent from what we may call government by philanthropy, as in the case of Georgia under Oglethorpe. For if the motto "Learn to do by doing" holds good in education not a whit less than in government! only thus can come to pass a State or nation, "noble and puissant"—so noble and so strong as to stand when the props that for a time have held it up are completely withdrawn.

Thus far for the most part I have spoken of the swing of the pendulum merely away from the bad or the weak in government; but when we come to consider certain other phases of colonial life, the swing is toward positive betterment. That this is so, let an example or two show. The principle of religious toleration in Maryland, practiced at a time when the Old World was busily dealing with so-called heretics, and certain parts of the New World were proscribing non-conformists and hanging witches, told mightily for the cause of civic as well as religious equality. And this same principle was potent in New Jersey, receiving within her boundaries the oppressed and down-trodden; while in Rhode Island, it was the very air she breathed, the very life she lived. Moreover, what a fine example, what a moving force, for the idea of civil liberty one finds in colonial New York! Once and again, her sons rallied for the good cause—active, untiring, zealous, they became in very truth what long they claimed to be—"The Sons of Liberty." But the crown of achievement and prophecy of good is to be found in the establishment of the principle of representative or republican government. Before the name was known the seed of that doctrine was dropped into the virgin soil of the New World—and when it came to

somewhat of growth and strength men called it "the Flower of Liberty."

The Days of Revolution.

With such principles as I have enumerated, stirring in the free air of the New World and leavening with their power old traditions and usages, it is not strange that the time of evolution ended in the ferment and outburst of the days of revolution. And while it is not needful to tell to the patriotic Sons here assembled the story of those days of struggle and of triumph, it cannot be amiss to recall, as I have sought to do, our indebtedness to the pioneers and settlers of the long, long ago. For the story of the trials and manifold sufferings of Colonial times is so wonderful that its perusal should make us, nay, *must* make us, better "Sons" of heroic ancestors; then, surely, better citizens of today—of today, with its splendid possibilities and its tremendous responsibilities; of today with its agitation and its battle for civic righteousness and National honor. And for our encouragement, let us remember that the fight for true Freedom, descended

"From bleeding sire to son—
Though baffled oft, is ever won!"

The President General: I will call, in the order in which they are placed in the Year Book, the National Committees for the year 1906, and we will have reports, if there are any to follow.

Commander Moore (District of Columbia): Before you commence, don't you think we had better go back and resurrect the dear old Revolutionary sailors report?

The President General: Very well; the Secretary General will read the resolution recommended by the Board of Managers favoring the establishment of a Record and Pension Office in the Navy Department.

The Secretary General read the resolution as follows:

Whereas the laws of the United States provide for the collection, indexing, and preparation for publication by the War Department of records of the armies of the United States, and further provide a suitable force and equipment under the War Department for the carding and indexing of the officers and men of the armies of the United States; and

Whereas there is no adequate provision of law for the indexing of the records of the Navy of the United States; and

Whereas the Navy has rendered gallant service in every war of the United States, and the records of its sailors are gradually disintegrating and disappearing: Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Sons of the American Revolution do all in its power to have these records carded and thereby preserved, and to that end have enacted into law the following bill:

AN ACT to provide for the permanent preservation and custody of the records of the Navy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Office of Naval War Records and Library, organized by the Secretary of the Navy for the collection, compilation, and publication of the Naval Records of the Rebellion and other purposes, is hereby established as now organized and shall hereafter be known as the Record and Pension Office of the Navy Department and the President is hereby authorized to select a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy whom he may consider especially well qualified for the performance of the duties hereinafter specified, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint him to be chief of said office, who shall have the pay and allowances of a Captain in the Navy, and shall, under the Secretary of the Navy, have charge, in addition to present duties, of the non-current records of the Navy Department and the pension and other business of the Navy Department connected therewith, and all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the terms of this act are hereby repealed.

Commander MOORE (District of Columbia): We have just had a good example of the way the Revolutionary sailor has been passed over year after year by our Society. I think last year was the first time that the Revolutionary sailor had been officially recognized by any act on our part. Last year I brought before this Congress a resolution calling upon the Congress to have enacted into law the turning over of all those old Revolutionary records pertaining to the Navy Department. They were at that time deposited in the different custom-houses and different public departments. A committee was appointed, and I am happy to state that, without much effort, through the backing of this Society of ours, we were enabled to get that law enacted; but today, with the law enacted and these records being turned in, we have to provide some place for them and a proper system of indexing, etc., so in order to carry on that good work I have brought forth this resolution. I have submitted it to the Board of Managers and it now comes before us with their unanimous approval. I feel confident that on our return to Washington we will have no difficulty in having Congress enact it into law. It is a self-evident fact that, like our own Society, they have forgotten the Revolutionary sailor; but as long as I come to these Congresses I hope to keep his memory green before you. (Applause.) Up until one of our past Presidents General, Horace Porter, took up the case of John

Paul Jones and commenced to resurrect him and bury him this Society had nothing to do with the sailor, but from that time on we have had a good deal to do with John Paul Jones, and I want to inform you that he is to be buried once more.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): Mr. President General, I rise to second the motion. In reading history lately I have come to the realization of a fact—of two or three facts. One of them is beginning to dawn on the American citizen—that without the help of France we could not have obtained our Independence. Without the sailor, with an unorganized Navy, we could not have accomplished our independence. It was very frequent that there were captures on the sea of ships carrying armament and powder that supplied the munitions of war. We had very little means of manufacturing powder, and it was these same sailors that provided the stuff that was necessary to fight a battle, and I say we are only lately coming to realize these two facts—the necessity of the French in our war and the necessity of the sailor—and I agree with Commander Moore that in talking about the Army, and in our enthusiasm for that, we fail to realize the important work the sailor did, those men that were captured and kept in prison ships and treated in the most inhuman manner; they were the men that supplied us with the munitions of war for our independence. So I am very glad to add this word or two as to the necessity of a recognition on our part of the important service performed by the sailor in the American Revolution, and we, as a nation, should recognize his contribution to the success of the Revolutionary struggle. (Applause.)

Mr. McClary reminds me that one of the members of our Illinois Society offered a prize for the best essay written by the high schools in the State of Illinois on the French Navy in the American Revolution, and a committee was appointed to read these, and it was certainly surprising how the boys and girls throughout the State of Illinois had studied our Revolutionary history, and they began to realize what an important part the French had in that struggle. And another thing, Dr. Clark suggests that one of our members, Consul Merou, of France, through the work of our Society and becoming a member of it, got the French Government to publish a list of soldiers and sailors of the French army and navy that took

part in the struggle, and a copy of that has been furnished to the State Department, and I am informed that the Congress has published it in English and any one can get it by purchase from the Public Printer at Washington. It is a very worthy addition to the libraries of all of our Societies, and every State Society should have it.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, you have heard the motion of Commander Moore.

Colonel LYMAN (District of Columbia): Mr. President General, I only have just one word to say. If it were possible to emphasize what Commander Moore has said, I would be glad to speak that word of emphasis. He has presented to you the facts as far as he has gone. This movement to preserve the records relating to the sailors of the Revolution has not begun any too soon. Those records are scattered, as he said, throughout the custom-houses of the country, peculiarly in the eastern country, and in the records of the various departments, especially of the Treasury Department. They are stowed away in boxes and on shelves, covered with dust, and rotting. A movement is already well in progress for rescuing those records from their present deplorable condition, and I am very glad to say that in the Treasury Department we are making fair progress. For the last six months that work has been going on under my personal direction, and we hope in the next six months to complete it so far as the Treasury Department is concerned—that is to say, to complete the identification of the documents and their indexing—so that hereafter when we get full authority we shall know where to find the papers and get them into proper shape. (Applause.)

Colonel ARMES (District of Columbia): Mr. President General, I notice in the past few years that at the reunions and banquets speakers are generally selected from the Army. The Navy is never mentioned. We would hardly know that we had a Navy. At the last reunion of the Second Army of the Potomac several Naval officers were present and I suggested to the Toastmaster that we recognize the Navy. Colonel Lyman happened to be the Toastmaster and he called on one of the Naval officers, who delivered one of the finest addresses that we had heard at any of our reunions. I recommend that this resolution offered by Commander Moore be approved, as

we need something to make a start, and it will be carried through by Congress, in my opinion.

The motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will call the names of the various Committees, and, as the names are called, the Chairmen will please respond as rapidly as possible.

Committee on Auditing. (Has reported.)

Committee on Correspondence, Mr. McClary, of Chicago.

Mr. MCCLARY (Illinois): Mr. President General, the Committee on Correspondence, having some doubt as to what its duties might be, asked for an assignment of work or duty by the President General, and, anxious to keep everybody at work, he suggested that we try to organize, by correspondence, Societies in some of the States that had no Societies. You will now see why I felt an interest to make the suggestion I have already made in regard to helping out the Recruiting Committee. This should fall to the Recruiting Committee. There was no friction between the Recruiting Committee and the Correspondence Committee owing to this movement, but, of course, two committees working in that way would not work as well, and the Correspondence Committee, as a standing committee, has been dropped from the new Constitution. There were really no duties to assign. I will say that the Committee has not met with full success, but has formed a nucleus for a Society—not a sufficient number, but it is hoped that the movement will go on—in North Carolina. Much greater interest could be excited in North Carolina if members here present—I am sure there must be some who know eligible men in North Carolina as well as in other States—would give those names to the Chairman of the Recruiting Committee, so that they can coöperate with the individuals here present and with others in interesting them in getting this nucleus formed. We ought to have great Societies in those States.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will call at this time upon the Committee on Credentials, Mr. Vandercook, of Illinois, Chairman.

Mr. VANDERCOOK (Illinois): Mr. President General, your Committee on Credentials reports some modification of the former announcements. There is a total of eighty-eight ac-

credited delegates present. I will read the names: [Five additional names were subsequently presented to the Congress and, being accepted, are inserted herein, making a total of 93.]

DELEGATES TO EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL CONGRESS.

General Officers.

President General, Cornelius A. Pugsley, 12 W. 122d Street, New York; Vice-President General, Andrew W. Bray, Newark, N. J.; Secretary and Registrar General, A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.

Alabama.

President, Maj. William Frye Tebbetts, Mobile, Ala.

California.

Col. A. S. Hubbard, 565 Fourth Avenue, San Francisco, Cal.; Maj. Robert M. Dutton, U. S. Marine Corps, San Francisco, Cal.

Colorado.

President, Dr. Wm. F. Slocum, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, Jackson Building, Denver, Colo.; J. F. Tuttle, Denver, Colo.; H. C. Stephens, Denver, Colo.; Howard T. Vaille, Denver, Colo.; J. H. Leiper, Denver, Colo.

Connecticut.

Morris B. Beardsley, Bridgeport, Conn.; George F. Burgess, New Haven, Conn.

District of Columbia.

Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., 1755 P Street, Washington, D. C.; Col. George A. Armes, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; Zebina Moses, 711 H Street N. W., Washington, D. C.; Col. William B. Thompson, 1621 S Street N. W., Washington, D. C.; Col. Charles Lyman, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.; Admiral George W. Baird, U. S. N., 1505 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Illinois.

President, Maj. Edgar Bronson Tolman, 108 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.; John D. Vandercook, 108 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.; Nelson A. McClary, 184 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.; Daniel M. Lord, 100 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.; Col. George V. Lauman, 99 Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill.; H. L. Green, 34 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.; Porter B. Fitzgerald, 612 Rector Building, Chicago, Ill.

Indiana.

Col. William Jewett Robie, Richmond, Ind.

IOWA.

President, Willard Secor, Forest City, Iowa.

MAINE.

Ralph Emery, Belfast, Maine, and Grand Rapids, Mich.

MARYLAND.

R. Fuller Shryock, 318 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md.; George Shryock, 318 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md.; Vere Stiles Richards, Denver, Colo.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Arra F. Clark, 114 Water Street, Boston, Mass.; Charles B. Holman, Hopkinton, Mass.; Waldo E. Boardman, Boston, Mass.; Samuel M. Boardman, Hyde Park, Mass.; Frank H. Pettingell, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Andrew Allen Beard, Denver, Colo.; Rolla S. Zimmerman, Denver, Colo.; David Utter, Denver, Colo.; Leonard Dates, Denver, Colo.; Edward Bishop, Denver, Colo.; Charles Hardcastle Wells, Denver Dry Goods Co., Denver, Colo.; Frank M. Keezer, Denver, Colo.; J. A. De La Vergne, Denver, Colo.; Frederick Yeakel, Denver, Colo.; Dr. Wilbur F. Steele, Denver, Colo.; C. K. Brink, Denver, Colo.; Clarkson J. Guyer, Jackson Building, Denver, Colo.; Levi Hunt, Denver, Colo.; Edwin Scott, Denver, Colo.; Barton Lowe, Denver, Colo.; Dr. John S. Donaldson, Denver, Colo.; H. W. Dean, Denver, Colo.; George K. Kimball, Denver, Colo.; W. A. Platt, Denver, Colo.; Dr. W. W. Arnold, Denver, Colo.

MICHIGAN.

President, Rufus W. Clark, 24 Buhl Block, Detroit, Mich.; Theodore H. Eaton, Detroit, Mich.; James N. Wright, Detroit, Mich.; George W. Bates, Detroit, Mich.; Edward W. Milligan, Denver, Colo.; Henry J. Hersey, Denver, Colo.; John T. Holbrook, 1715 California Street, Denver, Colo.; H. H. Pettee, Denver, Colo.; Warren C. Bogue, Denver, Colo.

MINNESOTA.

George E. Maxwell, Colorado Springs, Colo., and St. Paul, Minn.

NEBRASKA.

R. W. Breckinridge, 711 New York Life Building, Omaha, Nebr.; John R. Webster, 438 Board of Trade Building, Omaha, Nebr.

NEW JERSEY.

Joel F. Freeman, East Orange, N. J.; Charles C. Taintor, Elizabeth, N. J.; George R. Howe, Newark, N. J.; John Jackson Hubbell, Newark, N. J.; Joseph Holmes, Cream Ridge, N. J.; Charles Symmes Kiggins, Elizabeth, N. J.; Orlando Emmons Condit, East Orange, N. J.

EMPIRE STATE.

President, William A. Marble, 397 Broadway, New York; Trueman G. Avery, 202 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.; Col. Geo. Clinton Batcheller, 702 Broadway, New York; Francis L. Wandell, 51 Chambers Street, New York; George D. Bangs, New York; Gen. Irving Hale, Denver, Colo.

OHIO.

Frank Mozart Gallup, Sandusky, Ohio.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Col. John P. Penney, Pittsburg, Pa.

RHODE ISLAND.

George Curtis Darling, 86 Neybosset Street, Providence, R. I.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Dr. Franklin R. Carpenter, Deadwood, S. Dak.; Arthur Howe Carpenter, Deadwood, S. Dak.

VERMONT.

William T. Dewey, Montpelier, Vt.

WASHINGTON.

President, Judge C. H. Hanford, Seattle, Wash.

WISCONSIN.

J. Franklin Pierce, Milwaukee, Wis.; Charles L. Wellington, 732 Cooper Building, Denver, Colo.; Charles C. Townsend, Greeley, Colo.

(When the State of New Jersey was reached in the foregoing list the President General made the following remark:)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I want to say here that New Jersey is present with its full complement of delegates. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Committee on Finance, Mr. Lord, of Illinois.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): No report, or, rather, I want to say that the Treasurer's Report speaks for itself.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Committee on Organization, Mr. Stockbridge, of Maryland. (No report.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Committee on Unfinished Business. (No report.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Educational Committee, Rev. Rufus W. Clark, of Michigan.

Rev. R. W. CLARK (Michigan): Before making the report I want to place in the hands of the Secretary copies of publications of this Committee, so that members, compatriots, and representatives of different State Societies who desire to receive these publications can give their names to the Secretary General, and these publications will be sent to these different State Societies at the expense of the Society, and as many copies as they desire. The publications are:

First, a welcome to immigrants, a publication which was prepared by the previous Chairman of the Educational Committee, Gen. Thomas M. Anderson. It is a simple tract, prepared for the purpose of placing it in the hands of our newly arrived citizens, instructing them in the fundamental principles of American Government in order to show how they may make use of the right of sovereignty which they soon are permitted to enjoy in this Republic, and it has been proposed that this tract be published in languages other than the English.

The second publication is upon the subject of patriotic education. It sets forth subjects for discussion at the monthly meetings of the Society, bearing more especially upon themes which have to do with the education of ourselves and the members of our Society in the principles upon which the American Government was founded and upon historical subjects.

The third publication is upon the nature of public-school tests. This has been prepared by our Historian General, Mr. Wickes, of the Empire State, and sets forth a suitable program to be made use of in public schools.

Those who desire either one of these publications will kindly give their names and addresses to the Secretary General, who will in turn give them to the Committee, and they will be forwarded to the various State Societies.

I will now read the report of the National Educational Committee to the National Congress of 1907:

REPORT OF THE NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE TO THE NATIONAL CONGRESS S. A. R., 1907.

THE EDUCATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D., Detroit, Mich., Chairman.
Hon. Charles W. Lippitt, Providence, R. I.
Prof. William K. Wickes, Syracuse, N. Y.
Hon. George D. Todd, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. J. A. Cartwright, Nashville, Tenn.
Mr. J. Franklin Pierce, Milwaukee, Wis.
Dr. Charles W. Needham, Washington, D. C.

COMPATRIOTS: The Annual Congress in Boston, in 1906, accepted the recommendation in the report of this Committee that in each State Society there be organized committees to coöperate with the National Committee in carrying out its educational work:

1. Education of our own members in patriotic work.
2. Education of adult foreigners through lectures in the public school houses.
3. Education of the children of foreigners through coöperation of the public schools.
4. The establishment of night schools and traveling libraries.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Congress a large number of State Societies have appointed committees and entered upon the execution of plans as proposed. A good start has been made and the subject has been taken up in different parts of the country in various ways, according to local conditions. One State Society reaches the public schools, another artisans and newly arrived immigrants, others deal with an influential class of citizens for the formation of like public sentiment. A new edition of the "immigrant tract," prepared by a former chairman of the Committee, General Anderson, has been published for use in this country, the first edition having been distributed among immigrants coming to this country, at points of departure and in ships bringing them over. Topics will be furnished by the Committee for the consideration of historical sections that may be organized by State Societies.

It can easily be made to appear from the character of the work assigned to the Committee on Education that we are dealing with problems of a varied character. In the South there is one condition to be dealt with; on the Pacific coast vital questions are imminent; and in the great cities of the central West there is an entirely different condition of affairs. Each region is likely to be absorbed in its own vexed questions. We are convinced that there is no Society better qualified to take up these subjects, from a standpoint of mutual interest, than the Society composed of the descendants of the men who were the founders of the Republic.

Your Committee submits to this Congress a report of the work which has been done during the past year. This report is to a considerable extent given in the words of the officers of the State Societies, from whom communications have been received. In the very brief extracts given you will observe there are fresh signs of activity and a new sense as to the value of the Sons of the American Revolution as a patriotic organization. The Committee also offers some resolutions for adoption by this Congress, urging the State Societies to further activity in the work of Patriotic Education.

REPORTS FROM STATE SOCIETIES.

New York.—"We have printed a pamphlet embodying a brief statement of the views of the Committee; suggestions as to the study of local obligations, and special meetings for the purpose; statements also as to possible work in public schools."—W. K. WICKES, *Syracuse, N. Y.*

Missouri.—"We have had 500 copies of the Rev. Luccock's address on Revolution and Evolution published for circulation."—ASHLEY CABELL, *President Missouri Society.*

Wisconsin.—"Our work is among the immigrants of 16 years of age and upwards. They who are already here and those who are to arrive need to be instructed as to the laws of, and their duty to, their adopted country. The roster of those who served in the Civil and Spanish wars is helping us in this work."—J. F. PIERCE, *Wisconsin Society.*

Michigan.—"We have, upon the requisition of the Committee, brought the subject of instruction in our early history and the principles of American Government before the authorities of our public schools in Detroit. A historical section of the Michigan State Society has been organized in Detroit, consisting of a hundred members, holding monthly meetings, for reading papers and discussing events connected with the founding of the Nation and subjects of present-day interest."—RUFUS G. LATHROP, *Secretary, Michigan State Society.*

District of Columbia.—"This year twenty lectures will be given, covering the period extending from the discovery of America to the Mexican War."—CHARLES W. NEEDHAM, *District of Columbia Society.*

Ohio.—"Agreeable to a resolution of the Ohio Society, at our last regular annual meeting, an Educational Committee was created, and such Committee is composed of one member from each local Society in the State."—Dr. E. D. GARDINER, *President.*

"We are in harmony with the effort which you are making, especially in connection with the immigrants who are arriving in our ports. Without having gone so far as you have done in this matter, we have been working toward getting a folder printed for circulation at the ports of entry amongst the new people coming to our shores."—W. E. POMEROY, *Anthony Wayne Chapter.*

Tennessee.—"The unreliability of negro labor is beginning to make the question of immigration one of importance in this section of the country. The Italians and Cubans are beginning to come into the South, and are forming colonies. Work amongst them has already been begun by church organizations, and this should be supplemented by educational work of our Society."—J. A. CARTWRIGHT, *President.*

California.—"Meetings are held by this Society about six times a year, at which papers are read on historical or patriotic subjects. They are discussed by the members present and afterwards published and sent to all members of the Society."—J. MORA MOSS, *Secretary, California Society.*

Illinois.—"Every member of the Illinois Society is asked to be a member of some committee, he himself electing upon which committee he shall serve. The Entertainment Committee provides for the reading of papers and the delivering of addresses in accordance with carefully prepared programs. There is a Patriotic Advance Committee. Its work is carried on by half a dozen subcommittees; one of these is for the purpose of promoting harmonious relations with other patriotic societies. The Publication Committee provides for giving publicity to the work of the Society through the newspapers, and the printing of books and pamphlets."—E. B. TOLMAN, *President.*

New Jersey.—"The New Jersey Society of the Sons of the American Revolution has authorized the publication of a book of 'Poems and Songs' of about 200 pages. The book contains 800 poems and songs, the majority of which were written at the time or just after the Revolutionary War and commemorate New Jersey in the Revolutionary War."—JOHN J. HUBBELL, *Registrar, N. J. S. A. R.*

PUBLICATIONS.

The following is a list of the publications of the Committee for the past year:

1. "A Welcome to Immigrants," by Gen. Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A., President Oregon Society.

2. "Patriotic Education," by Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D., President Michigan State Society.

3. "Public School Contests," by Prof. Wm. K. Wickes, Historian General S. A. R.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (continuing): The members of this Committee who have had this report under their scrutiny and have given their approval to it are: Hon. Charles W. Lippitt, Rhode Island; Prof. W. K. Wickes, Syracuse, New York; Hon. George D. Todd, Kentucky; Hon. J. A. Cartwright, Tennessee; J. Franklin Pierce, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and Dr. Charles W. Needham, Washington, D. C.

I wish this report could be supplemented by personal statements by members of the Committee present, giving an account of how they are educating their members. I do not dare to say that we have a model Society, but one from which we can certainly get a good deal of information, and the best Society I know anything about, from which we can get this educational work, is the District of Columbia Society, where the work is very carefully done, and from the recent President of the Society I think very valuable suggestions could be secured by the State Societies.

Now, will you allow me to say just one word, Mr. President General, before reading the resolution for adoption, and that is upon what seems to me to be a very unique position held

by this Society of the Sons of the American Revolution among other patriotic Societies of the United States. It has seemed to me that it occupies a position unique and, in some particulars, solitary, and for that reason it has resting upon it very peculiar obligations. I wonder if it has occurred to some of the members present that this Society was the first national Society of a patriotic character composed of men who hold distinctly the idea of promoting the Federal interests of this country apart from any sectional interests. The Grand Army of the Republic necessarily must be sectional. There are other societies that can be mentioned that are necessarily sectional. I have in mind a society of a patriotic character that bears a name somewhat similar to that of the Sons of the American Revolution. The object of that society was provincial. The scope of its influence was intended to be provincial and local in its character, confined to one or two centers, but, following the example of the Sons of the American Revolution, it has at length broadened the scope of its influence. (Applause.)

Now, I say that it occupies a unique position among the societies of men of this country, and it has a specific purpose to accomplish, as has been defined by this Constitution, in the closing paragraph, which was read here this morning. As a man from the South said to me yesterday, "I value this Society because it has more to do in obliterating State lines than any Society in this country." (Applause.) As we have passed over the plains coming from the different sections of the East, West, North, and South, we have been impressed with the truth of what has been stated here in this Congress as to what the railroad has had to do in binding together all sections of our country. It has been running these trains we have seen over the plains, and throughout this network of States and railways and counties and townships there have been so many shuttles running through the land, binding us together as a nation, but these express trains, binding together all parts of our country, by and by, perhaps, may come under Federal control and may signalize exactly what this Society is appointed to signalize, to perpetuate, to illustrate, the fact that we, as people in the United States, are one people (applause), and that we have to deal with these questions which have been alluded to by the Presidents of these various State Societies;

that we have to deal with these questions growing out of our relations with the Mongolian, the negro, and the red man—the different problems of the different sections of the country—and that we can deal with them from one standpoint only, and that is the standpoint of the common good, the good not of a section or a locality, but the good of the Nation.

In order that the Committee may be reinforced in the work which it has undertaken, the following resolutions have been prepared and are submitted to you for your consideration and adoption:

1. *Resolved,* That the National Educational Committee be instructed to prepare programs of topics relating to American history, citizenship, and the general welfare of the country for consideration by State Societies at their regular meetings.

2. *Resolved,* That the officers of the State Societies are requested to ascertain what public school instruction is given in American history, the form of government, and the spirit of the laws of the United States, in order that

(*a*) such instructions be introduced if now neglected, and

(*b*) if done imperfectly, that it may be improved upon.

3. *Resolved,* That it is recommended that State Societies arrange for public lecture courses on the constitutional system and principles of the American Government, to be delivered in the public schools in the interest primarily of the adult foreign-born population, to give them a proper conception of our institutions and form of government.

4. *Resolved,* That it be recommended to the State Societies to provide for the reading of papers on the Federal Constitution, or on laws of the several States, the interrelations of the Federal and State governments, and the several constitutional guarantees of individual liberty, for consideration at local meetings of the Society.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (continuing): This report is submitted to you for your acceptance, and these resolutions for your adoption.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Dr. Clark has possibly not received from our Secretary an account of what we are doing in a publicational and educational way. It is true that prose does contain a great deal of history, but we have a great deal of poetry in New Jersey, and our Society is now publishing a book of eight hundred poems of New Jersey in the Revolutionary War, consisting of two hundred pages of the finest poems that have even been written, and I would like to offer that as an amendment to Dr. Clark's report.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan) : It will be incorporated.

Admiral BAIRD (District of Columbia) : I beg leave to move that the report be received and printed in the Year Book, and that the resolutions be adopted, and I would like to say for the information of the Society that in the District of Columbia one evening was set apart for discussion and the hearing of a lecture by Judge Stockbridge on the subject of Immigration, which was very delightful. I would like to say also that at present I am the President of the Board of Education in Washington, and we have already introduced a manual of patriotism in the schools, which was prepared by a member of this Society. I would like to say also that during the past year the Daughters of the American Revolution in Washington offered a prize for the best essay on American Citizenship and its Privileges, and the prize was won, to my surprise, by a Russian Jew boy.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois) : I desire to second the motion for the adoption of this resolution and to beg your indulgence for a moment only. I find there is a great deal of stimulus and benefit in these gatherings coming from an exchange of experiences, and yet we never intend boasting of what Illinois has done, but, with the intention of telling you that which we have found to be of great benefit to us, I venture to ask your indulgence for one moment. It is something of a problem to know how you can get a State Society to work, and I think Illinois has solved that problem. We have adopted, as the basis of our work, the enlargement of the Committee system which is adopted in Congress and in our legislative bodies, and have united with it this one thing, which I think gives it life—that is, we make it a volunteer matter. A circular letter—after the formation of the names and the scope of the Committees, a circular letter was sent out to each member of the Society, and they were invited to volunteer and state upon which one of these Committees they desired to work, and the President of the Society and the Board of Managers were encouraged and delighted by responses from more than three-quarters of the membership of the Society, each one of those men naming from one to three Committees on which they were willing to work. The Committees were thus appointed, not as men detailed to do work for which they might not be fitted, but as men

who volunteered to do work for which they considered themselves fitted and which they wanted to do. Those Committees worked.

In the matter of patriotic education, a subcommittee of the Committee on Patriotic Advancement, acting in coöperation with a like Committee from the Daughters Society, has from time to time presented to those public schools in Chicago containing the largest number of foreign-born pupils or students three busts of George Rogers Clark, and on these occasions, to these large gatherings, in one case one thousand school children, patriotic speeches were made by members of these volunteer Committees. Mr. Fitzgerald, who sits at my right, was one of the volunteer members of that Committee. Very great enthusiasm was shown on the part of these children.

To illustrate the work of another of these volunteer Committees, working along the lines that they themselves chose, I want to call attention to our Flag Committee, the Chairman of which was Colonel George V. Lauman, who is also present with the delegation. That Committee started after a period of time when the Illinois legislature had passed a resolution limiting the time for the introduction of new bills, caused the introduction of bills in the Illinois legislature, both in the Senate and the House, protecting the flag from desecration. That bill was passed and received the signature of the Governor and became a law after all other bills had been placed upon the table and after all new legislation had ceased, and became a law through the efforts of the Chairman of this Committee and other members of our Society who are members of the legislature, and due, I believe, to the efficiency of this committee system or volunteer work. The work that has been outlined by the gentleman who has presented this report is of the most vital sort. His work should, I think, be taken to heart by all the Societies, and if the device which Illinois has hit upon thus accidentally of causing the active, earnest, enthusiastic coöperation of its whole membership is of any use to this Congress, Illinois presents it for your consideration. (Applause.)

Mr. MARBLE (New York): Mr. President General, I speak for the Empire State Society in regard to a method of education which we have adopted and which has been productive of

very beneficial results. The plan is to furnish to the various schools throughout our great city portraits of George Washington to be hung on the walls of the various school rooms. We have during the past year presented a large number of these pictures, and at the time of their presentation public exercises have been held in these schools and a number of our members have been present and have made addresses on the subjects appropriate for the occasion. To show the scope of the work we are doing and the various classes we reach, I would like to say, as an illustration of one branch of the work, that we presented a picture of George Washington to the charity school at the Five Points House of Industry, where over six hundred little Italian children were present, and, as the other extreme, we presented a picture of George Washington to one of the famous high schools in the city of Brooklyn—the oldest, I think, in this country—where over a thousand students were present, most of them ready to go to college. (Applause.)

Colonel PENNEY (Pennsylvania): I would like to say for the benefit of the members present here from Pennsylvania that we have met with very great success in our work in connection with the public schools of our State, where the children are taught the art of self-government. They elect their mayor, appoint the heads of their departments, adopt all their police regulations, hold trials for discipline, and conduct a complete municipal government, and it is working out with wonderful success.

We have also had three prosecutions for desecration of the flag under our flag law, which we had passed, preventing any one from putting advertisements on the American flag or from in any way maltreating it. In a suburb of Pittsburg the flag was pulled down and mud thrown on it, and the children tore it up, not thoroughly realizing what they were doing, but as an object lesson for the community we had them all arrested, every one of them, and convicted, and, while nothing particularly was done to them afterwards, it frightened the neighborhood very much. They did not know that any such thing existed in the United States, and we gave them a pretty good object lesson in respect to the flag. But the experiment in municipal government in the public schools has worked won-

derful success. They have much better discipline. The children have learned exactly how the municipality is conducted, and they have their regular trials on Friday afternoons; they are conducted very seriously, punishments are carried out, and arrests are made throughout the week for smoking cigarettes, chewing gum, and all kinds of things like that (laughter), and the mayor and department heads get down to their work regularly and the policemen all perform their duties.

Mr. WEBSTER (Nebraska): I did not hear any report from Nebraska, but the Nebraska Society is alive. We, too, have presented a portrait of Washington to our high school in Omaha, and also to the Young Men's Christian Association, to be hung in their assembly room. At each of these presentations there was a large gathering and patriotic speeches. The Daughters of the American Revolution have for several years been giving to the senior class of the high school a gold medal for the best essay upon some patriotic subject suggested by the Daughters. This, last year, was "Lafayette, the Helping Hand of the Revolution." It was my privilege to look over some of the selected essays, and, with another gentleman, to decide which was entitled to the medal. The newspapers made a considerable account of this, giving a medal to the young lady who received the prize, and told of the objects and purposes and work of the Society. The Nebraska Society of the Sons of the American Revolution has decided to give a medal, or perhaps several medals—first, second, and third prizes—for the best essay written by a pupil not in one high school, but in any high school in the State in a city which has members of this Society. We intend to bar out any town or city which does not furnish a member to the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and we hope in this way not only to stimulate an interest in the history of the country and in patriotic ideals, but also to stimulate an interest in this Society and increase its growth in our State.

Mr. HERSEY (Colorado): Mr. President General, I want to say for the Colorado Society, in line with what has been said, that some years ago the Colorado Society was instrumental in the passage through our legislature of a flag law. That law did not contain all the provisions that we thought it ought to

cover, and two years ago we had a member of our Society, Mr. Frank M. Keezer, a member of our legislature and former President of the Colorado Society, secure the passage of certain stringent amendments to the flag law, so that we think we now have in Colorado one of the best flag laws in the United States. In addition to that the Colorado Society has, as other State Societies have done, from time to time given flags to the different public schools where they did not have them. In this city, at St. Mark's Church, where you attended on Sunday evening—from that church flies the American flag, I think, presented by the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Daughters of the American Revolution, too, in this State are now engaged in a work of historical interest to thousands of us in Colorado in the preservation and marking of the Santa Fé Trail, which forms a historical symbol on the medal with which you have all been presented. In addition to that, from time to time the Colorado Society has given public lectures in different parts of the city on historical subjects, illustrated by stereopticon views; so that Colorado is trying not to be behind the old States who have the benefit of Revolutionary landmarks and historical places.

Mr. DEWEY (Vermont): Mr. President General, the children in Vermont are born patriotic (laughter and applause), but, that we might keep it in their minds, essays on the flag are heard in all the public schools. All of our historical days, like that of the Battle of Bennington, must be kept by law, and appropriate exercises are held in every school, large and small. We have done away with nearly all the district schools in Vermont—the larger portion of them. Conveyances are sent out to bring all the boys and girls into Montpelier, that they might have the benefit of our libraries and our higher class of teachers and free lectures. All children within a mile and a half limit are brought by trolley or busses that go and gather them up and carry them home again. The children of the senior classes of nearly every school in the State are brought in and given an opportunity to attend the sessions of our legislature, that they might see how our laws are passed, that they might see how our legislative bodies are conducted, and the Governor is always glad to see them and to show them the *modus operandi* of his office, and in that way we develop

their knowledge of American institutions until they get to the years of discretion, and then they take care of themselves, even if they do move west. (Laughter and applause.)

Colonel LAUMAN (Illinois): Allow me to add one word that can be said for another State, whose representatives are sitting very quietly and saying nothing, but who seem to me to have driven the king pin. The State of Nebraska has the credit of having carried the flag law to the Supreme Court of the United States. From their State a case went up, which was decided on the fourth of March by the Supreme Court of the United States by a majority of eight to one, Justice Harlan rendering the decision, deciding finally that it is in the province of State legislatures and States to pass laws preventing the desecration of the American flag and its uses for advertising purposes.

Major TEBBETTS (Alabama): Mr. President General, the work of our Society in the State of Alabama, which has an organization about five years old—the main work, I take it, that our Society has done is the practical organization of another Society in the Southern States, of which I have the honor to be President, but organized some eight or ten years ago. It is an organization for the purpose of calling attention to the great neglect of many people in the Southern States as to the true observance of Independence Day. In all that work we have been heartily assisted in every way by the Daughters of the American Revolution, which is a very strong organization in Alabama; and, in addition to that, we have encouraged by offering medals to the public schools of our city the study of our Revolutionary history, and we are doing work along those lines that we think in a very few years will show good results.

Colonel PENNEY (Pennsylvania): Mr. President General, I hold in my hand here a small pamphlet gotten up by the Philadelphia Chapter of the Pennsylvania Society. It contains reproductions of photographs and a historical account of the graves of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, and I wish to offer a resolution that the Philadelphia Chapter be commended for the work they have done in gathering the information and preparing this pamphlet. They have done it at great labor, and have done it thoroughly. I think they deserve the commendation of the Congress.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): I would like to second that motion, but there is another before the house.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We will consider your resolution after the other has been disposed of. Are you ready for the resolution offered by Admiral Baird that the report of the Committee on Education be received and printed in the Year Book?

Question called for.

The question was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): You have not yet adopted the resolutions offered by the Committee. You have accepted the report.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: That was made part of the original motion.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): Then it should be incorporated. You should accept the report of the Committee and also adopt the resolution.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It is all included in that motion, is it not?

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): I don't think so.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Suppose we include that and have a vote upon it.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): I move that the resolutions as offered by the Committee be adopted.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and declared carried.

Colonel PENNEY (Pennsylvania): I now renew my motion.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You have heard the motion by the gentleman from Pennsylvania, seconded by the gentleman from Nebraska.

Said motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: We have been very much charmed and delighted by the remarks of the gentlemen from all sections of the United States on this educational question.

Dr. GUYER (Colorado): Mr. President General and compatriots, I do not wish to interfere with the regular business of the Society, but to answer a number of questions that have been asked me on the floor, and for fear that a large number

of you may leave the room before I have an opportunity to do so, I want to make a few announcements at this time.

In regard to our excursion tomorrow down to Cripple Creek, our train leaves the depot at 8 o'clock instead of 8.15. For those who would like to take their trunks with them, whose tickets read via the C. & S. Railroad, there will be a man at the Brown Palace Hotel at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning to check them from the hotel. If you do not get up in time to get your breakfast at the hotels, there will be a diner on the train.

Now, in regard to the delegates who bought their tickets via the C. & S. or the D. & R. G. Railway, I wish you would report as soon as you can to Mr. Milligan. We would like to know how many have tickets via the C. & S. and how many via the D. & R. G., so that you will be taken care of at the Springs when you arrive there. I wish to state that Mr. Milligan has done efficient work. The train leaving over the C. & S. will go through to Cripple Creek without any change, and members of our Society who desire to go along with the delegates will kindly report to Mr. Milligan how many tickets they will need. Kindly do that this morning.

Now, in regard to the lunch, we want you to have just as much time at Cripple Creek as possible. It is the greatest mining camp on the face of the earth, and we want you to have plenty of time there. Arrangements have been made to take you through a mine and to give you specimens from one of the gold mines, which will be wrapped up and tied with the colors of our Society (applause), and so as to have plenty of time there we are going to give you a lunch on the train, so that there will be no time lost. We arrive in Cripple Creek at 1.30 p. m., and from there will go to the mine, and then to Victor. We return to the Springs about 6 o'clock in the evening.

Now, in regard to the entertainment at the Springs, General Palmer of the Springs has extended an invitation to the delegates to have breakfast at the Antlers Hotel at 9 o'clock. Our President will extend that invitation later to you. After the breakfast at the hotel there will be an official reception at the court-house, and at that time the Mayor will present to each delegate and each lady one of the official General Pike badges. You will remember that in September, I

believe it was, we celebrated the 100th anniversary of the discovery of Pike's Peak by General Pike; and I wish to state here that the Colorado Chapter is proud of having the distinction of officially christening Pike's Peak, which was christened by our ex-President, General Hale. (Applause.) These badges that will be presented to you were officially stamped by the United States Government.

After the reception and the distribution of badges we will step out on the front steps of the city hall and our pictures will be taken as a group.

After the reception the citizens of Colorado Springs will furnish us with carriages and automobiles and take us for a ride through the Garden of the Gods and Glen Eyrie and other places in and about Colorado Springs, returning about 2 o'clock. There will be two receptions in the afternoon, one given by Mrs. Goddard, which will be from 4.30 to 6.30 p. m., and then follows the reception by the President of the Colorado Society, Dr. Slocum, and his wife, which will be from 5 to 7 o'clock.

There will be a train leaving Colorado Springs at 7.05, which will bring us back to Denver about 9.10.

I simply want to make an announcement regarding the banquet tonight. The banquet will take place in the main dining hall of the Savoy Hotel, across the street, at 7 o'clock. The visiting delegates are supposed to have been supplied with their coupon tickets, which include the ticket to the banquet. Those who have not obtained them will secure them from the Secretary of the Colorado Society. Arrangements have been made whereby the ladies may enter the dining hall after the dinner and enjoy the intellectual feast. You are all requested to be there at 7 o'clock, as I wish to arrange it so that we can sit down just as soon after 7 o'clock as possible.

Colonel Hubbard (California): Mr. President General, the California Society of the Sons of the American Revolution have lost all of their documents, books, and accumulations of records for thirty years. I have a resolution here that I think no one will object to, and which I would like to read. It imposes some additional labor upon our laborious, painstaking, and industrious Secretary General. With your permission I will read it:

Resolved, That the Secretary General be and is hereby directed to furnish to the California Society copies of such applications of the members of the California Society as were destroyed in the great earthquake and fire in San Francisco in April, 1906.

Colonel HUBBARD (continuing): The Secretary General may take one or two years to do that if he pleases. I move the adoption of the resolution.

The resolution was seconded and adopted.

Dr. SLOCUM (Colorado): Mr. President General and compatriots, I am very glad to supplement the announcement that has been made, especially in regard to the breakfast that is to be tendered by General Palmer. General Palmer has authorized me to extend this invitation to all of the members of the Society, and I would like to take a moment, if I may, to explain to some delegates a little in regard to General Palmer. I think all of us in Colorado recognize that our first citizen, preëminently, is General William J. Palmer. (Applause.) You will notice the last statement made here on our program is that the first train from the East came in over the Kansas Pacific Railroad on a certain date. General Palmer is the gentleman who built the first railroad from the East into Denver, the railroad from the North coming in a few weeks earlier than that, under the management of Governor Evans. General Palmer also projected our whole Rio Grande System when there was hardly anything in Colorado except jack rabbits and rattlesnakes, and I think we all recognize in Colorado that more is due to this great leading spirit of our Commonwealth than to any other man who ever entered our borders, and we are proud of a great many of our early citizens.

General Palmer, I am very sorry to say, a few months ago suffered a very serious accident. He not only was our first citizen, but our best horseman in Colorado, always in the saddle. Unfortunately, after years of life in the saddle, he was thrown about eight or nine months ago from one of his horses, the animal stumbling, and I suppose one of the most remarkable cases on record has occurred, where the neck was broken and the man still lived, but I am very glad to say that, with the most expert care, General Palmer is recovering, we hope. He has recovered so far that he is at present able to travel about in his automobile.

General Palmer authorized me to extend, as I said before, to all the members of this organization this invitation to breakfast with him at the Antlers Hotel on Thursday morning, and we trust that all the members will be present. This is a breakfast to the gentlemen and the gentlemen only.

May I add just one word here. We are all honored by the presence of so many of you in Colorado. We do want to speed the parting guests, but we do not want to do that very soon. We appreciate your coming and we want to hold onto you just as long as possible. In coming to Colorado Springs we trust you will enjoy your stay with us. It is possible, if I may add, for you to leave Colorado Springs at quarter past six on Thursday evening, arriving here at half past eight, and, of course, reaching here in time for the Burlington trains and others for the East. If we can keep you over night at Colorado Springs we shall be very glad. There are plenty of accommodations in our large hotels for every one who comes.

In regard to the entertainment in our city, there is to be the reception at our city hall, the one by Mrs. Goddard in the afternoon at half past four, and then if I might add just one word in regard to a reception to be tendered by Mrs. Slocum and myself. Permit me to say that Mrs. Slocum is one of the first of the original Daughters of the American Revolution, and is very much interested in this work. We are giving this reception not simply for ourselves, but very much more, it is a reception given by the President of the Colorado Society in behalf of the Colorado Society. Perhaps I owe—I do not say an apology, but an explanation for giving that reception in Colorado Springs. It is my own home, and we want to have the pleasure of welcoming you all into our home at Colorado Springs, and, understanding that most of you, at least, were going there, we are giving that reception in behalf of the Colorado Society at Colorado Springs rather than in Denver.

May I also say that General Palmer has allowed me to say—and I would like to compliment the General in doing so—that the reception is given also in the name of General Palmer, whose daughter will be there to receive you.

I have a hope that in the afternoon, if it is very bright, we can bring General Palmer over onto our lawn, and that you may also have the pleasure of meeting him at that time. If

it is necessary for you to leave Colorado Springs that night, after our reception, you can leave our house, say, at quarter of six or so and arrive at the station in time to take the train for Denver. I hope we will have the pleasure of holding you over night, and that you will not hasten away from us. Our reception is for all the members, for all of your friends whom you may bring with you, for all the ladies, of course, who I trust will also honor us by their presence, and, of course, all of the members of the Denver Society and their ladies and friends. In fact it is the Western hospitality; not only is our door open, but our front yard will be open also. I trust that we will have the pleasure of receiving you all that afternoon, and that not only our President General, but our new President General, if we shall elect one, will also be there to receive you in connection with myself and Mrs. Slocum and General Palmer's daughter. We want to show you, also, that Peak that now belongs to the Society, as you will remember that it was officially christened by the Colorado Chapter. (Applause.)

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I want to announce that cards of invitation to the reception at Colorado Springs will be found with Mr. Vandercook at the table on the right for those who have not already received them.

Dr. SLOCUM (Colorado): We have tried to issue special cards to all of the members and their friends, but it is quite possible that some of them might have been overlooked in doing it. Please do not regard these cards as at all necessary; you have received them in the open heart of Colorado, which has always a welcome for every one. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the report of the Committee on Revolutionary Monuments. (No report.)

The Flag Committee. (No report.)

The Press Committee. (No report.)

The Committee on National Parks.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The Committee on National Parks presents a very interesting report. I do not think, however, it is necessary to read it, except the resolution at the end. It is recommended to be adopted by this Congress.

The resolution was then read by the Secretary General.

The report and resolution are as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PARKS.

Committee.

W. V. Cox, District of Columbia, Chairman.
W. A. Marble, New York.
Robert Bragg, California.
T. H. Eaton, Michigan.
Harry Blynn, Pennsylvania.
H. K. Bush-Brown, New York.

Your Committee, during the past year, has endeavored to ascertain what has been done and what was worthy for future consideration in preserving and marking battlefields and historic spots pertaining to the period of the War of the American Revolution. An extensive correspondence indicates that the State Societies far remote from the Atlantic Coast are as anxious to save the historic fields on which their fathers fought as are the descendants of those same fathers who live nearer the scenes of those stirring days of War for Independence.

It is encouraging to find that all the State Societies favor the Lodge and Bradley bills, introduced in the 59th Congress, authorizing the President of the United States to appoint a commission to consider and recommend a system of National parks for military, historical, and other purposes. The replies so far received indicate that the State Societies favor the suggestions made by your Committee in its report to the Boston Congress.

It is a matter of regret that three of the original thirteen States, Georgia and the Carolinas, have no Societies of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Call of the States.

Massachusetts.—Dr. Moses Greely Parker, of Lowell, Vice-President General, National Society, says: "Massachusetts has preserved and marked a great many historical Revolutionary places. Of course, Lexington, Concord, and Bunker Hill battlefields and the fortifications at Prospect Hill Park and Dorchester Heights are well preserved and marked with monuments. Many other places of less importance have been marked with tablets on boulders.

"The last few years the Massachusetts Society, S. A. R., has placed and assisted her Chapters and others in placing tablets on boulders and marking many historic spots and buildings of Revolutionary times.

"The George Washington Chapter, of Springfield, has placed two tablets; the Old Suffolk Chapter, of Chelsea, three; Old Middlesex Chapter, of Lowell, placed a tablet on a boulder in Dracut, in commemoration of Dracut's 423 men that went into the Revolutionary War from a population of only 1,173 men, women, and children. The Malden Chapter, of Malden, assisted by the town and patriotic societies, pur-

chased Bell Rock, and placed a tablet containing the names of her 215 men who were in the Revolutionary War from Malden, on a large boulder on Bell Rock. Old Essex Chapter, of Lynn; Berkshire County Chapter, of Pittsfield, and other Chapters have already or are about to place tablets on historical places.

"The Boston Chapter, of Boston, placed a tablet on a boulder marking the graves of those that fell in the Boston Massacre, March 5, 1770. The Massachusetts Society placed a tablet in Medford to mark the home of John Brooks, physician, soldier, statesman, and Governor of Massachusetts seven years, from 1816 to 1823.

"The Massachusetts Society has placed tablets on boulders and markers in several burying grounds, thus marking, in a general way, the graves of Revolutionary soldiers and sailors buried therein. In addition to the above the graves of over six thousand (6,000) Revolutionary soldiers in Massachusetts have been marked with the Official Marker."

Maine.—George Emory Fellows, of Orono, President of the Maine Society, says: "The Maine Society obtained from the Legislature, recently closed, an appropriation of $500 to erect at Valley Forge, Pa., a memorial of the men from Maine who wintered at Valley Forge in Washington's Army, 1877-1878. The Society proposes to continue the work of marking the Revolutionary sites in Maine.

"An appropriation was made by the Legislature this year for marking the site of the fort erected in 1607 at the mouth of the Kennebec River by the Popham colonists."

Vermont.—William James Van Patten, of Burlington, President of the Vermont Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "At our last annual meeting we appointed a committee to consider the proper expenditure of a special fund, which we have created by adding one dollar to the annual membership fees for the purpose of erecting memorial tablets, etc. This committee will report at the next annual meeting. We believe that next year there will be a good deal of activity along this line.

"Last summer a monument was erected at Waitsfield, Vermont, to the memory of the Revolutionary soldiers, which was, without doubt, inspired by the work of our Society.

"I am unable at this time to give a complete list of the monuments erected in the past, but would say that they include the Bennington Battle Monument at Bennington, Vermont, which is one of the finest monuments in the country. It also includes the memorial tower erected to Gen. Ethan Allen in this city. There is also a tablet at Westminster, Vermont, and one at Rutland, Vermont, and a small monument erected to Ann Story at Salisbury, Vermont."

Rhode Island.—George F. Weston, of Providence, President of the Rhode Island Society, says: "The R. I. Society, S. A. R., has, for several years, been interested in marking historic sites, but has so far acquired but one small tract of land secured to the city of Providence for a public park, namely, a part of the estate which belonged to

Eseck Hopkins, Admiral in the Continental Navy. Tablets of bronze have been placed where the tea was burned about the time it was thrown overboard in Boston Harbor; also a tablet on one of the college buildings that was used as a hospital and barracks during the French encampment in Rhode Island. We are not very rich in battlefields, and the State is doing something for us just now. A tablet was placed this month marking the forts at the head of Narragansett Bay. A noble bronze monument was erected a few years ago of Admiral Hopkins. Our Society is alert and active, and will appreciate any forward movement such as is outlined in the Lodge bill."

Connecticut.—Jonathan Trumbull, of Norwich, for so many years President of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "We have, however, old Fort Griswold at Groton, Conn., where the brave defense and brutal massacre occurred on the 6th of September, 1781. The original earthworks of their fort are carefully preserved, and a ball stone monument commemorates the event and its heroes. A large addition has been made to the house where visitors register, and our Society has contributed $300 toward this addition. A sufficient sum has been raised to acquire more land in connection with this place, and so this battlefield is now quite appropriately marked.

"Our Society owns the Nathan Hale school house at New London, and has restored the building and placed it on public ground. The other Nathan Hale school house, at East Haddan, is owned by the Sons of the Revolution.

"We have erected a tablet at Prospect Park, New Haven, to commemorate Tryon's invasion of July 5, 1779. We are also trying to get legislation providing for a monument at Compo Beach, Westport, where Tryon's forces landed and reëmbarked after a hot fight at the time of his raid on Danbury, in April, 1777.

"The War Office at Lebanon, where most of the meetings of the Connecticut Council of Safety were held during the Revolution, is also owned by our Society.

"For a number of years past we have issued grave-markers, without charge, on approved applications from members of the Society. I cannot tell the exact number of these markers issued and placed on graves of Revolutionary patriots, but it must be at least 1,500.

"Connecticut, as you doubtless know, is not rich in Revolutionary battlefields, as her men fought outside the borders of the little State. The British never gained a foothold within our borders, and found the place too hot to hold them when they made their raids at various points."

New York.—Henry K. Bush-Brown, of Newburgh, N. Y., says: "Within the past year the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society has initiated a movement to have a National Park established in the Highlands of the Hudson as a memorial to the heroes of the Revolution. They propose to include in this park such portion of the

waste, unoccupied mountain land contiguous to the Hudson between Peekskill and Newburgh as may seem desirable for park purposes.

"This was the very focal center of the Revolution, around which all military action moved, was very strongly fortified at all commanding points, and just because no great battle was fought here, which was always the intention of the enemy, we were enabled to maintain a successful war against great odds and finally to establish our independence.

"The Reservation at West Point includes Fort Putnam, which is now being restored to its original condition by special appropriation of Congress. It does not, however, include Fort Constitution, Fort Clinton or even Fort Montgomery, where an important and successful attack was made.

"Aside from the great historic interest associated with this section, it is the most impressive and picturesque scenery of the Hudson River, which is acknowledged to be one of the grand sights of the world.

"This scenery and our Revolutionary history, which the park is intended to commemorate, belong to the whole American people, and it is safe to say no scenery east of the Mississippi is so worthy of being preserved. The great scars that have been made on the mountains, both above and below this section, by the stone crushing industry gives us full warning that if this beautiful and historic scenery is to be preserved undefiled for future generations now is the time to do it. Fortunately no destruction has yet taken place except at Round Island, where a small crusher has been at work for several years, but which has only marred this small inlet.

"The incorporation of one or more companies to carry on operations in this section has aroused some of the land-owners who have patriotic impulses to coöperate with the Scenic and Historic Preservation Society to bring about some mutual agreement by which a part of this desired result may be obtained.

"A little later I will report on what has been accomplished by them. Of course, you are aware that the State of New York, at the suggestion of the Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, acquired the beautiful battlefield of Stony Point, which is on the west side of the Hudson, a little below this proposed National Park, and the public recreation ground thus created has been so much enjoyed that it is now proposed to duplicate this by buying land for a park on the opposite shore at Verplanck Point.

"Following the purchase of Stony Point the States of New York and New Jersey coöperated in establishing a park along the whole face of the Hudson Palisades opposite New York City and Yonkers.

"The acquisition of land for park uses at Niagara Falls was supplemented last year by the purchase of Watkins Glen, and lately the presentation to the State of a thousand acres by Hon. W. P. Letchworth, which includes the three upper falls of the Genesee River.

"Inasmuch as the State is doing so much to preserve for future generations its natural scenery, it seems quite appropriate that the National Government should make the first National Park to com-

memorate the Revolution in the Highlands of the Hudson, not only for the good and sufficient reasons above mentioned, but also because they already have two large holdings in this section, those of West Point and the Naval Station at Iona Island.

"As I have heard it questioned whether the United States Government had the right to acquire land for any other than military purpose, I beg to refer to a decision of the Supreme Court in vol. 160, p. 668, relative to taking land for Gettysburg National Park."

New Jersey.—Col. James R. Mullikin, of Newark, Secretary of the New Jersey Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "The patriotic people of New Jersey have been alive to the importance of marking the battlefields and historic spots pertaining to the period of the War of the Revolution. Monuments have been erected at Trenton, on the fields of Monmouth, Red Bank, Springfield, Elizabeth, and Hackensack. Markers on other historic spots. The field at Princeton is to be marked by an imposing and elaborate monument, to cost $100,000, toward which the United States Government has appropriated $30,000, the State of New Jersey a like amount, and the Association is raising the balance. A bronze statue of the 'Dispatch Rider of the Revolution' is being erected at Orange, and will be unveiled on 'Flag Day,' June 14th prox. A bronze statue was erected by this Society at Hackensack to the memory of Brig. Gen. Enoch Poor, of New Hampshire, who died there.

"The bill introduced by Senator Lodge (S. 5794) is approved by this Society."

Delaware.—Thomas F. Bayard, of Wilmington, President of the Delaware Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "I have not yet been able to secure the list of the places in this State which have been marked and should be marked in commemoration of battlefields and historical spots pertaining to the War of the Revolution. At this time I am too busy to make such a search, so that I am afraid your report for Delaware must be passed by for the Denver Congress."

Pennsylvania.—Robert Walker Guthrie, of Pittsburg, President of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "I look with favor on the idea of preserving the battlefields, and will cheerfully coöperate in a well-defined plan looking toward that end."

Mr. Harry Blynn, of the Philadelphia Chapter and a member of this Committee, says in his excellent report: "At the annual meeting of the Society, held February 22, 1906, a resolution was passed requesting the Society to ascertain the burying places of Revolutionary heroes in the State of Pennsylvania, and have them marked with the regular markers.

"The most important part taken during the year by the Philadelphia Chapter was in the memorial services held in Philadelphia, November 22, 1906, over the remains of James Wilson, signer of the Declaration of Independence and framer of the American Constitution, which were consigned to their final resting place in Historic Christ Church, having been transferred from North Carolina, the original place of burial. For

years the body had lain in the little cemetery near the homestead of the distinguished patriot's colleague, Justice Iredell, of Edenton, and after more than a century the last wishes of the lawyer, jurist, and commander-in-chief of Pennsylvania's Revolutionary forces have been respected, and his ashes placed by the side of his wife, in the burial plot, south of Old Christ Church, in this city.

"I would like to call attention to a pamphlet which has been gotten up at the expense of the Philadelphia Chapter by a committee appointed by myself as President, said committee consisting of Maj. Moses Veale, chairman; Clarence P. Wynne, Secretary; Dr. John V. Allen, Historian; Peter D. Helms and Herman L. Fernberger, of the Board of Governors. I am sending you under separate cover copy of this pamphlet, and beg to say that thanks should be extended to Major Veale and this committee for the great success which they have achieved in this work. On June 11, 1906, the Pennsylvania Society voted $250 toward the erection of the Continental Memorial Hall in Washington, which is under the immediate direction of the Daughters of the American Revolution."

Maryland.—Hon. Henry Stockbridge, of Baltimore, Md., of the National Society, says: "There were no battles of the Revolutionary War in this State, and hence there is nothing of that description to mark; the most important historic spot in connection with the war was the meeting place of Congress in this city when that body had to remove from Philadelphia. This was marked by a tablet erected by the Maryland Society, S. A. R., some years since, but the building on which it was placed was destroyed in the fire of 1904. Arrangements have, however, been made for the reërection of the tablet, and that will be completed, it is confidently believed, before the close of the present year.

"Other important historic spots in our State are connected either with the colonial period or the War of 1812 or the Civil War, and a number of these are being marked by other organizations. A monument has been erected, in a prominent thoroughfare of our city, to commemorate the soldiers of the Maryland line. This was done by the Maryland Society, S. A. R., and is one of the most attractive of the monuments in this city.

"A number of the graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been marked, but they are very widely scattered through the State. In the grounds of St. John's College at Annapolis there were buried in the neighborhood of 2,000 French soldiers and sailors who came to this country to engage in the Revolution and who died here from disease or wounds, mainly in connection with the investment of Yorktown. About a year since a movement was started by the S. A. R. and the Alliance Francais to erect a monument to these, but so far it has progressed very slowly.

"In the western part of this State, in Washington County, there is standing, in a good condition of preservation, Fort Frederick. This was built of massive stone walls in the colonial period, under the supervision of Governor Eden, as a protection to the colony against the Indians and French. Except at one corner the walls are intact today, and of an average height of twenty feet. The only part which this played

during the Revolution was that it was for a time a place of confinement or detention for a considerable number of the British soldiers who surrendered at Yorktown. There has been nothing done in the way of marking this fort; indeed, the fort itself is more prominent than any mark could be. It has been once or twice proposed that the State should buy the property and preserve it as a place for the summer encampment of the militia, but nothing has as yet been done in this direction. The Society of Colonial Wars has also had under consideration the purchase of the property, but thus far they have not had the money which would be required, and which would be, I presume, between $10,000 and $12,000.

"The first landing place of the Maryland Colonists at St. Mary's has been marked by a simple but sufficient shaft, erected by the Maryland Historical Society."

District of Columbia.—Gen. Thomas MacCurdy Vincent, U. S. A., Chairman of the District of Columbia Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "The District of Columbia Society, S. A. R., formally endorse Senate bill 5794 and House bill 18500, 59th Congress, first session.

"The 1906 report of the Committee on National Parks has recited as to the past efforts, and that report will be taken as an incentive to future work. It seems clear that the only path to success must be followed by the united efforts of all societies and individuals interested in the battlefields of the Colonial, Revolutionary, Mexican, and Civil wars. The War of the American Revolution and the Civil War are connected, in that the first, under George Washington, established the United States and the second, under Abraham Lincoln, preserved that Union. The following is suggested:

"1. That a Committee on National Parks be appointed for the District of Columbia Society.

"2. That future efforts be made by the United States Government and the respective State governments concerned.

"Individual States have acted relative to monuments connected with the Civil War, notably at Battle Ground National Cemetery, D. C.; Antietam, Md.; Gettysburg, Pa.; and Vicksburg, Miss. Inferably the respective States concerned will very willingly take action relative to parks and monuments connected with the War of the American Revolution!

"3. That the respective State Societies of the S. A. R. use their energetic efforts with their State governments, to the end that the Congress of the United States may authorize a commission, as contemplated by the Senate and House bills hereinbefore referred to. The District of Columbia Society, through its proposed Committee on National Parks, will be in a position to act directly with the United States Congress."

Virgina.—Hon. Lunsford L. Lewis, of Richmond, President of the Virginia Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "In

reply I have to say that nothing has been done in the matter by the Virginia Society, S. A. R. I trust, however, that Congress can be induced to acquire the site of the battlefield at Yorktown. It would seem to be eminently proper that that should be done."

Louisiana.—Thomas Dabney Dimitry, of New Orleans, Secretary of the Louisiana Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, says: "The only historic points pertaining to the period of the War of the Revolution in Louisiana are those connected with the expeditions of Galvez against the British.

Illinois.—John D. Vandercook, of Chicago, Secretary of the Illinois Society, says: "We have but one location in Illinois which could possibly be considered as a place of Revolutionary history, and that is ground in the vicinity of old Fort Kaskaskia. I do not know that it will be possible for us to do anything in this State toward securing a National Park here. In fact, Kaskaskia itself is being gradually worn away by the Mississippi River, a number of the old buildings of the town having already been undermined by the waters and destroyed."

Michigan.—Theo. H. Eaton, of Detroit, Michigan, says: "Before you make your final report at Denver I would be very glad to talk the matter over with you, as I expect to be at the Congress and aid you in whatever manner I can."

Kansas.—Mr. John M. Meade, of Topeka, President of the Kansas Society, says: "In this new country there does not seem to be much to suggest itself in the way of Revolutionary work, and I do not believe there will be any action taken by our Society in this line."

Colorado.—Harold C. Stephen, of Denver, President of the Colorado Society, says: "We are, however, thoroughly in sympathy with the movement, and will be very glad to do anything possible to assist therein."

California.—Dr. J. Mora Moss, of San Francisco, Secretary of the California Society, says: "We are heartily in accord with your efforts, and are willing to abide by whatever you may think best."

Oregon.—Wallace McCanant, of Portland, President of the Oregon Society, says: "We in the Oregon Society are, of course, unable to furnish you any facts on this subject, but I think I may say we cordially appreciate the work of your Committee and are in hearty sympathy with it. I personally regard it as of much importance that object lessons be given generations to come on the importance of the American Revolution and the lessons which it should teach us. An excellent way to accomplish this purpose is to establish a National Park at every feasible spot of interest in the struggle."

In concluding this report your Committee desires to thank the officers and members of the several State Societies for the interest they have manifested in the efforts of the Sons of the American Revolution to preserve the battlefields and other historic places of the period of the Revolution. The establishment of National Parks of this character

throughout the region where the Independence was so successfully achieved will be fitting memorials of the patriots of those days, and will inspire their children and their children's children.

The Committee recommend that the Denver Congress adopt the following resolutions:

1. *Resolved,* That the Lodge and Bradley bills, to authorize the President to appoint a commission on National Parks, be and are hereby endorsed, and that each State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution be recommended to do everything they can toward the enactment of this measure by the next Congress.

2. *Resolved,* That the efforts of the various State Societies in preserving and marking the battlefields of the War of Independence, and particularly the Empire State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution and the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society to establish a National Park in the Highlands of the Hudson in commemoration of the Revolution, be and is hereby approved, and that each State Society be requested to give every possible assistance to these movements.

W. V. Cox, *Chairman.*

The SECRETARY GENERAL (continuing): I move that this report be accepted and printed, and also that these resolutions be adopted.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Recruiting and Lookout Committee.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: This Committee has acted through the Organization Committee and the Committee on Correspondence.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The National Charter Committee has reported through its Chairman.

The Committee on Pensions and Muster Rolls.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I may state that that Committee has been actively at work, and that now a great deal of work is being done in the Pension Office in indexing the records of the Revolutionary soldiers under the direction of Compatriot Bayly, assisted by Mr. Zebina Moses and others.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Publication Committee, Mr. Joslin, Rhode Island.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Mr. Joslin is unable to be present. He sends the following report:

REPORT OF PUBLICATION COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the National Congress in Boston, in 1906, a resolution was adopted to appoint a committee to devise a plan for the publication of news that may be of interest to the members of the Society.

The Committee appointed under this resolution held a meeting at Worcester, Mass., in August last, when various plans were fully discussed, finally resulting in the adoption of the one which has since been in effect, viz., the publication of an OFFICIAL BULLETIN from the office of the Secretary General, and edited by him. As has been announced in the BULLETINS that have been published, the edition for free distribution has been limited to the General Officers and Managers and the National Committees, the State Society officers and new members whose records were printed therein, a number of newspapers, and a moderate supply to State Secretaries for general distribution. Your Committee is satisfied that even this limited dissemination of the news of our Society has aroused a greater interest among the State organizations in what each was doing in its own limited field of patriotic work. This interest has been shown especially by those Societies that have ordered and paid for a sufficient number of copies to provide one for each of its members.

Your Committee believes that the Society at large would be greatly benefited if all the State Societies would assume the moderate expense that would be required to place each BULLETIN as issued in the hands of every one of its members.

It is the opinion of your Committee that this plan, which has now been tried for the past eight months and proven to be so satisfactory a solution of the problem of how to keep the members best advised of the news and in touch with the current events of the Society, should be developed to its fullest extent, and that this can only be done by each Society in the National organization assuming the slight expense necessary to have each issue of the BULLETIN mailed to all our compatriots.

Your Committee, therefore, recommends that the Congress now assembled formally endorse the plan as devised and tried since the last annual session and request the delegates to advise their respective State Societies to aid in its further development with items of news and subscriptions for the OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Respectfully submitted.

HENRY V. A. JOSLIN,
MOSES G. PARKER, M. D.,
A. HOWARD CLARK,
Committee.

JUNE 3, 1907.

The report on the OFFICIAL BULLETIN was accepted and endorsed and its recommendations referred to the Board of Trustees for action thereon.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Naval Records Committee.

Commander MOORE (District of Columbia): Mr. President General, as I have taken up so much of your time in regard to the Revolutionary sailor, I will merely, in regard to this report, read the head line and the last words, with your permission. The idea of writing this report was to keep before this Society the fact that there was a Revolutionary sailor.

REPORT OF NAVAL RECORDS COMMITTEE.

At the National Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution held in Boston, in 1906, Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., President of the District of Columbia Society, introduced the following resolution:

WHEREAS one purpose of this Society is to preserve and perpetuate the records of those who aided in establishing the Independence of the United States; and

WHEREAS the number of those serving the Continental Government by sea equaled the number of those serving by land;

WHEREAS the disappearance and dispersion of the official records of our Continental sailors renders it difficult for their descendants to establish the right of membership in this and other patriotic societies;

WHEREAS the government of France has generously published a list of her citizens who served in the American Revolution;

WHEREAS the law of the United States provides "that all military records * * * relating to the personnel or the operations of the armies of the Revolutionary War and of the War of Eighteen Hundred and Twelve now in any of the Executive Departments, shall be transferred to the Secretary of War to be preserved, indexed, and prepared for publication" (28 Stat. L., 403), under which (and other) provisions of law the service records of the men of our glorious armies are collected, preserved, indexed, and prepared for publication:

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States should enact into law like provisions regarding the Navy, whereby the records of the valiant service of its sailors may be preserved from oblivion and become an inspiration to our present and future sailors who will man the guns on the first line of National defense against the attack of a foreign foe.

Resolved, That the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution do all in its power to have enacted into law the following bill:

AN ACT for the collection and preservation of the records of public and private armed vessels of the North American Colonies engaged in the War of the Revolution.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That all records (such as muster and pay rolls and reports) relating to the personnel and operations of public and private armed vessels of the North American Colonies in the War of the Revolution now in any of the Executive Departments shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Navy, to be preserved, indexed, and prepared for publication.

The foregoing resolution was adopted by the Congress.

It is given in full, as your Committee wishes to impress on the Society the great value to the Revolutionary cause of the efforts of the

sailors which have been, in many cases, entirely forgotten, and in others only slightly mentioned.

The General Board of Managers on May 1, 1906, appointed the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Hon. Truman H. Newberry, of Michigan; Rear Admiral George W. Baird, U. S. N., and Commander John H. Moore, U. S. N., of the District of Columbia, as a committee to carry out the resolution adopted by this Society concerning legislation for the preservation and indexing of Naval Records of the Revolution.

Hon. Edward E. Hale states: "A comparison between the Naval and Military forces shows the Navy in its various forms embodied almost as many men as the Army, and sometimes more, varying from 5,000 to 10,000. The numbers must depend largely upon whether those in the regular Navy are counted alone or in connection with those on privateers.

"The number of seamen and officers employed by the Continental Congress was probably largest in the earlier years of the war. No papers now exist which give full returns of this force.

"The several State navies represented, perhaps, as many more.

"In a report sent by General Knox to Congress on the 11th of May, 1790, he gives the number of men actually in the Continental Army year by year, the number of Militia called out from time to time, and the number of men demanded in the quotas fixed by Congress.

"A comparison of these figures with figures quite as authentic, which give the number of men who were afloat year by year for purposes of offense, either in the National or State navies, or in larger numbers in privateers, will show that in some of the later years of the war this naval service enlisted a larger number of men than were serving in the Army.

"The number of Continental vessels lost or destroyed during the war was 24, carrying in all 470 guns.

"The British loss was 102, carrying 2,620 guns. About 800 vessels of all kinds were captured by American cruisers, privateers, and private armed vessels."

Winthrop L. Marvin states: "The American people owe a vast debt of honor to the private armed ships of the Revolution. * * * John Paul Jones won his most famous victory in a French-built ship, and our only American-built frigate which came out of the war with a brilliant reputation was the swift and beautiful *Alliance*. * * * Nearly all of our other regular ships were destroyed or captured in the course of the war by the overwhelming British squadrons. The thirty Continental cruisers of 1776 had shrunk in 1781 to nine, carrying one hundred and sixty-four guns. But in the same year the American privateers, converted out of merchantmen and managed by individual ship-owners, numbered four hundred and forty-nine, mounting in all 6,735 guns.

"The American privateers of 1775-'83 captured or destroyed three times as many of the enemy's ships as did our frigates and sloops-of-war.

"The audacity of the Yankee privateersmen was astounding. Paul Jones met some of them right on the British coast, whither they had gone before him.

"They hung like hawks in the Irish Channel and the North Sea, and the wrath and fear which they aroused were far greater than the results of any of our land victories. Silas Deane, one of Franklin's fellow commissioners to Paris, wrote home to the Marine Committee of Congress in 1777 that the exploits of our many privateers and few cruisers 'effectually alarmed England, prevented the great fair at Chester, occasioned insurance to rise, and even deterred the English merchants from shipping goods in English vessels at any rate of insurance; so that in a few weeks forty French ships were loaded in London with freight—an instance never before known.'

"So frightened were the merchants that they demanded naval protection for the linen ships crossing from Ireland to England." * * *

Dr. Charles O. Paullin, in "The Navy of the American Revolution," has written from the point of view of the naval administrator, and he does not include the history of the privateers. He states, however, that the privateers furnished the Continental Congress with the sinews of war. Massachusetts supported a navy of 16 vessels. Virginia had about 50 vessels. Nine of the States had State navies.

Mr. Marvin, the accomplished scholar and student of American marine history, further states: "The Continental Navy proper formed but a small part of those who fought at sea in the Revolutionary cause. Practically all the Colonies had their own navies that at times far exceeded the Continental Navy. There must also be taken into account the large number of privateers and letters of marque." The names of sailors who served in the French Navy in the American Revolution are printed in a French Government publication and reprinted by the United States as a public document. Considering these great armed maritime forces the statements of Dr. Hale, Mr. Marvin, and others do not seem to be at all doubtful. Your Committee promptly began its work upon its return to Washington from the Boston Congress. It found the Naval appropriation bill pending in the Senate, and Senator Dick, of Ohio, at once introduced the item as an amendment to the Naval bill. Senator Eugene Hale, of Maine, Chairman of the Senate Naval Committee, was conferred with. A strong letter indorsing the amendment was sent to the Naval Committee by the Navy Department. We are pleased to state that the amendment was reported by the Committee, framed by the Senate, concurred in by the Conference Committee and became a law June 29, 1906.

In accordance with this law the Navy Department informed the Executive Departments of its provisions and requested the examinations of departmental records available for transfer under provisions of said act. The War Department has already transferred to the Navy Department 155 sheets, rolls, etc., which have been listed and catalogued. The Treasury Department has collected and is arranging for examination and ultimate transfer a large quantity of records in the shape of rolls

and lists. The Pension Office has already transferred a quantity of Revolutionary Navy and privateer papers, rolls, etc. The Library of Congress has in press a volume containing names of captains, bondsmen, etc., of Revolutionary privateers. The printed record of Revolutionary soldiers and sailors of the State of Massachusetts contains the names of about 6,000 sailors. The records of Pennsylvania probably contain as many more. Other State records, mainly in MSS., contain many more. Revolutionary papers are deposited in the Office of Library and Naval War Records, Navy Department, under charge of Compatriot Charles W. Stewart (1818 4). The work of collecting and cataloguing authentic papers containing records of Revolutionary service on the sea has been begun by him, and he is enthusiastic in the work. Thousands of suitable cards have been prepared, and the work of carding the collected records has been begun on a small scale.

By the passage of the act it is estimated that nearly 100,000 new names will be added to the lists of those who served afloat.

TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY,
G. W. BAIRD,
JNO. H. MOORE,
Committee.

APRIL 10, 1907.

Commander MOORE (continuing): I move the adoption of this report.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The National Anthems Committee, Admiral Baird, of Washington, D. C.

Admiral BAIRD (District of Columbia): As to the report of the National Anthems Committee, I have the honor to state that it has been practically adopted in the United States Navy, and he who wants to beat down the music of the Star Spangled Banner has not shown his head again, so there has been nothing for us to do in that direction. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the report of special Memorial Committee on the death of ex-President Logan.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Mr. President General and compatriots, at the meeting of the Board of Managers and Executive Committee held at the city of New York November 26, 1906, announcement was made of the death, on July 19, 1906, of Walter Seth Logan, past President General of this Society; and General Greeley, President Marble, of the Empire

State Society, and myself were appointed a committee to report commemorative resolutions for action at this Congress.

We have the honor to submit this testimonial, which, with your permission, I will read:

TRIBUTE TO WALTER SETH LOGAN.

During the year that has passed we have been for a second time called to mourn the loss of one of our former Presidents General.

On July 19, 1906, at the City of New York, Walter Seth Logan died, in the prime of his manhood, at the zenith of his mental powers, and at a time when he seemed to be doing his greatest work in the varied avenues in which his interests, his ambition, and his desire for the betterment of his fellow-men led him.

Born of the best New England stock; raised in that unexcelled atmosphere of Connecticut rural home life; schooled in three of the best preparatory institutions, and later winning diplomas from three of our greatest universities, he was splendidly equipped for success in life.

Even before graduation the call came to him to go to the metropolis, and he found a place awaiting him in the greatest law office in the country.

He rose rapidly in his chosen profession. He had in addition to great natural ability and thorough preparation the gift of diligence and love for his work. To him were intrusted the most important cases, and in all he showed signal ability and won conspicuous success.

His mind was broad; his ideals high. He assisted in forming the Bar Association of the State of New York and the American Bar Association, and held high office in both, having been president of the former and vice-president of the latter. Nor were his activities confined to the law. He was public spirited and was prominent in many societies that have for their object arbitration and universal peace, the preservation of historical sites, the beautifying of our cities and raising the standard of our citizenship.

But to us, his compatriots of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, he showed the finest traits of his character, the most winning side of his nature, and by those of us who have stood shoulder to shoulder with him, and have shared the labors and helped to accomplish the results with him, he will be greatly missed and sincerely mourned.

Age has this value to a society like ours in that it gives us precious memories of cherished associates who have passed away.

He died as he would have wished, as his eulogist at his funeral most eloquently expressed it, "as men love to die with no interval of weakness or dependence, in the full enjoyment of his faculties, actively leading in the work of his profession and the progress and zeal of his day,

the hidden door opened before him and with a single step he left mortality behind him, fitted for the new world into which he passed by that most ideal preparation for death, on every day of his life here a day added of service for his fellow-men."

Therefore resolved, That the National Society extend to the family of our deceased friend and associate our deep sympathy in their great loss.

Resolved, That this testimonial be placed on the records of the Society, and a copy of the same be forwarded by the Secretary General to the family of our late compatriot.

EDWIN S. GREELEY,
MORRIS B. BEARDSLEY,
W. A. MARBLE,
Committee.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (continuing): Now, may I be permitted to say a few words in submitting the report? In the death of Mr. Logan we have suffered a great loss. He was one of the organizers of the Empire State Society, which antedated our National Society, and for years was its efficient President.

He was active in the National Society from its inception, and remained a loyal and enthusiastic member until his decease.

We shall miss his cheery presence at our meetings and his wisdom and experience at our Council Board. Connecticut and New York are alike interested in Mr. Logan. Born in Connecticut, reared amid her hills, trained at one of her best preparatory schools, and taking his diploma from Yale, her great university, he went to New York for his life's work, and there had a successful career. When he died we brought him back and laid him to rest in the place he had never ceased to love. So today Mr. Marble and I, on your Committee, clasp hands, representing the State of his birth and the State of his adoption. When you hear our Secretary General read the long list of deaths in our Society, and link with it in recollection the frequency with which we are called upon to mourn the death of some beloved friend in private life, you must feel the sentiment so beautifully expressed in the words of the "Lost Chord."

You recall how the musician seated at the organ and idly toying with the keys strikes a chord of music which thrills his very soul, and in the following lines there is described

the sentiments which it awoke in him, and then the chord is lost, and when he seeks it in vain he gives utterance to the four closing lines:

"It may be that death's bright angel
Will speak in that chord again;
It may be that only in Heaven
I shall hear that grand amen."

So with us in life. We form one precious friendship after another, and each, as it were, adds a sweet chord to the melody of our existence, and then arrives in later years the cold hand of death and severs one chord and another, until you feel that only in Heaven, where loved ones shall again be united, will there be once more the perfect harmony.

I passed four pleasant years with Logan at Yale, and that was supplemented by over thirty years of unbroken friendship, and I am proud of the opportunity of standing here today, before those who worked with him in this patriotic cause, and testifying to my regard and admiration for him.

The eloquent clergyman who attended his funeral, taking an appropriate text from the Scriptures, spoke of things temporal and things eternal, and, dramatically leaning over the coffin, he said: "There lies our friend. Everything that he has accomplished for himself is in the coffin with him. Nothing will live but the grateful memory of the things done for others."

Walter Logan need not fear that test, and there is no place where there will ever be a greener memory of him than in this Society, where he did such noble work.

I move you, sir, the adoption of the testimonial with the accompanying resolutions.

Mr. DEWEY (Vermont): In adopting this resolution I move that it be by a rising vote.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): It seems to me, Mr. President General, that nothing can be added to what has already been said. I personally have been associated with Mr. Walter S. Logan in patriotic work for several years. As many of you know, I was Vice-President of the Empire State Society under him, and I can say of him in the words of John Greenleaf Whittier: "None knew him but to love him, none named him but to praise."

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: All in favor of the resolution will rise.

(The tribute to the memory of Mr. Logan was adopted by a unanimous rising vote.)

Mr. SHRYOCK (Maryland): I would like to go back to the report on anthems. The Star Spangled Banner has been adopted by the American Navy as a National hymn. Maryland in 1914 will celebrate the centennial anniversary, and we propose to have an exposition there similar to some of the grand ones they have had in the West, and we will invite the compatriots of the S. A. R. to meet us there as individuals and compatriots. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The reports of the State Societies are now in order.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The reports of the State Societies have been filed. It has been the usual custom not to read them, but to order them printed.

A DELEGATE: I move that they be printed.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

REPORTS OF STATE SOCIETIES.

(See also report of Educational Committee, and discussion thereon, and report of Committee on National Parks.)

ARKANSAS SOCIETY.

The Arkansas Society held its annual reunion at Little Rock on February 22. The session was concluded with a banquet, at which patriotic addresses were made on "Washington," "Lafayette," "Our French Allies," and "George Rogers Clark, the Conqueror of the Northwest Territory," with remarks on other patriots. The Society has admitted three new members.

CALIFORNIA SOCIETY.

All the property, records, and accounts of the California Society were destroyed in the great earthquake and fire of April 18, 1906, but fortunately the duplicates of all the application papers are filed in the Registrar General's Office in Washington.

The Society evidenced its patriotism on September 1 by following its usual custom of celebrating "Peace Day," the anniversary of the conclusion of the Treaty of Peace at Paris, September 3, 1783.

At a banquet on December 22 an address was delivered by Col. A. D. Cutler on the "Relations between France and the United States during the Revolutionary War."

At the annual meeting, on January 8, officers were elected. The report of the Treasurer showed that the receipts during the year were $2,044.39. Twenty new members have been elected since the last annual meeting.

A banquet was held on Washington's Birthday, at which Prof. David Starr Jordan spoke on "The Fundamental Ideas of Our Republic," and the Rev. Bradford Leavitt told of "The Kind of Patriotism that is Needed Today."

At a smoker on April 30, 1907, Robert F. Devlin, U. S. District Attorney, gave an address on the inauguration of Washington.

COLORADO SOCIETY.

The Colorado Society has been busy during the year in perfecting arrangements for the entertainment of the Congress of the National Society, anticipating that it would bring together a large attendance of enthusiastic members, particularly from the Central and Western States. The Society on January 16 presented a flag to the Garfield school in Denver, when patriotic addresses were delivered. The Historical Register of the Colorado Society, 1896-1906, has been issued as a volume of a hundred pages.

The annual meeting was held on April 19, when William F. Slocum, LL. D., President of Colorado College, was elected President of the Society, and Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, Vice-President.

Thirteen members have been suspended for nonpayment of dues; one has been demitted, and three deceased, David Oliver Peelor, Henry Martyn Stoddard, and Chauncery Curtis. Sixteen new members have been enrolled, making the present total 139.

CONNECTICUT SOCIETY.

During the year the Connecticut Society has admitted 46 new members, making a total of 971. One of the new members, Elijah Clark Sears, born in Connecticut in 1805, now of Canton, South Dakota, is an original son, his father and grandfather having served in the Revolution. Another new member, George W. Gager, of Sharon, is also an original son.

The Society has lost 23 members by death, six by registration, and one by demission to the District of Columbia Society.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated by a banquet at Hartford, which was attended by upward of 300 members and guests. Col. John M. Holcombe was the toastmaster. Governor R. S. Woodruff spoke on the responsibilities of the Society; Mayor Henney on immigration; Speaker Tilson, of the Connecticut House of Representatives, on the General Court; President Jonathan Trumbull on the Connecticut Society of Sons of the American Revolution; Judge Simeon E. Baldwin on

the judiciary and what we owe to the bench and courts during the period of the Revolution. President General Pugsley delivered an address on American statesmanship and American citizenship as illustrated by the lives of Washington and Lincoln, and emphasized the importance of Americanizing the throngs of foreigners settling in our country. More men of true patriotism are wanted in business activities. Through an enduring patriotism born of moral courage, the people of the United States will behold an ever-increasing grandeur, majesty, and power with the Republic's ever-increasing years, worthy of the men who in all its generations have stood for the highest and best in our national life.

The annual meeting, held on May 10, at Hartford, was marked by several noteworthy incidents. President Jonathan Trumbull, who has served in that office for seventeen years, retired, and Lewis B. Curtis, of Bridgeport, the Vice-President, was chosen his successor, while Rufus E. Holmes, of Winsted, was chosen Vice-President.

At the lunch after the meeting a cup of solid silver with three handles was presented to retiring President Trumbull, with the following inscription:

> "To Jonathan Trumbull, for seventeen years President of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. A token of faithful and efficient services from the Society."

Inside the cup were 150 crisp new one-dollar bills. The money for the purchase of the cup came from voluntary subscriptions and a sum taken from the treasury to represent the non-resident and the absent members.

The graves of 75 Revolutionary soldiers have been marked with the Society marker during the year.

The Society has arranged to place the "War Office" at Lebanon in an attractive condition, so that it will arouse the interest of the citizens of the town in its use as a public library; and also expects to erect a monument at Compo Beach, where General Tryon landed the British troops on his raid on Danbury.

C. G. Stone, *Secretary.*

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY.

The District of Columbia Society has admitted 24 new members during the year. The present active membership is 538, a decrease of 28 from a year ago, caused by deaths and dropping of delinquent members from the roll.

The initial meeting of the season was on November 21, when Hon. Henry Stockbridge delivered an address on immigration. He urged the Society to take active steps to reach the masses of foreigners in our country, especially the aliens crowding in upon our shores, and to teach them practical lessons of patriotism and true citizenship. He urged reform in the naturalization laws. So long as it is possible in nine

States that a foreigner after twenty-four hours' presence in this country can take out naturalization papers and cast his ballot, the institutions of the Nation are alarmingly unsafe and insecure.

On December 19 an address was delivered by Hon. George Edmund Foss on "The Continental Navy." The speaker pointed out that General Washington, September 2, 1775, after assuming command at Cambridge, Mass., issued commissions to officers to command vessels to cruise for the intercepting of British supply vessels, and that October 13, 1775, Congress passed the first act providing for a Continental Navy, and directed that two vessels, to carry ten and fourteen guns, respectively, be procured adn fitted out. At the same time a Marine Committee of three members, chosen from representatives in Congress, was established. The members were John Adams, John Langdon, and Silas Deane. Adams was soon thereafter replaced by Christopher Gadsden, of South Carolina. The Committee underwent several changes, both in members and number, until it finally consisted of a representative for each of the Thirteen Colonies.

Representative Foss told of the fitting out of additional ships and how they were equipped; what they did, and by whom officered, John Paul Jones being the first on the list of captains.

The first capture of an armed vessel, it was explained, was when Captain John Barry, commanding the *Lexington,* took the *Edward,* off the coast of Virginia, after a severe fight, in which the prize was cut almost to pieces.

Mr. Foss spoke of the achievements of John Paul Jones and Captain Wickes and other captains during the Revolutionary War. At the close of the war, 1783, there remained in the service only one of the vessels of the Continental Navy, the *Alliance.* The number of Continental vessels lost or destroyed during the war was 24, carrying in all 470 guns. The British lost 102, carrying 2,620 guns. About 800 vessels of all kinds were captured by American cruisers, privateers, and private armed vessels. England had in commission at the commencement of the war 112 vessels, 78 of which were on the coast of North America.

Mr. Foss recalled the record of the Navy in succeeding wars down to the present time, and spoke of our new Navy and its splendid achievements.

Rev. Rufus W. Clark, President of the Michigan State Society, S. A. R., also addressed the meeting, giving an account of the work of the Michigan Society. He also spoke of the opposition which taxation for naval purposes evoked in the "good old times," illustrating it by humorous anecdotes.

On January 16 the Society observed "Ladies' Night," when addresses were delivered by Hon. Seth Shepard and Hon. James T. Du Bois. The Society has issued a register, giving the names of members and their Revolutionary ancestors and a long list of deceased compatriots.

At the annual business meeting, on February 22, 200 members were in attendance. Reports were made by the Secretary and other officers, and new officers and managers were elected for the ensuing year; also delegates to the Denver Congress.

At its March meeting the Society listened to an address by Charles W. Needham, President of the George Washington University, who urged the advantages of a great educational institution in the Capital City. He discussed important questions now before the people, which require the careful and dispassionate consideration of scholars and practical men of affairs. He said that all citizens should have equal use and privilege of public utilities. He instanced the railroad as a public highway, a public utility, and as such it should be supervised by the State. Dr. Needham then discussed the question of control by the Government of the organization and capitalization of great corporations, which as creatures of the State have no right to be organized except as the law gives that right, and since the law is responsible for their existence the correction of evils therein is in the enactment of better incorporation laws.

The anniversary of the Battles of Lexington and Concord was celebrated by the District of Columbia Society, on April 19, by holding a large patriotic gathering, to which the Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revoultion and the general public were invited. Addresses were made by Judge John Goode, Mrs. Donald McLean, and others.

HAWAIIAN SOCIETY.

The Hawaiian Society has received 28 new members since its last year's report and lost one by resignation. The present membership is 82.

We have begun to gather a public library.

Two public meetings have been held: the first, on the Fourth of July, presided over by Compatriot P. C. Jones; the second, on Washington's Birthday, presided over by Compatriot George R. Carter, our Governor.

The Society commemorated the 125th anniversary of the surrender at Yorktown, October 19, 1781, by the issuance of a circular summarizing the history of the Society and urging its members to renewed patriotic endeavor.

Five prizes of $10 each were awarded to pupils in Honolulu schools—Honolulu High School, Oahu College, Kamehame School, St. Louis College, and the Royal School—for orations on the subject of Patriotism, and the five prize-winners, three young men and two young women, delivered the prize orations at the meeting on Washington's Birthday on the roof garden of the Young Hotel to a large audience. Three out of the five prize-winners were of the Hawaiian race. In each of the other two leading schools of Honolulu I am told that young Chinese lads came near being chosen as having the best orations, pressing the winners hard. This shows that the schools of Hawaii are making good in inculcating patriotism.

One of our new members, Gen. Edward Davis, has received the S. A. R. medal for services in the Spanish-American War.

Of our new members, eight are largely of the Hawaiian race, descend-

ants of Samuel Parker, of Newton, Mass., whose son years ago came to these islands and married an Hawaiian chiefess.

LYLE A. DICKEY, *Secretary.*

ILLINOIS SOCIETY.

The Secretary's report for the year ending December 3, 1906, showed that there had been 35 new members elected and 35 lost by death, resignation, etc. Net membership at that time was 526, 168 of whom resided outside of Cook County, and 358 in Chicago. The usual quarterly meetings were held during the year. Two service medals in recognition of services in the Spanish War were presented to Col. James M. Eddy and Capt. E. C. Sturges. Secretary reports also that a large number of books and pamphlets had been added to the Society's library during the year.

The Society appropriated $75 for work in connection with the Patriotic Art Committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the purpose of placing statuettes in various schools of the city. The last one was presented on May 10, making a total of 16 so far placed in Chicago schools.

The Flag Committee has just succeeded in having passed a bill by the State Legislature to prevent the use of the flag for advertising purposes or its desecration.

The Society now has seven local Chapters, the largest of which is in Oak Park.

During the year the Society published an historical address by Merritt Starr on "George Rogers Clark," copies of which will be gladly sent upon request.

Among the recent deaths of members of the Society is that of Thomas N. Means, of Paris, Ill., whose father was a Revolutionary soldier.

An energetic Recruiting Committee has been appointed by the President, Major Tolman, which Committee is appealing to the members for the names of relatives who are eligible, and up to this writing 137 new names have been sent in.

The meetings of the year have been well attended and interesting.

The Society maintains a library at 135 Adams Street, Room 1105, to which visiting members of the Society are cordially invited when in the city.

Geeral interest in the Society keeps up, and there is a steady supply of new applications coming in.

JOHN D. VANDERCOOK, *Secretary.*

IOWA SOCIETY.

The Iowa Society enrolled, during the year ending April 30, 10 new members, and had lost by death 3, by resignation 1, by transfer 1, and by suspension for non-payment of dues 18, making its total net membership 222. This loss of membership apparent in our reports for the first

time does not indicate a weaker Society, but that the Society feels strong enough to purge itself of members who are inactive, non-supporting, and a hindrance to our onward progress. The "look ahead" is encouraging.

The Manual of the Society for 1907 gives a list of officers, the Constitution and By-Laws, and an address list of members.

ELBRIDGE D. HADLEY, *Secretary.*

KANSAS SOCIETY.

The Kansas Society held its annual meeting on the third Wednesday in January. The officers' reports showed good work for the year, and financially are looking forward. Four new members have been enrolled, making the present total membership 170.

D. W. NELLIS, *Secretary.*

LOUISIANA SOCIETY.

In accordance with the rules of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, requiring Secretaries to render report of the year's work of their respective Societies to each successive Congress, I have the honor to submit the following summary of happenings within the ranks of our organization since my last report, made to the Boston Congress in 1906.

To me the severance of fraternal bonds, interwoven by long and intimate association and fellow-feeling, ever comes as a personal bereavement. Four such losses in the death of as many compatriots has the Louisiana Society sustained during the last year, three of them being charter members, and therefore among the oldest and most valued of our associates, namely, Judge Emmit De Wit Creig, David Thomas Merrick, and Rev. T. Kinlock Font Leroy. Compatriot Jno. T. Moore, Jr., who died at Schriever, La., January 4, 1907, stood high in the esteem of his compatriots, and his untimely death is most sincerely deplored.

The best that I can say for the Louisiana Society for the past year is that our compatriots have stuck to their colors, with no resignations to record. We have, in the way of advancement, admitted three new members, one a cadet at the Military Academy and another an officer in the Regular Army and a native of Louisiana. Apropos of new members, I believe that a systematic and judicious circulation of appropriate literature, such as "How to Trace Ancestors" or "How to Prove Descent," by compatriots among friends known to be eligible and acceptable would result in adding the names of many prominent gentlemen to our roll.

That the spark of patriotism is not quite extinguished in our body, but gleams now and then on some "worshipful" occasion, is conclusively proven in the following instances:

Fourth of July, 1906, was not allowed to go by without a reminder to the rank and file of the Society of that glorious day so dear to every

true American heart; nor was the anniversary of the birth of the genius of that day, the immortal Washington, permitted to come and go, notwithstanding the austerities of the lental season, without being properly commemorated with a banquet and patriotic addresses.

In conclusion, let me say that the Louisiana Society hopes, in the near future, to perform some meritorious action in line with that of the National Society in marking the graves of the ancestors of those of our compatriots interred in the old St. Louis cemetery, who fought in the Galvez campaign, when he menaced the British posts at Manchac, Baton Rouge, and Natchez. When this interesting ceremony takes place I will then really have something to record and report with pride and satisfaction to the next Congress of the National Society.

THOMAS DABNEY DIMITRY, *Secretary.*

MAINE SOCIETY.

The Maine Society is in good condition, but the deaths have equaled the new members elected during the last year. Active work has been done along patriotic lines.

There has been located during the past year 177 graves of Revolutionary soldiers, making a present total of 961 within our State.

Our annual meeting was held February 22, at which there was a good attendance.

The speakers at the annual dinner were Henry S. Burrage, D. D., the President, and David N. Beach, D. D., President of the Bangor Theological Seminary, who gave a most interesting address on the Battle of Bennington. An original poem, entitled "The Minute Man of Seventy-six," was read by its author, Rev. Joseph Battell Shepard, our Historian. A resolution was passed expressing sympathy with the movement to preserve the old State House in Boston for patriotic purposes. The Society approved of the effort of the people of Machias, Me., to preserve the old "Burnham Tavern," where the captors of the British armed vessel *Margaretta* met in 1775 and whither their wounded men were carried. This battle was the "Lexington of the Seas." At the suggestion of the Secretary an application was made by the Society to the Legislature for an appropriation for a monument to mark the location of the camp ground of the Maine soldiers at Valley Forge, and we were granted $500 for that purpose. It is expected, in October next, to dedicate a Maine boulder there, on which will be a bronze tablet suitably inscribed. The Governor of the State and his staff will attend. Maine soldiers in the Revolution were enrolled in Massachusetts regiments, but it is now known that the then District of Maine furnished about one-ninth of the Massachusetts troops. The new President of the Maine Society is George Emory Fellows, LL. D., President of Maine State College.

The headquarters of the Society are in the new library building of the Maine Historical Society, in Portland.

NATHAN GOOLD, *Secretary.*

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIETY.

Total membership April 19, 1906	1,559
Admissions by election and transfers	86
Reinstated	3
	1,648
Losses by death, transfer, resignations, etc.	91
Total membership April 19, 1907	1,557

The past year was a memorable one in the history of this Society, as we had the honor of entertaining the Congress of the National Society, which met at Boston, in Hotel Vendome on April 30, and in Faneuil Hall on May 1, 1906. A reception was given by the Boston Chapter at the Vendome on the evening of April 30, and a banquet by the Massachusetts Society on the evening of May 1, at Hotel Somerset. At the election of officers Massachusetts was especially honored by the election of our President, Dr. Moses Greeley Parker, to the office of Vice-President General.

Two meetings of the Society and a "Field Day" have been held during the past year, besides ten meetings of the Board of Managers.

During the year our Society contributed $200 toward the relief of sufferers from the great earthquake and fire in San Francisco. We also gave $50 toward the fund raised by voluntary contributions to buy and preserve Paul Revere's house in North Square, Boston, where he lived when he went forth on his famous ride on the night of April 18, 1775.

At a meeting of the Society held in Faneuil Hall, February 22, 1907, a committee consisting of Dr. Moses Greeley Parker, Edwin S. Crandon, Charles F. Read, and Alfonso S. Harris was elected to appear before the Legislative Committee at a hearing to protect the Old State House from further encroachment by the Transit Commission, and to preserve it as a historic and patriotic memorial. Dr. Parker was present at the hearing and ably advocated the bill in behalf of this Society.

The annual excursion of the Society took place September 13, 1906. By invitation of the Rhode Island Society the two Societies participated in a steamboat excursion on Narragansett Bay and a dinner at Boyden Heights.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated by the Society in Faneuil Hall, when, after dinner, addresses were made by President Parker, General Appleton, Professor Wickes, Hon. John S. Wise, of New York city; Hon. Solon W. Stevens, and William M. Hill, of the United States Navy.

Among the members who have died during the last year were Capt. Nathan Appleton, of Boston, at one time a very active member of our Society, a Director and Vice-President for ten years, and the prime mover in the introduction of markers for graves of patriots of the

Revolutionary War, with especially valuable work done in Paris, France; also Dr. Otis H. Marion, John H. Crandon, and Capt. Harry Reade, who had been very useful to this Society and all it stands for.

The Commonwealth recently issued volume xv of "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors of the Revolutionary War," a compilation from the archives, which includes names as far as Tozer. At our annual meeting, April 19, Prof. E. B. Story, of Northampton, introduced a resolution recommending that the Legislature be petitioned to publish a supplemental volume, after the completion of the work, to contain names of such men as should properly be included among Massachusetts soldiers and sailors, as proven by vouchers in town archives or by other trustworthy sources.

Through a gift from Gen. Francis Henry Appleton, the Society has had painted a portrait of the eminent patriot, James Otis, which will be placed in the Council Chamber of the Old State House as the most appropriate place, as it was there that he made his renowned speech against "Writs of Assistance." The portrait was exhibited at the annual meeting of the Society, April 19, 1907, and was unveiled by James Otis Porter, a great-great-grandson of the patriot.

At the annual dinner at the American House, on April 19, the principal orator of the day was President General Cornelius A. Pugsley, and his address was one of the finest ever delivered before the Society. The other speakers were Eben F. Thompson, President of the Massachusetts Society of Sons of the Revolution; Compatriots Edwin D. Sibley, Rev. George H. Johnson, and the newly elected President, Gen. Charles K. Darling.

HERBERT W. KIMBALL, *Secretary.*

MICHIGAN SOCIETY.

The Historical Section of the Michigan Society was organized pursuant to a general plan and recommendation of the National Society, S. A. R., at its annual Congress at Washington, D. C., 1902. Order was taken at that Congress by the appointment of its Educational Committee for undertaking a wider dissemination throughout the country of a knowledge of the institutions of a free government as a safeguard for their preservation. Besides furnishing publications for distribution, the Educational Committee has asked of our State Societies that attention be given to the subject, at meetings held for the purpose, it being of special importance that there should be an understanding of the principles upon which our Government was founded among men of influence and responsibility.

The Historical Section is composed of members of the Michigan Society appointed to read papers, those who entertain the Section, and all members of the Society who agree to be present at the meetings.

Meetings are held, as far as it is practicable, on Friday evenings, monthly, excepting during the summer months.

The series for the present season is as follows:

September 28, 1906: "The Ordinance of 1787." October 26, 1906: "The Chinese Problem at Home and Abroad." November 30, 1906: "The Critical Period Following the Treaty of Peace, November 30, 1782." *Anniversary.* "Washington in the West." December 28, 1906: "The Immigration Question as Related to Public Welfare." January 25, 1907: "Present Day Problems: The Adequacy of the Institutions upon Which the Republic Was Founded to Meet Them." February 6, 1907: The Annual Dinner of the Michigan State Society, S. A. R. "The French Alliance." *Anniversary.* February 6, 1778. April 5, 1907: "The Navy in the American Revolution." "The Territorial Government of Michigan."

The Historical Section met on November 30 to discuss "The Critical Period Following the Treaty of Peace." Rev. Dr. R. W. Clark stated the conditions connected with the adoption of the preliminary treaty of 1782. The paper of the evening was by Harlow P. Davock on the difficulties attending the breaking down of local and provincial claims and prerogatives for the creating of a central government. He covered the period from 1782 to 1789. Frank D. Taylor led the discussion, dwelling upon the personnel of the time. Col. Oscar A. Janes related the part taken by the soldier and his settlement in this territory. James Cosslett Smith called to mind the compromises necessary at the time in dealing with social questions, more especially in dealing with slavery. C. M. Woodruff showed the prophetic character of the framers of the Constitution. Charles Wright spoke of the problem of representation in the two houses of the legislative part of the Government. George W. Bates traced the principles of this representation to its sources; Dr. S. H. Knight pointed out the distinctions between a monarchial and representative government; and Dr. Connor showed what really had been accomplished in the substitution of a power in the place of a king, showing for the first time in the history of the world the enthronement of the principles of "religion, morality and knowledge" as set forth in the instrument of the organization of the territory of the northwest, the formation of this territory being the first act of the Government in its federal capacity.

The Society on February 6 held a banquet in Detroit in celebration of the French Alliance of February 6, 1778, when addresses were delivered by President General Pugsley on "Patriotism and Good Citizenship;" by a special guest of the occasion, the Vicomte Charles de Chambrun, a descendant of Lafayette, Secretary of the French Embassy at Washington, who spoke of "French feelings toward America;" by Hon. E. O. Randall, of Ohio, on "The fleur de lis in the Northwest," and by Rev. Lee S. McCollester on "Lafayette."

April 19th was celebrated by a meeting of the Historical Section. The subject for the evening was "The Immigration Question as Related to Public Welfare." The paper was read by Mr. E. A. Barnes, and gave the most recent information on the subject, showing the growth of the foreign population, the dangers from too rapid influx of undesirable people, and the relation of the immigrant to crime.

A list of committees for 1907-1908 has been issued, defining the duties of each committee, and a calendar of the Historical Section with the following program of topics:

October 23.—"Benjamin Franklin."

November 15.—"Our Duties to Recent Territorial Acquisitions."

December 13.—"Munsterberg's Americans."

January 17.—"Centralization of Government."

February 21.—"The Continental Congress, its Authority and Influence."

April 15.—The annual meeting.

April 24.—"The Amalgamation of Immigrants into American Citizens."

MINNESOTA SOCIETY.

The Minnesota Society has enrolled 25 new members within the past year.

On December 26, the anniversary of the Battle of Trenton, the annual meeting was held for the election of officers, and Hon. John Day Smith, of Minneapolis, was chosen President.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated by patriotic exercises in People's Church, St. Paul. The principal address was by Most Rev. John Ireland on "The Republic of the United States." The address was published in a souvenir pamphlet commemorative of the occasion.

MISSOURI SOCIETY.

The Missouri Society has enrolled 5 new members, but has lost 15 from various causes, its present membership being 115.

The Society has published an address on Revolution and Evolution, delivered by Rev. Naphtali Luccock at the annual banquet of the Society, April 19, 1906.

April 19, 1907, was celebrated by a banquet, with patriotic addresses by Rev. William C. Bitting and others. There were about 100 members present besides ladies and other guests. The topic of Dr. Bitting's address was "Fixed Truths from First Struggles."

MONTANA SOCIETY.

The Montana Society held its annual business meeting and banquet at Helena on February 22, when R. H. Howey was elected President and O. T. Walker Vice-President. At the banquet addresses were made on "The Fates of Nations," by President Howey; on "Our National Heroes," by Cornelius Hedges, Sr.; on "The Constitution," by Judge H. N. Blake; on "The Sons of the American Revolution," by A. J. Bennett; on "The Revolutionist," by J. H. Rafferty; on "The Grand Old Flag," by E. C. Russel, and the "Daughters of the Revolution," by H. B. Palmer.

NEBRASKA SOCIETY.

The Nebraska Society has added 7 new members to its roll during the year, but has dropped 15 for non-payment of dues, making the present total membership 90.

The annual meeting for election of officers was held on February 22, when James H. Adams, of Omaha, was chosen President.

NEW JERSEY SOCIETY.

In commemoration of the Battle of Princeton, the eighteenth annual meeting of the New Jersey Society was held January 3, 1907, at the rooms of the New Jersey Historical Society, in Newark. The meeting was largely attended, much enthusiasm manifested, and important work for the year projected.

The annual reports of the officers showed the Society to be in a healthy condition, both numerically and financially. The balance in the treasury on January 3 was $3,354.77.

Number of members in good standing January 3, 1906		354
New members admitted during the year	29	
Reinstated during the year	1	
		30
Aggregate		384
Loss by death	13	
Loss by dropped	2	
		15
Number of members in good standing		369
Died since annual report rendered		5
Membership on May 28, 1907		364

Following the reports of the officers, the transaction of routine business and the election of the officers for the ensuing year was completed and the Society listened with marked attention to fervid and patriotic addresses by the President, Hon. Judge Fort, and Rev. William M. Lawrence, D. D., who took as his subject the question, "Was the American Revolution Justified from the Standpoint of the Twentieth Century?" which was handled in a brilliant address and was listened to with marked appreciation, often manifesting itself in enthusiastic applause at the eulogistic references to the patriotic devotion of the leaders and patriots of the American Revolution, whose tramp swept over New Jersey with such relentless swing and laid the foundation for the greatness the Republic has since attained.

The proceedings of the annual meeting were printed in an eight-page pamphlet, dated January 22, and distributed for the information of

members. The Society provides each member with the OFFICIAL BULLETIN of the National Society.

J. R. MULLIKIN, *Secretary.*

EMPIRE STATE SOCIETY.

Total membership April 1, 1906	1,281
Admissions	104
Losses by death, etc.	109
Total membership April 1, 1907	1,276
Active	1,230
Inactive	41
Honorary	5

Five meetings of the Society have been held during the past year, as well as nine meetings of the Board of Managers. The annual election of officers took place March 19, 1907, and Compatriot William Allen Marble was again reëlected President.

During the month of May, 1906, our Committee on the Observance of Flag Day requested the editors of the various city newspapers to make note of the fact that June 14 would be Flag Day, and to ask all patriots to exhibit the American flag on residences, business places and churches.

At the May meeting of the Board of Managers it was ordered that one of our Society's markers be placed over the grave of Capt. Joel Cook, a hero of both our wars with England, the same to remain there until such time as the proposed monument contemplated by certain societies of Babylon should be erected.

On May 15, 1906, President Marble presided over the deliberations of our Society for the first time since his return from Egypt, where he had sojourned during the winter. At this time he reported that he had visited the grave of Lafayette, and, noticing that the old flagstaff from which an American flag was flying was in a very dilapidated condition, he had issued instructions to have the staff replaced with a new one, so that for the next twenty years, at least, the Stars and Stripes will continue to mark the site of the last resting-place of the distinguished Frenchman who counted it an honor to serve both Liberty and her most distinguished son—the "Father of his Country."

On the Sunday in May nearest Decoration Day it had been planned by various patriotic organizations to visit the tomb of the Prison Ship Martyrs in Brooklyn, and, notwithstanding the very rainy afternoon, the compatriots who represented our Society at these ceremonies were able to approach near enough to the base of the tomb to place thereon their wreaths.

On June 14, 1906, there died at his country seat on Long Island the uncle of President Roosevelt, the Hon. Robert B. Roosevelt, a former President of this Society, and it was with profound sorrow that we were compelled to note the passing of so distinguished a patriot and servant of his country as he. His enthusiasm in patriotic work, his

ambitions for the welfare and advancement of the Society of which he was an honored member, gave great encouragement to his compatriots, while his strong personality, sterling integrity of character, and high purpose in life, together with his ready sympathy, endeared him to all with whom he came in contact.

His keen interest in patriotic work and the purposes of the Sons of the American Revolution led to his election as Vice-President, and in 1899 as President of the Empire State Society. During such official connection his concern for the advancement of the Society in its aims and objects not only stimulated his compatriots to greater activity, but promoted a furtherance of its principles. His warm personal friends of the State and Nation deeply regret the loss of his companionship and the helpfulness of the influence of his labors.

On July 19, 1906, the Society, as well as the country generally, was again bereft in the decease of Walter Seth Logan, who was stricken suddenly with heart disease while on his way to a client's office, at 120 Broadway. He had been requested to take a carriage from his office, but he insisted on walking, and the extra exertion on a hot summer's day became the angel of welcome to usher him into eternity.

Walter Seth Logan had the singular distinction of holding three diplomas, one from each of the great American universities: Yale, 1870; Harvard Law School, 1871, and Columbia Law School, 1872, and he entered upon the practice of law allied, as a young man, with the great leaders of the American Bar, James C. Carter and Charles O'Connor. As in every other sphere of usefulness, he improved the opportunity this advantageous connection rendered him in the opening of his professional career. He died in the active prosecution of its duties, as described above, one of the best known lawyers in the United States, and recognized to be one of the leaders of the American Bar. The profession which he thus honored gave him in return many marks of distinction. He was a former President of the Bar Association of this State and Vice-President of the American Bar Association.

During all the busy years of his career Mr. Logan took time to lend the weight of his influence to many of the great reform movements of his day, which proves the strange fact that those most employed are generally the ones who can make time to serve their fellow-men in some capacity or another, while the laggard uses the same plea for his refusal to accept the duties generally entailed on good citizenship. Mr. Logan's intellect, voice, and pen were always employed to promote every patriotic endeavor that came to his hand.

The Sons of the American Revolution, in fact the people at large, sustained a great loss in the decease of Mr. Logan. Formerly the President General of the National Society, he gave to its development and the spread of patriotic principles not only the best endeavors of his vigorous manhood and the potent strength of his cultured intellect, but welded together its membership by the incomparable geniality of his comradeship and the great, warm-hearted sympathy of his personality. We owe him much for the work he accomplished for this Society; we

owe him *more* for the example of a lovable nature which ever sought out the best in each of his compatriots and tried to make brighter the life of every man who approached within the radius of his cheerful influence.

In the deep sorrow for our loss we can still rejoice for him that his entrance into that wider life was such as he would most have wished, "with no interval of weakness or suffering," but armed with all the attributes of his noble manhood and in the full enjoyment of every faculty, in one step he left behind all mortal things. We cherish the memory of his genial countenance, the contagious good fellowship of his hospitality, the sweet nature of his great heart.

"He who in the hearts of his loved ones lives
Surely is not dead; he is but far away.
Death only comes when forgetfulness begins."

At the February meeting of the Society the President ruled the assembly with a gavel presented by former Deputy Police Commissioner, Major Ebstein, the same having been manufactured from the wood taken from the hull of the U. S. Schooner *Royal Savage,* which was sunk in action off Valcour Island, Lake Champlain, October 11, 1776, this vessel having once been Benedict Arnold's flagship.

At this meeting we had the great pleasure of listening to a very instructive address by the President of Iowa College, Grinnell, Iowa, Prof. Edward A. Steiner, who spoke on "The New American and the New Problems."

The annual patriotic sermon was delivered by the Chaplain on Sunday evening, February 24, at the Church of the Divine Paternity, the subject being "Patriotism and Peace."

During the past year portraits of George Washington have been presented to the following: First Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday School, Ithaca, N. Y.; Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, New York City; Public Schools Nos. 132 and 38, New York City, and the Lafayette High School, Buffalo, N. Y. Besides the distribution of the above, we were also instrumental in the planting of five poplar trees on Bedloe's Island, New York Harbor, having been requested to be one of eight patriotic societies in this vicinity to see that forty such trees be placed on that island for its adornment.

The annual banquet of our Society was held at the Waldorf-Astoria on the evening of Monday, November 26, 1906. The guest of honor on that occasion was the Hon. Charles Evans Hughes, who had just been elected Governor of the State of New York with something like 60,000 votes to spare, although his colleagues on the same ticket as himself were defeated. The affair was one long to be remembered, quite a few brilliant speeches having been made. The souvenir was a State flag of New York in honor of the Governor-elect.

LOUIS ANNIN AMES, *Secretary.*

OHIO SOCIETY.

The last year has been an unusually active one in the Ohio Society, several new Chapters having been organized and others are in progress of organization. Accessions by initiation and by transfer from other State Societies have been considerably in excess of deaths and demissions.

The Publicity Committee has been fortunate in interesting the State newspapers, magazines, and periodicals in Revolutionary research, as regards the pioneer settlers of Revolutionary record, in Ohio, and the result has been to interest thousands of eligibles. New recruits are already resulting from the interest thus aroused.

The Society, through its Educational Committee, of which Col. W. L. Curry, of Columbus, is Chairman, has issued as a small eight-page pamphlet "A Welcome to Immigrants and Some Good Advice."

On April 19 the Society met at Columbus to elect officers and to hold a banquet in commemoration of the day. Col. W. L. Curry, of Columbus, was elected President; John Uri Lloyd, of Cincinnati, Vice-President; William A. Taylor, of Columbus, Secretary, and Hugh Huntington, of Columbus, Assistant Secretary and Registrar. Addresses were made at the banquet by Judge M. P. Brister, Dr. D. E. Gardiner, Rev. R. D. Hollington, and others. Hon. D. J. Ryan told of the part played by "The Irish Element in the Revolution," and an original poem, entitled "At Lexington," was read by Colonel Curry, the newly-elected President, who had been Registrar of the Society for 17 years.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Society was held in Pittsburg on February 22, and the proceedings were printed in an eight-page pamphlet. Thirty-five new members have been added to the roll.

At the Congress of the National Society held in Independence Hall in 1905 a resolution was discussed and referred to the Pennsylvania Society to provide for more fitly marking the grave at Chester, Pa., of John Morton, Signer of the Declaration of Independence.

A committee was appointed by the Philadelphia Chapter, with Maj. Moses Veale as Chairman, and the work accomplished is told in an illustrated pamphlet of twenty pages, entitled "Graves of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence from Pennsylvania," with the following preface:

The Philadelphia Chapter of the Sons of the American Revolution, realizing how greatly the American people are indebted to the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, and that every honor possible should be shown to their memories, have deemed it a very worthy and proper work to place in some permanent form the history of the graves of the Signers, where they are located, how they are marked, and what care is bestowed upon them; and, as far as possible, where the graves are not marked by some monument or tombstone, to create sufficient interest among the Sons of the American Revolution to have the graves properly marked.

The remains of James Wilson, one of the Pennsylvania Signers, brought from Edenton, North Carolina, were recently reinterred in Philadelphia with National and State honors. The ceremonies were in charge of the Governor of Pennsylvania and the James Wilson Memorial Committee. The Sons of the American Revolution were represented by a committee of the State Society.

One hundred members participated in the annual banquet on February 22, when addresses were given by Hon. George W. Guthrie, Mayor of Pittsburg, and by Mr. Will Carlton, the poet, whose subject was "The Mission of the Sons."

RHODE ISLAND SOCIETY.

The Rhode Island Society has added 26 new members to its roll during the year, and has lost by death 13, dropped 4, resigned 2, transferred 1, making a present active membership of 287 on May 4, 1907.

On September 13 about 150 members of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Societies united in a visit to Gaspee Point, Bristol Harbor, Common Fence Point, and other places about Narragansett Bay connected with events of the Revolution. Dr. Parker and Mr. Farnsworth, Presidents of the respective Societies, and a joint committee executed a well-arranged program.

The annual meeting and banquet was held at Providence on February 22. The officers were elected for the year. Arrangements are being made to mark the site of the camping grounds of the French army on Rochambeau Avenue, and the Society is coöperating with other organizations toward the erection of a monument to Gen. Nathanael Greene. At the banquet, which was attended by about a hundred members and guests, addresses were delivered by ex-Gov. Charles Warren Lippitt on the history of Rhode Island in the Revolution; by Mayor McCarthy, of Providence; by Prof. W. K. Wickes, Historian General, and by Dr. Moses G. Parker, President of the Massachusetts Society. It was voted that the next two issues of the OFFICIAL BULLETIN be sent to each member of the Rhode Island Society.

The Society on May 30 held patriotic exercises at Hopkins Park, Providence, assisted by 200 school children of foreign parentage, grouped before the statue of Admiral Esek Hopkins. The program included an address by President George F. Weston, of the Rhode Island Society, who said that this was one of the annual visits paid to such spots in order that one of the principal anniversaries of the Nation might be fittingly observed. After prayer by Chaplain Webb, a recitation on What Constitutes a State was given by Emilis J. Rocchio, one of the school children, which was followed by an original essay on Esek Hopkins and His First Naval Victory, by Miss Retha Izora Hermann, also a public-school pupil. Miss Hermann's essay was then given in Italian by James Ricco, a pupil of the Classical High School. He interpreted the address for the hundreds of his countrymen gathered about the statue. Mayor P. J. McCarthy, of Providence, was orator of the occasion.

UTAH SOCIETY.

The Utah Society has at present an active membership of 65. Since its organization, in 1895, 97 members have been elected or have transferred to the Society, and the losses by death, transfer, resignation, etc., during that period have been 32. Five new members were enrolled this year.

It is the custom of the Society to have an annual banquet, which was held this year on May 13, in commemoration of the settlement of Jamestown, Virginia, and was unusually well attended.

The annual meeting is held February 22.

The Society has for many years presented a medal to that member of the graduating class of the Salt Lake High School who prepares and delivers the best address on some topic dealing with an event of the Revolutionary War. These debates arouse considerable local interest and the Society's medal is keenly sought for. The medal was as usual awarded this year.

There being no State Society in Idaho, the Utah Society receives quite a number of applications from residents of that State.

All things considered, the Society has had a very satisfactory growth and has every reason to expect a still more satisfactory one in the future.

GEO. JAY GIBSON, *Secretary.*

MAY 20, 1907.

VERMONT SOCIETY.

The Vermont Society has added 20 new members to its roll during the year.

The Society gave its mid-winter banquet at Burlington on February 8, presided over by President William J. Van Patten. The principal address was by Hon. Henry C. Ide, former Governor General of the Philippines, on "America in the Far East," and Hon. C. H. Darling, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Navy, spoke on "Our Society."

The annual meeting was held at Montpelier on November 21. The annual fee was increased from one dollar to two dollars, the additional revenue to be used for marking historic spots and the graves of Revolutionary heroes, and Lieutenant Governor Fisk, Hon. John A. Mead, and Mr. W. T. Dewey were appointed a committee to recommend the expenditure of this fund and were empowered to appoint a subcommittee of one in each county of the State. A committee was also appointed to urge an appropriation by the State for a monument to Col. Seth Warner, a leader of the Green Mountain Boys. The Secretary of the Society has compiled a list of 5,651 Revolutionary soldiers who lived and died in Vermont. The Society endorsed the proposal to celebrate the 300th anniversary of the discovery of Lake Champlain. Officers were elected for the year.

WALTER HILL CROCKETT, *Secretary.*

MAY 16, 1907.

VIRGINIA SOCIETY.

The Virginia Society on February 22 listened to an address by its President, Hon. L. L. Lewis, on "The Father of His Country." At the annual election all the officers of the Society were reëlected for another term, Dr. R. A. Brock being continued as Secretary, Registrar, and Historian.

The Tidewater Chapter at Norfolk has perfected its organization.

Eleven new members have been added to the Virginia roll during the year.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Before proceeding further, I may mention that several additional credentials have been handed to me by the Credentials Committee. Their report has been acted upon and adopted. I may say that one of these credentials is from a member of the Wisconsin Society, who has just arrived, Charles C. Townsend. The certificate is signed by William W. Wight, President and Secretary *pro tem.* of the Wisconsin Society. I move that this name be added to the roll of the delegates present.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and declared carried.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I also have had handed to me by the Credentials Committee three certificates of delegates for the Massachusetts Society, signed by Charles B. Holman, Waldo E. Boardman, Samuel May Boardman, and Frank Hervey Pettingell. The names are George K. Kimball, of Colorado; W. A. Platt, of Colorado, and Dr. W. W. Arnold, of Colorado.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, if it is your pleasure that we accept these delegates, a motion will be in order.

Mr. BOARDMAN (Massachusetts): I move that they be accepted.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): This is rather an embarrassing position. We do not believe in the idea, but we do not want to be impolite to Colorado.

Mr. HERSEY (Colorado): Mr. President General, I rise to a question of privilege. We of Colorado are your hosts, and we wish to maintain that relation and have everything purely in the nature of host. A number of the members of the Colorado Society, including myself, in our earnest desire to do

whatever was the wish of our guests, have consented that our names might be used by other delegations where requested as delegates from different State Societies; but, in view of some controversy that has arisen, and for fear of some possible misunderstanding of our position, and realizing very keenly our position as host, we desire to say that the Colorado "mavericks," as we call them in the West—unbranded steers—desire to have it understood that they do not wish or intend to vote for officers of the National Society. The Colorado Society, with its regularly appointed delegates, will, of course, vote, but in view of the position which we occupy as host we think it eminently proper and fitting that we should not vote for National officers as representing these Societies of other States. I hope you will understand our position.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): In view of that statement by the gentleman from Colorado, I second the motion.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Before the motion is put I would like to present also the credentials of General Irving Hale as a delegate from the Empire State Society.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I am sure that we will all gladly welcome these delegates from Colorado to sit with us on this occasion.

The motion was put by the President General and declared carried.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: New business is now in order.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): Mr. President General, I am instructed by the Society of the State of Illinois to present the following resolution:

WHEREAS the people of the United States in general, and those who took an active part in the various wars in which the United Staes was a party, or descendants of the same, desire access to the various muster rolls and records of those wars that are now buried in the office of the Military Secretary at Washington and inaccessible to the public: Therefore

Resolved, That the Illinois Society of the Sons of the American Revolution requests The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution to communicate with the various hereditary Societies asking them to unite with the Sons of the American Revolution in a petition to Congress to have so much of these muster rolls and records as would at least give the name, residence, regiment, company, and rank of each individual who served in the Army or Navy of the United States in any of the wars in which the United States has engaged printed and dis-

tributed, giving one complete copy to the public library of each city in the United States having a population of fifty thousand persons or over.

I move the adoption of this resolution.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Mr. President General, I would like to second the motion to adopt the resolution, but it seems to me that there are one or two points in it that ought to receive further consideration by the Board of Trustees, if there be no objection.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): I will, with the permission of the Congress, change my motion and move the reference of the Illinois resolution to the Board of Trustees, with power to act.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and declared carried.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): I do not believe that is broad enough—that is, if the very desirable end can be accomplished, that there are many many cities, especially in this Central West here, where they do not always brag of their "mavericks," of from twenty to twenty-five thousand population, having very good libraries, and it is from these towns that we expect to draw, rather than from the larger communities. I think the gentleman ought to enlarge the scope of the resolution in that respect.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): I will accept that amendment.

Amendment seconded.

Colonel THOMPSON (District of Columbia): There are many towns in this country with not more than five thousand population that have good libraries. I therefore move to strike out the provision limiting it to from twenty to twenty-five thousand.

Mr. DEWEY (Vermont): Our city has less than ten thousand inhabitants, and we have the best historical library and the best law library in the State. You can get one volume for every library of a city of two thousand inhabitants or over.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): If no one has a different suggestion to make, I would suggest that it read cities of not less than five thousand population.

Colonel LYMAN (District of Columbia): I suggest that we read Abraham's prayer. (Laughter.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, you have heard the motion that this be referred to the Board of Trustees for action. Are you ready for the question.

Motion carried.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I understand that we are to hear from Mr. Avery, of Buffalo.

Mr. TRUEMAN G. AVERY (New York): I would like to have the Secretary General read the invitation extended to this Congress by the city of Buffalo.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: At the Boston Congress in Faneuil Hall, a year ago, Mr. Steele, of the Buffalo Chapter, extended an invitation to this National Congress to meet in the city of Buffalo in 1907 or 1908.

Mr. AVERY (New York): Well, that is not exactly the form of it, but I guess it covers the ground. But the point of it is that Buffalo extended an invitation to this Society to hold a Congress at Buffalo. At that time there was another invitation. The matter was referred to the Board of Managers, and when that Board met there was another invitation, so that there were three invitations to be considered, one from Buffalo, one from Norfolk, and one from Denver. The claims of Denver were presented so very strongly, and they were so strong in themselves, that, although one of the Board of Managers myself, I voted for Denver. But, as I say, I made a reservation for Buffalo, and Buffalo still has its claim for the Congress, and I was instructed at the last meeting of our Chapter to present this invitation for the year 1908 and not to leave it open, and I do so, hoping that the Congress will decide that it will hold its next meeting in 1908 at Buffalo.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): I would like to say in this connection that it has the entire approval of the Empire State Society.

Mr. SHYROCK (Maryland): Mr. President General and compatriots, the South has always its arms open to welcome the North, the East, the West, and, in fact, the whole world. We therefore at our last meeting passed a resolution authorizing a representative from the Maryland Society, which I have the honor to be, to present this invitation to this Society, and I take great pleasure in doing so.

The Maryland Society of the Sons of the American Revolution extend to the National Society a most cordial and hearty invitation to hold the annual Congress of the Society for the year 1908 in the city of Baltimore. While it is not the good fortune of the Society of Maryland to equal numerically the Societies of some of the other States, and while Maryland cannot boast of having within her confines battlefields of the American Revolution, the same warm blood flows through the veins of her sons today as did in that momentous struggle for the founding of the Nation, which was evidenced by the presence of her sons on almost every field where the battles for freedom were waged. But Maryland can claim that her sons today are as loyal to the general Society and their compatriots of other States as were their sires of old to the common cause, and they present their invitation to the National Society in the hope that they may have an opportunity to greet their compatriots on the shores of the Chesapeake and to extend to them a true Maryland welcome.

Mr. Tebbetts (Alabama): Mr. President General, compatriots, on behalf of the Alabama Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, the two delegates, General Whiting, the former President of our Society, and myself, were instructed to invite the National Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution to meet in Mobile either next year or the year after next or the year following. I want to state for the information of the gentlemen present who may not be up on the history of our section of the country that Mobile, in 1911, celebrates its 200th anniversary—that is, two hundred years ago, in 1911, Mobile was founded. That is eleven years earlier than New Orleans. Mobile has lived, as you perhaps all remember, under four flags—first the Spanish, then the English, the French, and now the American. So I simply want to serve notice on this entire Congress that if we cannot get you for 1908 or 1909 or 1910 we are certainly going to insist upon having you in 1911. (Applause.)

Colonel Hubbard (California): Mr. President General, when I left San Francisco the last admonition I received was that I should extend to this Congress an invitation to visit San Francisco. We do not expect you next year nor the year after, but some time in the near future. I thank you.

Mr. Dewey (Vermont): Mr. President General, I am requested and directed by the Vermont Society to call attention to the fact that they, too, expect and intend that you shall be there in 1909, the 300th anniversary of the discovery of Lake

Champlain. I see by yesterday's Denver papers that New York State has appointed a committee, of which the Governor and other prominent citizens of New York are members, to aid in the arrangements for the celebration. The French Government already has a representative appointed, and Canada is also expected to take part in it. The Vermont Legislature has appropriated money to aid in the success of the celebration. Just keep that in mind next year and make no promises.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Mr. President General, the following invitations have been received:

DENVER, COLO., *June* 1, 1907.

The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. PRESIDENT GENERAL AND COMPATRIOTS: The Washington Society extends its most cordial invitation to you to hold the annual Congress for 1909 at Seattle.

Ample provisions will be made for the comfort and entertainment of all compatriots who may attend if this invitation shall be accepted.

The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition will be held in Seattle that year, and in connection with the exhibition of the material resources of the countries whose shores are washed by the Pacific Ocean there will be a most auspicious opportunity for the development of patriotic sentiment. We believe that it is worth while for you to come West once more in 1909.

Respecfully,

CORNELIUS H. HANFORD,
President Washington Society Sons of the American Revolution.

BUREAU OF PUBLICITY,
NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., *June* 3, 1907.

To the Officers and Members of the Sons of the American Revolution in Convention Assembled in Denver, Colo.

FRIENDS: On behalf of the Bureau of Publicity of Niagara Falls, I beg to at this time extend you our most hearty invitation to convene your annual meeting of 1908 in this city.

Over a score of railway lines center here, including the great trunk lines of the country. These railways operate something like 250 daily trains for the accommodation of your members, both coming and returning.

Our hotels are large, convenient, and moderate priced. Our largest and best, viz., the Cataract and International, accommodates something like 1,200 people. We will make you special rates in this hotel of from $3.00 to $5.00 per day, American plan, and will also set aside a certain

number of rooms at $2.50 per day, American plan. Correspondingly lower rates can be obtained at our other hotels.

Within the Cataract and International Hotel are located for your business sessions an assembly hall seating 800, a meeting room seating 500, and two smaller meeting rooms seating 200 each; these, together with the large and spacious parlors, will be placed at the disposal of your organization free of charge should you honor us with your presence a year hence.

As a special inducement to your Association, the Bureau of Publicity will gladly arrange and carry out a series of pleasant entertainments for your members and guests while in our city. This will be entirely at our expense.

With best wishes for a pleasant session in Denver, and trusting that Niagara Falls may be honored with your 1908 meeting, I am,

Very respectfully,

GUY C. BENNETT, *Secretary,*
Per F. N.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I move, Mr. President General, that these several invitations be referred, in regular order, to the Board of Trustees for action thereon.

Motion seconded.

Mr. HERSEY (Colorado): On behalf of the Colorado Society, I want to extend to the National Congress an invitation to meet here annually. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. AVERY (New York): We have an organization in Buffalo called the Niagara Falls Historical Association. It is made up of seven delegates from several patriotic societies, among them the S. A. R., the G. A. R., the C. A. R., the Colonial Wars, and other organizations, and knowing that I was coming here they wished me to extend a greeting from these various societies to this Congress.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You have heard the motion that these several invitations be referred to the Board of Trustees for action. Are you ready for the question?

Question called for.

The question, having been seconded, was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): After we adopted the Constitution there seemed to be an unauthorized rumor that hereafter we are going to meet always at the city of Washington. I think that rumor will be quieted by the invitations we have had here today.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: One of the most pleasing of the conditions that usually exist at a National Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution will now take place, and that is the election of officers, and nominations for President General are now in order.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Mr. President General, I move that in the presentation of the different officers in nomination the speeches be limited to one minute each.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The usual order has been for nominations to be received when the opportunity is given for them.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): Mr. President General, there has been a growing sentiment for several years in this Society that the claims of the West should be recognized in granting to them the highest honor that can be bestowed by this Society. I am aware that our friends who live west of the Missouri River will smile when I speak of Illinois as in the West, but the fact remains that a great many of our friends in the East, on the Atlantic border, look upon a thousand miles to Chicago as away West, and they claim we have a good deal of the "wild and woolly" there yet.

Illinois claims but little Revolutionary history, but Illinois has given to the world the one man in history who, with unlimited power, failed to use one bit of it for his own selfish motives, for his own aggrandizement. It also gave us Grant. Now, today I have a name to present of a man who has a long line of ancestry. His original ancestry landed in New Hampshire in 1726. His son received the word of the Battle of Lexington in the plowed field. He unhitched his horses and, mounting them, went into the town of Epsom, New Hampshire, and there gathered eighty men and started immediately to the front. He later became a Major in John Stark's New Hampshire regiment, and thirty of those eighty men became officers in the American Army, and one of them a Commander-in-Chief of the American Army. Major McClary was killed at the Battle of Bunker Hill, and, later, a great-great-grandson of his, born on a Vermont farm, graduated at Dartmouth College, later became President of its Chicago alumni, later became

President of the Illinois Society, and later Vice-President General of the National Society. This man is Nelson A. McClary, whom most of you know. (Applause.) At home he is valued for his sterling qualities, for his lovable nature, and for the true friendship he has for friends, for his generous heart and his open hand toward those who are less fortunate than himself. Now, I say that Illinois claims this honor, and, in honoring Illinois and Mr. McClary, The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution will confer a greater honor upon itself.

Admiral BAIRD (District of Columbia): The District of Columbia seconds the nomination, not only because of the magnificent pedigree of Mr. McClary, but for his delightful personality, his inflexible fidelity, and his zeal in the offices that he has held and his devotion to this Society.

Mr. DEWEY (Vermont): How could Vermont do anything else but second the nomination of a man born there, who has gone to the West and helped to do what Mr. Lord has told us about?

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): Mr. President General, compatriots, I rise to speak in behalf of the Society I represent—the Society of the State of Michigan. A pleasing reference was made yesterday by our Chairman to the way in which a suitor pressed his case, when he said to the one whose favor he desired to win, "I love you," and she replied: "You love me now; I have loved you these many years." I question whether there is a State Society that has loved the National Society longer and has given in every way possible a fuller expression to that affection and regard and service than the Society of the State of Michigan. I am instructed by my State Society to present the name of a member of that Society for the highest office of this National Society, Mr. George W. Bates. I do this because of all the men we know he is the one that we recognize as the most forceful, and not only the one who has the greatest affection for this Society, but the most forceful in presenting its claims in our own State, and we have felt that no one could present those claims more forcefully to the States that we are seeking to enlist in our cause. We have had in the Michigan State Society abundant endorsement of this request which we are making, coming from different sections

of the country, in a large number of names, endorsing that request, the names which I hold in my hand, and we have been gratified by this expression of interest in the Michigan State Society. However, since we have been here at this meeting of the National Congress, there has been on the part of some of the members present an expression of a desire that there might always be not only harmony, but unanimity, and that whoever is suggested as a candidate for this the highest office of the Society should have a unanimous vote, and the members of the State Society who are here present having deference to such a wish, having more at heart the interests of peace and unity in this Society than the desire of having a member of our Society at present a President General, the members of this Society present representing our State Society are going to take a liberty, and beg leave that this name be not presented, and which, having been presented, is withdrawn. It was a great general, a man who was distinguished not only for his ability to lead an army, but to fight, who once said, "Let us have peace," and this patriotic Society of the Sons of the American Revolution has always, without exception, in its deliberations set forth before the people of the United States, on any occasion, for any election, the highest offices which that Society has to confer, and this Society of the Sons of the American Revolution desires to perpetuate that record; so we withdraw the name of any one who will compete with the name presented by the Society of the State of Illinois, and I therefore move, if it is in order, that the rule be suspended, in accordance with the procedure of the last annual Congress, and the vote cast.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It must be unanimous.

Rev. Dr. CLARK (Michigan): It must be cast for the representative chosen by the Illinois Society.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): It gives me great pleasure to support the motion just made by Dr. Clark.

Mr. WEBSTER (Nebraska): A moment ago I told Mr. McClary that, being a native of Detroit and feeling the name of that city branded on my heart, I must vote for their chosen candidate. I am glad now that I can cast my vote for Mr. McClary, for my ancestors stood with his on Bunker Hill.

Mr. LORD (Illinois) : You crowded me so much for time that I forgot to say that Major McClary, ancestor of our own Mr. McClary, was killed in the Battle of Bunker Hill.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL : The motion before the Congress is that the Secretary General cast the unanimous ballot for Mr. McClary, of Illinois, for President General. Are you ready for the question.

Question called for.

The motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously, amid prolonged applause and cheers.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL : The Secretary General has cast the ballot for Nelson A. McClary, of Illinois, for President General. I will ask Mr. Bates, of Michigan, and Mr. Lord, of Illinois, to escort the President General to the front. (Continued applause and cheers.)

Compatriots, your President General-elect. (Renewed cheering and applause.)

Mr. MCCLARY (Illinois) : Mr. President General, compatriots, I think that you neither expect nor wish to hear any speech from me at this time. I do wish, however, to try to thank you. It would be entirely impossible for me to adequately express my appreciation for this very great honor. While I fully understand that it is an honor mainly, primarily, for the Illinois Society and in recognition of the West, yet I value it none the less on that account.

I thank you, gentlemen. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL : The next in order are the nominations for Vice-Presidents General. There are five Vice-Presidents General to be elected.

Colonel HUBBARD (California) : I desire to present to this Congress the name of Pelham Warren Ames, President of the California Society. Mr. Ames is a graduate of Harvard College, and is educated in the intricacies of the law. He served his country during the War of the Rebellion; he is a member of the Episcopal Church; he is a father and a grandfather, and he is a poet.

Major TEBBETTS (Alabama) : Mr. President General, under the new Constitution we have provided for five Vice-Presidents General. The selection of that number no doubt was made—and it looks to me very wise—because that takes in all sections

of the country—north, south, east, west, and the middle. I come from a section of the country, gentlemen, that perhaps you will all admit needs development in this particular work. We have listened to the remarks of our now President General-elect on behalf of the South, Mississippi, Illinois, Georgia, and North and South Carolina. I want to state, gentlemen, that if you will give us a representative, if you will confer that distinguished honor upon us, we will have all those States organized before the next Convention. I have a man to present from our section of the country. General Whiting has been the most enthusiastic member of our State Society, and your retiring President General, who I think is personally acquainted with him, will vouch for what I say, that no gentleman of the South is more eloquent that General Whiting, and no man will grace that office more than he. I have the honor of presenting for your consideration the name of General J. W. Whiting, of Mobile, Alabama.

Mr. Bates (Michigan): Every member of this Society appreciates the very delightful reception we have received here at the hands of the Colorado Society, and I am advised, and I think you will all agree with me when I say that perhaps no member of the Colorado Society is entitled to more credit for the manner in which this reception has been planned and carried out than our distinguished compatriot, Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer. (Applause.) It gives me great pleasure to move the nomination of Dr. Guyer as one of our Vice-Presidents General, and I am going to ask permission of the Congress that the rules be suspended and that unanimous consent be given that the vote of the Congress be given to Dr. Guyer as the first on the list of Vice-Presidents General.

Commander Moore (District of Columbia): I second the motion as far as the suspension of the rules is concerned, but not to——

Mr. Bates (Michigan): Then I ask that unanimous consent be give in the name of the hospitality that has been accorded to us on this occasion.

Dr. Slocum (Colorado): I would like to give myself the pleasure on behalf of the Colorado Society of thanking Mr. Bates for that nomination, and also the pleasure of seconding it, for no one has done more for this meeting, no one

has been more loyal to our Society and its principles, and there is no one whom we will be more glad to put forward for this honor than our friend and compatriot, Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer.

Colonel LYMAN (District of Columbia): The District of Columbia is in a section of the country which may be called southern or central, or may be called as belonging to all parts of the country, because it is the Capital of the Nation and is the center of our political and will soon be the center of our social and educational life. We have the great pleasure of presenting to this Congress for election as one of the Vice-Presidents General Mr. Wm. Hamilton Bayly, of the District of Columbia Society, late a President of that Society and many times a delegate in this Congress. (Applause.)

Mr. MARBLE (New York): When I left New York I came here without any intention of offering the name of any one for any of the offices to be filled on this occasion. Since my arrival here several members of the other State Societies have urged me to offer a name, and, under the strength of that pressure, I cannot resist. The Empire State Society offers the name of Trueman G. Avery, of Buffalo, as one of the Vice-Presidents General. (Applause.)

Mr. PLATT (Massachusetts): I am deputized by the delegates from Massachusetts, of which I am a "maverick" member for the time being, to present a name to you for one of the Vice-Presidents General. He is a native son of Massachusetts, has been an adopted son of Colorado, and is now apparently readopted by the Massachusetts delegation. He is a loyal son of Massachusetts, believing that to be the best State in the Union to come from, and the Massachusets delegation evidently believe that he is a good man for this place and urge him as a delegate from Massachusetts. In the preliminary work of this convention no one, with the possible exception of Dr. Guyer, has taken more pains, no one has been more active, and the result of his labors you will see when you reach Colorado Springs on Thursday. On behalf of Massachusetts, Frank H. Pettingell is presented for your consideration.

Mr. WOODMAN (Massachusetts): I rise to second the nomination of Mr. Pettingill.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): I second the nomination by the District of Columbia of Mr. Bayly.

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE (Nebraska): In rising to second the nomination of the candidate from Alabama, I wish to say that it seems to me, as representing one of the States in this Middle West, that very, very much can be done by having a representative among the Vice-Presidents General in the southern section of the country, and, while I have not the pleasure to personally know General Whiting, I think he is sufficiently known to the members of this Congress, and we ought to make him one of our Vice-Presidents General.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I second that nomination.

There is a motion before the House, if I recall correctly, that the rules be suspended and that a unanimous vote be cast by our Secretary General for Dr. Guyer for Vice-President. Whatever nominations may follow, we shall be pleased to have them, but I think that courtesy should be shown, as suggested by Compatriot Bates, of Michigan, to Colorado on this occasion, and, if there is no objection, that method will be pursued in regard to the election of Dr. Guyer, of Colorado, and at once.

The motion was then put by the President General and carried unanimously. (Applause.)

(The President General proposed three cheers for Dr. Guyer, which were given amid great enthusiasm.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Dr. Guyer is elected by a vote cast by the Secretary General as one of our Vice-Presidents General. (Applause.)

(Calls from many delegates for Dr. Guyer.)

Dr. GUYER (Colorado): Mr. President General and compatriots, I have but a very few words to say. I do thank you from the bottom of my heart, and I do appreciate this high honor that has been conferred upon the State of Colorado as well as upon myself.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Further nominations are now in order.

Mr. BURGESS (Connecticut): On behalf of the State of Connecticut, I wish most cordially to second the nomination of Mr. Avery, of the Empire State, for Vice-President General.

Colonel LYMAN (District of Columbia): As nobody else seems to rise to make a nomination, I move that the nominations be closed.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The nominations thus far made are as follows: Pelham Warren Ames, California; J. W. Whiting, Alabama; Clarkson N. Guyer, Colorado; W. H. Bayly, District of Columbia; Trueman G. Avery, New York; F. H. Pettingell, Colorado Springs, Dr. Guyer, of Colorado, having been elected.

Major TOLMAN (Illinois): In view of the fact that our Constitution is our fundamental law, it may not, perhaps, be validly changed by verbal vote on the floor, and, inasmuch as it can easily be done, all being unanimous in the matter, in order that there may be no doubt about the legality of the election of Dr. Guyer, I suggest that the law will require it and that we should proceed in the formal casting of ballots, since that must be done, to vote formally also for Dr. Guyer. The reason is that there are now a total of six candidates for five places, and you cannot by vote cast the unanimous ballot of the Society for any five of them, and, in order to make that perfectly regular, I think that should be done, and I move that we proceed to the election of Dr. Guyer by formal vote.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I do not think that is true. I think we have legally elected Dr. Guyer one of the Vice-Presidents General. That is an election by ballot, where, by unanimous consent, our Secretary General has been directed to deposit a ballot. That has been done and Dr. Guyer has certainly been elected one of our Vice-Presidents General.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Only four of those on the ballots will be considered elected.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Only four are to be elected, and they must be by ballot, unless we take the same action as we did with Dr. Guyer. I move that the ballots be now spread for the election of four Vice-Presidents General.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will appoint as tellers Mr. Breckinridge, of Nebraska, and Major Dutton, of California.

(The Congress then proceeded to the casting of ballots for the election of Vice-Presidents General.)

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): I move that while the tellers are counting the votes for Vice-Presidents General we proceed to the election of other officers.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the election of the Secretary General and the Registrar General. Nominations are in order.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): It was my great pleasure two or three Congresses ago to offer a resolution which combined the offices, and then later it devolved the very pleasant duty upon me to nominate the man; so I now nominate Mr. A. Howard Clark as Secretary General and Registrar General, and I also move that you, Mr. President General, cast the ballot for Mr. Clark as Secretary General and Registrar General.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): For the fifth time I want to second that nomination.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It is unanimous. I have great pleasure in putting upon our new Secretary General and our old Secretary General the proof of his election (placing the unanimous ballot cast by the President General upon the head of the Secretary General).

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Gentlemen, I thank you.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the election of the Treasurer General. Nominations will be in order.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Before I left home our present Treasurer General requested me on his behalf to thank this Society for the past compliments which they have shown to him and to say that ill health will prevent him from holding the office. He wished me also to say that as he always appreciated the honor which was given him in St. Louis of having been named by his predecessor to this office, Mr. Warren, of Boston, if he had been permitted to have been present at this Congress he would have taken great pleasure in nominating Compatriot Willard Secor, the President of the Iowa Society, for the Treasurer General. On his behalf I move you, sir, that the rules be suspended and unanimous consent be given that one ballot be deposited by the Secretary General for Com-

patriot Willard Secor, of Iowa, as our Treasurer General for the ensuing year.

Motion seconded.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You have heard the motion that the Secretary General be instructed to cast one ballot for Compatriot Willard Secor, of Iowa, for Treasurer General.

The motion was put by the President General and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The Secretary General is instructed to cast the ballot for Mr. Secor for Treasurer General.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The ballot is cast. (Applause.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will ask that Compatriot Bates, of Michigan, and Mr. Marble, of New York, escort the new Treasurer General to the front in order that we all may be acquainted with him. (Applause.)

(Messrs. Bates and Marble escorted the new Treasurer General to the platform.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Compatriots, your new Treasurer General.

Mr. SECOR (Iowa): Compatriots, it is getting late and near lunch time, and I have never made a speech in my life and I do not intend to practice now. I thank you very much for the honor you have conferred upon me.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the nomination for Historian General.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): Mr. President General and compatriots, we have been so kindly treated by the Colorado Society, and we have heard so many kind words from the President of that Society, that I think we ought to—and I do it with great pleasure—nominate Dr. Slocum as the Historian General of this Society.

Motion seconded.

Mr. BATES (Michigan): I move that the Secretary General be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the Congress, under the suspension of the rules, for Dr. Slocum as our Historian General.

Motion seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Dr. Slocum, of Colorado, is elected Historian General. (Applause.) I will appoint Judge Beards-

ley, of Connecticut, and Mr. Bates, of Michigan, to escort our Historian General to the platform.

(At the suggestion of the President General three cheers were given Dr. Slocum, with great enthusiasm.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I have the honor of introducing to you your new Historian General, Dr. Slocum.

Dr. SLOCUM (Colorado): Gentlemen, I appreciate this very much, indeed. I suppose I ought to ask what my duties are. I am not quite sure what they are. Some little time ago I was trying to make an address, and after trying to make it and not succeeding as well as I thought I should, a young man met me and thanked me for my address, and then added, very significantly, "You know that a new face and a new voice count for a great deal if a man doesn't say much." And ever since then I have never hesitated about making a new speech to a new audience, and therefore it is that I take up with great pleasure the duties of this new office.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The next in order is the election of a Chaplain General. Nominations are in order.

Mr. MARBLE (New York): Again, Mr. President General, I rise in explanation and repeat what I said when I made the nomination for Vice-President, that New York came here with no request, but certain pressure has been brought to bear upon me to offer the name of one as your Chaplain General who, though recently having come to our State, I am very glad to be able to say has had his education in patriotism until about a year ago in the State of Michigan, and I therefore offer, as the candidate for Chaplain General, the Rev. J. Hermann Randall, D. D., Pastor of the Mt. Morris Baptist Church, of New York city.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You have heard the nomination. Are there any other nominations?

A DELEGATE: I move that the rules be suspended and that one ballot be cast by the Secretary General for Dr. Randall as Chaplain General of this Society.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The vote has been cast.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): We have now come to the election of forty-one members of the Board of Trustees, and

I would suggest, in order to expedite the matter, that the Secretary General read the roll of the States, and when you reach a State and they have complied with the requirements of the Constitution and sent in the names of their Trustees, that you inquire from the delegates of that State what is their pleasure in selecting one of the three as their representative on the Board. Where they have neglected to make nominations we have no choice but to elect the President of that State Society.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will state that Mr. Randall has been elected as Chaplain General. You have heard the motion of Compatriot Beardsley, of Connecticut, that the roll shall be called and that those States that have complied with the requirements of the Constitution and have already selected a member of the Board of Trustees will so state; otherwise that the President of the State Society will be considered the member of the Board of Trustees. Are you ready for the question?

Question called for.

The motion was duly seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: The roll will be called.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Alabama. (No name presented.)

Mr. TEBBETTS (Alabama): I presume that Alabama has not had an opportunity to present the Constitution before my Society, and therefore the President of that Society would be the candidate.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that consent be given that the Alabama Society present the name of Mr. Tebbetts as their member of the Board of Trustees, and that the Secretary be instructed to cast the unanimous ballot of this Congress to that effect, under a suspension of the rules.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Arizona has sent no names. The President of that Society is George D. Christy.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that we take the same action in that case.

Motion seconded.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): Is it not possible to elect all these Presidents by one ballot?

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Yes; we will have the Secretary call the roll, and we will select those named.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Some States have sent in their nominations.

Mr. LORD (Illinois): You can group all the Presidents of the different Societies and cast one ballot for them.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Let the Secretary General read the list of those to whom it will apply, and then let us cast a unanimous ballot for all of them.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: I will read the names first of those who have not sent nominations.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Yes, and then you can deposit one ballot for their Presidents.

The Secretary General then read the list of those States that had not sent in names.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): I do not think the different Societies know about this.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: They all received notice in April.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that unanimous consent be given to suspend the rules and that the Secretary General deposit one ballot for the present Presidents of such State Societies as have omitted to make their nominations in accordance with the Constitution.

Motion seconded.

A DELEGATE: I would like to inquire whether, where the President of a State Society has been elected to a National office, he is also eligible to a Trusteeship.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: He is eligible.

A DELEGATE: I have reference to the case of Iowa. The President of that Society has been elected Treasurer General. Is he eligible to the office of Trustee?

The SECRETARY GENERAL: He is.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: You have heard the motion of Compatriot Beardsley. Are you ready for the question?

Question called for.

The question was seconded, put by the President General, and carried.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The ballot has been cast.

I will now read the names of the nominees of the several States.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Before the reading of that list by the Secretary General, I will announce that the gentlemen named have been elected as members of the Board of Trustees.

Dr. SLOCUM (Colorado): I am not quite sure whether Colorado has presented nominations for Trustee.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: Colorado is all right. The Colorado Society, at a meeting of its Board of Managers, held on April 29, nominated Mr. H. C. Stephens as Trustee to be voted upon at the National Congress to be held in Denver on June 3. The Florida Society nominated W. S. Keyser. The Maryland Society nominated Hon. Henry Stockbridge and Alfred D. Bernard. The Illinois Society presents the name of Major Tolman to act as Trustee. The Oregon Society, the name of Mr. Tyler Woodward. The Virginia Society presents three names, General Chas. J. Anderson, Dr. George Ross, and W. McFarland Jones.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): Then the Congress shall have to determine between those three.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): I move that the first one named be chosen.

Motion seconded.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The vote will now be on the following names for Trustees: H. C. Stephens, Colorado; W. S. Keyser, Florida; Henry Stockbridge, Maryland; Edgar B. Tolman, Illinois; Tyler Woodward, Oregon; General Charles J. Anderson, Virginia.

Mr. BEARDSLEY (Connecticut): I move that the rules be suspended and that the Secretary General deposit one ballot for each of these gentlemen as members of the Board of Trustees for their respective States.

The motion was seconded, put by the President General, and carried unanimously.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The ballot has been cast.

(The list of Trustees will be found on page 14.)

The tellers appointed by the President General here reported the following vote on the nominations for Vice-Presidents General: Ames, 56; Bayly, 54; Whiting, 55; Avery, 58; Pettingell, 15.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: I will declare the following compatriots elected Vice-Presidents General of this Society: Dr.

Clarkson N. Guyer, of Colorado, elected by unanimous vote; Mr. Pelham Warren Ames, of California; Mr. William Hamilton Bayly, of the District of Columbia, Gen. J. W. Whiting, of Alabama, and Mr. Trueman G. Avery, of New York.

I would suggest that in accordance with the new Constitution the newly elected Vice-Presidents General retire to a corner of the room or somewhere else and decide their seniority by lot.

(The drawing by lot, subsequently announced by Dr. Guyer, resulted in the following order of seniority: Avery, Bayly, Ames, Whiting, Guyer.)

Mr. BURGESS (Connecticut): It has been my privilege to know the presiding officer of this Congress, the President General, for several years, and to be associated with him, and I think we all recognize the able and impartial manner in which he has conducted the affairs of the Congress and the pleasant experiences we have had under his presiding influence. I therefore move the adoption of this resolution:

Resolved, That a vote of thanks be tendered to the Hon. Cornelius A. Pugsley for the ability, fairness, and courtesy with which he has performed every act during his incumbency of the office of President General.

I will ask for a rising vote.

(The resolution was adopted by a unanimous rising vote, and three cheers were accorded with enthusiasm for Mr. Pugsley.)

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: It has been an exceedingly pleasant duty to preside over such a delightful gathering of men as have assembled here in the city of Denver. We might have known that when the invitation came from Denver, and a great many had to travel thousands of miles to gather within this beautiful city, the compatriots who came would be the choicest men in the United States. (Applause and laughter.) I want to thank you all and say to you that I appreciate the courtesy I have received at your hands.

Mr. HUBBELL (New Jersey): We have been so admirably received by the Colorado Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and have so far been treated so kindly and pleasantly, and have so much before us to be enjoyed hereafter, that I offer a resolution that the thanks of this Congress be ex-

tended to the Colorado Society for their magnificent entertainment of this Congress.

Motion seconded.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: Gentlemen, you have heard the motion that the thanks of this Congress be extended to the Colorado Society for their splendid entertainment and hospitality. I know there is but one sentiment in the hearts of those who have come to be entertained by Colorado—that of extreme appreciation of all that they have done for us. As I stated in my opening remarks, you have not yet gotten through with Colorado, and I would suggest that this vote be made a rising one.

(The motion was adopted by a unanimous rising vote.) (Applause.)

Dr. SLOCUM (Colorado): Your greatest appreciation can be shown by staying just as long as you will and coming just as often as you can, and we shall still be your debtors.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: At the request of the President General-elect, Mr. McClary, I wish to announce that at three o'clock this afternoon, in this room, there will be held a meeting of the Board of Trustees, including the general officers who have just been elected.

The SECRETARY GENERAL: The following telegram has been received:

NEW YORK, *June* 4, 1907.

JOEL FRANCIS FREEMAN,
New Jersey Society,
Care of John T. Holbrook, 1715 *California Street, Denver:*

My best wishes to you and others for a good time. Orange Chapter sends greetings to Congress.

JOHN L. MERRILL.

The PRESIDENT GENERAL: A motion to adjourn is now in order. If there is no objection, the Eighteenth Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution will now stand adjourned *sine die.*

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES AT DENVER, COLORADO, June 4, 1907.

A meeting of the Board of Trustees, duly called by the President General, was held at the Brown Palace Hotel, Denver, Colo., at 3 o'clock p. m., June 4, 1907. Present: President General McClary, who presided; Vice-President General Trueman G. Avery, Secretary General A. Howard Clark, Historian General William F. Slocum, Major E. B. Tolman, Trustee for Illinois Society; W. A. Marble, Trustee for Empire State Society; H. C. Stephens, Trustee for Colorado Society; Dr. R. W. Clark, Trustee for Michigan Society; Major William Frye Tebbetts, Trustee for Alabama Society; Commander J. H. Moore, representing the District of Columbia Society; R. Fuller Shryock, representing the Maryland Society; Morris B. Beardsley, representing the Connecticut Society, and Theodore H. Eaton, of the Michigan Society.

The President General nominated the following to comprise the Executive Committee, and they were approved by the Board:

The President General, chairman *ex officio;* Gen. Francis Henry Appleton, Boston, Mass.; Hon. Morris B. Beardsley, Bridgeport, Conn.; Judge Henry Stockbridge, Baltimore, Md.; Commander J. H. Moore, U. S. N., Washington D. C.; Col. George C. Batcheller, New York, N. Y.; Mr. Theodore H. Eaton, Detroit, Mich.

The resolution adopted by the Congress recommending the establishment of a Record and Pension Office in the Navy Department was referred to the special Committee on Naval Records for action.

A resolution from the Illinois Society, calling for the publication and distribution by the Government of the rolls of soldiers and sailors who have served in the Army or Navy of the United States in any of the wars in which the United States has engaged, which was referred to the Board by the Congress, was considered and referred to the Executive Committee.

The Board advised with the President General in regard to the duties of the several standing and special committees.

It was voted that the Committee on Naval Records, the Committee on National Parks, the Committee on Pensions and

Muster Rolls, the National Anthems Committee, the Press Committee, the Flag Committee, and the Publication Committee be continued as special committees, and that the Committee on Correspondence, the Committee on Unfinished Business, the Revolutionary Monuments Committee, and the Recruiting and Lookout Committee be discontinued, the duties of the last-named Committee to be performed by the Executive Committee.

The Secretary General was authorized to print and distribute an edition of 1,500 copies of the National Year Book for 1907.

It was voted that an abstract of the proceedings of the Denver Congress be printed in the OFFICIAL BULLETIN, and that the Bulletin be continued on the same lines as now published, under the direction of the Publication Committee.

The Secretary General was authorized, subject to approval by the President General, to rent proper quarters in a fireproof building in Washington for the National Society archives and as an office of the Society, whenever he finds it necessary, at a rental not to exceed six hundred dollars per year, and that an appropriation not exceeding three hundred dollars be allowed for furniture and fixtures for such office.

Invitations for the Congress of 1908 were considered, and it was unanimously voted that the Nineteenth Annual Congress convene at Buffalo, New York, on April 30, 1908.

The Board discussed methods for largely increasing the membership, and the Executive Committee was requested to formulate and carry into effect such plans as should appear the most effective to this end.

It was voted that to the Executive Committee be delegated power to act on such matters referred to the Board by Congress or such new business as in the judgment of the President General may not require the action of a meeting of the Board of Trustees.

It was voted that the allowance of forty dollars per month granted to the Secretary General be increased to fifty dollars.

It was voted that the necessary traveling and hotel expenses of the Secretary and Registrar General in attending the National Congresses or meetings of the Board of Trustees or the Executive Committee be paid by the National Society.

A. HOWARD CLARK,
Secretary General.

Banquet to The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution

given by the

Colorado Society

At the Savoy Hotel, Denver, Colorado, on the Evening of June 4, 1907.

ADDRESS BY HENRY J. HERSEY, OF DENVER.

Ex-President and Chairman of Board of Managers of the Colorado Society.

Compatriots: I see that it has become my honor and my duty to make some introductory remarks, whatever they may be. If you could only tell me what is expected of me I shall be very glad to comply with your request. When advised by the Committee that I would be expected to make some introductory remarks, I asked them why and what. They told me, "Oh, Hersey, don't say anything. We just put you in there because you happened once to be President of the Colorado Society and your last official act was to write the letter requesting the National Congress to meet here. (Applause.) And so, much to our regret, we found it necessary to put you on the program." That is the reason I am talking to you tonight. "Then," they said, "in view of the labor troubles of Colorado in the past, which have been heralded in the East, and in view of the fact that you happened to be Chairman of the Finance Committee to raise the money for this meeting of the Congress, we want the Eastern people to understand that capital has some rights in Colorado still," and so they put me on to make a few introductory remarks. So this afternoon, after the Congress adjourned, I went home for a few minutes to prepare a few introductory remarks, and this is what I prepared, as far as I got. (Mr. Hersey displayed a blank sheet of paper.) The first thing that caused me concern was the proper way to address all these distinguished gentlemen. Of course, you understand our technical term, "Compatriots," but I wanted something a little more familiar, more "hale fellow well met," you know, and I remembered that Chauncey Depew once addressed a banquet of Dutch descendants in New York, at which, out of three hundred guests present, two hundred and ninety-nine and a half had a name beginning with the word "Van." The half was Chauncey himself. And so when he got up he said, "Good evening, Van." Well, I thought, "What shall I

say in that way?" Well, I thought I might say, instead of "Compatriots," "Good evening, Com.," but you had already "come," so (laughter)—well, then I thought I might say, "Hello, Pat," but that sounded a little too Irish for me, and I did not want to say that, and so I just say "Compatriots" and let it go at that.

We are very glad, gentlemen—I am not going to give you an address of welcome, because our distinguished compatriot, Dr. Slocum, is going to do that—we are exceedingly glad to have you here tonight. The reason we people are so excellently high-moraled in Colorado is because we live so near Heaven, and I want to tell you in confidence that our streets are literally, like the Eternal City, paved with gold, and in order that you Eastern tourists shall not carry it away we have to cover it over with a layer of asphalt. (Laughter.) There are a good many things in Colorado. We haven't got through showing you yet. When I extended, as President of the Colorado Society, to the National Congress at Boston a year ago the invitation of this Colorado Society to meet with us, I want to tell you now in confidence, and don't you ever tell anybody, we never dreamed you would accept. (Laughter.) But inasmuch, gentlemen, as you have "called the bluff" (laughter), we have tried to make good (cries of "You have done it" and "You bet you have"), and we haven't gotten half through yet. We are just beginning the good times, you know.

Now, I have said all that it is neeessary for me to say.

I now desire, Mr. President of the Colorado Society, to introduce to you our distinguished and honored guests, our compatriots from all over the United States.

Gentlemen, I have the honor of introducing to you Dr. William F. Slocum, President of the Colorado Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

ADDRESS BY WILLIAM FREDERICK SLOCUM, LL. D.

Compatriots: As we Colorado men start to speak, may I quietly remind you of that inscription over one of our churches up in one of the mountain camps, "Please don't shoot the organist; he is doing the best he can." And I also am going to say a very few things, and I am permitted to say a few words of welcome.

I am very much impressed, to be honest with you, with what a fine set of men this Congress has brought together. I remember that old inscription over the entrance of the Saint Germain palace castle at Paris, from which the knights went forth to do battle for the right: "Would you be in the companionship of nobles, make yourself noble and you shall be." And I am very sure that I have been meeting a great many noblemen during the past two days. I am delighted to be in your company. We people in Colorado like you for company. A short time ago I was going down from our city of Colorado Springs, I think, to Pueblo, to make an address for the Young Men's Christian Association, and as I sat in the car I was reading a book with great pleasure. I did

not notice at first that the car was filled otherwise with a group of people, which I afterwards discovered was a traveling opera troupe, and as I neared Pueblo, our new Chicago of the West, the gentleman who checks your baggage for twenty-five cents to any part of the city came up to my seat and said, "Check your baggage, sir?" and I very politely paid no attention to him. By and by again he said, "Check your baggage, sir?" and somehow I didn't reply to him, and he said, "Oh, I beg your pardon; I have checked it with the rest of the troupe." Now, I am more than glad to check my baggage with this troupe (applause), and I am sure that we in Colorado shall go wherever it is hereafter. If you have a convention in Seattle, in Buffalo, in Washington, or in Boston all in the same year, we are all going. You will find us at every one of them, because we are going to follow on after you and stay with you. We are under the very greatest obligation to you for coming here. You have brought to us something that is real, something that is worth while. You will remember the old conception of loyalty was loyalty to the King, right or wrong. We have learned in our modern days in America that loyalty means standing for the thing that is right because it is right, and that that is the heart of all true liberty, and that liberty is the right to do what is right; and I think that our Society, up and down this land, South and East and West, is emphasizing that conception, that it is our privilege, our honor, to do what is right and to make everybody else believe that his business is to do what is right because it is right, and that is the real basis of liberty. And you have come to Colorado, come to us, building our new Commonwealth, come to us, establishing our laws, our systems of jurisprudence, founded on the older systems of America and old England. And you come to us as we are trying to found our great organization for charity, and you are reminding us that we, too, in our Rocky Mountain country, must build upon those same eternal principles of right, and therefore we are your debtors and always shall be. You have crossed our plains, you have come to our mountains, and I am sure you have brought something that will stay with us in all the years to come.

I must not, however, take your time. There are those tonight who are to really speak to you and bring you something that is quite worth the while. Some little time ago I was asked to make an address at one of those functions where you pay your own fare, where you walk up from the station if you haven't money left, where you buy your own lunch if you can get one, brush the dust off your own shoes with your handkerchief, and as I came up to the place where I was to give this distinguished lecture the man at the door charged me twenty-five cents to get in. (Laughter.) I turned to the man and said, as I did not quite want to own up that I was the man to give that distinguished lecture, that it was not worth it. Well, he said I couldn't get in unless I paid that quarter. I remarked at last that I was willing to strike a trade with him; that if he would let me in and let me listen to the lecture, when I came out, if I honestly thought it was worth a quarter, I would give it to him; but he remarked once more that he didn't do business

that way. At last I said, "I believe I have twenty-five cents left, and I will tell you what I will do. I will give you that quarter, and I will go in and listen honestly to that lecture, and when I come out, if I really think the lecture is not worth a quarter, I want my money back"—and do you know I got it back. (Laughter.)

Gentlemen, there are several speakers here tonight, and they all want to get their money back. If they have paid their quarter in, it will have to stay there. But I am quite sure we are indeed to hear things tonight that we shall remember, that will be worth vastly more than silver and gold, vastly more than anything we take out of our hills or gather from our mountains, and we have with us one who is to be our toastmaster tonight, who is loyal to all that is best and true, to whom we owe very great things for the arrangements for this Congress, and whom we all delight to honor, and I am very glad tonight to have the pleasure of introducing to you Mr. Vaille, who has come as our toastmaster and bid you welcome not only to what he has to say, but also to Colorado. You may take our mountains with you; we give you our plains; we give you our cañons, our ravines, and our blue skies; you may take them all if you can, but whether you take them or not, you will carry away our hearts at least, and we beg you to be very kind to us, because we love you.

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

Mr. President General, Compatriots, and Guests: I deeply appreciate the honor which has been extended to me this evening in being appointed to preside over this gathering. I assure you that I assume the duties with a great deal of diffidence, for it is a good deal to attempt to fill a chair which has in the past years been occupied by so many brilliant and distinguished men. It seems a pity that one so young and fair should be "slaughtered to make Rome a holiday." (Laughter.) You have been bidden a welcome by the speakers before me, and I will only say may the spirit of these majestic mountains and these boundless plains, may the spirit of patriotism and reverence, the spirit of democracy, of good fellowship, of comradeship, be present here tonight. May dignity be but the setting of the picture and geniality and wit give warmth and color to the scene.

Gentlemen, we all dearly love the old Star Spangled Banner. We are also very fond of our National Society and of our National colors, and, as the years pass and we do more work for the Sons of the American Revolution, the colors will be dearer and dearer to us. It seems fitting, therefore, that we should have our colors brought to us with some ceremony and properly escorted. I will appoint Col. C. A. Williams, of the Regular Army, and Gen. C. A. Kelley, of the Colorado National Guard, with Compatriot Yeakel as standard bearer, to escort in that grand old flag under which our forefathers fought and bled; that flag, too, for which so many noble men from Ireland, from England, from Scotland, and all Europe have volunteered their lives in its defense.

I will also appoint a committee consisting of Compatriots Rear Admiral George W. Baird, of the United States Navy, and Commander John H. Moore, also of the United States Navy, together with Compatriot Capt. Harry Smith as standard bearer, to escort in our Society colors—the colors of The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. These gentlemen will now please retire.

It will probably be of interest to all of you to know that Compatriot Yeakel, who will act as standard bearer of the National colors, had an ancestor who, on one occasion, served as standard bearer for General Washington. (Applause.)

(The colors were then escorted through the banquet hall and placed flanking the gentlemen seated at the principal table.)

Mr. VAILLE: Gentlemen—

"The lily of France may fade;
The thistle and shamrock wither;
The oak of England may decay,
But the stars shine on forever."

(Applause.)

Gentlemen, in accordance with the custom of our Society, I offer to you a toast to the memory of George Washington.

(The audience then rose and drank to the memory of Washington.)

As American citizens, gentlemen, we boast of our freedom and independence, but foreigners who visit our shores, among other strange things which they relate to us, tell us that we are not free; that the real rulers of America are the ladies. We have present with us this evening some of these fair tyrants; and, furthermore, they represent our sister oganization, the Daughters of the American Revolution. (Applause.) Gentlemen, you are all acquainted with the work of that grand organization, an organization which is doing everything it possibly can to sustain the old ideals of American citizenship and true liberty, which, here and there, as opportunity offers, is trying to keep alive the spirit of patriotism and is endeavoring to educate those who come to us from other lands to the same grand old principles of American liberty. It therefore gives me pleasure to propose to you a toast to the Daughters of the American Revolution and our ladies.

(The audience then rose and drank to the honor of the Daughters of the American Revolution and lady guests.)

Time will not permit me to read the various letters of regret which we have received. I would like to allude to one from Mrs. Donald McLean, the President of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

We have also received a telegram from President Roosevelt. (Cheers.)

As students of American history—and I suppose we all are—we well know the part which France played in our independence, how at the time when American interests seemed almost lost, when our soldiers were half clad and half fed, when there were thousands of desertions, not only from the Militia, but from the Regular Army, when fort after fort, like Forts Lee and Washington, had been captured, with one thousand American troops, when General Washington's courage

began to fail, at that critical time a gallant young Frenchman left all the luxury and the easy life of the court of Louis XVI, left a life where money would obtain everything—and he had the money to obtain it—and came to join our rag-a-muffin army. He fitted out a ship at his own expense; he loaded it with ammunition and with clothing. This gallant young man came to Washington and laid all at the feet of America. He was Washington's counsellor, and he was Washington's support; he fought with him side by side at Brandywine and at Monmouth.

We had hoped to have the pleasure of entertaining here this evening Viscomte Charles de Chambrun, a lineal descendant of Lafayette, but Mr. Pugsley received this wireless message: "Obliged to sail unexpectedly for France. Please excuse me. Much regret."

Gentlemen, you know from Scripture that when the people of Israel desired a new ruler the Prophet Samuel started out with his horn of anointing oil to anoint the new ruler. He was divinely inspired to pass by the various prominent men of that day, and he chose David, a shepherd boy, whom he found feeding his father's sheep. Likewise the people of Colorado last year, when they sought a new ruler, passed by the ranks of the politicians and those prominent at the bar and those prominent in business life, and they, too, by a large majority, chose a shepherd, a shepherd of souls (applause), a man whom they also found feeding his Father's sheep. I have the honor to present to you his Excellency Governor Henry A. Buchtel. (Great applause.)

ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR HENRY A. BUCHTEL, OF COLORADO.

Mr. Toastmaster, Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution, and Guests: I regret exceedingly that it was not possible for me to be here earlier in the evening. I was invited to come earlier, and I very much desired to be here, and I am well aware of the fact that Mr. Hersey has been trying to make it appear that I did not come on account of being so occupied with the University canvass. Now, I want to tell you the real reason for my delay. We found that all the dress suits that could be rented in town had been engaged by you gentlemen who are accustomed to wearing dress suits. (Laughter.) Now, if this crowd were made up exclusively of Colorado people it would not require as may dress suits as there are here tonight. But I had engaged a dress suit. You know we are perfectly familiar with the rules of good society. I am well aware of the fact that I ought not to appear here tonight without being "done" in a full dress suit, including a standing collar and a white tie and a white waistcoat, and I had engaged a uniform of that sort, but Dr. Guyer went down tonight and explained to the man from whom I engaged it that I was not to be here, and Dr. Guyer is wearing my suit. (Laughter and cheers.) Let me explain, while I am here in an unconventional garb, I am very glad that we have now arrived at the time in the world's history when we are frank

enough to admit that the other people put up a pretty good fight. You know the earlier histories recognized that the other people really did not put up much of a fight, but now we recognize that they did, and we are not only re-reading history, but we are re-reading works of art, so that we see much further now in every direction than we did a little while ago. That was illustrated recently when the patient Hennessey took occasion to make some remarks himself instead of listening continually to Dooley, and Hennessey, in explaining to Dooley some interesting things that had happened in the community, went on to say that the Clancey family had gone to Europe. Clancey had suddenly made money and his daughter had been studying art in the High School, and wanted to go to Europe to complete her art education. A young man in the High School had also been studying art, and if Clancey's daughter was going to Europe he wanted to go, too; so Mrs. Clancey decided that they must all go, and that Clancey should go along and pay the bills. So whenever they went into an art gallery, when Clancey began to remark about the pictures, all the rest of them hushed on account of the fact that Clancey's remarks were so original. Presently the young man said to Clancey, "I can show you something you will be very much interested in seeing." "Very well," said Clancey, "I will be glad to see something I will be interested in seeing." And so he took him around and showed him a statue of Victory that he had, and both arms and one wing were gone. Clancey said, "Is that Victory?" "Yes; that is Victory. Victory!" "Well," said Clancey, "all I have to say is that the other lady put up a divil of a fight."

Now, my friends, we are glad to see you here, out here in this glorious West, where it is so far to the sea and so near to the skies. We are very glad to see you here. Is it not a wonderful thing that was done to this great country by those men of 1776. The whole world is beginning to recognize it now, and we, here in our great America, have a Nation better housed, better clothed, better fed, and, speaking broadly, better educated, than any nation in history. And all the dreams of our forefathers about the destiny of the Republic will come true, and increasingly, as time goes on, it will be apparent to every one that God projected for this Nation a destiny of blessing to the human race absolutely unmatched in history.

We are glad to see you all. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

When General Washington laid at the feet of Congress, at the close of the Revolutionary War, the vast powers that Congress had conferred upon him, and, flinging aside all ambition to be dictator or king, retired to private life, he made a celebrated farewell address. It seems very fitting, therefore, that our retiring President General, Mr. Pugsley, when he lays down his staff of office, should be heard from. You will remember that yesterday morning Mr. Pugsley in the convention was clamoring for men for these mountains and women to match them. I

have been wondering ever since if he intended to start a matrimonial agency.

Your retiring President General, gentlemen. (Great applause.)

ADDRESS BY HON. CORNELIUS A. PUGSLEY.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen: I wish that Dr. Guyer was wearing my suit tonight, or at least that he might stand in my shoes. When I found that I was to speak at this banquet in this Queen City of the Plains, I was reminded of a magazine article, entitled "Tortures of the Dinner Table." The writer said that he had had twenty-five years' experience at banquets, and during that time had heard only twenty-five successful after-dinner speeches. Ten of them were delivered by wise men who tried to talk like fools, ten were by fools who tried to talk like wise men, and five were by men who had reached such a state of exhilaration that they did not care what they said. (Laughter.) Now, compatriots, I do not wish to claim representation in either of the first two classes, and as for the third class, I have not yet reached that state of reckless exhilaration spoken of, by the use of Manitou champagne, and I feel that I have somewhat missed my opportunity on this occasion.

But I am under the impression, ladies and gentlemen, that when that invitation was sent to Boston by the Colorado Society of the Sons of the American Revolution inviting us to meet here in the year 1907 it was induced by nothing more serious than the exhilaration of this high altitude. (Laughter.) I understand that in Philadelphia, when a speaker has nothing to say, the audience relapses into innocent and restful slumber. (Laughter.) In Boston, whence comes our real Son of the American Revolution, they retire into their inner consciousness, and are content (laughter); in Leadville—so Dr. Guyer tells me—under similar conditions they shoot the speaker (laughter and applause); while in the House of Representatives at Washington, as you well know, each one in the audience begins to make a speech on his own account to his next neighbor, and then the speaker wishes he had shot himself. (Laughter.)

As you ascend one of the stairways in that House of Representatives leading to the galleries there comes into view a magnificent painting entitled "Westward the Course of Empire Takes its Way." It represents the pioneers of civilization, with their wives and children, with caravans drawn by oxen, marching to the westward; on one of the mountain peaks two Americans are lifting aloft the stars and stripes, while a magnificent scene of mountain and plain opens to their view as they look out into the distance. Adhering to the principles of the founders of our Republic, our soldiers and sailors, our pioneers of civilization, our diplomats, and our statesmen have vastly enlarged the boundaries of our Republic. We have been, compatriots, an acquisitive race. We have acquired Florida; we have acquired Texas; we have acquired all that vast stretch of territory lying along the Pacific Coast, either by

diplomacy or conquest; we have acquired Alaska; we have acquired Porto Rico; we have acquired the Philippine Archipelago; we do not know just where Cuba stands today; we have our grasp upon Panama, and there is no telling what we will yet do in our spirit of acquisition. I am inclined to think that we are somewhat like the man in the prohibition town of Asbury Park who went into a drug store one Sunday morning and, placing his demijohn on the counter, said, "I want a gallon of whiskey; baby's sick." (Laughter.) Or, possibly, we are like the young lady who always added a postscript to her letters—her name was Ad-a-line Moore. (Laughter.) Or, perhaps, we are like the Colorado statesman who, in crossing the Atlantic, experiencing those feelings that are so very disagreeable, was asked if there was anything that he wanted. He replied, "Yes; I want the earth." (Laughter.) But with our vast domain and our rapid trade and commercial development have come, compatriots, weighty problems to be solved in our National life, problems of representation, of commercial relations, of the status of the Monroe Doctrine, of the control of gigantic corporations, of the restriction of immigration, the regulation of railroads, and, possibly, questions of veracity. (Laughter.) But I believe that by an enlightened statesmanship we will solve all of these great problems in our National life. I am sure, although I am to speak for a little time tonight upon American Citizenship and American Statesmanship, that my good friend Commander Moore, of the District of Columbia (applause), would not be at all satisfied if I did not refer to the valor of the soldier and the sailor. (Great applause.) As I recall our Nation's mighty conflicts on sea and land I have but one sentiment—glory, eternal glory and honor for the American soldier and sailor, regular and volunteer alike (applause), the defenders of our Constitution and our flag, whose sublime daring from Lexington to Gettysburg, to San Juan Hill and into the Philippines means, I believe, that America stands obedient to the divine behest that called her into being; means that amid all the commercialism of today the true blood of patriotism still flows through American veins; means that all the great problems, whether internal or external, whether administrative or diplomatic, will be solved by a statesmanship and a citizenship—a patriotic statesmanship and citizenship—like that manifested by James A. Garfield, who, at a critical period in our Nation's life, stilled the tumultuous passions of men's hearts by the single sentence, "God reigns and the Government at Washington still lives." (Applause.) We may rejoice that patriotism is not confined alone to times of war, but is a mighty factor in times of peace. It may lie far below the surface of our daily life, but when the Nation or the State is imperiled it bursts forth and sweeps before it all those influences that are harmful and detrimental to the body politic and builds up those which are for the betterment of the State and Nation. I believe that it means a good deal for the stability of this Republic if truth, honesty, duty, obligation to high ideals and lofty ambitions, none of which may be measured by a monetary standard, are not lost, but still abide and inspire the people of these United States.

(Applause.) Well did our most distinguished compatriot, Theodore Roosevelt (applause), say, "It is of mighty small importance whether we are Republicans or Democrats, but it is of very real importance that we should be good Americans and do our duty in a straight and decent fashion." (Applause.)

I have faith in the good sense, the sincerity, and the unerring judgment of the American people, and I believe that we will stand and stand firmly for those policies and principles which will insure the strength, the glory, and the perpetuity of this mighty Republic. (Applause.) The only speech that George Washington made when President of the great constitutional convention at Philadelphia was in favor of increasing the power of the people. That power has never been abrogated, and I believe that the statesmanship that continues to listen to the voice of the people, the statesmanship that keeps close and heeds their voice, as did the immortal Lincoln, is the only statesmanship that will lead the Nation to its highest destiny. (Applause.)

I believe, compatriots, that ours should be a government that recognizes no favored interests, but is conducted in the interests of all the people, a government in which the many are not the servants of the few, a government in which individual and property rights are sacredly guarded. Every true American believes in the encouragement of those forces which shall make for the betterment of our Republic. Every true American believes in the protection by law and under the law of property and the rights of property. But every true American believes that gigantic corporations which, through favored legislation and unjust discrimination in railroad rebates, have been able to fasten themselves upon the people and make impossible competition, even in the necessaries of life, should have their power broken and should be brought under the strong arm of the law and an aroused public sentiment (applause), and I believe that the American people will uphold President Roosevelt and those statesmen who are seeking as best they may to control these mighty forces in our National life that may be harmful and detrimental to the body politic. (Applause.) We want the same possibilities and opportunities for the individual that have been the heritage of the American from the days when the Cavaliers landed at Jamestown, the Dutch at New Amsterdam, and the Pilgrims at Plymouth Rock, and I believe that through a wise and enlightened statesmanship all this can be accomplished without checking the wondrous progress and development of our Nation along commercial lines.

One of the weighty problems before this Nation is the proper restriction of immigration if our Nation is to reach its truest and highest ideals. President Roosevelt has very properly called the attention of the American people to the dangers of race suicide. Some one has said he has not only conserved the peace of the world, but filled the cradles of his country (laughter and applause); but with a mighty army of nearly a million immigrants yearly landed upon our shores the growth of our Nation in population is assured. It is a question, however, whether this vast influx of immigration will prove altogether desirable

in our National life. In this connection I am reminded of the colored woman who named one of her boys Judas Iscariot. She was asked why she gave him such a name, and she replied, "I dun always give my boys names from the Bible which seemed 'propriate, and when this boy was born he was my seventeenth and I called him Judas Iscariot because I thought it had been better if he'd never been born." (Laughter.)

Ladies and gentlemen, it is not the quantity but the quality of our population that means most for our citizenship and our National life. We want men who, wearing the uniform of a soldier in the United States Army, will never fire upon the weak and defenseless, but will ever honor their country and their flag. (Applause.) We want men upon our battleships and our merchantmen who in every part of the world will stand forth as splendid types of American manhood and American citizenship. (Applause.) We want men controlling our railroads, our financial institutions, our life insurance companies, men in our legislative halls, men in all the varied channels of our Nation's activities who will place honor and integrity above wealth and power, men whose devotion to high ideals and a true citizenship will prove them patriots indeed. The Governor of my own State of New York recently said, "In the controversies of peace and in the bloodless struggles for the maintenance of truth and justice in our personal and civic relations must be found the arena of the future in which character shall find severer tests than were ever afforded by historic battlefields." (Applause.) I believe, ladies and gentlemen, that through an enduring patriotism, a patriotism born of moral courage, a patriotism that reflects the best in our citizenship, a patriotism for which the Sons of the American Revolution should ever stand, that the people of these United States will behold with the Republic's ever-increasing years an ever-increasing grandeur, majesty, and power, worthy of the men who, in all its generations, have stood for the highest and best in our National life. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

The last speaker has feelingly alluded to the way they conduct meetings in Leadville. As I was preparing to come here this evening and took my six-shooter out of the bureau drawer to slip it into my hip pocket I laid it back again in the drawer. I reflected who would be here. "Well, there are those wise men from the East, like those of Scriptural times; no harm can come from them;" and, although there are some fractious members here tonight, I believe that the influence of these other good men will keep them quiet. I am glad to see that there is no disturbance. I have not seen any guns flashed, although I have seen one or two movements made. However, we have arranged with the police, and I give due warning to those people that they will be taken care of in regular Western fashion. (Laughter.)

Gentlemen, I am about to call on our President General. What the Society will accomplish in the coming year will largely depend upon his

initiative. There are grave problems confronting the American people. The ship of state is sailing on a sea by no means unruffled. There are dark clouds on the horizon. To whom, then, shall the people of America look more naturally than to the members of an organization like ours; and, ladies and gentlemen, they do look to us. Let us not be content to tell what our ancestors did, but rather let their devotion to duty, their self-sacrifice, their unhesitating work for the commonweal be an inspiration to us to be willing to sacrifice our comfort sometimes and to assume political duties and do all we can to emulate their example. I am not very good at quoting poetry, but I will try to quote James Russell Lowell. I think he says:

"'Tis as easy to be heroes
As to sit, the idle slaves
Of a legendary virtue
Carved upon our fathers' graves."

And Longfellow, our "poet of the many keys," also sings:

"Let us, then, be up and doing
With a heart for any fate,
Still achieving, still pursuing,
Learn to labor and to wait."

Those words of Longfellow never seem to die. We learned them in the school room, and they stay with us through life.

Ladies and gentlemen, I have the honor to introduce to you your new President General. What he will talk about nobody knows. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY NELSON A. McCLARY, PRESIDENT GENERAL.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen: It is difficult to follow an orator like President General Pugsley, and I suspect that I am just at the beginning of my troubles in that respect. I suspect that I will find it increasingly difficult to follow in his footsteps. I could, however, but note the covetous reference that he made to Dr. Guyer's evening suit, and I may as well here make a confession—that I could not help but wish that I had President General Pugsley's shoes.

As some of you know, I have had but a few hours' knowledge of the fact that I would be allowed to speak here this evening, and in the anxiety of the period preceding I found a compensation—I am a firm believer in the great law of compensation—and that was that it was becoming so late in the day that it would be quite impossible to get me on the program, even if elected; but I did not reckon with the cunning of the Colorado Entertainment Committee. As you will see if you will glance at your program, they left the matter wide open, and here I am. Seriously, I regret that the few thoughts I would like to express could not have been a little more carefully formulated, but with the meetings of the Congress and the meetings of the Trustees and Committees after the adjournment of the Congress, I have, in fact, had no time to prepare myself.

It has occurred to me that I would like to say a word or two on looking forward. Perhaps as a Society we have been given a little too much to looking backward. This is but natural. Primarily we found our reason for organizing this Society in a backward look into our country's history and our ancestors' part in that history. There is good reason for looking backward. I do not feel that that attitude needs to be excused. Indeed, a few months ago, while attending a dinner of the Empire State Society as a guest of President Pugsley, I listened to a most eloquent speech by Governor Hughes, of New York, the first speech he had delivered after being elected Governor of that State, in which he said that he considered that while he was eligible—I might say that he has since become a member of the Empire State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution (applause)—that while he was eligible for membership in that Society he deemed it of no importance whatever except in so far as they did things. I thought that the great Governor should have qualified his statement somewhat, because I do believe that it means much, much to ourselves and more to our sons and daughters, to remember what our ancestors did and to hold up the high ideals established for us by them in the past; but I admit that we should look mainly forward and into that future with which we shall have very much to do in the making.

With our new charter perhaps we should begin a somewhat new era, and I have noted that spirit of earnestness and progress throughout this Congress, possibly owing somewhat to environment. Those who were present at the Philadelphia meeting two years ago will, I think, agree with me that the trend of thought of the two Congresses was quite different. There we met in old Independence Hall, surrounded by mementos of our past history, and the result was that nearly all the speeches were with reference to the past. Nearly all of the speeches that have been made today in this Congress have been with reference to the future. It seems fitting that it should be so because of the associations of the two cities—the city of Philadelphia and the city of Denver. As we meet here tonight it is fitting that we look forward, and, taking our new charter as a beginning, to consider what we can do to broaden the influence of this great Society in the United States.

The need of today, I believe, if it could be expressed in two or three words, would be of sane men. I love that word sane. I once said to the pastor of the church which I attend that I considered that one of the greatest words I knew—"sane." He said, "Oh, yes." He said, "That is what the Scripture means when it says 'sober-minded.'" I had never thought of it in just that way before, but ever since that remark I have thought of it in just that way. If we do not need sober-minded men today we have never needed them, and no country has ever needed them. At a time when labor unions seek in some cases to dominate politics, as well as to dominate labor, and to reduce everything and everybody to a dull, dead level, at a time when some public service corporations do not seem to realize that they are public servants, at a time when some politicians find their greatest influence and prestige in

the setting of class against class, at a time when to own an automobile is criminal, when to be thrifty and acquire a competence is a disgrace—at such a time we need sober-minded men. Where can we better look for that kind of sanity than to an organization of this kind? (Applause.) Purely American, our oldest and our best stock.

And that brings me to the practical question. In order to exercise the influence which is our due in this country we must increase our membership many fold. The one person can do something; the many can do much individually; but to really accomplish great things in a great country containing many millions of people we require a careful, complete, and large organization. We have everything but the last; we are well organized, but our organization is small. It is meagre. It is almost disgracefully small. It has only about one-fifth the number of members that the "Daughters" have. I therefore will end my remarks by appealing to all present to seek to largely increase our membership. There would be no real difficulty in doubling the membership of every State Society during the coming year, and it would more than double our influence. The Board of Trustees this afternoon considered methods by which they could assist the State Societies in this campaign for members. We need not fear for lack of objects and principles, because they are already formulated, and we are already moving along lines laid down, but we certainly should greatly increase our numbers and thus strengthen our organization that we may have the force collectively to correct and guide, to make, and to lead public opinion. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

The last speaker has—in another connection, to be sure—alluded to automobiles. We say out here in Colorado, "Better an automobile in Colorado than a bicycle of Cathay." Probably that is because the wind does not blow very much out here. But we have a sister State over here where they only have five days in the week because the wind blows two days out of every week. (Laughter.)

We thought you would all be interested in hearing something about the history of Old Colorado; for Colorado may be young in your eyes, but it is the oldest settled community on this hemisphere.

Gentlemen, I have the great pleasure of introducing to you a man who is very dear to our Society and who is one of the most thoroughly loyal Sons of the American Revolution in the United States, Mr. Joseph F. Tuttle, Jr., of Colorado. (Cheers.) His subject, as you may have noted, is "The Spirit of '76 in the Winning of the West."

ADDRESS BY JOSEPH F. TUTTLE, JR., OF DENVER.

Mr. Toastmaster, Fellow Compatriots of the Sons of the American Revolution: Let me say right here that I am indebted to Compatriot Pugsley for my topic tonight. He suggested in a letter to Mr. Vaille, that there should be put into this program this evening a little

of the flavor of the West, and the Colorado Society then very kindly asked me to supply that flavor.

But it is a long story and I must get at it without any further preliminary. Let me say as to Mr. Vaille's allusion to the felicity of your coming here, that you have come to a country that was only known and marked on the map in the 40's and early 50's as the Spanish country. You have come to a State over which Coronado marched in his quest of the Seven Cities in 1541, and, as John Fiske says, "Probably appearing upon the south fork of the North Platte," and if so, undoubtedly right here upon the site of the present city of Denver. You have come to a country over which Spanish explorers and soldiers with their followers travelled upon the old historic Santa Fe trail in 1537 and again in 1542. You have come to a State whose ancient capital—in the sense that Colorado is a part of that old Spanish country—was a city—Santa Fé—that was venerable with age when the cavaliers landed at Jamestown in 1607, and the Pilgrim fathers at Plymouth Rock in 1620.

Virgil sang of "Arms and the Man," I to night of the man only, and let him be known only as "the man." On the 3d day of October, 1842, this man, a humble missionary sent out by the American Board of Foreign Missions to the far Northwest, was a solitary American guest at the annual feast of the Hudson's Bay Company at Fort Walla Walla, some point near the line of the British possessions. As the festivities were in progress a courier dashed up to the door with the announcement that an English colony of one hundred and forty persons was then on its way up the Columbia River to make a permanent settlement in that country and so hold it for England, as you know that England and America held all the Northwest country in a sort of joint title between the years 1818 and 1846. And in the excitement of that moment a young English priest rose to his feet, and, twirling his little cap on his finger, shouted out, "Hurrah! we have now got the country. America is too late." But you should then have seen the wonderful transformation in this humble missionary of the Cross, as, with eyes snapping with anger and cheeks flushed with indignation, he pushed himself back from that table at the first convenient moment and in two hours' time had pulled up his foam-flecked pony before his cabin door twenty-five miles away, shouted out the English plot before he had dismounted, and his determination to set out at once on horseback for Washington to warn Daniel Webster, four thousand miles away as he was to ride. He was in the saddle in less than twenty-four hours, galloping for Washington. With Gen. Amos Lovejoy, a nephew of the distinguished Amos Lawrence, of Boston, he was soon bounding over the trail through Fort Hall, now Pocatello, in the extreme southern part of Idaho, and then on to Fort Bridger, that haven of rest on the old California trail built by old Jim Bridger, who had the honor of discovering the Salt Lake in 1824. And then this man crossed the Uintah Mountains, in the extreme northeast corner of Utah, and over the line into that enchanted country we love to call Colorado.

Now, Mr. Toastmaster, as I have just got this man now in Colorado,

and as it is confidently asserted and generally believed out here that no man can be said to live, move, and have his being until he once gets into Colorado, I pray you, sir, that you do not count up any time against this man or him who is exploiting him tonight; as Cardinal Newman says in his beautiful hymn, "Remember not past years." This man rides down through the beautiful Grand River Valley, then covered with deep snow, and crossed the Grand River at some point in the vicinity of Grand Junction. He found that river running six hundred feet wide, with an angry current and floating ice. He dismounts, cuts a stout sapling, then mounts the old lead animal of the horses and mules, and orders General Lovejoy and the guide to push him into that seething, angry current. They do so and he is completely submerged, and, rising to the surface, he pushes away with his stick the floating cakes of ice from his faithful horse as he is breasting that strong current, and in a little while floats down to the other side, where he jumps upon the icy bank, breaks a channel through the ice, and leads his animal safely up the bank. And do you know that the other horses and mules, when they saw their old leader out there in that icy current, were just crazy with curiosity to jump in and take their annual bath also. He then followed up the Gunnison River to the place where Delta now is in this State, then down to the beautiful Uncompahgre Valley, past the places where Olathe and Montrose now are, and still farther south to old Fort Uncompahgre, in the Uncompahgre Mountains, the home and the haunts of Chief Ouray; that diplomat, that soldier, that statesman, that intellectual leader of the Indians in the State of Colorado; a man beloved by the people of Colorado to the day of his death, for he was always a steadfast friend of the whites; a man who was so much thought of by the United States Government that they purchased and presented the home to him that you see illustrated upon our little menu card tonight. A few days ago I was over on this old historic trail, and through this house of old Ouray's, to get all the color I could for this picture for you tonight.

And then this man crosses over into that country which is now Hinsdale county, in this State, and there became lost in the snows for ten days, and one day was shut up in a box cañon all day. The party sat like sheeted spectres upon their horses and mules, calmly awaiting death, when suddenly the old Mexican guide noticed the peculiar twitching of one of the pack mule's ears, and he said, as he thoroughly understood mule nature, that the old fellow had a message to communicate, and he took it off the wire, and that message was this: "Take off my packs and give me my head, and if I live I will get you out of this." And they took off the old fellow's packs and gave him his head, and he began to flounder around through the snow, and after three or four hours led them to a place on the steep mountain side, the most unexpected place to all the party, where the old fellow made a steep plunge down that mountain side—and all this upon the written statement of General Lovejoy—the old mule led them back safely to the smoking embers of their morning camp fire.

The party then proceeded on to the Sangre de Christo range, in Hinsdale county, in this State, and finally came to that country which was made tragic five years later by that awful catastrophe that happened to General Fremont and his exploring party in 1848; and then, still southeasterly to Rio Grande county, and followed the Rio Grande del Norte down through what is now known as the Creede and Wagon Wheel Gap country and out into the San Luis Valley; then south to Fort Taos and Santa Fe, hoping by that long detour of a thousand miles to get in touch with some Eastern outfit for safe journey across the plains. Disappointed in this, he then took the old Santa Fe trail and doubled back over the trail for the second time into Colorado, coming into Colorado this second time about where Trinidad now is in this State. On the 29th day of December he met on the trail George Bent, one of the famous Bent brothers, who had built Bent's Fort, on the Arkansas River, in 1828; and Bent informed him that a large party of mountaineers would leave Bent's Fort in a few days for the Missouri River and that if he would get in touch with them he must hurry on with his fleetest horse and leave General Lovejoy to follow with the packs. He did so, and then this man disappeared as if he had been swallowed up by the earth. He was lost and alone somewhere on the mountains between the present sites of Pueblo and Trinidad, no doubt casting many wistful glances at old Raton Peak, over whose summit he came a few days before, on the old Santa Fe trail, and then northward to Pike's Peak for his bearings. He finally emerged from the mountains three or four miles west of Pueblo, on the Arkansas River, and followed it down through the country where Manzanola, Rocky Ford, La Junta and Las Animas now are, and then twelve miles east of Las Animas to Bent's Fort.

Bent's Fort! what a magic name it was in those days of the 30's and 40's! It was the favorite rendezvous of old spirits like Kit Carson, who was its official hunter for eight years, and of old Parson Bill Williams, who was Fremont's scout in his disastrous expedition of 1848, and of old Jim Bridger, and of officers and soldiers of the United States Army, and of Indians who camped outside of its walls for months at a time. It was the place where Francis P. Blair spent the years of 1841 and 1842—the same General Blair who ran on the ticket with Governor Seymour in 1868. Bent's Fort was 180 feet on the ground. Its walls were 18 feet high and 4 feet thick, looped all around for musketry, and upon two of its bastions were mounted two small cannons, six-pounders. I get this little dash of color from Fremont's narrative of 1843 and 1844. He says that, "On the 1st day of July, 1844, we came to Bent's Fort, and as we emerged from the cottonwoods on the banks of the river they ran up the flag on the staff on the fort," just as you see in this little menu picture. The cannons barked out their boisterous welcome to them. And I can fancy this man riding up there to Bent's Fort that night of January 6, 1843, the only night almost that he slept under a roof since November, when he entered Colorado. And that night there in one of the great compartments in

the ruddy blaze of the glowing fire logs on the hearth, I can imagine him thrilling his auditors of old scouts and old rugged frontiersmen and rough freighters of the Santa Fé trail with his story; how he is riding hard to save the Northwest to the Union; how he swam the Grand River; how he was lost in the mountains in Hinsdale county, and the hearts of his auditors are glowing with love for their country, for the brave mountaineering element in history and in Colorado have always been "on the side of the right and of the Union." (Applause.)

Bent's Fort! half way! three months in the saddle! his companion, General Lovejoy, and his guides absolutely broken down and left behind! and then this Paul Revere of the West, who is riding hard to place his message in Daniel Webster's hands before the 4th of March, when Congress is to adjourn, takes the trail alone and comes flying up that country where Lamar and Granada and Holly now are, and a few miles east of Holly his faithful horse leaps over the line into what we now call Kansas, and Colorado, to which he had imparted an imperishable beauty and strength of his own, is behind him; and then still farther up the old Santa Fe trail on the banks of the Arkansas River through Fort Aubrey, Dodge City, Hutchinson, and Great Bend; and then still eastward to Council Grove and finally to Westport, on the Missouri River, now a suburb of Kansas City, where he reeled off the last of the 825 miles of the old Santa Fe trail. As he had come into the settlements, he had commenced to distribute little rude circulars of this wonderful Eldorado of the Northwest: "Good wagon road over the mountains," he is shouting, and he is off for St. Louis and then for Washington, where he arrived on the 3d of March, the last day of the session, and exactly five months to a day from the time when he had started on that Eastern ride. (Applause.) When Daniel Webster that afternoon said "Come in," in response to a knock at his office door, there walked in a man enveloped in a great buffalo overcoat, short cut for saddle riding, with a great buffalo overhood in which he had slept for fifty nights in the snows of Colorado before his campfire. "What of the treaty?" he asked Mr. Webster. "Why, that was signed two months before you set out. It was proclaimed as the law of the land while you were lost in the mountains," out there in what we now call Colorado. And has this man, then, galloped to Washington for nothing? He commences to ride through that staid, conservative old city as he had done over the mountains and up the southern trail. From department to department there are flying rumors of an immense northwestern immigration. President John Tyler and his Secretary, Daniel Webster, actually became infected with the man's enthusiasm, and in my judgment the one supreme psychological moment of the whole history of the Northwest was that day when this man appeared before President John Tyler and Daniel Webster at the White House to plead for the Northwest, dressed in his old "duffle" coat, namely, a coat made out of blue mackinaw blanket, with fur undergarments and buckskin breeches and fur leggings and boot moccasins, and his face bitten and scarred, yes, gridironed all over from the terrible frosts of these mountains of

Colorado. And just at that juncture the British Minister in Washington came to Webster one day, no doubt having been secretly informed by Sir George Simpson, Governor at that time of the Hudson's Bay Company, of his intended sending of that colony of 140 persons I spoke of up the Columbia River to hold the Northwest country for England, and he said to Mr. Webster, "The best way out of this difficulty is to let immigration settle the question." Daniel Webster literally took him off his feet by his prompt reply: "We will let immigration settle the question." And President John Tyler, "as he looked upon the frozen limbs of this man," as Dr. Barrows says, believed his story, and he and Daniel Webster took this man aside and whispered into his frost-bitten ear, "If you will only get your immigrants there by next fall we will hold the country for American settlers."

No meet for a chase was ever called, ladies and gentlemen, which had in it such magnetic charm as that June meet on the banks of the Missouri River in 1843 at Westport. This man, as Dr. Barrows tells us, was there organizing, overseeing, electrifying. People were gathering from the North, East, and South; one man named Zachary came clear from Texas, having received one of these rude little circulars at his home. The last wagon was packed and the canvas stretched over the great hoops, a proud moment for him as he saw two hundred wagons wheel into line, with 875 immigrants and 1,300 head of cattle and horses, all headed for the distant Northwest. And then they started out on the old Santa Fé trail to a point now called Wakarusa, on the Santa Fé railroad, seventy-five miles west of Kansas City, where the great trail forked; the southern fork of the trail, being that up which he had galloped three months before, leading directly down to Bent's Fort in Colorado, and the other fork being that trail made classic by the pen of Francis Parkman. And Eva Emery Dye, as perhaps you will remember, has written beautifully: "Many a love was plighted on this long march from the Missouri to the sea. Buffalo hunters swept in from their raids and scouts reported from their Indian trails. There in that train were future generals and future United States Senators and future governors and future lawyers and physicians and divines. There was McCarver, who founded Burlington, Iowa, and afterwards Sacramento, California, and afterwards Tacoma, Washington. There was Peter H. Burnett, the first Governor of California," and there in the escort which the United States Government had provided for these immigrants across the Pawnee and the Blackfeet country, with John C. Fremont and his party, was William Gilpin, the first Governor of Colorado. (Applause.)

In the last part of June they were on the south fork of the North Platte, and the historians all say—Barrows, Mowry, Nixon, and others to whom I am indebted—that at that point on the 5th and 7th of July they crossed over a distance of forty miles to the north fork of the Platte. If this was so they had been in Colorado for some time. And then, further, as if Colorado could not keep herself out of this magic story of this chapter of the winning of the West, John C. Fremont and his party followed down the south fork of the North Platte, where, to

use Captain Fremont's own words, "We camped at a little place just a few yards beyond the mouth of Cherry Creek," a place which, I have been assured by Mr. Oliver P. Wiggins, of this city, now in the eighty-fifth year of his age, one of the old scouts who, with Kit Carson, took Fremont twice across these mountains, is a little spring whose present site is very near that historic mansion of old Governor Hunt's still standing near the plant of the Colorado Ice and Storage Company, in the heart of the City of Denver.

There is a light in the eastern sky over the Blue Mountains in the far Northwest, and flying hoofs, with the music of the Union in their beat, are striking fire on the great Oregon trail to light it up for that mighty host of immigrants of '43, the "army of occupation" that held Oregon for the Union. (Applause.) And again the sound of horses' hoofs is breaking upon the ear of an anxious and solicitous wife, and as a reward for her patient waiting and watching at her lone cabin door, and the noble sacrifice of her husband to his country in a crisis of its history, Marcus Whitman is riding out from the shadow of the Blue Mountains and is soon clasping her in his arms—three months from the Missouri River and exactly eleven months from the day when he started out on that eastern ride. On that 3d day of September, 1843, he brought to her the first tidings of himself since October 3, 1842. And what had he done? Just one word more and I am through. He had unclutched the fingers of a foreign power that had reached out its long hand over the sea and seized, in one fell swoop, all the country south of the present north line of the State of Washington down to the Columbia River, and then still farther south, by a shadowy title England had set up, to the north line of California and Nevada and Utah; then eastward to take in twenty thousand square miles of the present State of Wyoming, and then northward to the British possessions along the Rocky Mountain range and westward to the Pacific Ocean, an area of over three hundred thousand square miles, an area three times as large as the State of Colorado, an area two and one-half times as large as that of Great Britain and Ireland, an area twice as large as our present Colonial possessions, huge as they are—Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippines—an area equal to Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvaaia, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, and one-fourth of Illinois combined; and of that superb achievement Daniel Webster wrote to a friend in his later years, and oh, how I wish those words of his were cut upon the monument of this man! "It is safe to say," said Mr. Webster, "that our country owes it to Marcus Whitman and his fellow-missionaries that all of the Oregon country is not now owned by England and by the Hudson's Bay Company." And for that magnificent service to his country Marcus Whitman and his faithful wife, Narcissa Prentiss Whitman, are sleeping tonight in martyr's graves, horribly butchered and mutilated, after his return from that ride, by merciless savages who were fearful lest the great tide of immigration he had evoked from the East should drive them from their hunting grounds!

And now, sir, as we are gathered here tonight in the closing hours of this Eighteenth Annual Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution, beneath the ample protecting folds of this dear old flag, this poem without words, this song without music, this witchery of eloquence without speech, this benediction ever upon us without the laying on of hands, all of the stars are shining brightly there tonight in its blue field, but six of them with a peculiar sparkling lustre:—Oregon, the 33d; Colorado, the 38th, that State that had put those fiery frost scars on the face of this man as her special brand-royal of a hero and a patriot; Montana, the 41st; Washington, the 42d; Idaho, the 43d; Wyoming, the 44th; and soon, perhaps, the star of a new State, the 47th, which it has been proposed to form out of the fifty thousand extra square miles of the old Oregon country, in the western part of Montana, to be called by the magic name of Lincoln; each of these five stars of the Northwest, set there in the firmament home of the old flag by this bold rider who rode across these Rocky Mountains in the dead of winter with a letter in his hand that must be delivered post-haste to Garcia, and superscribed "Daniel Webster, Secretary of State, Washington, District of Columbia, via Colorado." (Enthusiastic cheers and applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

Compatriots, the last speaker has eloquently portrayed to you the winning of the West. He has shown you that this vast empire was not won by the signing with Mexico of the Treaty of 1847 nor by signing with Napoleon the Treaty of 1805. This great land was won with precious blood. He has eloquently portrayed to you the deeds of those mighty men of valor, those descendants of the patriots of 1776, who, with their sword and rifle, conquered this country from the wild beasts of the plains and mountains and the wilder, fiercer, and more merciless red men. The heroes of that mighty drama are rapidly passing away; they are "crossing the Great Divide;" they are being numbered with the vast majority; their names, their deeds, are already become but a memory. It seems fitting to our Society that The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution should take some cognizance of the heroism of those true American citizens in whose veins flowed the blood of the colonists of the East. We have, therefore, added to our printed program of this evening, which has on its front page the Columbine, the beautiful flower peculiar to Colorado, and our State flower; we have added illustrations suggesting those heroes and that era; we have prepared a specially bound volume of the same. Mr. Secretary General, in behalf of our Society, I present you with this volume and request of you that it may be laid up among the records in the archives of the National Society, not as a memorial of this occasion, but as a reminder to future generations who perchance may glance at its pages that in every age there is a Bunker Hill and a Yorktown; that there are American patriots solving the American problems in every era; that every day new problems, perhaps new conflicts, arise. They may be

martial, they may be industrial, they may be political, and as in the past, so may it ever be true in the future, may it please Almighty God to raise up true American patriots with the wisdom to solve these problems. (Applause.) I trust, Mr. Secretary General, that you will so receive it and so dispose of it.

REMARKS BY SECRETARY GENERAL A. HOWARD CLARK.

Mr. Toastmaster, this beautiful present from the Colorado Society, meaning so much to The National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, will be preserved in the archives of the National Society. It would take me more than an hour to express all that I feel for myself and in behalf of the National Society for what has been done here by the Colorado Society. This souvenir will be preserved in memory of the Denver Congress.

But I am reminded that I had better not talk too long. I think of the boy who came home from school with a note from his teacher. It said: "My Dear Mr. Jones: Your boy disturbs the school. I wish you would scold him. He talks too much." The father immediately wrote a note to the teacher: "My Dear Miss Smith: I am very sorry to hear that my boy talks too much, but, great Cæsar! you should hear his mother." (Laughter.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

Compatriots, out here, when we ask a man from Kentucky where he is from, nine times out of ten he says "Near Lexington, Kentucky, sir." We know two classes of Massachusetts men out here in Colorado. One is the man "from Bawston," the other is the man "from near Boston, sir." We expected to have present with us this evening a gentleman not from "Bawston," but from "near Boston, sir," Dr. Moses Greeley Parker, of Lowell, who was elected Vice-President General at the Boston Congress. Unfortunately it is impossible for him to be present with us at this banquet. What Dr. Parker has done for this Society, in its organization and in its development, is well known to you all. He is a man who has endeared himself to all the members of this Society by his sterling, splendid, personal character. We are sorry that he cannot be present here this evening, but we shall enjoy hearing the paper read by Mr. Pettingell, who is not from "Bawston," but from "near Boston, sir." (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY MOSES G. PARKER, M. D., OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Compatriots, Ladies and Gentlemen: I deem it a distinguished honor to be asked to speak at this banquet; it gives me an opportunity to express our thanks and gratitude to our Compatriots of the West for their great generosity in entertaining the Eighteenth Annual Congress, S. A. R., so bountifully here in this beautiful city of Denver, the Pearl of the Prairie.

We, of rugged New England, child of Old England, can hardly realize that her thrift and energy has extended over such a broad expanse of country. New England, with her rugged hills and stony acres, cannot easily comprehend this great expanse of fertile, level country, vast enough to feed the world, and some day may have a population large enough to rule it.

We stand here in this great country, in a beautiful city, which is nobly one pearl in the string of pearls found on both sides of this great mountain range—the backbone of this country, if not of the world itself.

I must not dwell longer on the vast wealth and beauty of this great western part of our country. The origin of patriotic societies is due to California. In 1875 some Californians formed a Society something after the Society of the Cincinnati, but much broader. It was not confined to the thirteen States, but was to take in all the United States, and all descended from Revolutionary sires and "Sons of Revolutionary Sires" was to be its name. Invitations were sent to all the States asking them to form societies. Little advance was made before 1883, when New York formed an independent society, calling it "Sons of the Revolution," and invited all the States to form societies auxiliary to the New York Society. Pennsylvania and New Jersey formed societies, but not as auxiliary to New York, and through the activity of the New Jersey Society some twenty societies of Sons of the Revolution were formed by 1889. Early in this year thirteen of these societies met to form a National Society, desiring to unite themselves more closely together and hoping that New York would rescind its auxiliary clause and let these Societies in on a common basis. This the New York Society refused to do. Then the thirteen Societies immediately formed a National Society of their own and called it "Sons of the American Revolution," drew up their Constitution, fixed their annual dues, and before the year was ended eighteen State Societies had joined The National Society, Sons of the American Revolution.

This Society has had and has among its members two Presidents of the United States, namely, President McKinley and President Roosevelt; one Vice-President, Levi P. Morton; one Ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter; members of the President's Cabinets, judges of the Supreme Court, Senators, Representatives of the United States, Governors of States, and thousands of the best men of the country.

Compatriots, I now invite you all to Boston, that I may tell you a little of our history and historic buildings.

We are now off on our imaginary trip, with a stop at Omaha on the bluff for a breath; at Chicago by the lake for a breeze; at New York for a moment to see this city of modern wonders; now we are in Boston, in Faneuil Hall, the Cradle of American Liberty, seated around our tables just as you are here, and I bid you welcome.

Standing here in this historic hall, decorated with relics of the past, whose walls have echoed to the voices of the greatest men this or any other country has ever seen, is an honor we can never forget. This is

the most historic building in Boston. We have but few left; these we must protect and save from the march of business encroachments.

Not far to the north is the old home of Paul Revere, now being restored to its early appearance, and near it is the Old North Church, from the belfry of which the signal lanterns were hung in 1775. Near by on the south is the Old State House, which we have saved from further destruction; near it is Kings Chapel and the Old South Church, in which the voices of Hancock, Warren, and Adams have been heard, and on the opposite side of the street is the birthplace of Benjamin Franklin.

Down the south side of this church passed the early patriots, disguised as Mohawk Indians, to the Tea Wharf, there to mix the tea, then stored in British vessels, with the water of Boston Harbor. The cup was too small and overflowed into Massachusetts Bay, and there mingled with the waters of the great Atlantic Ocean, flavoring them with its first taste of American Independence.

On the south are Dorchester Heights; from these heights our great Washington witnessed the departure of the British war vessels. They sailed "down and out" of Boston Harbor, never to return.

This is historic ground. The tramp of the British soldier has been heard on our streets and roads from Dorchester, on the south, to Lexington and Concord, on the west, and Bunker Hill, on the north, where now stands a monument pointing to the skies. In the upper chamber of this monument are two brass cannons, properly inscribed and named the Hancock and Adams. These are two of the four cannons that Parker and Minot, two lads from Roxbury, took from Paddock's artillery when it was parked in Boston, and carried them in their wagons through the British lines and hid them on their respective farms. The next day five hundred redcoats were sent out to find them; they were unsuccessful, and later heard from them at the Battle of Bunker Hill, where the British recaptured two, and in taking them to Canada lost one in Lake Champlain. The other they saved, and on it have inscribed "Captured from the Americans."

Near by, on Beacon Hill, is a shaft marking the spot of the "Beacon Light." (There were no telegraphs or telephones then.) It was the "Beacon Light" that flashed its signal of alarm throughout the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. It was the "Beacon Light" and flint-lock gun that roused the Minute Men of Old Middlesex county to arms long before Paul Revere reached Lexington, on the morning of the 19th of April, 1775.

I have heard men speak of the Battle of Lexington and Concord as "that little affair," and I want to say that all who speak of it as a "little affair" have no conception of a battle or of that great event. To lose one in ten in battle is called slaughter; what shall we call it when we lose one in three, as did Captain Parker on that memorable morning when 20 of his 60 men fell dead or wounded by the first fire of the British? Before night this had changed, and the loss that day was so great that the British complained in their report of the battle to their King that the Americans were murderers because they took aim in

battle. They did take aim, and that is the reason that of the 400 who fell that day over 300 were British and less than 100 (93) were Americans.

What did the American women do then? They formed themselves into societies and called themselves "Daughters of Patriots" and "Daughters of Liberty," and pledged themselves not to drink tea. They could not all serve a cannon as the wife of John Hayes did at the Battle of Monmouth, but they could all spin and weave. This was their daily occupation; they spun and wove for the Continental soldiers as your and my great-great-grandmothers did.

What has this Society done? It has collected much historical matter; it has caused the marking of thousands of Revolutionary soldiers' and sailors' garves; it has placed tablets on ashlers, boulders, and buildings to mark historic spots and places; it has created an interest in patriotic work throughout the United States and in our schools, which is greatly needed by the newcomers to this country.

It has changed the name of Fast Day to Patriots' Day.

It has protected our flag and kept it free from the hand of the advertiser.

It, with other patriotic societies, has saved and protected the old State House in Boston from further business encroachments.

Last, but not least, it has recorded the names of its members and their Revolutionary ancestors in books and placed these books in our libraries. These are better and more lasting monuments than any one can erect out of marble or granite.

It is well to recall the history of those days; it is well to mark the historical places, and we look with pride on these sacred spots that dot the surrounding country.

To remember and honor patriots and places like these was the injunction of Washington in his farewell address to the American people.

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

We all admire the enterprise of Chicago. I think I could prove to you, ladies and gentlemen, that Chicago is not only enterprising, but there are true philanthropists there. If that man is a philanthropist who makes one blade of grass grow where two have previously flourished, I would like to know what we are going to say about the people of Chicago.

I take pleasure in introducing Mr. Daniel M. Lord, of Chicago, former President of the Illinois Society.

ADDRESS BY MR. DANIEL M. LORD, OF ILLINOIS.

MR. TOASTMASTER, COMPATRIOTS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: As I was leaving the station in Chicago last Saturday afternoon a telegram was handed me from our genial Toastmaster, saying that I was on the program for this evening, and the closing words were, "You must not disappoint us." Whether by instructions or not I do not know, the

operator had underscored the word "must," and on account of that *must* I appear before you. As the hour is late I will not detain you long. I have left to others the more pleasing part of bringing you the fun which is so much the part of an after-dinner speech, while my word is of a more serious vein, for I feel that there is some danger that on such occasions we are apt to felicitate ourselves on our ancestry and who we are and overlook the work that lies at our hand and must be done by Sons of the American Revolution.

As I remarked yesterday in the Congress, I have been re-reading history lately, and that re-reading has changed my point of view. I heard a story the other day which illustrates a point I wish to make: Two men were crossing a field when they suddenly found they were pursued by an angry bull. They started out for the nearest fence, but finding that that was too far off to be safe they changed their course toward a tree and fortunately reached it, one man taking to the tree and the other, finding a big hole in the ground, dodged into it just as the bull charged over it, but he immediately appeared above the ground and the bull charged back again. When this had been repeated three or four times his friend up the tree says, "You fool, why don't you stay in the hole?" He looked up and said, "My friend, from your point of view you cannot know that there is a bear in this hole." Like the man in the hole, I have been led to see things in a different light; a new point of view has appeared before me. We have been taught to believe by oft-repeated phrases and the superficial writers of history that the old times were the good times; that the new times are the bad. We have come to believe that old times were good, and that the good times are over, a thing of the past. But modern historians do not treat battles as the beginning and end of history; they show the causes which lead up to battles and show the moral standards of nations, and thus give us both views—the good and the bad in nations, peoples, and individuals. This re-reading of history has changed my point of view so that I realize that while there was much good old-fashioned honesty I find there was much old-fashioned dishonesty. And when people tell me—and I have been brought up to believe it as most of you have—that the good old-fashioned days of honesty are past I do not believe it, for I read history and I know something of the world as it is today. I have come to the conclusion that we are living in good new times (applause); that the times we live in are better than any that have gone before (applause); that more men are honest today than there were in the good old times; that more people enjoy the good things of life than they did in the good old times; that, in fact, the world is better. I have little doubt that had they the means of communication and a yellow journal or two they would have had as many rascals to deal with then as the journals of civilization expose at the present day. I doubt not in time to come the days of our Civil War will be looked upon as good old times. But, gentlemen, there are a good many of us who can remember in those days that contractors furnished our soldiers in the field shoddy clothing and wormy hardtack just the same as in the older days and so-called honest days of the Colonial Wars.

One reason why so many look on the present as evil days is that we are living in an age where anything a man does that is not straight is known and it is advertised the world over, while in the old days, when a man was found in some crooked business, a stage coach would carry the news to two or three towns and, picking up some new gossip, the first was dropped and the newer became the news and the world at large didn't know much about it. I am confident that if it were possible to ascertain it would be found that the standard of honesty is higher today than in the best of the good old times.

I know of an incident that took place in a woman's college in the East. In a class in history, studying the American Revolution and taking the time when Washington was being assailed and accused of all sorts of crimes, two of the young ladies were found to be weeping, and on the teacher asking "why they wept" they said, "We supposed every one regarded Washington as we do now when we look upon his face in the pictures, as almost a god; that every one knew him to be honest, true to the highest principles of patriotism, unselfish to a degree quite unknown in history." But they learned something new; he was accused of carrying on the war for his own aggrandizement, was to make himself dictator, and so on. All this in the good old-fashioned honest days.

I have a word of warning that I want to give to the Sons of the American Revolution. Some years ago I attended a New England Society dinner in New York. Ex-Secretary Hamilton Fish was one of the speakers, and he spoke following a gentleman who had taken a very pessimistic view of things. Mr. Fish said, in rising to speak, "If I read American history aright I find that the American people, in dealing with problems that arise in developing a Republican Government, come up against a stone wall so high they cannot see over it, so deep in its foundation that they cannot dig under, and so long that it is impossible to get around either end, but history shows they land on their feet on the other side."

Now, that shows me two things—first, that in the olden times there were problems to solve that seemed as insurmountable as those we have now to solve. It shows me another thing, that it is not safe to trust to luck, but that in these crises there were men who held the wheel and guided the ship of state, who labored and sacrificed and assured the landing on the other side on their feet. Now I bring the message to the Sons of the American Revolution that there is work for you to do, individually and as a Society. I guarantee that every delegate to the Congress who heard the reports today will agree with me that never in any Congress has there been so much of hope as there was in this, where State after State reported what they were doing in the way of making things better. They were doing a little here and a little there by individual and Society effort and the results are grand. So I have said my message is a serious one to all patriotic societies, that they have a world of work to do. It is charged that we live in a commercial age; that the only thing we think of is money-getting; and yet I am convinced that with all this rage for money, with all the scandals that are

being developed, back of it and underneath it all is earnest work by thousands of earnest men and women; so I say again that today we live in an age that is better than any that has preceded it. I believe that the mission of the Sons of the American Revolution is peace. Peace has greater victories than those of war. Our loved country today occupies the position she does simply because her course has been almost entirely one of peace, and while I honor the men from whom we have descended, who fought the fight as I would fight it today in as holy a cause, yet I charge your mission in life and in the world today as of all patriotic societies is that of peace. (Applause.) War is wasteful; peace is saving. And by that method we will have accomplished more than we would by an aggressive policy, because I believe that where the old doctrine prevailed, "Knowing your rights you dare maintain them," today it is, Recognizing your neighbor's rights you dare respect them. (Applause.)

I cannot better illustrate what can be done by earnest effort exerted by honest men than by telling you what has been accomplished in my own city. It is generally acknowledged by those who are entitled to know that Chicago has the most honest common council of any large city in the country, and it was brought about by the Municipal Voters' League, a band of men, very few in numbers, who went to work to purify our common council, by taking every alderman in the city, examining his record, and publishing it to the world. We have driven from the council corrupt men, so that we have a large majority of honest men. In one case in a West Side ward, where we were trying to get rid of the "Grey Wolves," as we called them, one of the "Grey Wolves" came to us and said, "I understand you are going to spend three thousand dollars in my ward to beat me; if you will give me fifteen hundred dollars I will quit."

Great opportunities come to the very few. There can be but one Washington, one Lincoln, but there is none so humble but what he can follow the Prophet Isaiah's instruction, giving "precept upon precept, line upon line, here a little and there a little," and then at the close of life go to the grave satisfied with the verdict of your fellow-men, "He has done what he could." We boast of ancestry in vain if we do not fulfill the added duties that fall to our lot on account of that ancestry.

I am a thorough optimist, as what I have already said would indicate, but I do not claim that if all should adopt my plan that it would bring the millennium at once. In spite of our best efforts, days of discouragement and disappointments will come. There is always a bright side, and if measured by a period of time it will be found advances have been made. There is hope even in the darkest hours, for somewhere in Democracy's watch tower the spirit of Liberty never sleeps and is ever on watch; and if in the darkness of midnight at such times one will call to the watchman, "Watchman, what of the night?" the answer, strong with hope, will come back, "The night has come, but the day cometh," and in that far-distant day, when a true Democracy shall envelop the world some Son of the American Revolution of generations yet to come

will call to that same watchman, "Watchman, what of the day?" In triumphant tones the answer will come back, "The day has come; there is no night." (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

Ladies and gentlemen, the hour is not late. We have time for a few more remarks. Although the trip tomorrow to Cripple Creek is a rather trying one and involves somewhat earlier rising in the morning, still we shall be very glad, no doubt, to hear briefly from a few others. In this grand work that we are engaged in, where our duty seems to have been made clear to us, where we have seen that while we must not forget the past we must look into the future and do the duty that presents itself to us, there is another organization, the Sons of the Revolution. We must remember that they are engaged in the same grand patriotic work. We have with us this evening a representative of that Society, the Sons of the Revolution, Mr. William E. Sweet, President of the Colorado Society, whom I have the honor to present to you.

ADDRESS BY MR. W. E. SWEET, OF COLORADO.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Members of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution: The "more to follow" suggested by the last speaker will be, from this source, I assure you, very, very brief.

On behalf of myself and the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, I wish to thank you for inviting me to take this part in your banquet tonight. I am sure that I appreciate this honor, as the President of the Society, and assure you that we appreciate the honor you have shown us in inviting me to be present, and I feel that this is as it should be. I have very many intimate friends in your Society. It was my pleasure to personally congratulate my dear friend Dr. Guyer upon his election to the office of Vice-President General, and the gentleman who spoke to you a few moments ago, Mr. Tuttle, is also a friend and very intimate associate of the Secretary of our Society. And is there any reason, gentlemen, why the flag should not appeal alike to you and to me? Is there any reason why the appeals to patriotism of your noble compatriot, Mr. Tuttle, should not find in my heart as stirring a response as it does in yours? I fell that it does. There is between the Societies in this city at this date the very closest bond of fellowship. We have had every year a joint meeting such as you are enjoying tonight of your Congress, and there is no more welcome speaker, there is no one who can arouse the enthusiasm of patriotism in the hearts of the Sons of the Revolution and the Sons of the American Revolution more than your noble compatriot, Mr. Joseph F. Tuttle (applause), and I congratulate you, Mr. Toastmaster and members of this Society, upon this splendid Congress. I have watched the reports in the papers, and I congratulate you more than anything else upon the uniqueness of this program. It seems to me that in all its details, in the pictures and in the magnificent history you have had repeated to you tonight, this pro-

gram is exceedingly unique, is exceedingly interesting, and the local committee deserves the very greatest of compliments upon it.

You have heard the words of welcome tonight from the Governor of our State and from your own local President, Dr. Slocum. I am very sorry, indeed, that the Secretary General has such an opinion of Dr. Slocum as he voiced to me a minute ago. Dr. Slocum told his story about the return of the twenty-five cents admission fee, and without noticing the Rev. William F. Slocum, D. D., LL. D., your honorable Secretary General said to me after he had finished the story, "Do you suppose it is true?"

You have heard nothing but words of welcome since you came into the city, expressed tonight by our Governor and by others; and in closing these few words I trust that the words of one of our Colorado poets may find a ready response in your minds and in your hearts as you leave for your homes:

"If I should hear the call to die
Out in Colorado,
Don't you think that I would fly
Away from Colorado?

"Heaven's awfully far away,
And although it is nice, they say,
I'll just cuddle down and stay
Out in Colorado."

(Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

We are all very sorry, indeed, not to have the pleasure of listening to the Hon. Justice J. Franklin Fort, of New Jersey, our compatriot. It seems a pity that a State like New Jersey should not have been represented here tonight by a speaker. New Jersey has a grand record. It is a State which suffered more than any other from the strife of the war. Its soil was drenched with the blood of contending armies. Its patriots not only exposed their lives, but lost their property in behalf of the Union.

We would like to hear this evening from our compatriot, Maj. William Frye Tebbetts, of Alabama. I will add that he shows his true American patriotism by trying to heal the great wound of the Civil War and by organizing a Society called "Independence Day Society," the object of which is to secure universal observance of the Fourth of July, and thus have the people of the South join with the people of the North, feeling that there is one great tie between us.

Ladies and gentlemen, Maj. William Frye Tebbetts, President of the Alabama Society. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY MAJ. WILLIAM FRYE TEBBETTS, OF ALABAMA.

Mr. Toastmaster and Compatriots: The very long notice I have had has furnished a great inspiration to me. The topic assigned to me is tremendous. I doubt my ability to fully do justice to that subject. From the few remarks by the Toastmaster in reference to the Independence Day Society, or Association, as we call it, do not gather the idea that the Southern people are not patriotic because they have not been trained to shoot fire crackers on the Fourth of July. Now, do not misunderstand that, for you will find no more patriotic people throughout the breadth of this land than you will find among the Southern people. (Applause.) They have the fire and spirit and everything that goes to support American ideals and American institutions and patriotism, and all that those words mean. But I have not the time to say all I would like to say about the South. It is a story you will hear more and more about as time goes on. This is the first time the far South, at least the State of Alabama, has been represented in a Congress of the Sons of the American Revolution. We have been honored far beyond our deserts by receiving one of the Vice-Presidents General in the National Society, my distinguished predecessor as President, General Whiting, of Mobile, Alabama.

I have listened, Mr. Toastmaster and ladies and gentlemen of Colorado, to the account of the wonderful resources, agricultural and mineral, of your great State. I have heard about the wonderful ozone. I have enjoyed it. I have heard about your sunshine. Ladies and gentlemen, we have sunshine; we have cotton; we have, in addition to the sunshine and cotton, flowers and music, and, above all, we have splendid womanhood. (Applause.) I have listened to the account of the mineral products of this great State; I have listened to the story of your agricultural products and boundless wealth and all that, and I have also seen the most beautiful of all, the splendid womanhood of Colorado. (Applause.) We have been talking about the Sons of the American Revolution; we have been talking about our forefathers; but how about our foremothers? Gentlemen, I drink a toast to the splendid womanhood of Colorado. (Applause.)

(The audience here rose and drank to the womanhood of Colorado.)

I thank you, Mr. Toastmaster, for giving me this opportunity of saying these few words upon this most magnificent occasion. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

We will close the exercises this evening by an address from a gentleman whom I am sure you will all like to hear from, and in justice to him I will say that what he may have to say is necessarily quite impromptu, as it was only suggested to him a short time ago that we might call upon him to relate some events of his varied career as a soldier. Colonel Armes, of Washington, D. C., is one of those pioneers who

has done his duty in the winning of the West. He has exposed his life for years on these old plains. He knows what it is to contend with savage Indians, with thrist, and with hunger.

Ladies and gentlemen, Colonel Armes, of the City of Washington.

ADDRESS BY COL. GEORGE A. ARMES, OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

COMPATRIOTS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I am proud to say that I am from the eastern part of Virginia. I am also proud that I am a descendant of William Armes, who was one of the first settlers of Deerfield, Mass. When the State of Virginia withdrew from the Union, Col. James W. Jackson (who afterward shot Colonel Ellsworth at the Marshall House in Alexandria, Va.) invited my little organization of sixty boys to ride at the tournament given at Fairfax Court House, Va., and after the tournament was over Captain Ball, of our little company, made a State's rights speech and invited us to take part in the Southern cause. I declined. Having read what our forefathers went through to establish this Union, as a patriotic boy of sixteen I stated that I intended to stand by the flag (applause), and I bade them goodbye and came over to Washington, and soon enlisted as a private soldier. When the troops marched to Alexandria, Col. O. B. Wilcox (our late compatriot), who led the First Michigan Infantry, gave me Captain Butterworth and one hundred men, and we surrounded the slave-pen and captured Captain Ball and his company. I served through to the close of the war. I was attached to General Hancock's staff, and found him one of the finest generals of our Army. He made me Captain of the Second New York Artillery when I was only eighteen years of age. I served through to Appomattox and felt as though I would like to own that historic spot, and there made up my mind that if I ever went into business I would try to accumulate enough to purchase that whole property. After General Lee's surrender I was put in command of seven counties of eastern Virginia. After being mustered out of the volunteers I went to farming. While in Washington one day I met General Hancock, who wanted to know what I was doing. I said, "I am farming at my old home in Virginia." He said, "We want you on the plains, where we are trying to drive the Indians back, so we can settle up that country; sell your farm, and go out on the border, where such young men as you are needed." I sold my farm, put the money in the bank, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Second United States Cavalry.

Just before leaving Washington a friend of mine came to me and explained he was going to be married in a few days, and needed money to furnish his house, and asked me if I would let him have three thousand dollars. I said certainly, and gave him a check for it, and took his note for one year, which I still hold. (Applause.) Arriving at St. Louis, I came up to Kansas City on a steamboat, marched from there to Fort Leavenworth, thence to Fort Riley, Kans., thence to Pond Creek, on the "Smoky," near the Colorado line. July 4th, 1866, we

selected the site of Fort Wallace and started to build it, scouting from there off and on all over this section of the country, months at a time without a tent. On one occasion I was complimented by Adjutant General Hughes, of Denver, who stated in his letter that if he had the power I should wear the shoulder straps of a Captain in the Regular Army. Within a few weeks afterward the then Department Commander, Gen. Philip St. George Cook, requested General Grant to send me a commission as Captain, and date it back, and I jumped over several hundred officers formerly my seniors, making me the youngest Captain of Cavalry in the Regular Army, and was also complimented in general orders for a brilliant cavalry feat. I remained on duty and did my best to drive the Indians out of the country so that you, gentlemen, could come here and establish this beautiful city, which I am proud to be in with you to day. (Applause.) I want to mention the fact that after retiring from active service I went into the real-estate and railroad business and succeeded in making enough money to purchase that historic battlefield at Appomattox, Va., and am proud to say that I own it today. (Applause.) Occasionally on my visits there the church people call on me to donate ground to build on, and I am proud to say that there are now three churches built on the ground I gave for that purpose. I also donated three plots to the State of North Carolina, where monuments and tablets have since been established in honor of the North Carolina veterans who fought their last fight at Appomattox. I now thank you, gentlemen, for the opportunity you have given me to be with you here this evening. You can not help but feel proud of this grand city and the course you have taken to build it, making it one of the finest in our whole country. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

It will be a pleasure to us to listen to Colonel Williams, who is a veteran of our grand old Army. I have the pleasure of introducing to you Col. Charles A. Williams, United States Army. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY COL. CHARLES A. WILLIAMS, U. S. ARMY.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies, and Members of the Society: I will detain you but a few moments, rather to explain my presence with you this evening. I wish to express my appreciation of this honor from two points of view: first, that the management of this grand gathering here should have deemed it appropriate to have a representative with you tonight from the active list of the Regular Army. It is a matter that I know all of the compatriots of my own class would appreciate highly. That it should have fallen to me to have the pleasure to represent the Regular Army here tonight, where there are many others whom I know could have more worthily performed that function, I appreciate as a personal distinction and as one of the greatest honors I have ever had conferred upon me.

The ceremony of bearing the flag was not a novel one to me. For thirty-seven years I have borne the flag, and I have borne it over much of the wide West.

I am certain that the old-time hospitals of the Army have so passed that you will not be likely, in your journeyings, to come in contact with them. You may have here and there, as you were crossing the plains, pointed out as "Old Fort" this, "Old Fort" that, but they exist no longer as they were in the olden days. Commercialism has drawn in the Regular Army as it has a great many other features of our civilization, and today the Army is represented by larger posts in the vicinity of your larger cities.

I noticed in the morning papers that some of the members of the Society had been out to Fort Logan. If I was there I regret exceedingly that I was not aware of their presence there. I wish to extend, however, in the name of the Army, the most cordial invitation to the members of this grand Society, at any of their Congresses, to make themselves at home in our larger army posts, which are to be found wherever your Congress may be assembled.

But I am detaining you too long, ladies and gentlemen, for the hour is late. I thank you most cordially, and especially the Colorado Society, for the distinction and pleasure conferred upon me this evening.

REMARKS BY TOASTMASTER VAILLE.

I wish to assure Colonel Williams that we are the ones honored.

We regret that there is not more time for speeches. There are many here whom we would like to hear from, but, bearing in mind what is before us on the coming days, and urging you all to take those trips that we have planned for, let us close the exercises of this evening by rising, and, with the musicians, join in singing "America."

CHURCH SERVICE, RECEPTIONS, ETC.

On Sunday, June 2, at 8 p. m., special services were held at St. Mark's Church, with sermon by the Chaplain of the Colorado Society, Rev. J. H. Houghton. The service was attended by many of the delegates who had arrived in Denver that evening.

On Monday evening at the Woman's Club there was a reception to delegates and ladies, given by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Wednesday morning, June 4, members of the Congress left Denver as the guests of the Colorado Society on a trip to Colorado Springs, and proceeded by special train to Cripple

Creek, where they were received by the Mayor. A meeting was held in the City Hall, where brief addresses were made by the Mayor, by Mr. McClary, and Mr. Pugsley, and a golden key to the city was presented to the Society.

Wednesday night was spent at Colorado Springs. Thursday morning the delegates were the guests of Gen. William J. Palmer at a breakfast at the Antlers Hotel, after which they were formally received at the City Hall by Mayor Heizer, President Fertig, of the City Council, and other officials. To each delegate was presented one of the medals struck in commemoration of the Pike Centennial. Carriages were then taken for a ride through Palmer Park, the Garden of the Gods, and Manitou.

In the afternoon a reception in honor of the delegates was given at her home by Mrs. Elizabeth Cass Goddard, granddaughter of General Cass and Regent of the Zebulon Pike Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, assisted by the State Regent and others. A reception was also given by President and Mrs. W. F. Slocum at their home at Colorado College.

REGISTER OF NEW MEMBERS

OF

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY

OF THE

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Recorded from May 1, 1906, to June 1, 1907.

Arranged Alphabetically by State Societies.

Compiled by A. HOWARD CLARK, Registrar General.

REGISTER OF NEW MEMBERS

ENROLLED FROM MAY 1, 1906, TO JUNE 1, 1907.

(Continued from 1906 Year Book.)

ARIZONA SOCIETY.

WILLIAM BUCKINGHAM, Los Angeles, Cal. (Ariz. 18777). Son of Catarinus Putnam and Marian (Hawks) Buckingham; grandson of Ebenezer and Catharine (Putnam) Buckingham; great-grandson of *Rufus Putnam,* Colonel Fifth Mass. Regt., Brigadier General Continental Army.

EVERETT E. ELLINWOOD, Bisbee, Ariz. (12622). Son of John P. and Cornelia (Sperry) Ellinwood; grandson of John M. and Hannah (Fuller) Ellinwood; great-grandson of Ralph and Elizabeth (Marble) Ellinwood; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Ellinwood,* Member of Brimfield, Mass., Committee of Correspondence, Inspection and Safety.

WARREN OTIS PERKINS, Flagstaff, Ariz. (18779). Son of Frederick Wellington and Mary Angelina (Thompson) Perkins; grandson of George Hough and Harriet Crosby (Wright) Perkins; great-grandson of Jonathan and Nancy (Townsend) Perkins; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan* (and Rhoda Sanborn) *Perkins,* private New Hampshire Continental troops; great^3-grandson of *Abner Sanborn,* Corporal New Hampshire Militia; great-grandson of Oliver and Susan (Smith) Wright; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Wright,* Minute Man, Corporal, New Hampshire Militia; great^2-grandson of *Daniel Smith,* private New Hampshire Volunteers.

FRANCIS EPPES SHINE, Bisbee, Ariz. (18776). Son of William F. and Maria Jefferson (Eppes) Shine; grandson of Francis and Susan (Ware) Eppes; great-grandson of John Wayles and Maria (Jefferson) Eppes; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Jefferson,* Signer of the Declaration of Independence.

JAY D. STANNARD, Phœnix, Ariz. (18780). Son of Abiel S. and Hannah E. (Fletcher) Stannard; grandson of Jeremiah and Sophia (Call) Stannard; great-grandson of Nathan and Joanna (Buell) Call; great^2-grandson of *Matthew Buell,* Second Lieutenant, Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

ARKANSAS SOCIETY.

JOHN M. BRACEY, Little Rock, Ark. (11798). Son of Xenophon Lynch and Elizabeth (Godfrey) Bracey; grandson of Merry and Elcey (Moore) Bracey; great-grandson of Isham and Nancy (Singleton) Moore; great²-grandson of *Mathew Singleton,* Member of South Carolina Provincial Congress, Captain of Light Horse.

FRANK W. TUCKER, Little Rock, Ark. (11800). Son of Francis W. and Prudence (Hoyt) Tucker; grandson of Lemuel and Polly (Upham) Tucker; great-grandson of *John Tucker,* Captain Mass. Militia.

CLEMENT HIESTER YOST, Little Rock, Ark. (11799). Son of Ezekiel B. and Anna May (Paul) Yost; grandson of John and Mary (Hiester) Paul; great-grandson of John and Mary (Titlow) Hiester; great²-grandson of *John Hiester,* Captain Chester County Militia Regt. of Penna. Foot.

CALIFORNIA SOCIETY.

ALDEN AMES, San Francisco, Cal. (18023). Son of Pelham Warren and Augusta Wood (Hooper) Ames; grandson of Seth and Margaret Stephenson (Bradford) Ames; great-grandson of Gamaliel and Elizabeth (Hickling) Bradford; great²-grandson of *Gamaliel Bradford,* Colonel Fourteenth Mass. Regt.

COLGATE BAKER, San Francisco, Cal. (18021). Son of Colgate and Mary Elizabeth (Lynde) Baker; grandson of William Pitt and Mary Elizabeth (Blanchard) Lynde; great-grandson of Tilly and Elizabeth W. (Warner) Lynde; great²-grandson of *John Lynde,* Ensign, Col. John Fellows's Regt. Mass. Militia.

ROSCOE PALMER BROMLEY, Oakland, Cal. (18016). Son of John Lewis and Ann M. (Levering) Bromley; grandson of Lewis and Ann Catherine (Irons) Bromley; great-grandson of John and Eliza (Palmer) Bromley; great²-grandson of *William Bromley,* Member of Vermont Committee of Safety.

CALHOUN BRYANT, San Francisco, Cal. (18013). Son of Berryman and Henrietta Francise (Reeve) Bryant; grandson of Henry and Charlotte (Shaw) Reeve; great-grandson of Rumsey and Abigail (Woolsey) Reeve; great²-grandson of *Henry Woolsey,* private New York Militia; great-grandson of John and Johanna (Woolsey) Shaw; great²-grandson of *Isaiah Shaw,* wagoner in Wagonmaster's Dept. New Jersey Militia.

GEORGE DAVID HAUPTMAN, San Francisco, Cal. (18020). Son of George Nathaniel and Annie (Glover) Hauptman; grandson of Justus Smith and Achsa A. (Cornwall) Glover; great-grandson of James and Alphena (Hovey) Glover; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Hovey,* private, Col. Jonathan Holman's Mass. Regt.

ELIOT GREGORY JACKSON, San Francisco, Cal. (18018). Son of John P. and Clara (Gregory) Jackson, Jr.; grandson of John P.

and Elizabeth (Wolcott) Jackson; great-grandson of Frederick and —— (Huntington) Wolcott; great²-grandson of *Oliver Wolcott,* Signer of the Declaration of Independence; great-grandson of Peter and Hester (Van der Linde) Jackson; great²-grandson of *Thomas Jackson,* Captain, Crane's Artillery Regt.

ALONZO GRAVES McFARLAND, San Francisco, Cal. (18019). Son of David A. and Octavia M. (Graves) McFarland; grandson of John and Delilah (Smith) Graves; great-grandson of James and Abigail (Pinkham) Smith; great²-grandson of *Abijah Pinkham,* private, Capt. Smith Emerson's Company New Hampshire Militia.

JESSE OLNEY, San Francisco, Cal. (18014). Son of James Brown and Julia (Watson) Olney; grandson of Jesse and Elizabeth (Barnes) Olney; great-grandson of *Ezekiel Olney,* Captain Rhode Island Militia.

SAMUEL HENRY WESTFALL, San Francisco, Cal. (18022). Son of John Romans and Mary Augusta (Finch-Sheldon) Westfall; grandson of Samuel and Katherine (Romans) Westfall; great-grandson of Bernard and Elizabeth (Van Hoevenburgh) Romans; great²-grandson of *Rudolph Van Hoevenburgh,* Lieutenant Fourth New York Continental Line.

COLORADO SOCIETY.

SIMPSON D. BUTLER, Denver, Colo. (18727). Son of Oliver R. and Margaret (Graves) Butler; grandson of Levi and Lucy (Tolman) Butler; great-grandson of *Phineas Butler,* private, Colonel Marshall's Mass. Regt.

JOHN MILTON CAMPBELL, Walsenburg, Colo. (17377). Supplemental. Son of John C. L. and Emily (Brooks) Campbell; grandson of Thomas J. and Susannah (Poor) Brooks; great-grandson of John and Hanna (Chute) Poor; great²-grandson of James and Mehitable (Thurston) Chute; great³-grandson of *Daniel Chute,* private Mass. Militia, Member of Mass. General Assembly at Watertown, 1776; great³-grandson of *Richard Thurston,* Member of Rowley, Mass., Committee of Safety.

WILLIAM WALTER DALE, Denver, Colo. (18733). Son of Samuel Futhy and Eliza (McClelland) Dale; grandson of Samuel and Eliza (Gundaker) Dale; great-grandson of *Samuel Dale,* Captain Fourth Company, Second Battalion, Northumberland County, Penna. Associators.

CLARKSON J. GUYER, Denver, Colo. (17395). Son of Clarkson Newbery and Jeannette Kate (Donaldson) Guyer; grandson of Hugh Peeples and Sarah Augusta (Clarkson) Guyer; great-grandson of Richard and Harriet (Dickinson) Guyer; great²-grandson of *Luke McGuyer,* Sergeant-Major Dutchess County, New York, Militia; great²-grandson of Isaac and Lucinda (Seymour) Dickinson; great³-grandson of *Daniel* (and Mary Palmer) *Dickinson,* First Major Thirteenth Albany County, New York, Militia; great³-grand-

son of *William* (and Sarah Patrick) *Seymour,* private Conn. Militia; great⁴-grandson of *William* (and Elizabeth Campbell) *Patrick,* private Thirteenth Albany County, New York, Militia; great⁴-grandson of *George Palmer,* private New York Militia; great⁵-grandson of *Robert Campbell,* private New York Militia.

JOHN HENRY HOUGHTON, Denver, Colo. (17394). Son of Alfred and Julia Ann (Fenton) Houghton; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Willis) Houghton; great-grandson of John Houghton; great²-grandson of *Darius Houghton,* private, Captain John Fuller's Company, Asa Whitcomb's Mass. Regt.

GEORGE KEITH KIMBALL, Jr., Idaho Springs, Colo. (17397). Son of George Keith and Frances E. (Smith) Kimball; grandson of Daniel and Louisa (Keith) Kimball; great-grandson of Leonard and Patty (Baird) Kimball; great²-grandson of *Aaron Kimball,* Captain First Company Sixth Worcester County Regt. Mass. Militia; great-grandson of Royal and Deborah (Adams) Keith; great²-grandson of *Simeon Keith,* private, Woodbury's Company, Learned's Regt. Mass. Militia, died at Roxbury Camp, 1776; great²-grandson of *Daniel Baird,* Sergeant, Gridley's and Craft's Artillery Regts.; great²-grandson of *Aaron Adams,* Corporal, Captain Batcheller's Company, Colonel Holman's Mass. Regt.

ARCHIE DAVID MARSHALL, Denver, Colo. (18734). Son of William Rufus and B. Emma Marshall; grandson of David Whitelaw and Sarah Joe (Minter) Marshall; great-grandson of Jeremiah and Sarah (McDowell) Minter; great²-grandson of Samuel and Ann (Irvine) McDowell; great³-grandson of *Samuel McDowell,* Colonel Virginia troops.

CHARLES WALTER NUTTING, Denver, Colo. (18729). Son of Jonathan Emerson and Florette (Pike) Nutting; grandson of Jonathan and Laura Marguerite (Root) Nutting; great-grandson of *Eleazer Nutting III,* private, Col. Michael Jackson's Mass. Regt., pensioned.

ROBERT RAPHAELLE PEALE, Denver, Colo. (17398). Son of Franklin and Mary Ann Peale; grandson of Rubens and Julia Ann Peale; great-grandson of Raphaelle and Martha Peale; great²-grandson of *Charles Wilson Peale,* Captain Fourth Battalion City Troop of Philadelphia.

VERE STILES RICHARDS, Denver, Colo. (17393). Son of B. Franklin and Cara (Stiles) Richards; grandson of Lemuel Wright and Mary Pierce (Richmond) Stiles; great-grandson of Benjamin and Betsy (Hackett) Stiles; great²-grandson of George and Mary (Pierce) Stiles; great³-grandson of *Caleb Stiles,* private New Hampshire Militia.

HOWARD L. STEPHENS, Kearney, Neb. (Colo. 17399). Son of Calvin and Aaron (Shew) Stephens; grandson of Aaron and Margaret Shew; great-grandson of *Jacob Shew,* private Third Tryon County Regt. New York Militia.

WINFIELD SCOTT TARBELL, Colorado Springs, Colo. (18732). Son of Edward and Rebecca Wells (Lyons) Tarbell; grandson of Benjamin and Rebecca (Kidder) Tarbell; great-grandson of *William Tarbell,* private, Capt. Jonathan Stickney's Company of Minute Men of Billerica, Mass., April 19, 1775.

CHARLES BURTRAM TOPPAN, Denver, Colo. (18728). Son of Charles and Sylvania Spofford (Dolloff) Toppan; grandson of Noah and Nancy (McCrillis) Dolloff; great-grandson of *Thomas Dolloff,* private, Col. Alexander Scammel's Third New Hampshire Regt.

HENRY YOUNGS, Denver, Colo. (17381). Son of Oliver and Maria (de Young) Youngs; grandson of *Henry Youngs,* private, First Regt. Orange County Militia and Fifth New York Line.

HENRY YOUNGS, Jr., Denver, Colo. (18730). Son of Henry and Marian (Hart) Youngs; grandson of Oliver and Maria (de Youngs) Youngs; great-grandson of *Henry Youngs,* private First Regt. Orange County Militia and Fifth New York Line.

ROLLA SEWARD ZIMMERMAN, Colorado Springs, Colo. (18735). Son of Seward and Mary R. Zimmerman; grandson of Josiah and Eliza (Crane) Zimmerman; great-grandson of John and Nancy (Diefendorf) Zimmerman; great^2-grandson of *John Jacob Diefendorf,* private, Col. Samuel Clyde's Tryon County Regt. New York Militia.

CONNECTICUT SOCIETY.

CHARLES LINCOLN BANKS, Bridgeport, Conn. (19076). Son of Moses E. and Amelia (Collins) Banks; grandson of William and Ellen (Burr) Banks; great-grandson of Hezekiah and Ruhannah (Betts) Banks; great^2-grandson of *Hezekiah Banks,* private Fourth Conn. Militia.

FRANK WESLEY BOLANDE, Bridgeport, Conn. (19079). Son of Wesley Foster and Angeline (Warner) Boland; grandson of Hiram and Louisa (Childs) Boland; great-grandson of Reuben and Abigal (Foster) Boland; great^2-grandson of *David Boland,* Cornet, Captain Dutcher's Company Conn. Light Horse.

NATHAN CHARLES BUCKINGHAM, Bridgeport, Conn. (19080). Son of Charles Booth and Justine Hawkins (Bellows) Buckingham; grandson of Nathan and Mary Ann (Booth) Buckingham; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Newtown) Buckingham; great^3-grandson of *John Buckingham,* private, Capt. Jehiel Bryant's Company, Col. Joseph Thompson's Conn. Regt.

HENRY ALBERT BUDD, New York, N. Y. (Conn. 18262). Son of Samuel and Mary (Hudson) Budd; grandson of Hiram and Catherine Ann (Smedes) Budd; great-grandson of Samuel and Marie (De La Rue) Budd; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Budd,* Surgeon U. S. Ship "Randolph," Capt. Nicholas Biddle, commanding.

SAMUEL A. BURNS, Bridgeport, Conn. (19077). Son of Calvin W. and Mary Charlotte (Prince) Burns; grandson of David and Susannah (Knight) Burns; great-grandson of *John Burns, Jr.,* private, Col. John Stark's New Hampshire Regt.

GEORGE INCREASE CLAPP, Hartford, Conn. (18274). Son of George O. and Harriet S. (Bowen) Clapp; grandson of Elisha and Fanny Chandler (Morris) Bowen; great-grandson of *Henry Bowen,* private Seventh Company Third Conn. Regt., under General Putnam.

ROBERT GEORGE CURTIS, Stratford, Conn. (19081). Son of Stephen and Maria (Birdseye) Curtis; grandson of *Thaddeus Birdseye,* Sergeant, Col. Samuel Whiting's Fourth Conn. Militia.

RODERICK PERRY CURTIS, Bridgeport, Conn. (18264). Son of Lewis Agur and Emma Sophia (Steele) Curtis; grandson of Roderick Cadwell and Delia Augusta (Perry) Steele; great-grandson of Charles Benjamin and Frances (Beers) Perry; great^2-grandson of Philo and Sarah (Benjamin) Perry; great^3-grandson of *George Benjamin,* Captain Second Company Fifth Conn. Regt., Member of Stratford Committee of Safety.

CHARLES DIMON DAVIS, Bridgeport, Conn. (19061). Son of John B. and Josephine (Chatfield) Davis; grandson of Devine and Jane (Stevens) Chatfield; great-grandson of Abram and Hannah (Weed) Stevens; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Weed,* Grenadier, Col. Charles Webb's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

CHARLES WINSLOW DEANE, Bridgeport, Conn. (19082). Son of Samuel V. and Harriet (Morrell) Dean; grandson of Samuel and Hannah (Hinds) Dean; great-grandson of *John Hinds,* private, Capt. Job Pierce's Company, Major Israel Fearing's Mass. Regt.

JOHN DE PEU, Bridgeport, Conn. (18275). Son of James Henry and Elizabeth Waite (Mather) De Peu; grandson of Richard and Caroline (Whiting) Mather; great-grandson of *Sylvester Mather,* private Sixth Connecticut Line.

EUGENE LEONARD DOOLITTLE, Bridgeport, Conn. (19051). Son of Andrew Hull and Mary E. (Andrews) Doolittle; grandson of Alfred and Hannah (Brown) Doolittle; great-grandson of Samuel Doolittle; great^2-grandson of *Ambrose Doolittle,* private, Captain Nathaniel Bunnell's Company Fifth Battalion Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

FREDERICK ALFRED DOOLITTLE, Bridgeport, Conn. (18266). Son of Andrew Hull and Mary E. (Andrews) Doolittle; grandson of Alfred and Hannah (Brown) Doolittle; great-grandson of Samuel Doolittle; great^2-grandson of *Ambrose Doolittle,* private, Capt. Nathaniel Bunnell's Company Fifth Battalion Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

FREDERICK HENRY FULLER, Hartford, Conn. (19062). Son of George Wells and Cynthia Maria (Watrous) Fuller; grandson of

Ira S. and Emily (Saunders) Watrous; great-grandson of John and Martha (Bates) Saunders; great²-grandson of *John Saunders,* Corporal, Captain Joseph Jewett's Company Conn. Militia, private, Col. William Douglas's Conn. Regt.

GEORGE WASHINGTON GAGER, Sharon, Conn. (19063). Son of *Samuel R. Gager,* private, Capt. Abner Robinson's Company, Col. Samuel McLellan's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

CHARLES PERCY GILBERT, Bridgeport, Conn. (18267). Son of Joseph P. and Betsy W. (Bailey) Gilbert; grandson of William and Sukey (Williams) Bailey; great-grandson of *Cyrus Bailey,* private, Capt. Samuel Young's Company, Col. Bedel's New Hampshire Regt.

CARLETON GRAVES, Bridgeport, Conn. (19064). Son of John S. and Polly (Merwin) Graves; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Peters) Graves; great-grandson of *Samuel Graves,* private, Captain Stanton's Company, Eighth Conn. Militia.

EDWIN SEYMOUR HAWLEY, Torrington, Conn. (19052). Son of Elisha Edwin and Harriet Jane (Seymour) Hawley; grandson of Lot Norton and Belinda (Spencer) Seymour; great-grandson of *Noah Seymour,* Orderly Sergeant, Enos's Conn. Regt. and in Seymour's Dragoons.

WALTER FITCH HINCKLEY, Waterbury, Conn. (19065). Son of Record Wilbur and Harriet Salina (Jones) Hinckley; grandson of Thomas Gage and Betsey (Fitch) Hinckley; great-grandson of *Elkanah Hinckley,* private, Col. John Field's Regt. of Militia of Dutchess County, New York.

CHARLES STUART HUNGERFORD, Watertown, Conn. (18268). Son of William Allyn and Marian (Stuart) Hungerford; grandson of Allyn M. and Emily (Platt) Hungerford; great-grandson of Joel and Rebecca (Merriam) Hungerford; great²-grandson of *Christopher Merriam,* Corporal Second Conn. Line.

WILLIAM EDWARD JOHNSON, West Hartford, Conn. (19066). Son of Giles M. and Emily (Allen) Johnson; grandson of Joel and Mary (Lucas) Johnson; great-grandson of *James Johnson,* private, Capt. Ebenezer Sumner's Company, Col. Samuel Wyllys's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

CHARLES JOHN KNAPP, Bridgeport, Conn. (19053). Son of John and Mary (Knapp) Knapp; grandson of Wilson and Clara (Morehouse) Knapp; great-grandson of *Abraham Morehouse,* private, Captain Walker's Company, Colonel Elmore's Conn. Regt.

HENRY KORCKHAUSS LEE, Hartford, Conn. (19054). Son of Joshua Boone and Elizabeth Maria (Korckhauss) Lee; grandson of Henry and Eliza (Ripperger) Korckhauss; great-grandson of Conrad and Elizabeth (Deitrick) Ripperger; great²-grandson of *Peter Deitrick,* Ensign Penna. Continental Line.

RICHARD POPE LYMAN, Hartford, Conn. (18269). Son of Charles Parker and Lucy Ellery (Pope) Lyman; grandson of Augustus Russell and Lucy Ann (Meacham) Pope; great-grandson of George Washington and Mary (Stedman) Meacham; great^2-grandson of *Ebenezer Stedman, Jr.,* private Mass. Militia on Canadian expedition; great^3-grandson of *Ebenezer Stedman,* Member of Mass. Provincial Congress of 1774-1775 and of Cambridge Committee of Safety.

CHARLES FOSTER McNEIL, New Haven, Conn. (18270). Son of Virgil F. and Alice (Curtis) McNeil; grandson of Charles H. Curtis; great-grandson of Erastus Curtis; great^2-grandson of Augustin Curtis; great^3-grandson of *Elezier Curtis, 3d,* Captain, Colonel Hinman's Fourth Conn. Regt.; great^4-grandson of *Elezier Curtis, 2d,* Sergeant, Captain Stoddard's Company Conn. Militia.

FRANK MALVERN MATHER, Hartford, Conn. (19067). Son of Ira A. and Jennie A. (Jewett) Mather; grandson of Peter Jenner and Louisa Adelaide (Smith) Jewett; great-grandson of Joseph and Jane (Pettibone) Jewett; great^2-grandson of *Joseph Jewett,* Captain Seventeenth Conn. Continental Regt., Colonel Huntington.

BURTON ELIZUR MOORE, Winsted, Conn. (19055). Son of Bennett Elizur and Jane (Starks) Moore; grandson of Samuel Wetmore and Flora (Murray) Starks; great-grandson of Elijah and Anna Jerusha (Wetmore) Starkweather; great^2-grandson of Abel and Jerusha (Hills) Wetmore; great^3-grandson of *John Hills,* Captain Conn. Militia.

CHARLES WILLIAM MOORE, Bridgeport, Conn. (19068). Son of Charles S. and Catharine Moore; grandson of James S. and Theda (Miller) Moore; great-grandson of Levi and Susanna Miller; great^2-grandson of *James Miller,* private, Colonel Warner's Mass. Regt., Pensioned.

DARWIN STARKS MOORE, Winsted, Conn. (18271). Son of Bennet Elizur and Jane (Starks) Moore; grandson of Samuel Wetmore and Flora (Murray) Starks; great-grandson of Elijah and Anna Jerusha (Wetmore) Starks, Starkweather; great^2-grandson of Abel and Jerusha (Hills) Wetmore; great^3-grandson of *John Hills,* Captain Conn. Militia.

CHARLES HENRY MORRIS, Bridgeport, Conn. (19078). Son of Andrew and Eliza (Blake) Morris; grandson of *Reuben Blake,* private, Capt. Elijah Humphrey's Company, Sixth Conn. Regt., Colonel Meigs.

EDWARD EVERETT NEWELL, Bristol, Conn. (19069). Son of Roger Sherman aad Naomi (Hawley) Newell; grandson of *Simeon Newell,* Captain Conn. Continental troops, under Gen. Oliver Wolcott.

JONATHAN EDWARD NEWTON, Durham, Conn. (19056). Son of Roger W. and Cynthia (Huntington) Newton; grandson of *Abner Newton,* private Conn. Militia.

CHARLES HENRY NICHOLS, New Haven, Conn. (19057). Son of Henry Z. and Eliza Ann (Pond) Nichols; grandson of Darius and Sylvia (Fox) Nichols; great-grandson of *Nathaniel Nichols,* drummer, Captain Wells's Company, Colonel Whitcomb's Mass. Regt.; great^2-grandson of *Samuel Nichols,* private and drummer, Captain Wells's Company, Colonel Whitcomb's Mass. Regt.; grandson of Harvey and Betsy (Linsley) Pond; great-grandson of *Elias Pond,* Corporal, Capt. Jehiel Meigs's Company, Col. Andrew Ward's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

HENRY FRANKLIN PARROTT, Bridgeport, Conn. (19070). Son of William Henry and Nellie Jane (Hubbell) Parrott; grandson of Henry Samuel and Julie Benedict (Payne) Parrott; great-grandson of Isaac and Sally (Blake) Parrott; great^2-grandson of *Reuben Blake,* private, Capt. Elijah Humphrey's Company, Conn. Continental troops, Col. Return Jonathan Meigs, pensioned.

WALTER WILCOX PRATT, Hartford, Conn. (19071). Son of Pliny Perry and Helen Irene (Jewett) Pratt; grandson of Peter Jenner and Louisa Adelaide (Smith) Jewett; great-grandson of Joseph and Jane (Pettibone) Jewett; great^2-grandson of *Joseph Jewett,* Captain Seventeenth Conn. Continental Regt., Colonel Huntington.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN ROOT, Bridgeport, Conn. (18272). Son of Benjamin and Vienna (Hall) Root; grandson of Amos and Orpha (Stanton) Root; great-grandson of Asahel and Hannah (Goodrich) Root; great^2-grandson of John and Hannah (Dewey) Goodrich; great^3-grandson of *Daniel Dewey,* Captain, Obadiah Johnson's Conn. Regt.; grandson of Caspar and Lavinia (Booth) Hall; great-grandson of *Brenton Hall,* Ensign, Captain Collins's Company in Tryon's Invasion of New Haven.

EDWIN WITHERS SCHULTZ, New Britain, Conn. (18273). Son of Benjamin Franklin and Emma (McAllister) Schultz; grandson of Christian and Maria D. Schultz; great-grandson of Christian and Catharine (Withers) Schultz; great^2-grandson of *John Withers,* Captain, Colonel Ferree's Battalion of Militia of Lancaster County, Pa.

ELIJAH CLARK SEARS (born June 23, 1805), Canton, So. Dakota (Conn. 19058). Son of *Willard Sears,* private Conn. Militia, pensioned; grandson of *Elkanah Sears,* Captain of privateer, prisoner.

SAMUEL MASON MORTSON SMITH, New Haven, Conn. (18265). Son of J. Robinson and Louisa (Mason) Smith; grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Lucas) Mason; great-grandson of *Benjamin Mason,* private, Moulton's and Scammel's Regts. New Hampshire Militia.

EDWIN AVERY TRACY, Norwich, Conn. (18263). Son of Charles and Sarah Edgerton (Daley) Tracy; grandson of David and Philena (Murray) Tracy, Jr.; great-grandson of *Seymour Murray,* private, Captain Hand's Company, Colonel Talcott's Conn. Regt.

FREDERICK LOUIE TROWBRIDGE, New Haven, Conn. (19072). Son of George Eli and Emily A. (Platt) Trowbridge; grandson of Eli and Lue Wheaton (Lines) Trowbridge; great-grandson of *Ezra Lines,* private Fifth Company Second Conn. Militia.

JOHN HENRY VAN YORK, Jr., Bridgeport, Conn. (19075). Son of John Henry and Antoin Wilhelmina (Whiting) Van York; grandson of John Harpin and Mary Sophia (Treadwell) Whiting; great-grandson of *Samuel Whiting,* Colonel Fourth Conn. Militia.

LEONARD WELLS, Bridgeport, Conn. (19083). Son of Lewis and Betsy (Wheeler) Wells; grandson of *Elias Wells,* private, Capt. Nathaniel Wheeler's Company, Col. Ichabod Lewis's Regt. Conn. Militia.

SEYMOUR WELLS, Stratford, Conn. (19084). Son of Elias and Maria (Patterson) Wells; grandson of *Elias Wells,* private, Capt. Nathaniel Wheeler's Company, Col. Ichabod Lewis's Regt. Conn. Militia.

FRANK PRITCHARD WELTON, Waterbury, Conn. (19073). Son of Herschel O. and Julia (Pritchard) Welton; grandson of Leonard and Elizabeth Pritchard; great-grandson of Isaac and Lucina (Baldwin) Pritchard; great^2-grandson of Noah and Elizabeth (Ives) Baldwin; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan Baldwin, Jr.,* Lieutenant-Colonel Tenth Conn. Militia; grandson of Herschel and Eunice (Prindle) Welton; great-grandson of Thomas and Hannah (Hill) Welton; great^2-grandson of *Jared Hill,* Lieutenant Conn. Militia.

RUSSELL TOMLINSON WHITING, Bridgeport, Conn. (19074). Son of Isaac H. and Mary A. (Hitchcock) Whiting; grandson of William Nathan and Wilhelmina A. (Harpin) Whiting; great-grandson of *Samuel Whiting,* Colonel Fourth Conn. Militia.

DAVID WISER, New Haven, Conn. (19059). Son of Freeman M. and Jennette (Demick) Wiser; grandson of David and Mary (Lathrop) Demick; great-grandson of John and Betsey (Farnsworth) Lathrop; great^2-grandson of Elijah and Elizabeth (Elderkin) Lathrop; great^3-grandson of *Elisha Lathrop,* Member of Committee of Safety of Lebanon, New Hampshire.

DELAWARE SOCIETY.

FRANK FAIRLAMB PIERSON, Wilmington, Del. (16465). Son of Nelson J. and Sarah A. (Woodward) Pierson; grandson of Joshua and Elizabeth (Mace) Woodward; great-grandson of Robert and Sarah (Green) Mace; great^2-grandson of *Joseph Mace,* private, Chester County, Penna., Militia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY.

WILLIAM HAMILTON BAYLY, Washington, D. C. (2010). Supplemental. Son of Joseph Tate and Harriet (Hamilton) Bayly; grandson of John and Jean (McQueen) Bayly; great-grandson of

David McQueen, Captain Seventh Lancaster County Battalion, Penna. Militia.

RICHARD SOMERVELL BOWIE, Washington, D. C. (18883). Son of Thomas Trueman Somervell and Agnes Woods (McGregor) Bowie; grandson of Richard William and Margaret Weems (Somervell) Bowie; great-grandson of Thomas Trueman and Margaret (Hollyday) Somervell; great^2-grandson of *James Somervell,* Captain Third Battalion Flying Camp, Maryland Line.

WILLIAM GODFREY BOYD, Jr., Washington, D. C. (18200). Son of William Godfrey and Anna Bell (Reed) Boyd; grandson of Bushrod Washington and Mary Louisa (Piles) Reed; great-grandson of Richard and Elizabeth (Washington) Reed; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Washington,* Lieutenant in Grayson's Continental Regt. and Lee's Light Dragoons.

THOMAS JEFFERSON WILSON BROWN, Washington, D. C. (18878). Son of John Jacob and Esther Eliza (Wilson) Brown; grandson of Bird and Louisa Rebecca (Sevier) Brown; great-grandson of John and Sophia (Garoutte) Sevier, Jr.; great^2-grandson of *John Sevier,* Colonel North Carolina Militia.

ARCHIBALD WILLINGHAM BUTT, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C. (16412). (Substitute.) Son of Joshua Willingham and Pamela Robertson (Boggs) Butt; grandson of Archibald and Mary Ann (Robertson) Boggs; great-grandson of William and Pamela (Mosely) Robertson; great^2-grandson of *John Robertson,* Second Lieutenant Chesterfield County, Virginia, Militia. (Supplementals.) Great^2-grandson of Joseph and Mary Ann (Robertson) Mosely; great^3-grandson of *William Mosely,* Major Virginia Line; great^4-grandson of Robert Mosely; great^5-grandson of *Arthur Mosely,* Member of Committee of Safety in 1775; great^3-grandson of *James Francis Robertson,* father of Mary Ann Robertson, Adjutant Thirteenth Virginia Regt.

LOUIS DALE CARMAN, Washington, D. C. (14917). Supplemental. Son of Ezra Ayers and Ada (Salmon) Carman; grandson of Melancthon Freeman and Ann Maria (Ayers) Carman; great-grandson of *Phineas Carman,* private Middlesex County, New Jersey, Militia.

WILLOUGHBY SPRIGG CHESLEY, Washington, D. C. (18884). Son of John and Ann Rebecca (Tolley) Chesley; grandson of John B. and Virginia (Willoughby) Tolley; great-grandson of John and Rebecca (Woolford) Willoughby; great^2-grandson of *William Willoughby,* privateersman, Maryland barge "Fearnought."

CHESTER MORROW CLARK, Washington, D. C. (18196). Son of A. Howard and Alice (Morrow) Clark; grandson of Thatcher and Abby (Carnes) Clark; great-grandson of Thatcher and Lydia (Hall) Clark; great^2-grandson of *Enoch Clark,* Mass. privateersman, prisoner; great^2-grandson of *Enoch Hall,* private Mass. Militia, pensioned; great-grandson of John and Abigail (Lillie) Carnes; great^2-

grandson of *Thomas Jenner Carnes,* Captain-Lieutenant, Knox's Artillery Regt., prisoner; great³-grandson of *Edward Carnes,* Member of Boston Committee of Safety, Major of Boston Regt. of Militia; grandson of Charles and Mary Bell (Perry) Morrow; great-grandson of Samuel and Celia Greenwood (Bell) Perry; great²-grandson of Samuel and Jane (Smith) Perry; great³-grandson of *Samuel Perry,* private, Abijah Bangs's Company, Colonel Dike's Regt. Mass. Militia.

WALTER LOVELL CLIFT, Washington, D. C. (18877). Son of Wales R. and Susan (Wildes) Clift; grandson of William and Mary (Lovell) Wildes; great-grandson of *Solomon Lovell,* Brigadier General Mass. Militia; grandson of Joseph and Mary (Little, Rogers) Clift, Jr.; great-grandson of *Joseph Clift,* Captain Second Plymouth County Regt. Mass. Militia.

DE WITT CLINTON CROISSANT, Washington, D. C. (18193). Son of John Dempster and Sarah J. (Sands) Croissant; grandson of Timothy and Mary (Palmer) Sands; great-grandson of Messenger and Abigail (Smith) Palmer; great²-grandson of *Amos Smith,* Captain Ninth Conn. Militia; great-grandson of Ephriam and Abigail (Ayer) Sands; great²-grandson of Samuel and Mary (Bradbury) Sands; great³-grandson of *Ephriam Sands,* private, Lemuel Robinson's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *John Wood Palmer,* clerk, Capt. George Peck's Company, Col. John Mead's Regt. Conn. Militia.

CHARLES S. DAVIS, Takoma Park, D. C. (18192). Son of David O. and Mary E. (Sands) Davis; grandson of Timothy and Mary (Palmer) Sands; great-grandson of Messenger and Abigail (Smith) Palmer; great²-grandson of *Amos Smith,* Captain Ninth Conn. Militia; great-grandson of Ephriam and Abigail (Ayer) Sands; great²-grandson of Samuel and Mary (Bradbury) Sands; great³-grandson of *Ephriam Sands,* private, Lemuel Robinson's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *John Wood Palmer,* clerk, Capt. George Peck's Company, Col. John Mead's Regt. Conn. Militia.

CLARENCE EUGENE DENTLER, U. S. Army, Fort Leavenworth, Kan. (D. C. 18194). Son of Jacob Alter and Clarissa (Lamoreux) Dentler; grandson of Joshua and Martha (Ives) Lamoreux; great-grandson of Josiah and Lucy (Williams) Ives; great²-grandson of *Elihu Williams,* private, Col. Nathan Denison's Regt. Conn. Militia at Wyoming Valley, Pa., killed at Fort Wilkes-Barre March 23, 1779.

SELDEN MARVIN ELY, Washington, D. C. (7010). Supplementals. Son of John Selden and Sarah J. (McHenry) Ely; grandson of Selden Marvin and Esther S. (Griffin) Ely; great-grandson of Josiah and Dorothy (Gates) Griffin; great²-grandson of *George Griffin,* private Eighth Conn. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Timothy Gates,* Sergeant Conn. Militia; great-grandson of Seth and Phœbe (Marvin) Ely; great²-grandson of *Seth Ely,* Captain Third Conn. Militia.

EDGERTON CHESTER GARVIN, Washington, D. C. (18190). Son of John and Maude H. (Edgerton) Garvin; grandson of Chester and Augusta (Fussleman) Edgerton; great-grandson of Reed and Betsey Lyon Edgerton; great²-grandson of *Jacob* (and Esther Reed) *Edgerton,* private, Stark's Company Vermont Militia; great³-grandson of *Simeon Edgerton,* Captain Conn. Militia.

THOMAS WILBUR GOSS, Washington, D. C. (18195). Son of Thomas Smith and Martha Ann (Sanderson) Goss; grandson of William H. and Martha Ann (Watkins) Sanderson; great-grandson of *John Watkins,* Ensign Sixth Maryland Regt.

GEORGE EDWARD HEBBARD, Washington, D. C. (18880). Son of John Marshall and Charlotte Hebbard; grandson of William B. and Susan Jaquillan (Hall) Hebbard; great-grandson of Elisha and Catherine (Smith) Hall; great²-grandson of Edward and Elizabeth (Bush) Smith; great³-grandson of *Philip Bush,* Assistant Deputy Quartermaster at Winchester, Virginia, 1779-1781.

COYE LESLIE HIMEBAUGH, Washington, D. C. (Correction of National Register, 1902, p. 261.) Grandson of Mary Hanks, not Hawks; great-grandson of Elijah Hanks, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Elijah Hanks,* private Conn. Line, hospital steward, pensioned.

EDWIN KESSLER, Washingtan, D. C. (18188). Son of Samuel and Helen Virginia (Nathans) Kessler; grandson of Moses and Benevendda Valentine Deselon (Sales) Nathans; great-grandson of Isaiah and Judith (Russell) Nathans; great²-grandson of *Philip Moses Russell,* Surgeon's Mate Second Virginia Regt.

DONALD PAUL McCORD, U. S. A., New Bedford, Mass. (D. C. 18881). Son of James Rhey and Bettie McDowell (Huston) McCord; grandson of George W. and Matilda Graham (Arthur) Huston; great-grandson of Samuel and Catharine (Savage) Huston; great²-grandson of Abram and Anne (Bowman) Savage; great³-grandson of *Nathaniel Bowman,* Major Second New Jersey Regt., Col. Israel Shreve.

ROBERT H. McNEILL, Washington, D. C. (18187). Son of Milton and Martha A. (Barlow) McNeill; grandson of Larkin and Nellie (Ferguson) McNeill; great-grandson of Joseph and Hannah (Wilson) McNeill; great²-grandson of *George McNeill,* Chaplain Western North Carolina Militia, in command of General Cleveland.

JOHN HOLMES MAGRUDER, Washington, D. C. (18189). Son of Thomas Contee and Elizabeth Olivia (Morgan) Magruder; grandson of Lloyd and Ann (Holmes) Magruder; great-grandson of *Samuel Wade Magruder,* Second Major Twenty-ninth Battalion, Militia of Montgomery County, Maryland.

JOHN HENRY MOORE, U. S. Navy, Washington, D. C. (10413). Supplementals. Son of George Augustus and Catharine Arvilla (Brown) Moore; grandson of John and Mary Lorana (Middlebrook) Moore; great-grandson of John and Rachael (Beach) Middlebrook; great²-grandson of *Ephraim Middlebrook,* Lieutenant

Conn. Militia, killed in Danbury raid, April 27, 1777; great-grandson of Josiah and Abigail (Dewey) Moore, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Daniel Dewey,* Captain First Sheffield Company, First Berkshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

LANGDON MOORE, Washington, D. C. (14295). Supplemental. Son of John Henry and Kate V. (Bullymore) Moore; grandson of George Augustus and Catherine Arvilla (Brown) Moore; great-grandson of John and Mary Lorana (Middlebrook) Moore; great²-grandson of John and Rachel (Beach) Middlebrook; great³-grandson of *Ephraim Middlebrook,* Lieutenant Conn. Militia, killed in Danbury raid, April 27, 1777; great²-grandson of Josiah and Abigail (Dewey) Moore; great³-grandson of *Daniel Dewey,* Captain First Sheffield Company First Berkshire County Regt. Mass. Militia.

EUGENE CLARENCE RICE, Washington, D. C. (18882). Son of William E. and Lydia U. (Coffin) Rice; grandson of Joseph C. and Julia M. (Bronson) Rice; great-grandson of *David Rice,* private Sixteenth Albany County Regt., New York Militia.

THADDEUS BELL SARGEANT, Washington, D. C. (18186). Son of Leonard and Julia (Bell) Sargeant; grandson of Leonard and Phœbe (Raymond) Sargeant; great-grandson of *John Sargeant,* private Vermont Militia, pensioned.

EDWARD QUINCY SMITH, Washington, D. C. (18198). Son of Francis Hickox and Anna E. (Birge) Smith; grandson of Samuel Mansfield and Eliza (Wheeler) Smith; great-grandson of Samuel and Lucy (Hall) Smith; great²-grandson of John and Mary (Ford) Smith; great³-grandson of *Ephraim Smith,* private, Captain Johnson's Company, Colonel Douglas's Battalion Conn. troops.

WILLIAM HOWE SOMERVELL, Washington, D. C. (14908). Supplemental. Son of Benjamin Carr and Alice Willoughby (Norris) Somervell; grandson of William G. and Elizabeth F. (Davis) Norris; great-grandson of James and Mary (Willoughby) Norris; great²-grandson of John and Rebecca (Woolford) Willoughby; great³-grandson of *William Willoughby,* privateersman Maryland Barge "Fearnought;" grandson of John Howe and Sarah (Scrivener) Somervell; great-grandson of Thomas Trueman and Margaret (Holliday) Somervell; great²-grandson of James and Ann (Trueman) Somervell; great³-grandson of *Alexander Trueman,* Captain Sixth Maryland Regt., Continental Army.

CLARENCE CLAYTON WALKER, Washington, D. C. (18879). Son of Martin L. and Elizabeth M. (Bailey) Walker; grandson of Moses and Betsey (Bugbee) Walker; great-grandson of Peter and Lucinda (Smith) Walker; great²-grandson of *Moses Walker,* private, Capt. John Spurr's Company, Col. Thomas Nixon's Sixth Mass. Regt.

HENRY WELSH WELLS, Washington, D. C. (18191). Son of Clarke H. and Mary (Welsh) Wells; grandson of Henry and Margaret Maria (Small) Welsh; great-grandson of Peter and Mary (Spang-

ler) Small; great²-grandson of *Rudolph Spangler,* Captain Sixth Company, York County, Penna., Militia.

CHARLES ORTH WILHITE, Washington, D. C. (18197). Son of Isaac Simeon and Isabella Ann (Canine) Wilhite; grandson of William and Mary (Miller) Wilhite; great-grandson of *Jacob Miller,* private, Col. Thomas Posey's Virginia Regt., pensioned.

HAWAIIAN SOCIETY.

CHARLES JONATHAN AUSTIN, Honolulu, Hawaii (14632). Son of Stafford L. and Caroline H. (Clark) Austin; grandson of Ephraim Wesson and Mary (Kittredge) Clark; great-grandson of *Edward* (and Elizabeth Wesson) *Clark,* private Hubbard's and Hazen's Regts.; great²-grandson of *Ephraim Wesson,* Member of Committee of Safety and of New Hampshire Provincial Congress; great-grandson of Josiah and Mary (Baker) Kittredge; great²-grandson of *Solomon Kittredge,* private New Hampshire Militia.

ERDMANN DWIGHT BALDWIN, Hilo, Hawaii (14641). Son of David Dwight and Lois G. (Morris) Baldwin; grandson of Dwight and Charlotte (Fowler) Baldwin; great-grandson of Solomon and Olive (Douglas) Fowler; great²-grandson of *Josiah Fowler,* Captain, Major Meigs's Regt. Conn. Militia; great²-grandson of *William Douglass,* Colonel Conn. Militia and Line.

GEORGE PAUL COOKE, Honolulu, Hawaii (14635). Son of Charles Montague and Anna Charlotte (Rice) Cooke; grandson of Amos Starr and Juliette (Montague) Cooke; great-grandson of Joseph and Annis (Starr) Cooke; great²-grandson of *Joseph Platt Cooke,* Colonel Sixteenth Conn. Militia; great-grandson of Caleb and Martha (Warner) Montague; great²-grandson of John and Abigail (Hubbard) Montague; great³-grandson of *Caleb Montague,* Captain Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Thomas Starr,* Lieutenant Conn. Line.

JOSEPH PLATT COOKE, Honolulu, Hawaii (18928). Son of Joseph Platt and Emily (Wilder) Cooke; grandson of Amos Starr and Juliette (Montague) Cooke; great-grandson of Joseph Platt and Annis (Starr) Cooke; great²-grandson of *Joseph Platt Cooke,* Colonel Sixteenth Conn. Militia; great²-grandson of *Thomas Starr,* Lieutenant Seventh Conn. Line; great-grandson of Caleb and Martha (Warner) Montague; great²-grandson of John and Abigail (Hubbard) Montague; great³-grandson of *Caleb Montague,* Captain Second Company, Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

SAMUEL MILLS DAMON, Honolulu, Hawaii (18927). Son of Samuel Chenery and Julia Sherman (Mills) Damon; grandson of Samuel and Alony (Chenery) Damon; great-grandson of *Isaac Chenery,* Surgeon, Capt. Jos. Davis's Company, Mass. Minute Men, and Colonel Wade's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Samuel and Abigail (Penniman) Damon; great³-grandson of *James Penniman,* Corporal Mass. Militia.

EDWARD DAVIS, Honolulu, Hawaii (14634). Son of Benjamin Outram and Susan Fry (Speed) Davis; grandson of John and Lucy Gilmer (Fry) Speed; great-grandson of *James Speed,* Lieutenant, Cocke's Virginia Militia.

CHARLES HENRY DICKEY, Honolulu, Hawaii (14649). Son of Theophilus Lyle and Juliet (Evans) Dickey; grandson of James Henry and Mary (Depew) Dickey; great-grandson of *Robert Dickey,* Member of South Carolina Provincial Congress.

EDWIN OSCAR HALL, Honolulu, Hawaii (14642). Son of William Wisner and Elizabeth Archer (Van Cleve) Hall; grandson of Edwin Oscar and Sarah Lyons (Williams) Hall; great-grandson of Owen and Sophia (Sibley) Hall; great^2-grandson of Asa and Irene (Carpenter) Sibley; great^3-grandson of *Timothy Sibley,* Colonel Mass. Militia, Member of Sutton Committee of Correspondence; grandson of Horatio Phillips and Charlotte Onisconsin (Clark) Van Cleve; great-grandson of Nathan and Charlotte Ann (Seymour) Clark; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Young Seymour,* Captain, Sheldon's Dragoons; great^3-grandson of *Thomas Seymour,* Lieutenant Colonel Conn. Light Horse.

PERLEY LEONARD HORNE, Honolulu, Hawaii (14644). Son of John Blake and Mary White (Tay) Horne; grandson of Samuel and Lydia Ham (Blake) Horne; great-grandson of Otis and Mary (Coffin) Horne; great^2-grandson of Ichabod and Sarah (Baker) Horne; great^3-grandson of *Otis Baker,* member of Committee of Safety, Colonel Second New Hampshire Regt.; great^2-grandson of *Abner Coffin,* private, Captain Willey's Company, New Hampshire Militia; great-grandson of William and Elizabeth (Wingate) Blake; great^2-grandson of *William Blake,* Sergeant, Col. David Gilman's New Hampshire Regt.; great^2-grandson of *Joshua Wingate,* Colonel New Hampshire Militia.

SELDEN BINGHAM KINGSBURY, Honolulu, Hawaii (14633). Son of Charles Bingham and Betsey (Tennant) Kingsbury; grandson of *Lemuel Kingsbury,* private, Benjamin Hutchen's Company, Eighteenth Conn. Militia.

RAY HOTCHKISS LEACH, Honolulu, Hawaii (14645). Son of Francisco and Melissa (Sanford) Leach; grandson of Solomon and Harriet (Fowler) Leach; great-grandson of Anson and Lois (Hotchkiss) Fowler; great^2-grandson of *Isaac Hotchkiss,* private, Col. Heman Swift's Conn. Regt. and Captain Vail's Company Coast Guards; great^2-grandson of *Caleb* (and Mollie Chittenden) *Fowler,* private, Colonel Talcott's Conn. Regt.; great^3-grandson of *Ebenezer Fowler,* private, Capt. Noah Fowler's Company Conn. Militia; great^3-grandson of *Jared Chittenden,* private, Colonel Talcott's Regt. Conn. Militia.

JOHN STANLEY LOW, Honolulu, Hawaii (14640). Son of John Somes and Martha Parker (Fuller) Low; grandson of Frederick Gilman and Eliza (Davis) Low; great-grandson of Joshua Gee and

Lydia (Somes) Low; great²-grandson of *John Low,* Colonel Mass. Militia, Member of General Court; great-grandson of *Eliphalet Davis,* drummer Mass. Line; great²-grandson of *Isaac Somes,* Lieutenant Gloucester Militia, Commander of privateer "Union."

EUGENE HOLLIS LYMAN, Hilo, Hawaii (14650). Son of Rufus Anderson and Rebecca A. (Brickwood) Lyman; grandson of David Belden and Sarah (Joynes) Lyman; great-grandson of David and Rhoda P. (Belden) Lyman; great²-grandson of *David Lyman,* Lieutenant First Conn. Militia.

FREDERICK SNOWDEN LYMAN, Jr., Honolulu, Hawaii (18926). Son of Frederick S. and Isabella (Chamberlain) Lyman; grandson of David Belden and Sarah (Joynes) Lyman; great-grandson of David and Rhoda P. (Belden) Lyman; great²grandson of *David Lyman,* Lieutenant First Conn. Militia; grandson of Levi and Maria (Patton) Chamberlain; great-grandson of *Joseph* (and Lucy Whitney) *Chamberlain,* private Fifth Mass. Continental Regt.; great²-grandson of *Wilson Chamberlain,* private, Col. Job Cushing's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Jesse Whitney,* Lieutenant Fourth Company of Militia of Mendon, Mass.

ERNEST NAPELA PARKER, Honolulu, Hawaii (14646). Son of Samuel and Harriet (Richardson) Parker; grandson of Ebenezer and Kilia Parker; great-grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company, Mass. Militia.

SAMUEL PARKER, Honolulu, Hawaii (14636). Son of Ebenezer and Kilia Parker; grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company, Mass. Militia.

SAMUEL PARKER, Jr., Honolulu, Hawaii (14647). Son of Samuel and Harriet (Richardson) Parker; grandson of Ebenezer and Kilia Parker; great-grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company, Mass. Militia.

CHARLES FRANCIS PARSONS, Hilo, Hawaii (14631). Son of S. DeWitt and Frances (White) Parsons; grandson of Albert S. and Harriot (Randolph) White; great-grandson of Thomas Mann and Harriot (Wilson) Randolph; great²-grandson of *Thomas Mann Randolph,* Member of the Virginia House of Burgesses, Convention of 1776, and Committee of Safety.

ROBERT JAMES PRATT, Honolulu, Hawaii (18929). Son of James Hyde and Sophia Hale (Boyd) Pratt; grandson of Harry and Susan (Cleveland) Pratt; great-grandson of *James Pratt,* private, Col. S. B. Webb's Conn. Regt.; grandson of James R. and Elizabeth Mosely (Camp) Boyd; great-grandson of Elisha and Sophia (Hale)

Camp; great²-grandson of George and Hope (Mosely) Hale; great³-grandson of *Jonathan Hale,* Captain, Wolcott's Conn. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Joseph Mosely,* private, Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

JOHN ULRIC SMITH, Hilo, Hawaii (14639). Son of Sidney and Mianda (Bayley) Smith; grandson of Daniel Dodge and Elizabeth (Monson) Bayley; great-grandson of *Timothy Bayley,* Lieutenant New Hampshire Continental troops.

FREDERICK GALEN SNOW, Olaa, Hawaii (14638). Son of Benjamin Galen and Lydia Vose (Buck) Snow; grandson of Ebenezer and Mehitable (Vose) Buck; great-grandson of Thomas and Mehitable (Hayden) Vose; great²-grandson of *Josiah Hayden,* Major Twenty-third Mass. Regt.

ROBERT PARKER WAIPA, Honolulu, Hawaii (14648). Son of Waipa and Mary (Parker); grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company, Mass. Militia.

ROBERT PARKER WAIPA, Jr., Honolulu, Hawaii (18932). Son of Robert Parker and Sarah (Koa) Waipa; grandson of Kameeiamaku and Mary (Parker) Waipa; great-grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company Mass. Militia.

STEPHEN PARKER WAIPA, Honolulu, Hawaii (18931). Son of Robert Parker and Sarah (Koa) Waipa; grandson of Kameeiamaku and Mary (Parker) Waipa; great-grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company Mass. Militia.

ALBERT WATERHOUSE, Honolulu, Hawaii (18934). Son of Henry and Julia Hawkins (Dimond) Waterhouse; grandson of Henry and Ann Maria (Anner) Dimond; great-grandson of Jesse and Bethiah (Marquand) Dimon; great²-grandson of *Daniel Dimon,* Ensign, Col. Samuel Whiting's Guards, Fourth Regt. Conn. Militia.

CHARLES WILLIAMS, Hilo, Hawaii (18933). Son of Henry and Mary Kanealii Williams; grandson of Jesse and Roxana Williams; great-grandson of *Obed Williams,* private Fifth Company First Waterbury Regt. Conn. Militia.

PALMER PARKER WOODS, Mahukona, Hawaii (14637). Son of James and Mary (Parker) Woods; grandson of John and Hanai Parker; great-grandson of John and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Mass. troops; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Newton, Mass., Company, marched at Lexington Alarm.

SAMUEL PARKER WOODS, Mahukona, Hawaii (18930). Son of James and Mary (Parker) Woods; grandson of John and Hanai

Parker; great-grandson of John P. and Kipikane Parker; great²-grandson of *Samuel Parker,* private, Lieut.-Col. William Bond's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Capt. Jeremiah Wiswall's Company Mass. Militia.

ILLINOIS SOCIETY.

EDWIN RICE BAKER, Chicago, Ill. (18833). Son of Oliver and Mary Ellen (Rice) Baker; grandson of Sylvester and Sabra (Matthews) Baker; great-grandson of *Paul Baker,* private, Capt. Zebulon King's Company, Seventh Mass. Regt.; grandson of John Hubbard and Sarah (Kendall) Rice; great-grandson of Benjamin and Lucy (Dodge) Kendall; great²-grandson of *Asa Kendall,* private, Lieut. James Hosley's Company, Col. John Reed's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of John and Lucy (Hubbard) Rice; great²-grandson of *Thomas Hubbard,* Captain Fourth Company, Third Middlesex County Regt. Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *David Baker,* private, Capt. Jonathan Crowell's Company of Militia of Yarmouth, Mass.

CHARLES CARROLL BARTLETT, Oak Park, Ill. (18378). Son of Charles Hill and Mary Frances (Locke) Bartlett; grandson of William Sherburne and Caroline Dame (Tebbets) Locke; great-grandson of James and Abigail (Sherburne) Locke; great²-grandson of *Moses Locke,* private, Second Company, First New Hampshire Regt.

LOUIS BRACKETT BISHOP, Chicago, Ill. (18828). Son of Paul J. and Frances Ann (Bacon) Bishop; grandson of Joseph Green and Elizabeth (Lodge) Bacon; great-grandson of Josiah and Hannah (Crocker, Green) Bacon; great²-grandson of *Isaac Bacon,* private, Capt. George Lewis's Company, Colonel Freeman's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Samuel Crocker,* private, Capt. George Lewis's Company, Colonel Freeman's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM A. BLODGETT, Chicago, Ill. (18829). Son of Samuel M. and Amelia C. (Cline) Blodgett; grandson of Roswell Post and Sarah (Strong) Blodgett; great-grandson of Samuel and Mercy (Post) Blodgett; great²-grandson of *Roswell Post, Jr.,* private, Col. Ebenezer Allen's Vermont Regt.; great³-grandson of *Roswell Post,* Sergeant, Col. Gideon Warren's Regt. Vermont Militia.

AMASA S. BOOTH, JR., Springfield, Ill. (18397). Son of Amasa S. and Harriett (Richardson) Booth; grandson of Albert and Hannah (Stevens) Booth; great-grandson of Isaac and Mary (Grinnell) Booth; great²-grandson of *Royal Grinnell,* Fourth Corporal, Colonel Barton's Rhode Island Regt.

DAVID BRADFORD, Springfield, Ill. (18392). Son of John and Ann (Hamilton) Bradford; grandson of *David Hamilton,* private Penna. Frontier Rangers.

PERCIVAL ARTHUR BRINK, Chicago, Ill. (18394). Son of Arthur Perry and Nina Maria (Meader) Brink; grandson of Washington

Perry and Fedelia (Holland) Brink; great-grandson of Horace Wright and Permelia (McAllister) Brink; great^2-grandson of John Wentworth and Serina, or Vina, (Jones) McAllister; great^3-grandson of *John McAllister,* private, Col. Hercules Mooney's New Hampshire Regt.

CLIFFORD WELLINGTON BRYANT, Chicago, Ill. (18381). Son of Albert Withington and Nancy (Wellington) Bryant; grandson of Josiah and Sally (Withington) Bryant; great-grandson of *Josiah Bryant,* private, Brooks's Regt. Mass. Guards.

JOHN H. CHADWICK, Tuscola, Ill. (18383). Son of James Montgomery and Parmelia (Sanders) Chadwick; grandson of James and Sarah Chadwick; great-grandson of *Levi Chadwick,* private, Mathias Ogden's New Jersey Regt.

SIDNEY SMITH CUSHING, Chicago, Ill. (18384). Son of Francis John and Ada Teresa (Smith) Cushing; grandson of William Theodore and Susan Arabella (Granger) Cushing; great-grandson of Theodore and Abigail (Jackman) Cushing; great^2-grandson of *Caleb Cushing,* Brigade Quartermaster Mass. Militia.

JESSE HERBERT DENNIS, Elgin, Ill. (18393). Son of Frederick Ellsworth and Mary Elizabeth (Madden) Dennis; grandson of Charles Augustus and Julia Britton (Pierson) Dennis; great-grandson of Albert O. and Abby (Garthwaite) Pierson; great^2-grandson of *David Pierson,* private Eastern Battalion Morris County New Jersey Militia; great-grandson of Jesse and Eliza (Ellsworth) Dennis; great^2-grandson of *John Ellsworth, Jr.,* private, Col. John Lasher's New York Regt., Adjutant New York Frontier troops.

WALTER WEBB DUDLEY, Chicago, Ill. (18396). Son of William Lee and Phœbe (Ives) Dudley; grandson of William and Deborah (Lee) Dudley; great-grandson of *Amos Dudley,* private, Captain Hand's Company Conn. Militia.

ELLIOTT DURAND, Jr., Chicago, Ill. (18834). Son of Elliott and Helen (Heath) Durand; grandson of Moses and Charlotte Hamilton (Bartlett) Durand or Dandurand; great-grandson of Alfred and Malinda (Gunn) Bartlett; great^2-grandson of *Elisha Bartlett,* private, Col. David Brewer's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES BENJAMIN ENGLISH, Chicago, Ill. (18832). Son of Charles and Anna Whitman (Hapgood) English; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Moore) English; great-grandson of *John English,* private, Captain Lane's Company, Seventh Mass. Regt., Col. John Brooks; grandson of Benjamin and Anna (Whitman) Hapgood; great-grandson of *Charles Whitman,* private, Capt. Benjamin Munroe's Company, Fourth Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of John and Lucy (Munroe) Hapgood; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Munroe,* Captain Sixth Company, Fourth Mass. Regt.

CHARLES MANNING FISH, Joliet, Ill. (18376). Son of Henry and Mary V. (Manning) Fish; grandson of Joel and Diza (Jenkins)

Manning; great-grandson of Joel and Vashti (Bradstreet) Manning; great²-grandson of *Samuel Manning,* Member of Townsend, Mass., Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety.

LUCIUS COLLINS STRONG FLAGG, St. Louis, Mo. (Ill. 18830). Son of Thomas Percival and Caroline Jane (Strong) Flagg; grandson of James and Sarah (Corner) Flagg; great-grandson of *Gershom Flagg,* matross, Col. John Crane's Third Artillery Regt., Continental troops.

NORMAN GERSHOM FLAGG, Moro, Ill. (18386). Son of Willard Cutting and Sarah (Smith) Flagg; grandson of Gershom and Jane (Paddock-Richmond) Flagg; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Flagg,* Second Sergeant Tenth Mass. Regt. of Foot; great-grandson of *Gaius Paddock,* private, Capt. Isaac Wood's Company, Colonel Larned's Mass. Regt.

HENRY FARNSWORTH FRINK, Chicago, Ill. (18391). Son of John and Harriet Galop (Farnsworth) Frink; grandson of John and Roxanna (Bicknell) Frink; great-grandson of *John Frink,* First Lieutenant, Captain Hill's Company, Colonel McClelland's Conn. Regt.

CHARLES WOOD GILMORE, Chicago, Ill. (18377). Son of Thomas M. and Jane (McCartney) Gilmore; grandson of William Young and Mary (Tiffin) Gilmore; great-grandson of *Thomas Gilmore,* private Thirteenth Pennsylvania Line.

HENRY LEWIS GREEN, Chicago, Ill., (18826). Son of George Washington and Sarah (Mason) Green; grandson of Lewis and Sally (Nash) Green; great-grandson of *Augustus Green,* private, Capt. John Smith's Company, Seventh Albany County Regt. New York Militia, Col. Abraham Van Alstine; grandson of Lyman Hall and Betsy (Shepard) Mason; great-grandson of Levi and Amy (Earl) Mason; great²-grandson of Jonas and Experience (Sprague) Earl; great³-grandson of *Daniel Earl,* private Suffolk County Regt. Mass. Militia in Continental service, Colonel McIntosh.

FRANK RICHARD GREENE, Chicago, Ill. (18400). Son of James Brown and Melissa A. (Wood) Greene; grandson of Richard and Harriet (Brown) Greene; great-grandson of John and Mary (Greene) Greene; great²-grandson of *Philip Greene,* Chief Justice of Kent County, Rhode Island, Court of Common Pleas.

JOHN WILSON HILL, Chicago, Ill. (18388). Son of Isaac and Sarah A. (Wilson) Hills; grandson of Nathan and Mary (Ware) Hills; great-grandson of *Reuben Hills,* private, Captain Hutchins's Company, Colonel Reed's New Hampshire Regt.

ROY WILSON HILL, Chicago, Ill. (18389). Son of John Wilson and Ida E. (Watson) Hill; grandson of Isaac and Sarah A. (Wilson) Hills; great-grandson of Nathan and Mary (Ware) Hills; great²-grandson of *Reuben Hills,* private, Captain Hutchins's Company, Colonel Reed's New Hampshire Regt.

CHARLES B. JOHNSON, Champaign, Ill. (18380). Son of James and Elizabeth Jane (Valentine) Johnson; grandson of Charles and Polly (Houston) Johnson; great-grandson of *Samuel Johnson,* private North Carolina Militia.

CHARLES JOEL LOOMIS, Chicago, Ill. (18379). Son of John and Sarah E. (Clarke) Loomis; grandson of Joel and Susanna (Beard) Loomis; great-grandson of *Amos Beard,* private, Paterson's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM HARVEY McSURELY, Chicago, Ill. (18827). Son of William J. and Hulda (Taylor) McSurely; grandson of Hugh and Mary (Clark) McSurely; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Gall) Clark; great²-grandson of *George Gall,* private, Colonel Boyer's and Colonel Vance's Virginia Regts., pensioned.

FRANK ROBERT MEADER, Chicago, Ill. (18399). Son of Martin Cyrus and Lucy Fedelia (Brink) Meader; grandson of Washington Perry and Fedelia Sawyer (Holland) Brink; great-grandson of Horace Wright and Permelia (McAllister) Brink; great²-grandson of John Wentworth and Serina, or Vina, (Jones) McAllister; great³-grandson of *John McAllister,* private, Col. Hercules Mooney's New Hampshire Regt.

JOHN EDWIN RANDLE, Shipman, Ill. (17799). Son of Enoch George and Frances Foster (McClaren) Randle; grandson of John Hull and Sarah Harte (Arnold) Randle; great-grandson of Aaron and Louisa (Pettus) Arnold; great²-grandson of *William Pettus,* Major Fourth Battalion Louisa County, Virginia, Militia.

T. EDWIN RANDLE, Green Valley, Ill. (17998). Son of George D. and Lucy Ann Pettus (Arnold) Randle; grandson of Aaron and Louisa (Pettus) Arnold; great-grandson of *William Pettus,* Major Fourth Battalion Louisa County, Virginia, Militia.

ROBERT SIGERSON REED, Collinsville, Ill. (18385). Son of William and Margaret (Sigerson) Reed; grandson of Robert and Mary (Wallace) Sigerson; great-grandson of *Patrick Sigerson,* private, Eighth Cumberland County Battalion, Penna. Militia; great-grandson of *John Wallace,* Private, Capt. William Payne's Company, First Virginia State Regt.

FRED A. SMITH, Chicago, Ill. (18000). Son of Marcus and Susan A. (Stilwell) Smith; grandson of John and Lucy (Cooley) Smith; great-grandson of James and Dolly (Watson) Smith; great²-grandson of *James Smith,* private Mass. Militia; grandson of William and Carolina (Lockwood) Stilwell; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Lockwood,* First Major, Westchester County, New York, Militia.

JOHN ALDEN SPOOR, Chicago, Ill. (1397). Supplemental. Son of John and Amanda (Alden) Spoor; grandson of *Johannes Spoor,* private Third Tryon County Regt., New York, Militia; great-grandson of *Nicholas Spoor,* private, Third Regt., Tryon County, New York Militia.

WILLIS EUGENE TOWER, Chicago, Ill. (18387). Son of Reuben Smith and Susan Chase (Lyons) Tower; grandson of Peter G. and Sarah Ann (Smith) Tower; great-grandson of David and Elsie Mason (Dean) Tower; great²-grandson of Stephen and Anna (Bowker) Tower; great³-grandson of *Peter Tower,* private, Col. Solomon Lovell's Mass. Regt.

RALPH C. TRAVER, Chicago, Ill. (18398). Son of Eugene and Lorana (Lutes) Traver; grandson of William B. and Clara (Earing) Traver; great-grandson of *Bastian Traver,* private, Sixth Dutchess County Regt., New York Militia.

WILLIAM ANDERSON WALKUP, Chicago, Ill. (17797). Son of Emerson Anderson and Sarah Jane (Shaw) Walkup; grandson of Emerson Cole and Roxanna (Barber) Walkup; great-grandson of *George Walkup,* private Second Mass. Regt.

CHARLES WHITE WATSON, Springfield, Ill. (18390). Son of Charles F. and Samantha A. (White) Watson; grandson of William and Julia (Elmore) Watson; great-grandson of *John Watson,* Captain, Ninth Company, Fourth Conn. Regt.

INDIANA SOCIETY.

WILLIAM WARD ADAMSON, Terre Haute, Ind. (18132). Son of Nathan and Phebe (Humphreys) Adamson; grandson of John and Jane (Ward) Humphreys; great-grandson of *James Ward,* Captain, Col. William Fleming's Regt., Virginia Militia.

JAMES LINDSEY CALDWELL, Lafayette, Ind. (16117). Supplemental. Son of James Harvey and Ellen (Tiberghieu) Caldwell; grandson of Zacheus and Mary (Westfall) Tiberghieu; great-grandson of *Jacob Westfall,* First Lieutenant, Capt. George Jackson's Company, Col. Zachariah Morgan's Virginia Regt., pensioned.

THOMAS JAMES DE LA HUNT, Cannelton, Ind. (18131). Son of Thomas James and Isabelle (Huckeby) de la Hunt; grandson of Joshua Brannon and Rebecca (Lang) Huckeby; great-grandson of John and Rebecca (Regan) Lang; great²-grandson of *Michael Regan,* private, Second Penna. Regt. of Foot.

STUART EAGLESON, Indianapolis, Ind. (18140). Son of William Stewart and Clarissa (Pentecost) Eagleson; grandson of George W. and Harriet (Stewart) Pentecost; great-grandson of Galbraith and Elizabeth (Scott) Stewart; great²-grandson of *William Stewart,* Adjutant, "Congress Own" Regt., Colonel Hazen.

FRANK BALL FOWLER, Indianapolis, Ind. (18137). Son of Leroy Zeno and Lucinda (Ball) Fowler; grandson of Amos and Achsah (Raymond) Fowler; great-grandson of Mark and Miriam (Sterling Warner) Fowler; great²-grandson of *Dijah Fowler,* private, Conn. Militia, on Lexington Alarm.

JAMES H. HABERLY, Fort Wayne, Ind. (17274). Son of George W. and Frances Maria (Stimson) Haberly; grandson of Samuel Mc-

Elwain and Louisa Chloe (Richards) Stimson; great-grandson of Daniel and Sallie (Divoll) Stimson; great²-grandson of *Luther Stimson,* private Mass. Militia.

COLLINS W. KINNAN, Montpelier, Ind. (18128). Son of William P. and Harriet J. (Dollarhide) Kinnan; grandson of Thomas Britton and Catherine E. (Phillips) Kinnan; great-grandson of *Edward Kinnan,* drummer, Forman's Regt., Monmouth County, New Jersey, Militia.

WILLIAM PERRY KROM, Elwood, Ind. (18139). Son of Charles and Sarah (Goble) Krom; grandson of John and Sarah (Coomes) Krom; great-grandson of *John* (and Rachel Duboise) *Crum,* private, Capt. Jacob Du Bois's Company, Second Battalion, Salem County, New Jersey, Militia; great²-grandson of *Jacob Du Bois,* Captain Second Battalion, Salem County, New Jersey, Militia.

EARLE PORTMESS LEE, Terre Haute, Ind. (18138). Son of Thomas Ludwell and Etta Lee (Portmess) Lee; grandson of James and Mary Ann (Buck) Portmess; great-grandson of John and Ruth (Easter) Portmess; great²-grandson of *John Easter,* private, Col. Moses Rawlins's Maryland Regt., pensioned.

THATCHER AUSLEM PARKER, Terre Haute, Ind. (18129). Son of Jacob Auslem and Elizabeth (Wentworth) Parker; grandson of George and Sophia (Lovejoy) Wentworth; great-grandson of Benjamin and Olive (Cousins) Wentworth; great²-grandson of *Nathaniel Cousins,* Captain Third Company, York County, Mass., Militia.

CLAUDE GRIFFITH RICHIE, Indianapolis, Ind. (18133). Son of Isaac Newton and Ella (Venemann) Richie; grandson of Joseph and Eliza Ellen (Akin) Venemann; great-grandson of *David Akin, Jr.,* and great²-grandson of *David Akin,* privates Third Dutchess County Regt., New York, Militia.

GUY SCOTT ROBIE, Richmond, Ind. (13657). Supplemental. Son of William Jewett and Sarah Alice (Norris) Robie; grandson of Frederick William Augustus and Lucinda Gilman (Fogg) Robie; great-grandson of Joseph and Judith (Gilman) Fogg; great²-grandson of *Bradbury Gilman,* private and drummer, New Hampshire Militia; grandson of William Patrick and Catherine Anne (Allen) Norris; great-grandson of Philip and Christina (Oller) Allen, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Philip Allen,* Sergeant, Col. John Hathaway's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM JEWETT ROBIE, Richmond, Ind. (13656). Supplemental. Son of Frederick William Augustus and Lucinda Gilman (Fogg) Robie; grandson of Joseph and Judith (Gilman) Fogg; great-grandson of *Bradbury Gilman,* private and drummer, New Hampshire Militia.

GEORGE WILLIAM ROGERS, New Castle, Ind. (18130). Son of Adolph and Samantha Rogers; grandson of William A. and

Rachel Rogers; great-grandson of Ezekiel and Elenor Rogers; great^2-grandson of Needham and Catherine (Provence) Rogers; great^3-grandson of *John Provence,* private, Col. Timothy Danielson's Regt. Mass. Militia.

TRAFFORD BRASEE TALLMADGE, Indianapolis, Ind. (18141). Son of Frank and May (Hedges) Tallmadge; grandson of Theodore Wood and Ellen (Brasee) Tallmadge; great-grandson of John Trafford and Mary Jane (Schofield) Brasee; great^2-grandson of Elnathan and Drucilla (Reid) Schofield; great^3-grandson of John and Charity (Cresap) Reid; great^4-grandson of Thomas and Drucilla (Van Swearingen) Cresap, Jr.; great^5-grandson of *Thomas Cresap,* Member of Committee of Safety of Frederick County, Maryland.

WILLIAM WALLACE WADSWORTH, Muncie, Ind. (18135). Son of Cornelius Guilford and Emily Wadsworth; grandson of Jesse and Rebecca Wadsworth; great-grandson of *Robert Wadsworth,* private Eighth Virginia Regt. and Washington's "Life Guards," pensioned.

CHAUNCEY RUNDLE WATSON, Indianapolis, Ind. (18134). Son of Elias and Caroline F. (Medbury) Watson; grandson of Elijah and Esther (Campbell) Watson; great-grandson of *Cyprian Watson,* private, Van Veghten's New York Regt.

NOAH WHISLER, Kokomo, Ind. (18136). Son of Daniel and Rebecca (Cool) Whisler; grandson of Ernest and Margaret (Matheny) Cool; great-grandson of *William Matheny,* private, Capt. Francis Willis's Company, Col. William Grayson's Continental Regt.

IOWA SOCIETY.

ROBERT JONES BRECKENRIDGE, Brooklyn, Iowa (18334). Son of John Younglove and Anna Sophia (Pickering) Breckenridge; grandson of Daniel and Azuba (Younglove Payne) Breckenridge; great-grandson of *John Younglove,* Major, Col. Lewis Van Woert's Regt., New York Militia.

EDWARD E. DORR, Des Moines, Iowa (18332). Son of Joseph M. and Julietta (Reynolds) Dorr; grandson of Borach and Lydia (Buell) Dorr; great-grandson of *Mathew Dorr,* private, Seventeenth Albany County Regt., New York Militia, and Poor's Continental Brigade.

BENJAMIN HORACE HIBBARD, Ames, Iowa (18335). Son of Alanson Alfred and Elizabeth Ann (Bazeley) Hibbard; grandson of Alanson and Sally (Tower) Hibbard; great-grandson of Charles and Lucy (Emerson) Hibbard; great^2-grandson of *John Hibbard,* private, Col. Samuel Brewer's Regt. Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM PARKER JAQUITH, Des Moines, Iowa (18327). Son of Benjamin E. and Harriet A. (Shattuck) Jaquith; grandson of Simeon and Sarah (Simpson) Shattuck; great-grandson of William

and Eunice (Blood) Shattuck; great²-grandson of *Job Shattuck,* Captain, Groton Company Mass. Militia.

ROY ALBERT LEMMON, Guthrie Center, Iowa (18336). Son of Albert David and Jessie Ella (Resor) Lemmon; grandson of Montgomery Pike and Almira Susan (Sisson) Resor; great-grandson of Jesse and Elizabeth H. (Chapline) Sisson; great²-grandson of Jeremiah and Elizabeth (Nourse) Chapline; great³-grandson of *James Nourse,* Member of Virginia House of Delegates.

LEIGH ADELBERT LUMBARD, Des Moines, Iowa (18329). Son of Melville Adelbert and Fannie H. (Dunlap) Lumbard; grandson of Rufus and Sarah (Van Nortwick) Lumbard; great-grandson of Jacob and Abigail (Barton) Lumbard; great²-grandson of *Thomas Lumbard,* Sergeant, Lamb's Artillery Regt., Member of Brimfield, Mass., Committee of Safety and Correspondence; grandson of Robert L. and Alma (Willie) Dunlap; great-grandson of William Dunlap; great²-grandson of *John W. Dunlap,* Captain, Campbell's Regt. New York Militia; great³-grandson of *William Dunlap,* private, Campbell's Regt. New York Militia.

MARCUS WILLIAM LUMBARD, Des Moines, Iowa (18330). Son of Melville Adelbert and Fannie H. (Dunlap) Lumbard; grandson of Rufus and Sarah (Van Nortwick) Lumbard; great-grandson of Jacob and Abigail (Barton) Lumbard; great²-grandson of *Thomas Lumbard,* Sergeant Lamb's Artillery Regt., Member of Brimfield, Mass., Committee of Safety and Correspondence; grandson of Robert L. and Alma (Willie) Dunlap; great-grandson of William Dunlap; great²-grandson of *John W. Dunlap,* Captain, Campbell's Regt., New York Militia; great³-grandson of *William Dunlap,* private, Campbell's Regt., New York Militia.

LOUIS EDGAR ORCUTT, Council Bluffs, Iowa (18331). Son of Fred. H. and Almira A. (Schriver) Orcutt; grandson of Hosea and Sarah Abigail (Lake) Orcutt; great-grandson of Sewall and Hannah (Peabody) Lake; great²-grandson of *Enos Lake,* Corporal, Daniel Moore's New Hampshire Regt.; great³-grandson of *Daniel Lake,* drummer, Thomas Heald's New Hampshire Regt.

WILLIAM CLYDE ROBERTS, Ottumwa, Iowa (18328). Son of Horace William and Laura Pomelia (Greene) Roberts; grandson of Truman Dudley and Phebe (Otis) Greene; great-grandson of Edward and Martha (Sheldon) Greene; great²-grandson of *Luke Greene,* Sergeant, Lippitt's Rhode Isalnd Regt. and Sixth Albany County, New York, Regt.

ALSON SECOR, Des Moines, Iowa (18337). Son of Eugene and Millie M. (Spencer) Secor; grandson of Alson and Sarah Caroline (Knapp) Secor; great-grandson of Gidney and Catherine (Strang) Secor; great²-grandson of *Isaac Secor,* private, Captain Onderdonk's Company, Colonel Hawk's Regt. New York Militia; great²-grandson of *John Strang,* private, Drake's Regt. New York Militia; great-grandson of David and Abigail (Lee) Knapp; great²-grandson of

David Knapp, private, Drake's Regt. New York Militia; great²-grandson of *John Lee,* private, Hayatt's Militia Company.

WARREN J. SMITH, Waterloo, Iowa (18338). Son of Luther E. and Almeda Maria (Tallman) Smith; grandson of Jedidah and Aurelia Lucretia (Southworth) Tallman; great-grandson of James and Mary (Dennison) Southworth; great²-grandson of *William Southworth,* private, Captain Shumway's Company, First Regt., Connecticut Line, pensioned.

ELMER MARSTON WENTWORTH, State Center, Iowa (18326). Son of John Norris and Nancy (Titcomb) Wentworth; grandson of Benjamin Titcomb and Hannah (Ames) Wentworth; great-grandson of Ephraim and Anne, Nancy, (Titcomb) Wentworth; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Titcomb,* Major, Poor's New Hampshire Regt.

BENJAMIN DUDLEY WHEELER, Des Moines, Iowa (10463). Supplementals. Son of William Henry and Ella Rocelia (Perrin) Wheeler; grandson of Samuel Talcott and Harriet Martin (Pettengill) Perrin; great-grandson of Samuel and Sally (Reed) Perrin; great²-grandson of *Zachariah Perrin,* private, Twelfth Conn. Militia; great²-grandson of *Job Reed,* private, Mass. Militia, pensioned.

HERBERT LESLIE WILDEY, Graettinger, Iowa (18333). Son of Charles Augustus and Annie (Moffitt) Wildey; grandson of Caleb Griffin and Catherine (Storm) Wildey; great-grandson of Caleb and Deborah (Mekeel) Wildey; great²-grandson of *Thomas Wildey,* private, Colonel Weissenfel's Regt. New York Levies.

KANSAS SOCIETY.

RALPH HENRY FAXON, Medicine Lodge, Kans. (17954). Son of Thomas Jefferson and Maria (Canfield) Faxon; grandson of Thomas Jefferson and Delia Euphrasia (Faxon) Faxon; great-grandson of *Allen Faxon,* father of Delia, private, Ninth Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Elisha Faxon,* Sergeant Twelfth Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Thomas and Deborah (Toby) Faxon, parents of Thomas; great²-grandson of *Thomas Faxon,* private, Fifteenth Regt. Mass. Foot.

EZRA SUNDERLAND JOHNSON, Champaign, Ill. (Kans. 17956). Son of James and Elizabeth Jane (Valentine) Johnson; grandson of *Charles Johnson,* private, North Carolina troops.

ROBERT McELHINNY SCOTT, Pittsburg, Kans. (17957). Son of Robert K. and Matilda (McElhinny) Scott; grandson of David and Sarah (Philips) McElhinny; great-grandson of *David Philips,* Captain, Second Company, Seventh Penna. Independent Battalion.

EUGENE FITCH WARE, Topeka, Kans. (17955). Son of Hiram Belcher and Amanda Melvina (Holbrook) Ware; grandson of Robert and Jerusha (Blunt) Ware; great-grandson of *Robert Ware,* private, Wheelock's and Ward's Mass. Regts.; great-grandson of *Andrew* (and Meredith Monk) *Blunt,* drummer, John Blunt's Com-

pany Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *John Blunt,* Captain, McCobb's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Monk,* Ensign, Wheelock's Mass. Regt.

LOUISIANA SOCIETY.

CAMPBELL BLOCKSHEAR HODGES, U. S. Army, Fort Thomas, Ky. (La. 17458). Son of Campbell Bryan and Luella Virginia (Lockwell) Hodges; grandson of John L. and Mary Bryan (Hamilton) Hodges; great-grandson of William and Mary (Bryan) Hamilton; great²-grandson of *John Hamilton,* Second Lieutenant, First South Carolina Regt., Brigade Major to Colonel Pinckney.

GILBERT MARSHALL, New Orleans, La. (17456). Son of Charles and Lillie W. Marshall; grandson of John and Frances (Crockett) Marshall; great-grandson of Samuel and Frances (Dudley) Crockett; great²-grandson of *Guilford* (and Anna Eaton) *Dudley,* Colonel, First North Carolina Volunteers; great³-grandson of *Thomas Eaton,* Member of North Carolina Congress and General of Militia.

WALTER LOWRY PARKER, Jr., New Orleans, La. (17457). Son of Walter Lowry and Ella (Burr) Parker; grandson of Robert A. and Lamira (Minter) Parker; great-grandson of William and Elizabeth Green (Waggoner) Minter; great²-grandson of Joseph and Jane (Trabue) Minter; great³-grandson of *John Trabue,* Ensign, Virginia Line.

MAINE SOCIETY.

GEORGE THORNTON EDWARDS, Portland, Me. (18752). Son of Thomas and Mary Josephine (Pierce) Edwards; grandson of James Luther and Amanda Mason (Chase) Pierce; great-grandson of Obadiah and Susanna (Luther) Pierce; great²-grandson of *David Luther,* Captain, Col. Thomas Carpenter's Bristol County Regt. Mass. Militia.

JAMES FREDERICK HAMILTON, Eastport, Me. (17372). Son of John and Ellen (Beals) Hamilton; grandson of Alanson and Maria (Marsh) Beals; great-grandson of *Uriah Beals,* First Lieutenant, Major Job Cushing's Mass. Regt.

NELSON MULLIN, North Haven, Me. (17375). Son of David and Lydia Mullin; grandson of *Archibald McMullin,* private, Captain Everet's Company, Colonel McIntosh's Mass. Regt.

JOHN WITHAM PENNEY, Mechanic Falls, Me. (9726). Supplemental. Son of Mark and Sally Parsons (Witham) Penney; grandson of John and Hepzibah (Welch) Witham; great-grandson of *Thomas Witham,* private, Essex County, Mass., Militia.

SAMUEL RUSSELL PENNEY, Mechanic Falls, Me. (17370). Son of John Witham and Aphia Jane (Morse) Penney; grandson of Mark and Sally Parsons (Witham) Penney; great-grandson of *Thomas Penney,* private, Daniel Warner's Company, Mass. Coast Guards; great-grandson of John and Hepzibah (Welch) Witham;

great²-grandson of *Thomas Witham,* private, Essex County, Mass., Militia; grandson of Enoch and Ellen (Bradbury) Morse; great-grandson of *John Morse,* private, Moses Merrill's Company, Edmund Phinney's Regt. Mass. Foot.

EDWIN AUGUSTUS RICHARDSON, Westbrook, Me. (17373). Son of Sumner B. and Emeline (Swift) Richardson; grandson of George Herrick and Sally (Stevens) Richardson; great-grandson of John and Bethiah (Herrick) Richardson; great²-grandson of Joseph and Ann (Jackson) Herrick; great³-grandson of *Henry Herrick,* Colonel, Eighth Essex County Regt., Mass., Militia.

HERBERT WARREN SEARS, Portland, Me. (17369). Son of Barzillai Warren and Caroline Catherwood (Pettes) Sears; grandson of Barzillai and Lucinda Savery (Gibbs) Sears; great-grandson of Stephen and Lydia (Sears) Sears; great²-grandson of *Stephen Sears,* private, Major Zenas Winslow's Mass. Regt.; grandson of John Edward and Caroline (Jefts) Pettes; great-grandson of John and Mary (Goulding) Pettes; great²-grandson of *Abial Pettes,* Sergeant, Andrew Moody's Company, John Lamb's Second Artillery Regt.

JOHN STURGIS, Auburn, Me. (18751). Son of Benjamin Franklin and Priscilla Jane (Brooks) Sturgis; grandson of John and Mary (Purinton) Sturgis; great-grandson of James Gorham and Mary (Roberts) Sturgis; great²-grandson of *Jonathan Sturgis,* private, Col. Edmund Phinney's Mass. Regt.

LEROY HARMON TOBIE, Portland, Me. (6429). Supplemental. Son of Edward Parsons and Jane E. (Harmon) Tobie; grandson of Jonathan and Lydia (Parsons) Tobie; great-grandson of *Richard Tobie,* Selectman of Seabrook, N. H., Lieutenant of Militia.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN WARREN, Buxton, Me. (17374). Son of Israel and Olive (Bradbury) Warren; grandson of Joshua and Lydia (Wadlin) Warren, Jr.; great-grandson of Joshua and Annie (Young) Warren; great²-grandson of *Joshua Warren,* private, Colonel Storer's York County Regt., Mass., Militia; grandson of John and Mary (Locke) Bradbury; great-grandson of *Joseph Bradbury,* Captain, Colonel Cutt's Regt., Mass., Militia.

MARYLAND SOCIETY.

EDMUND THOMAS BATES, Baltimore, Md. (18514). Son of Wilbur F. and Margaret E. (Beck) Bates; grandson of James and Frances (Rutter) Bates; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Whitney) Bates; great²-grandson of *Silas Whitney,* private and scout, Vermont Militia.

JAMES WHITNEY BATES, Baltimore, Md. (18503). Son of James and Frances (Rutter) Bates; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Whitney) Bates; great-grandson of *Silas Whitney,* private, Vermont Militia.

JASPER M. BERRY, Jr., Baltimore, Md. (18508). Son of Jasper M. and Lydia W. (Emory) Berry; grandson of D. C. Hopper and Frances (Wilmer) Emory; great-grandson of John King Beck and Sarah (Hopper) Emory; great²-grandson of *Thomas Emory,* First Lieutenant, Maryland Militia.

THOMAS LANSDALE BERRY, Roland Park, Md. (18513). Son of Jasper M. and Lydia W. (Emory) Berry; grandson of D. C. Hopper and Frances (Wilmer) Emory; great-grandson of John King Beck and Sarah (Hopper) Emory; great²-grandson of *Thomas Emory,* First Lieutenant, Maryland Militia.

GEORGE MORRIS BOND, Baltimore, Md. (18511). Son of Thomas E. and Annie (Morris) Bond; grandson of Thomas E. and Christiana (Birckhead) Bond; great-grandson of Solomon and Jane (McCulloh) Birckhead; great²-grandson of *Christopher Birckhead,* Colonel of Militia of Talbot County, Member of Maryland House of Delegates.

JOSEPH WARREN CROWELL, Cambridge, Md. (17249). Son of John and Margaret Crowell; grandson of *Joseph Crowell,* private, Middlesex County, New Jersey, Militia, prisoner in New York Sugar House and on brig "Argo."

GEORGE W. DAME, Baltimore, Md. (18504). Son of George W. and Mary M. (Page) Dame; grandson of Carter and Lucy (Nelson) Page; great-grandson of *Thomas Nelson, Jr.,* Signer of Declaration of Independence, Governor of Virginia.

HAMPDEN POLK DASHIELL, Princess Anne, Md. (18523). Son of Hampden Haynie and Aurelia (Kennerly) Dashiell; grandson of Seth and Clarietta (Harris) Dashiell; great-grandson of Arthur and Esther (Wailes) Dashiell, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Arthur Dashiell,* First Lieutenant, First Battalion, Maryland Militia.

LOUIS DASHIELL, Bel Air, Md. (18521). Son of Hampden Haynie and Elizabeth (Polk) Dashiell; grandson of Seth and Clarietta (Harris) Dashiell; great-grandson of Arthur and Esther (Wailes) Dashiell, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Arthur Dashiell,* First Lieutenant, First Battalion, Maryland Militia.

JOHN WALBACH EDELEN, Baltimore, Md. (17245). Son of Benjamin M. and Mary Theresa (Gardiner) Edelen; grandson of Thomas Elzare and Adele de Barth (Walbach) Gardiner; great-grandson of James and Pennelia (Dyer) Gardiner; great²-grandson of Henry Gardiner; great³-grandson of *Richard Gardiner,* private, Thos. Ewing's Battalion Maryland Flying Camp.

LEWIS HAY EICHELBERGER, Baltimore, Md. (18519). Son of Edward Cary and Julia (Hedges) Eichelberger; grandson of Lewis Frederick and Penelope Lynn L. B. J. (Hay) Eichelberger; great-grandson of Frederick and Anna Frena (Motter) Eichelberger; great²-grandson of *Adam Eichelberger,* Captain of Company of Foot, Third York County Battalion, Penna., Associators.

HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH GILPIN, Elkton, Md. (18525). Son of Henry Hollingsworth and Margaret Whann (Ricketts) Gilpin; grandson of John and Mary Husbands (Hollingsworth) Gilpin; great-grandson of *Henry Hollingsworth,* Colonel, Elk Battalion, Maryland Militia, Deputy Quartermaster and Commissary General Maryland Eastern Shore.

ANGELO HALL, Annapolis, Md. (18505). Son of Asaph and Chloe Angeline (Stickney) Hall; grandson of Asaph and Hannah C. (Palmer) Hall; great-grandson of *Asaph Hall,* Captain Conn. Militia, Member Conn. General Assembly.

CHARLES RUTHERFORD KENDIG, Roland Park, Md. (18518). Son of Daniel and Sarah (Rutherford) Kendig; grandson of William and Sarah (Swan) Rutherford; great-grandson of *John Rutherford,* Captain, Fourth Lancaster County Battalion, Penna. Militia; great-grandson of *William Swan,* First Lieutenant, Fourth Penna. Battalion, Col. Robert Elder, Quartermaster Tenth Battalion.

WILLIAM STEELE MAXWELL, Still Pond, Md. (18502). Son of William Miller Archer Steele and Anna Maria (Price) Maxwell; grandson of Robert and Harriet (Steele) Maxwell; great-grandson of *John Steele,* Captain, Tenth Penna. Line.

ISAAC WIMBERT MOHLER, JR., Baltimore, Md. (18517). Son of Isaac Wimbert and Julia V. (Larsh) Mohler; grandson of Peter and Barbara (Lutz) Mohler; great-grandson of *Casper Lutz,* private Pennsylvania Militia.

THOMAS FERGUSON MYERS, Baltimore, Md. (18524). Son of Jacob and Chrissie (Newan) Myers; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Knaugh) Newan; great-grandson of *Nehemiah Newan,* private, First Penna. Regt., Colonel Hand; grandson of *Peter Myers,* private, Maryland Line.

THOMAS LUMAN MYERS, Baltimore, Md. (18520). Son of Thomas Ferguson and Emma (Suter) Myers; grandson of Jacob and Chrissie (Newan) Myers; great-grandson of Thomas and Mary (Knaugh) Newan; great^2-grandson of *Nehemiah Newan,* private, First Penna. Regt., Colonel Hand; great-grandson of *Peter Myers,* private, Maryland Line.

EDWARD R. OWINGS, Baltimore, Md. (18506). Son of Henry W. and Annie M. (Richardson) Owings; grandson of Thomas and Mary (Jennings) Owings; great-grandson of Jesse and Hannah (Hood) Owings; great^2-grandson *Thomas Owings,* Lieutenant, Baltimore County, Maryland, Militia.

WILLIAM CHISHOLM PAGE, Baltimore, Md. (17243). Son of John W. and Ellen (West) Page; grandson of John White and Jane (Byrd) Page; great-grandson of Robert and Mary (Braxton) Page, Jr.; great^2-grandson of *Carter Braxton,* Signer of the Declaration of Independence.

AUBREY PEARRE, JR., Baltimore, Md. (17250). Son of Aubrey and Anna Josephine (Siffod) Pearre; grandson of James and Eliza (Dudderar) Pearre; great-grandson of James and Sarah (Warfield) Pearre; great²-grandson of *Charles Warfield,* Member of Frederick County Committee of Observation.

THOMAS G. POTTS, Baltimore, Md. (18507). Son of Peter Willson and Catherine (Enos) Potts; grandson of Peter and Vententia Waterman (Willson) Potts; great-grandson of *Peter Willson,* private, Colonel Webster's Charlotte County Regt., New York, Militia.

JAMES HARRY PRESTON, Baltimore, Md. (18512). Son of James Bond and Mary A. Preston, Jr.; grandson of James Bond and Eliza A. Preston; great-grandson of Bernard and Sarah (Bond) Preston; great²-grandson of *Jacob Bond,* Captain, Harford County Militia, Representative Maryland Constitutional Convention of 1776.

CLINTON LEVERING RIGGS, Baltimore, Md. (18516). Son of Laurasin and Mary Turpin (Bright) Riggs; grandson of Elisha and Alice (Laurasin) Riggs; great-grandson of *Samuel Riggs,* Second Lieutenant, Col. Zadock Magruder's Regt. Montgomery County, Maryland, Militia.

THOMAS JACOB SHRYOCK, Baltimore, Md. (17244). Son of Henry Soladay and Ann Ophelia Shryock; grandson of Jacob and Amelia (Heiskell) Shryock; great-grandson of *Henry Shryock,* Lieutenant-Colonel, First Battalion Maryland Flying Camp.

GUY STEELE, Cambridge, Md. (18509). Son of Thomas Buchanan and Isabella Elizabeth (Henry) Steele; grandson of John Campbell and Mary Nevert (Steele) Henry; great-grandson of John and Margaret (Campbell) Henry; great²-grandson of *John Henry,* Member of Maryland Legislature and of Continental Congress.

FRANKLIN PIERCE SWASEY, Baltimore, Md. (17248). Son of Alexander Lovett and Helen Maria (Hollis) Swasey; grandson of Emanuel and Dorcas (Smith) Swasey; great-grandson of *Emanuel Swasey,* Coxswain, Mass. Ship "Franklin," Capt. Allen Hallet.

EDWARD MORRIS TAYLOR, Baltimore, Md. (17247). Son of William S. and Mary A. (Kenney) Taylor, Jr.; grandson of William S. and Elizabeth (Watkins) Taylor; great-grandson of Gassaway Watkins; great²-grandson of *Joseph Watkins,* Major and Commissary of Ordnance Stores, Maryland troops.

WILLIAM SIMMONS TAYLOR, 3RD, Baltimore, Md. (17246). Son of William S. and Mary A. (Kenney) Taylor, Jr.; grandson of William S. and Elizabeth (Watkins) Taylor; great-grandson of Gassaway Watkins; great²-grandson of *Joseph Watkins,* Major and Commissary of Ordnance Stores, Maryland troops.

GEORGE WASHINGTON FAYETTE VERNON, Baltimore, Md. (18515). Son of Nathaniel and Charlotte L. Vernon; grandson of *Thomas Vernon,* private, Sixth Infantry Regt., Penna. Continental Line.

RICHARD THOMAS WATERS, Baltimore, Md. (18522). Son of Francis Edward and Fanny (Scott) Waters; grandson of Richard Thomas and Hester (Handy) Waters; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Corbin) Waters; great^2-grandson of *William Corbin,* Master-at-arms, Maryland troops.

ARMSTEAD MOORE WEBB, Baltimore, Md. (18501). Son of William Prescott and Anna Eliza (Moore) Webb; grandson of Abner and Ann (Prescott) Webb; great-grandson of *Abner Webb,* private, John Tyler's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

ROBERT PRESCOTT WEBB, West Arlington, Md. (18510). Son of George Prescott and Belle M. Webb; grandson of William Prescott and Anna E. (Moore) Webb; great-grandson of Abner and Ann (Prescott) Webb; great^2-grandson of *Abner Webb,* private, John Tyler's Conn. Regt.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIETY.

WINTHROP ALEXANDER, Montreal, Canada (Mass. 18069). Supplemental. Son of Ebenezer and Harriet Sherman (Burchsted) Alexander; grandson of Benjamin and Harriet (Sherman) Burchsted; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Stevens) Sherman; great^2-grandson of *James Sherman,* Sergeant, Lieut.-Col. Joseph Prime's Mass. Regt.; great^2-grandson of *John Stevens,* Commander of privateers "Satisfaction" and "Rambler;" great-grandson of James Tyler and Anna Loring (Sargent) Burchsted; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Brame Burchsted,* private, Capt. William Farrington's Militia Company of Lynn at Lexington alarm.

JAMES ROGERS BAILEY, Jr., Methuen, Mass. (18493). Son of James Rogers and Catherine C. Bailey; grandson of James and Abigail Farmer (Rogers) Bailey; great-grandson of James and Lucy (Brown) Bailey; great^2-grandson of *Samuel Bailey, Jr.,* private, Col. Ebenezer Bridge's Mass. Regt.

GEORGE DANIELSON BARBER, Worcester, Mass. (16552). Supplemental. Son of George and Eunice Williams (Buck) Barber; grandson of Simon and Mary (Danielson) Buck; great-grandson of Joseph and Dorcas (Fairbanks) Buck; great^2-grandson of *Samuel Buck,* private, Killingly Company Conn. Militia.

WILLIAM B. BARRON, Westminster, Mass. (18214). Son of *William Barron, Jr.,* private, Walbridge's New Hampshire Regt.; grandson of *William Barron,* Captain, Nichols's New Hampshire Regt.

JOHN MURRAY BARTELS, Boston, Mass. (18445). Son of Herman F. and Sally Innes (Forbes) Bartels; grandson of John Murray and Mary Elizabeth (Semmes) Forbes; great-grandson of Murray and Sally Innes (Thornton) Forbes; great^2-grandson of Francis and Sally (Innes) Thornton; great^3-grandson of *Harry Innes,* Superintendent of Virginia lead mines, Commissioner of land claims; great-grandson of Thomas and Sophia Wilson (Potts) Semmes;

great²-grandson of *John Potts,* Penna. Frontier Ranger; great³-grandson of *Samuel Potts,* Commander of ship "Bull Dog" Penna. Navy.

ASHTON HALL BARTLET, Roxbury, Mass. (18500). Son of William Williams and Sarah S. (Davis) Bartlet; grandson of Henry and Abbie (Williams) Bartlet; great-grandson of William and Elizabeth (Stoodley) Bartlet; great²-grandson of William and Mary (McClintock) Stoodley; great³-grandson of *Samuel McClintock,* Chaplain, Colonel Stark's New Hampshire Regt.; great-grandson of William Cutter and Ellen (Hall) Williams; great²-grandson of *Elijah Hall,* Second Lieutenant on ship "Ranger," Capt. John Paul Jones, private, Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM WILLS BEAL, Roxbury, Mass. (18450). Son of Edwin Wilder and Annie (Wills) Beal; grandson of Wilder and Adaline (Henderson) Beal; great-grandson of *Samuel Beal,* Captain-Lieutenant, Mass. Militia.

FRED MILTON BISBEE, La Junta, Colo. (Mass., 18437). Son of John S. and Eliza (Dustin) Bisbee; grandson of Rufus and Joanna (Doughty) Bisby; great-grandson of *Oliver Bisby,* private, William Weston's Company, Mass. Militia.

JESSE DUSTIN BISBEE, Elmira, N. Y. (Mass. 18438). Son of John S. and Eliza (Dustin) Bisbee; grandson of Rufus and Joanna (Doughty) Bisby; great-grandson of *Oliver Bisby,* private, William Weston's Company, Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM FRANCIS GRIFFITT BLACKLER, City of Smyrna, Turkey (Mass. 18925). Son of Francis and Mary Rebecca (Griffitt) Blackler; grandson of Francis Chipman and Annie Rebecca B. (Routh) Blackler; great-grandson of Francis and Mary Ingalls (Hooper) Blackler; great²-grandson of *William Blackler,* Captain of Marblehead Company, Col. John Glover's Brigade, Mass. troops; great²-grandson of William and Mary (Reed) Hooper; great³-grandson of *Robert Hooper,* private, Fourth Company, Col. John Glover's Mass. Regt.

FRANK INGALLS BLANCHARD, Swampscott, Mass. (18901). Son of Horace Ware and Eunice Haskell (Andrews) Blanchard; grandson of Solomon and Lydia (Haskell) Andrews; great-grandson of Solomon and Mary (Allen) Andrews; great²-grandson of *Caleb Andrews,* Sergeant, Capt. Daniel Giddings's Company, Col. Joseph Foster's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES WOOD BOND, Framingham, Mass. (18446). Son of Daniel W. and Susan J. (Dyer) Bond; grandson of Daniel Herrick and Deborah (White) Bond; great-grandson of *Bethuel Bond,* private, Dana's Company, Waterbury's Conn. Brigade.

WILLIAM WOOLLEY BROOKS, Brookline, Mass. (18215). Son of Charles Oscar and Mary Elizabeth (Woolley) Brooks; grandson of William and Mary Ann (Peirce) Woolley; great-grandson of

Charles and Catherine Elizabeth (Colburn) Woolley; great²-grandson of Calvin and Caroline Sibyl (Lakin) Colburn; great³-grandson of *Nathan Colburn,* Corporal, John Jacobs's Mass. Regt.

BENJAMIN WILLIAM BROWN, Northbridge, Mass. (18224). Son of George Roberts Hyde and Emily Caroline (Waters) Brown; grandson of William and Caroline Amelia (Lincoln) Waters; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Sally (Hager) Waters; great²-grandson of *Joseph Waters,* Corporal, Learned's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Hager,* private, Henry's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES WINFIELD BROWN, Everett, Mass. (18439). Son of Charles W. and Helen Gertrude (Bean) Brown; grandson of Albro G. and Esther (Bixby) Bean; great-grandson of Benjamin and Fanny (Wier) Bixby; great²-grandson of *John Wier,* private, New Hampshire Militia, pensioned.

CHARLES F. P. BURCHMORE, Revere, Mass. (18225). Son of George and Caroline M. (Jepson) Burchmore; grandson of Stephen and Hannah (Dunham) Burchmore; great-grandson of *Zachariah Burchmore,* Commander Mass. Brigantine "Hector," First Lieutenant Brigantine "Terrible Creature."

ARTHUR WENDELL BURNHAM, Newton Centre, Mass. (18216). Son of Wendell Phillips and Sarah Durkee (Saunders) Burnham; grandson of Elam and Joanna (Stone) Burnham; great-grandson of Abner and Anna (Burnham) Burnham; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Burnham,* father of Abner, private, Little's Regt. Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *David Burnham,* private, Cogswell's Regt. Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Wesley Burnham,* father of Anna, private, Cogswell's Regt. Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Wesley Burnham,* private, Cogswell's Regt. Mass. Militia.

HARRISON PARROTT BURRILL, Lynn, Mass. (18902). Son of John Irving and Adeline Orcutt (Parrott) Burrill; grandson of John B. and Hannah (Mudge) Burrill; great-grandson of Micajah and Mercy (Ingalls) Burrill; great²-grandson of *Theophilus Burrill,* private, Col. Jacob Gerrish's Regt. Mass. Guards; great-grandson of Nathan and Martha (Brown) Mudge; great²-grandson of *Nathan Mudge,* Corporal, Capt. Simon Brown's Company, Col. Jacob Gerrish's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Ezra Brown,* private and drummer, Captain Newhall's Company, Colonel Mansfield's Mass. Regt.

DWIGHT FENN BURRITT, Springfield, Mass. (19060). Son of Henry Fairchild and Chloe Permela Burritt; grandson of Daniel Fairchild and Betsey Morris Burritt; great-grandson of *Eben Burritt,* private, Capt. David Nichols's Company, Colonel Whiting's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

CHARLES IRVING BURROWS, Lynn, Mass. (18903). Son of Egbert and Betsey (Alley) Burrows; grandson of Joseph and Rebecca (Johnson) Alley; great-grandson of *Joseph Alley,* private,

Capt. Ezra Newhall's Company, Mass. Minute Men, sailor on Mass. Brigantine "Rover."

IRVING ROMARO CALKINS, Springfield, Mass. (18904). Son of James W. and Lucia A. Cook (Burleigh) Calkins; grandson of Benjamin A. and Hannah Smith (Cook) Burleigh; great-grandson of Eliezer and Marcia (Dennison) Cook; great²-grandson of *Colman Cook,* private, Capt. Hezekiah Hubbard's Company, Mass. Minute Men; great³-grandson of *Elisha Cook,* Ensign, Capt. Oliver Lyman's Militia Company of Northampton, Mass.; grandson of George H. and Lucy A. (Brown) Calkins; great-grandson of Stephen and Betsey (Day) Brown; great²-grandson of *Stephen Brown,* Corporal, Third Essex County Regt., Mass. Militia.

ARRA FERGUSON CLARK, Boston, Mass. (18905). Son of *Hezekiah Clark,* Corporal, Capt. Elijah Blackman's Company, Col. Henry Sherburne's Conn. Continental Regt.; grandson of *Benoni Clark,* private, Col. Alexander Webster's Charlotte County Regt., New York, Militia.

CHARLES HOBART CLARK, Springfield, Mass. (18476). Son of Leonard and Althine (Woodward) Clark; grandson of William Smith and Elizabeth (Clark) Clark; great-grandson of *William Clark,* private, Nixon's Mass. Continental Regt.; great²-grandson of *John Clark,* Delegate from Hubbardston in First Mass. Provincial Congress; great-grandson of *Samuel Clark,* father of Elizabeth, Lieutenant, Third Middlesex Regt., Mass., Militia.

ELIOT ALBERT CLARK, Pittsfield, Mass. (17638). Supplemental. Son of Hiram H. and Julia J. (Eliot) Clark; grandson of Calvin and Phebe (Hough) Clark; great-grandson of Samuel and Phebe (Post) Hough; great²-grandson of *William Hough,* private, Eighth Conn. Regt., 1780; grandson of Alexander McG. and Julia A. (Tyler) Eliot; great-grandson of Simeon and Sarah (Clark) Tyler; great²-grandson of Joseph and Sarah (Dudley) Clark; great³-grandson of *Daniel Clark,* private, Second Conn. Regt., Col. Joseph Spencer.

ELMER HUMPHREY COPELAND, Northampton, Mass. (17639) Supplemental. Son of Hezekiah and Olive S. (Nichols) Copeland; grandson of Winslow and Hannah (Slader) Copeland; great-grandson of Joseph and Rebecca (Hooper) Copeland; great²-grandson of *Jonathan Copeland,* Sergeant, Eliphalet Cary's Mass. Regt.; grandson of Steven and Fanny (Pike) Nichols; great-grandson of *Humphrey Nichols,* Sergeant, Enoch Putnam's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of *Samuel Slader,* private, Capt. Obadiah Johnson's Company, Third Conn. Regt., Gen. Israel Putnam.

GEORGE A. CRAWFORD, Boston, Mass. (15581). Supplemental. Son of William H. and Julia Ann (Whittier) Crawford; grandson of Artemas N. and Alice (Cass) Whittier; great-grandson of Joseph and Lydia (Chandler) Whittier; great²-grandson of *Joseph Chandler,* Captain, Colonel Wyman's New Hampshire Regt., died

in service September 17, 1776; great-grandson of Moses and Mary (Page) Cass; great²-grandson of *Enoch Page,* First Lieutenant, Col. James Frye's Mass. Regt.

KENDRIC P. CRAWFORD, Brookline, Mass. (15582). Supplemental. Son of George A. and Mary E. (Patten) Crawford; grandson of William H. and Julia Ann (Whittier) Crawford; great-grandson of Artemas N. and Alice (Cass) Whittier; great²-grandson of Joseph and Lydia (Chandler) Whittier; great³-grandson of *Joseph Chandler,* Captain, Colonel Wyman's New Hampshire Regt., died in service September 17, 1776; great²-grandson of Moses and Mary (Page) Cass; great³-grandson of *Enoch Page,* First Lieutenant, Col. James Frye's Mass. Regt.

EDWIN MARTIN CURRIER, Lowell, Mass. (18426). Son of James Hale and Dorothy Page (Richardson) Currier; grandson of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Coburn) Currier; great-grandson of *Simeon* (and Abigail Russell) *Coburn,* private, Captain Varnum's Company (Second Dracut); great²-grandson of *Stephen Russell,* Captain, Green's Regt. Mass. Militia; grandson of Ezekiel and Mary (Davis) Richardson; great-grandson of *Ezekiel Richardson,* private, New Hampshire troops; great-grandson of *Asa Davis,* private, Samuel Greeley's Company, New Hampshire Volunteers.

ELLIS BLISS CURRIER, Northampton, Mass. (18447). Son of Bagley Carter and Clarissa (McKeith) Currier; grandson of Duncan and Mary (Page) McKeith; great-grandson of *Moses Page,* Lieutenant, New Hampshire State troops.

WILLIAM BULLARD CUTLER, Boston, Mass. (18906). Son of Simeon Morse and Elmira (Bullard) Cutler; grandson of Uriel and Nabby (Morse) Cutler; great-grandson of *Simeon* (and Elizabeth Rockwood) *Cutler,* Second Lieutenant, Captain Lealand's Company, Mass. Minute Men; great²-grandson of *Timothy Rockwood,* Sergeant, Captain Lealand's Company, Colonel Pierce's Regt., Mass. Minute Men; great-grandson of *Abner* (and Milly Lealand) *Morse,* drummer, Colonel Craft's Artillery Regt.; great²-grandson of *Asaph Lealand,* private, Captain Eames's Company, Colonel Perry's Mass. Regt.; grandson of Nathan and Nancy (Russell) Bullard; great-grandson of *Isaac* (and Mary Fisher) *Bullard,* Sergeant, West Medway Company, Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Samuel Fisher,* private, Colonel Wheelock's Regt. Mass. Militia; great-grandson of *Thomas* (and Betsy Jennison) *Russell,* private, Colonel Brooks's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Josiah Jennison,* private, Col. Eleazer Brooks's Mass. Regt.

DUDLEY APTHORP DORR, East Boston, Mass. (18427). Son of Theodore Haskell and Nancy Caroline (Richards) Dorr; grandson of John and Esther (Goldthwait) Dorr; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Dorr,* Member of Boston Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety.

DUDLEY HUNTINGTON DORR, Lancaster, Mass. (18428). Son of Dudley Apthorp and Julia Miller (Huntington) Dorr; grandson of Theodore Haskell and Nancy Caroline (Richards) Dorr; great-grandson of John and Esther (Goldthwait) Dorr; great^2-grandson of *Ebenezer Dorr,* Member of Boston Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety.

EDWARD LIVINGSTONE DUNNING, Winchester, Mass. (18491). Son of Charles Urbane and Harriet Frances (Bachelder) Dunning; grandson of Urbane and Eliza (Egan) Dunning; great-grandson of *Michael Dunning,* Captain-Lieutenant, Col. Seth Warner's Continental Regt.

HAROLD CLARKE DURRELL, Cambridge, Mass. (18448). Son of Oliver Heber and Sophia Gertrude (Eaton) Durrell; grandson of Oliver Bourne and Betsy Gooch (Peabody) Durrell; great-grandson of Thomas and Esther (Towne) Durrell; great^2-grandson of Benjamin and Hannah (Kimball) Durrell, Jr.; great^3-grandson of *Benjamin Durrell,* Captain, Mass. Militia, Member Committee of Correspondence; grandson of Ebenezer G. and Mehitable F. (Barker) Eaton; great-grandson of Jonathan and Catharine (Mitchell) Barker; great^2-grandson of *Asa Barker,* private, Capt. John Adams's Company, Col. Grant Johnson's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of John and Elvira (Wentworth) Peabody; great^2-grandson of Benjamin and Olive (Cousins) Wentworth; great^3-grandson of *Nathaniel Cousins,* Captain Second Company, Third York County Regt., Mass. Militia.

JOHN HANCOCK EATON, Boston, Mass. (18907). Son of Russell Perkins and Louise Margaret (Thompson) Eaton; grandson of Russell and Mary Anne (Perkins) Eaton; great-grandson of Amherst and Elizabeth (Wise) Eaton; great^2-grandson of *Thomas Eaton,* private, Capt. David Chadwick's Company, Mass. Militia; grandson of Zenas and L. (Leavitt) Thompson; great-grandson of Hannibal and Polly (Dillingham) Thompson; great^2-grandson of *John Thompson,* private, Col. Thomas Carpenter's Regt., Sergeant, Major Eliphalet Carey's Mass. Regt.

CARLETON SNOW ELMES, North Raynham, Mass. (18217). Son of Lazell and Emeline (Snow) Elmes; grandson of Cynus Otis and Silence (Robinson) Elmes; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Robinson, 2d,* private, Capt. James Williams's Company, Mass. Minute Men.

WILLIAM HERBERT FAUNCE, Roxbury, Mass. (18494). Son of Seth Washburn and Hannah Drew (Cushman) Faunce; grandson of Thomas and Sylvia (Drew) Cushman; great-grandson of *Seth Drew,* Major, Mass. Continental troops.

CHARLES NATHAN FITTS, Northampton, Mass. (18495). Son of Nathan and Lucy Fiske (Moore) Fitts; grandson of Robert and Lucy (Bangs) Fitts, Jr.; great-grandson of *Robert Fitts,* private, Mass. Minute Men, Colonel Learned's Regt.

JOSEPH WALTER FLAGG, Worcester, Mass. (18484). Son of Levi Lincoln and Caroline Elizabeth (Barnes) Flagg; grandson of Daniel and Betsy (Longley) Barnes; great-grandson of David and Asenath (Moore) Barnes; great²-grandson of *Fortunatus Barnes,* Sergeant, James Mirick's Company, Mass. Militia.

DANIEL D. FOX, Dracut, Mass. (18429). Son of Dana Russell and Mabelia B. (Foster) Fox; grandson of Russell and Hepzibah (Peobody) Fox; great-grandson of *David* (and Sarah Russell) *Fox,* private, Russell's Company, Col. Green's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Stephen Russell,* Captain, Green's Mass. Regt.

CLARENCE RHODOLPHUS GARDNER, Northampton, Mass. (18908). Son of William Wallace and Emeline Armanda (North) Gardner; grandson of Benjamin and Tirzah (Poole) Gardner; great-grandson of *Benjamin Gardner,* private, Col. John Hathaway's Second Bristol County Regt., Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Gardner,* Corporal, Col. Ebenezer Thayer's Suffolk County Regt., Mass. Militia.

ELWOOD LEON GRAVES, Springfield, Mass. (18909). Son of George Alexander and Martha (Scott) Graves; grandson of Linus and Electa (Robbins) Graves; great-grandson of *Moses Graves,* private, Colonel Sears's Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

GEORGE ALEXANDER GRAVES, Springfield, Mass. (18910). Son of Linus and Electa (Robbins) Graves; grandson of *Moses Graves,* private, Colonel Sears's Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

HERBERT HAMILTON GRAVES, Springfield, Mass. (18911). Son of George Alexander and Martha (Scott) Graves; grandson of Linus and Electa (Robbins) Graves; great-grandson of *Moses Graves,* private, Colonel Sears's Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

RANSOM ALPHONSO GREENE, Lowell, Mass. (18477). Son of Nutton and Aurora (Goodno) Greene; grandson of William and Randilla (Clark) Goodno; great-grandson of Jonathan Rogers and Betsey (Green) Clark; great²-grandson of *Timothy Clark,* drummer, James Reed's Mass. Regt.

JOHN HAINES, Waltham, Mass. (953). Supplemental. Son of Jacob Clark and Mary (Moore) Haines; grandson of James and Mary (Clark) Haines; great-grandson of *Satchell Clark,* private, Colonel Stickney's New Hampshire Regt., Northern Continental Army.

GEORGE ELMER HANSCOM, Malden, Mass. (18218). Son of George Washington and Ellen (Prince) Hanscom; grandson of Nathan and Sarah (Strout) Hanscom; great-grandson of *Nathan Hanscom,* private, Edmund Phinney's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM DANIEL HARVEY, Newton Centre, Mass. (18430). Son of George Daniel and Abba (Briggs) Harvey; grandson of Daniel and Fatima (Shedd) Harvey, Jr.; great-grandson of Daniel and

Roxey (Walter) Harvey; great²-grandson of Zachariah and Mary (Norcross) Harvey, Jr.; great³-grandson of *Zachariah Harvey,* private, Whitcomb's Mass. Regt.

LINCOLN C. HAYNES, Springfield, Mass. (18492). Son of Calvin Bugbee and Mary Walker (Bacheller) Haynes; grandson of James and Clarinda (Walker) Bacheller; great-grandson of William and Mary (Eaton) Bacheller; great²-grandson of *William Bacheller,* Lieutenant and Surgeon, Col. Samuel Johnson's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Percy and Mary (Child) Walker; great²-grandson of *Abijah Child,* Sergeant, Capt. Thomas White's Company, Colonel Heath's Mass. Regt.

LEWIS ELEON HIGGINS, Taunton, Mass. (18912). Son of Almon Webster and Lucy (Clapp) Higgins; grandson of Lewis and Mary (Todd) Higgins; great-grandson of *Asa Todd,* private, Colonel Ward's Conn. Regt., pensioned.

JOHN ALBERT HOLMES, Somerville, Mass. (18913). Son of Franklin Milo and Frances A. (Holmes) Holmes; grandson of George and Electa (Nash) Holmes; great-grandson of Jacob and Susannah (Webster) Nash, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Robert Webster,* Captain, Eighth Company, Eighth Regt. Mass. Foot.

EDWARD WILLARD HOWE, Newton, Mass. (8566). Son of William and Catherine (Willard) Howe; grandson of Josiah and Prudence (Morse) Willard; great-grandson of Moody and Abigail (Leland) Morse, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Moody Morse,* Member of Sutton, Mass., Committee of Correspondence, Sergeant, Col. Jacob Davis's Mass. Regt. Supplemental.

CHARLES H. HYDE, Malden, Mass. (16335). Supplemental. Son of Henry Hastings and Susan Fowle (Sprague) Hyde; grandson of James and Hepzibah (Hastings) Hyde; great-grandson of *Samuel Hyde,* Sergeant, McIntosh's and Thatcher's Mass. Regts.; grandson of John and Sarah (Hill) Sprague; great-grandson of *Charles* (and Mary Waitt) *Hill,* Corporal, McIntosh's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Samuel Waitt, 3rd,* and great³-grandson of *Samuel Waitt, Jr.,* privates, McIntosh's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Poole) Sprague; great²-grandson of *Phineas Sprague, Jr.,* and great³-grandson of *Phineas Sprague,* privates, Gardner's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES DAVID JONES, Malden, Mass. (15318). Supplemental. Son of John R. and Mary (Seaward) Jones; grandson of Joseph Seaward; great-grandson of William and Abigail (Deering) Seaward; great²-grandson of *Richard Seaward,* private, Mass. Artillery, privateersman, Sergeant of Marines.

JOHN BROOKS KEYES, Quincy, Mass. (18496). Son of George Stuart and Emma (Chamberlain) Keyes; grandson of Edward L. and Lucy (Brooks) Keyes; great-grandson of Alexander Scammel and Sarah (Turner) Brooks; great²-grandson of *John Brooks,* Lieutenant-Colonel, Mass. Continental troops.

FRANK EDWARD KIDDER, Dorchester, Mass. (18478). Son of Joseph Tarbell and Pamela (Locke) Kidder; grandson of Joseph and Abigail (Munroe) Locke; great-grandson of *Edmund* (and Rebecca Harrington) *Munroe,* Lieutenant, Bigelow's Mass. Regt., killed at Monmouth, 1778; great²-grandson of *Jonathan Harrington,* Captain, Mass. Minute Men.

ELLERY CHANNING LIBBEY, Saugus, Mass. (17643). Supplemental. Son of Charles Henry and Julia Ann (Legro) Libbey; grandson of Thomas and Dorcas Legro; great-grandson of Thomas and Eunice Legro; great²-grandson of *David Legro,* private, Col. Edward Wigglesworth's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES HODGES LINCOLN, Taunton, Mass. (18914). Son of Hodges Reede and Nancy (Reade) Lincoln; grandson of Joseph and Peddy (Hunt) Reade; great-grandson of *Joseph Reade, Reed, Jr.,* private, Colonel Daggett's and Colonel Mitchel's Mass. Regts.; great²-grandson of *Joseph Reed,* private, Colonel Carpenter's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM STILES LOOMIS, Holyoke, Mass. (18479). Son of Elijah Williams and Janette (Stiles) Loomis; grandson of Roger and Lucina (Spelman) Stiles; great-grandson of *John Stiles,* private, Mass. Militia, pensioned; great²-grandson of *Job Stiles,* private, Hampshire County Militia.

JOHN PARKER MANNING, Pittsfield, Mass. (18922). Son of John Henry and Grace (Le Baron) Manning; grandson of John Henry and Mary Sophia (Parker) Manning; great-grandson of Linus and Sophia (Churchill) Parker; great²-grandson of *Linus* (and Elizabeth Green) *Parker,* private, Colonel Rossiter's Regt. Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Gideon Green,* private, Captain Porter's Company, Colonel Brewer's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of John and Mehitable (Hubbard) Churchill; great³-grandson of *James Hubbard,* Lieutenant, Capt. John Strong's Company and Colonel Rossiter's Detachment Mass. Militia; great⁴-grandson of *Daniel Hubbard,* private, Capt. John Strong's Company, Mass., Militia.

JOHN BLISS MARTIN, Malden, Mass. (19001). Son of Azariah Bliss and Urania Lettise (Coolidge) Martin; grandson of John and Betsey (Jenny) Coolidge; great-grandson of *Prince Jenny,* private, Captain George Claghorn's Company, Col. Abiel Mitchell's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES ALBERT MAYNARD, Northampton, Mass. (18431). Son of Ebenezer and Cordelia (Carter) Maynard; grandson of *Daniel* (and Cyrene Dinsmore) *Maynard,* private, John Brooks's Seventh Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Maynard,* Member of Westborough Committee of Correspondence; great-grandson of *Abel Dinsmore,* Captain, Elisha Porter's Hampshire County, Mass., Regt.; grandson of Thomas and Ann (Tobey) Carter; great-grandson of *Isaac* (and Deborah Williams) *Tobey,* Lieutenant, Second Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Williams,* Member of Taunton Committee of Safety and Correspondence.

AUSTIN JOHNSON MERRILL, Boston, Mass. (18219). Son of William B. and Emma F. (Griffith) Merrill; grandson of Amos W. and Azubah F. (Stockbridge) Griffith; great-grandson of William and Sarah (Eustis) Stockbridge; great²-grandson of *John Stockbridge,* private, Shepard's Mass. Regt.

FREDERICK MASON MITCHELL, Newton, Mass. (18432). Son of Henry Augustus and Mary Elizabeth (Pear) Mitchell; grandson of John and Dorcas (Smith) Pear; great-grandson of Isaac and Prudence (Newell) Smith; great²-grandson of *Isaac Smith,* Commander Mass. Privateers "Friendship," "Thomas," and "Union."

EDWIN FRANCIS MYERS, Cambridge, Mass. (18485). Son of John E. and Amanda M. (Shedd) Myers; grandson of Bezaleel and Ann (Prouty) Shedd; great-grandson of Pliny and Malissa (Holmes) Prouty; great²-grandson of *Elijah Prouty,* private, Fourth Mass. Militia, matross, Craft's Artillery Regt.; great²-grandson of *William Holmes,* private, Job Cushing's Mass. Regt.

ARTHUR EUGENE NEWCOMB, Ware, Mass. (8610). Supplemental. Son of John H. and Alice E. (Powell) Newcomb; grandson of Foster and Fanny (Collins) Newcomb; great-grandson of Gamaliel and Patty (Gilbert) Collins, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Gamaliel Collins,* Member of Committee of Correspondence of Hardwick, Mass.; great²-grandson of Timothy and Martha (Rogers) Gilbert, Jr.; great³-grandson of *Timothy Gilbert,* private, Sixteenth Mass. Regt.; grandson of Ogilvie N. and Harriet S. (Rice) Powell; great-grandson of Prosper and Mary (Goff) Powell; great²-grandson of Hezekiah and Anna (Ward) Goff; great³-grandson of *Stephen Ward,* Marine, Conn. Man-of-war "Oliver Cromwell;" great-grandson of Alpheus and Huldah (Call) Rice; great²-grandson of Amos and Joanna (Temple) Call; great³-grandson of *Thomas Temple,* private, Worcester County, Mass., Militia.

ALBERT WELLINGTON NEWELL, Springfield, Mass. (18915). Son of Nelson Cyrus and Mary (Chandler) Newell; grandson of Cyrus and Celina (Sessions) Newell; great-grandson of *Stephen Newell,* private, Mass. Continental troops, pensioned; great-grandson of *Robert Sessions,* Lieutenant, Conn. troops, pensioned.

JOHN EDWIN OSTRANDER, Amherst, Mass. (18916). Son of John and Catharine (Van Denbergh) Ostrander; grandson of John H. and Maria (Tompson) Ostrander; great-grandson of *Henry Ostrander,* Lieutenant, Capt. John A. Van Wies's Company, Albany County, New York, Militia.

LUCIUS ROBINSON PAIGE, Worcester, Mass. (18441). Son of William and Fanny (Manly) Paige; grandson of Stephen W. and Lucy (Ruggles) Paige; great-grandson of *Timothy* (and Mary Robinson) *Paige, Jr.,* private, Capt. Hazeltine's Company, Mass. Minute Men; great²-grandson of *Timothy Paige,* Captain, Converse's Regt. Mass. Militia; great-grandson of Daniel and Lucy (Paige) Ruggles; great²-grandson of *William Paige,* private, Simeon

Hazeltine's Company, Mass. Minute Men; great²-grandson of *Thomas Robinson,* Sergeant, Timothy Paige's Company, Converse's Mass. Regt.

FRANK WESLEY PALMER, Lynn, Mass. (18480). Son of Charles Wesley and Augusta Ruth (Newhall) Palmer; grandson of Benjamin Francis and Mary Ann (Alley) Newhall; great-grandson of Benjamin and Sarah (Hart) Newhall; great²-grandson of *James* (and Lois Burrill) *Newhall,* private, Rufus Mansfield's Company, Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Joseph* (and Eunice Burrill) *Hart,* Sergeant, Rufus Mansfield's Company, Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Burrill,* father of Lois, Member of First Mass. Provincial Congress; great³-grandson of *Samuel Burrill,* father of Eunice, Member of Lynn Committee of Correspondence; great-grandson of Joseph and Anna (Tarbox) Alley; great²-grandson of *Ephriam Alley,* matross, Crafts's Artillery Regt.; great²-grandson of *William Tarbox,* private, Wade's Regt. Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM LINCOLN PALMER, Cambridge, Mass. (14570). Supplemental. Son of James Monroe and Caroline Frances (Bacon) Palmer; grandson of Ebenezer Farwell and Jane (Faunce) Bacon; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Hannah (Lovejoy) Bacon; great²-grandson of *Abial Lovejoy,* Member of Mass. General Court.

HORACE ROWELL PARKER, Lynn, Mass. (18917). Son of John Lord and 'Amelia Jane (Andrews) Parker; grandson of Ebenezer and Elsie L. (Rowell) Parker; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Sally (Bowers) Parker; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Parker,* private, Captain Minot's Company, Colonel Prescott's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Dustin and Jane (Gordon) Rowell; great²-grandson of *Samuel* (and Sarah Dustin) *Rowell,* private, Colonel Folsom's New Hampshire Regt.; great³-grandson of *Paul Dustin,* private, New Hampshire troops in Stark's command; grandson of Timothy and Lydia Jane (Taylor) Andrews; great-grandson of Mark and Polly (Ross) Andrews; great²-grandson of *Timothy Ross,* private, Colonel Little's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Gordon and Dolly (Robie) Taylor; great²-grandson of *Samuel Robie,* private, Colonel Peabody's New Hampshire Regt.

PEARL HILDRETH PARKER, Dracut, Mass. (18220). Son of Israel Hildreth and Josephine Aurilla (Hodgkins) Parker; grandson of Worthy and Mary (Nudd) Parker; great-grandson of *Jonathan Parker,* private, Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Kendall Parker,* Corporal, Varnum's Mass. Regt.

FRANK EDSON PARLIN, Quincy, Mass. (18440). Son of William Oliver and Emily (Dodge) Parlin; grandson of Oliver and Sybyl S. (Adams) Parlin; great-grandson of Simon and Elizabeth (Robinson) Parlin; great²-grandson of *Oliver Parlin,* private, Nixon's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of *Joseph Adams,* drummer, Gerrish's Mass. Regt.

CHARLES EDMUND PEAKES, Weston, Mass. (18433). Son of John Q. A. and Mary Elizabeth (Parker) Peakes; grandson of John and Mary Oakes (Lawrence) Parker; great-grandson of Jonas and Ruth (Farmer) Parker; great²-grandson of *Nathaniel Farmer,* Minute Man, Captain Parker's Company, wounded at battle of Lexington, April 19, 1775.

PHILIP OWEN PEIRCE, Boston, Mass. (18489). Son of Silas Franklin and Frances Louise (Griffin) Peirce; grandson of Joseph and Johanna (Owen) Griffin; great-grandson of *Philip Owen,* Sergeant Fifteenth Battalion, Mass. Forces, Col. Benjamin Tupper.

FREDERICK NICKELS PENDLETON, Portland, Oregon (Mass. 18442). Son of Phineas and Julia Elizabeth (Blanchard) Pendleton; grandson of Phineas and Wealthy (Carver) Pendleton; great-grandson of Phineas and Nancy, Agnes, (Gilmore) Pendleton; great²-grandson of *Peleg Pendleton,* Lieutenant, Babcock's Company, Rhode Island Artillery; great²-grandson of *James Gilmore,* Captain, Eighth New Hampshire Militia.

SAMUEL LELAND POWERS, Newton, Mass. (18918). Son of Larned and Ruby (Barton) Powers; grandson of Samuel and Chloe (Cooper) Powers; great-grandson of *Lemuel Powers,* Sergeant Third Worcester County Regt., Mass. Militia; grandson of John and Achsah (Lovering) Barton; great-grandson of *Benjamin Barton,* private, Col. Job Cushing's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Bezaleel Barton,* private, Capt. Abel Wilder's Company, Col. Ephraim Doolittle's Regt., died in camp at Charlestown, July 12, 1775.

HENRY EUGENE REYNOLDS, Braintree, Mass. (18486). Son of William Franklin and Mary Etta (Mann) Reynolds; grandson of Luther and Rhoda Charlotte (Jackson) Reynolds; great-grandson of Luke and Alice (Austin) Reynolds; great²-grandson of *Joseph Reynolds,* private, Twelfth Mass. Regt., Col. Gamaliel Bradford; great³-grandson of *Thomas Reynolds,* private, Sixteenth Mass. Regt., Col. Henry Jackson; great-grandson of *Samuel Jackson,* private, Sixth Mass. Regt., Colonel Nixon.

WALTER D. ROWLAND, Pittsfield, Mass. (18207). Supplemental. Son of James and Mary Eliza Rowland; grandson of Samuel and Sarah Maltbie Rowland; great-grandson of *Andrew Rowland,* Member of Committee of Correspondence, Fairfield, Conn.

FRANK RUMRILL, Roxbury, Mass. (18208). Supplemental. Son of William and Nancy (Young) Rumrill; grandson of Thomas and Sally Dudley (Fellows) Rumrill; great-grandson of Aaron and Elizabeth (Clapp) Rumrill; great²-grandson of *Thomas Clapp,* private, Colonel Robinson's Mass. Regt.

RALPH HENRY SHAW, Lowell, Mass. (18481). Son of Benjamin Franklin and Harriet (Nowell-Howard) Shaw; grandson of Moses and Martha Jane (Hoag) Shaw; great-grandson of Asa and Susa (Webster) Shaw; great²-grandson of *Moses Shaw,* Adjutant, Joseph Senter's New Hampshire Regt.

WALTER ALEXANDER SHELDON, Northampton, Mass. (18919). Son of Alexander C. and Mary A. (Hyde) Sheldon; grandson of Amasa and Asenath (Guellon) Sheldon; great-grandson of *Arad Sheldon,* private, Capt. Amasa Sheldon's Company, Col. Elisha Porter's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Amasa Sheldon,* Captain, Col. Elisha Porter's Mass. Regt.

HARVEY TOWLE SHORES, Northampton, Mass. (18449). Son of Joseph Augustus and Clara Malissa Antonette (Towle) Shores; grandson of Harvey M. and Clarrissa (Knapp) Towle; great-grandson of Samuel and Polly (Mead) Knapp; great²-grandson of *John Knap,* Ensign, Dagget's Regt., Mass. Militia.

T. JULIAN SILSBY, Dorchester, Mass. (18443). Son of Thomas Jones and Mary Ann (Burnham) Silsby; grandson of Ozias and Frances Congdon (Jones) Silsby; great-grandson of *Henry Silsby,* private, Abel Walker's Company, New Hampshire Militia, Member of Acworth Committee of Safety; grandson of Samuel Morrill and Mary Williams (Burrill) Burnham; great-grandson of *Sylvanus Burrill,* private, Mass. Militia, pensioned.

FRANK HERBERT SMITH, Hadley, Mass. (18487). Son of George Myron and Mary Abby (Cook) Smith; grandson of Enos E. and Elizabeth W. (Nash) Cook; great-grandson of Elihu and Elizabeth Sparhawk (Hull) Cook; great²-grandson of Elihu and Cynthia (Frink) Cook; great³-grandson of *Noah Cook,* Lieutenant, Fourth Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia; grandson of Caleb and Elizabeth (Williams) Smith; great-grandson of Caleb and Olive (Hubbard) Smith; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Smith,* Sergeant, Porter's Regt. Mass. Militia; great-grandson of —— and Caroline (Montague) Williams; great²-grandson of *John Montague,* private, Eliakim Smith's Company, Mass. Militia; great-grandson of Erastus and Penelope (Gaylord) Nash; great²-grandson of *Enos Nash,* Quartermaster Sergeant, Elijah Dwight's Company, Mass. Militia.

HENRY PICKERING SMITH, Boston, Mass. (18482). Son of Edward A. and Rachel Ropes (Derby) Smith; grandson of Jesse and Priscilla (Treadwell) Smith; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Priscilla (Dodge) Treadwell; great²-grandson of *Isaac Dodge,* Lieutenant-Colonel, Third Essex County Regt., Mass. Militia.

JAMES HENRY SMITH, Methuen, Mass. (18444). Son of Francis Smiley and Susanna Catherine (Jones) Smith; grandson of Jesse and Anna (Belknap) Jones; great-grandson of *James Jones,* Captain, Fourth Essex County Regt., Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, Springfield, Mass. (18920). Son of David and Harriet (Griffin) Smith; grandson of *David Smith,* fifer, Capt. Levi Ely's Company, Col. John Brown's Mass. Regt.

ALVIN FOYE SORTWELL, Cambridge, Mass. (18921). Son of Daniel Robinson and Sophia Augusta (Foye) Sortwell; grandson of John and Persis (Robinson, Merriam) Sortwell; great-grandson of *John Sortwell,* private, Col. Benjamin Bellows's New Hampshire

Regt.; great-grandson of *Jonathan Robinson,* private, Col. Rufus Putnam's Fifth Mass. Regt.

STEPHEN CHESTER STRONG, Wellesley, Mass. (18490). Son of Lewis and Maria Chester Strong; grandson of *Caleb Strong,* Member of Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety of Northampton, Mass., Member of Mass. General Court.

HERBERT CHARLES TAFT, Lowell, Mass. (18222). Son of Bezaleel and Lucy Maria (Bragg) Taft; grandson of Zadoc Lovell and Annie (Ramsdell) Taft; great-grandson of *Aquilla Ramsdell,* private, Reed's Mass. Regt., privateersman; great-grandson of *Nathan Taft,* private, Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Daniel Taft,* Member of Military Committee of Mendon, Mass.

HERBERT OSCAR TAFT, West Somerville, Mass. (18434). Son of Herbert Charles and Ida Idella (Hudson) Taft; grandson of Bezaleel and Lucy Maria (Bragg) Taft; great-grandson of Zadoc Lovell and Annie (Ramsdell) Taft; great²-grandson of *Nathan Taft,* private, Mass. Militia; great²-grandson of *Aquilla Ramsdell,* private, Reed's Mass. Regt., privateersman; great³-grandson of *Daniel Taft,* Member of Military Committee of Mendon, Mass.

GARDINER ELLSWORTH THORPE, Boston, Mass. (18483). Son of Sheldon B. and Isabel Jane (Barnes) Thorpe; grandson of Dennis and Elmina (Bassett) Thorpe; great-grandson of Billa and Polly (Moulthrop) Thorpe; great²-grandson of *Jacob Thorpe,* Sergeant, Benjamin Trumbull's Company, Conn. Volunteers, killed at Beacon Hill, New Haven, July 5, 1779; grandson of Daniel and Jane (Barnes) Barnes; great-grandson of Lyman and Beda (Brockett) Barnes, parents of Jane; great²-grandson of *Isaac Brockett,* private, Benjamin Trumbull's Company, Conn. Volunteers.

EDWARD ALLYN TROWBRIDGE, Boston, Mass. (7268). Corrected paper. Son of John Davis and Sarah Abigail (Castner) Trowbridge; grandson of John and Lucretia Goodwin (Davis) Trowbridge; great-grandson of Samuel and Anna (Davis) Davis; great²-grandson of *Robert Davis,* father of Samuel, Captain, Joseph Vose's First Mass. Regt.

ARTHUR GOULD WADLEIGH, Lynn, Mass. (18497). Son of Horatio Nelson and Matilda (Gould) Wadleigh; grandson of Taylor and Melinda (Hovey) Wadleigh; great-grandson of Ephraim and Alice (Little) Wadleigh; great²-grandson of *Bond* (and Ruth Atwood) *Little,* Corporal, Capt. William Boyes's Company of Volunteers, Colonel Kelley's New Hampshire Regt.; great²-grandson of *Thomas Wadleigh,* Member of Committee of Inspection and Safety for Hampstead, N. H.; great³-grandson of *John Atwood,* private, Col. J. Bartlett's New Hampshire Regt.

CHARLES FORBES WARNER, Northampton, Mass. (18488). Son of John and Amelia (Paine) Warner; grandson of Oliver and Rhoda (Bridgman) Warner; great-grandson of *Erastus Bridgman,* private, Col. Sears's Regt., Hampshire County, Mass., Militia.

JOHN GERRY WARNER, Lynn, Mass. (19002). Son of John Gerry and Eliza (Newhall) Warner; grandson of Francis Stewart and Lydia (Burrill) Newhall; great-grandson of Thompson and Lydia (Quiner) Burrill; great²-grandson of *John Burrill,* Sergeant, Second Lynn Company, Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Ebenezer Burrill,* Member of Lynn Committee of Safety, private, Second Lynn Company, Mass. Militia.

LOUIS HENRY WARNER, Northampton, Mass. (18924). Son of Lewis Henry and Esther Chase (Hayward) Warner; grandson of Almon and Sarah Maria (Codding) Warner; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Sarah (Graves) Warner; great²-grandson of *Jonathan Warner,* Captain, Mass. Militia; grandson of Elijah Edmund and Sophia Willard (Moore) Hayward; great-grandson of Elijah and Mollie (Hayden) Hayward; great²-grandson of *Robert Hayden,* Lieutenant, Colonel McIntosh's Mass. Regt.

ARTHUR MESERVE WIGGIN, Roxbury, Mass. (18213). Supplementals. Son of Charles Edward and Lizzie (Meserve) Wiggin; grandson of Andrew Jackson and Elizabeth Pray (Ricker) Meserve; great-grandson of John and Sarah (Hayes) Meserve; great²-grandson of Stephen and Abigail (Yeaton) Meserve; great³-grandson of *Stephen Meserve,* Lieutenant, Col. David Gilman's New Hampshire Regt.; great-grandson of Stephen and Joanna (Wentworth) Ricker; great²-grandson of *Timothy Wentworth,* Lieutenant, Fourth (Berwick) Company, Second York County Regt., Mass., Militia.

AUGUSTUS HENRY WITHINGTON, Boston, Mass. (16563). Supplementals. Son of James H. and Alfreda (Bosworth) Withington; grandson of Rodolphus H. W. and Abagail (Whipple) Bosworth; great-grandson of Eleazer and Alice (Pierce) Whipple; great²-grandson of *David Pierce,* private, Col. Alexander Scammel's New Hampshire Regt.; grandson of James H. and Sarah (Adams) Withington; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Mary (Preston) Withington; great²-grandson of *Edward Preston,* private, Capt. William Holden's Company, Colonel Robinson's Mass. Regt., Lexington Alarm.

HORACE LEMUEL WORCESTER, Rochester, N. H. (Mass. 18223). Son of Lemuel and Margaret (Pray) Worcester; grandson of Chadbourne and Abigail (Brackett) Pray; great-grandson of James and Anna Brackett; great²-grandson of *John Brackett,* private, Captain Ebenezer Sullivan's Company, James Scammon's Mass. Regt.

MINNESOTA SOCIETY.

CHAUNCEY LUTHER BAXTER, Seattle, Wash. (Minn. 18472). Son of Luther Loren and Emma (Ward) Baxter; grandson of Chauncey L. and Philena (Peet) Baxter; great-grandson of Lemuel and Roxalana (Stebbins) Peet; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Stebbins,* private, Col. Elisha Porter's Mass. Regt.

LUTHER LOREN BAXTER, Fergus Falls, Minn. (18470). Son of Chauncey L. and Philena (Peet) Baxter; grandson of Lemuel and Roxalana (Stebbins) Peet; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Stebbins,* private, Col. Elisha Porter's Mass. Regt.

CLARENCE JAY BROWN, Minneapolis, Minn. (18467). Son of Clarence Archie and Ellen (Andrews) Brown; grandson of Comfort Simmons and Huldah S. (Hopkins) Brown; great-grandson of William and Lurana (Simmons) Brown; great²-grandson of *Jonathan* (and Achsah Arnold) *Brown,* private, Col. Topham's Rhode Island Regt.; great³-grandson of *Caleb Arnold,* Deputy Rhode Island Assembly, Member of Gloucester War Committee.

JOHN HARRISON BROWN, Tyler, Minn. (17775). Son of Frank K. and Virginia (Thornton) Brown; grandson of John H. and Orrisa (Maxfield) Brown; great-grandson of Luther and Sophia (Morse) Brown; great²-grandson of *William Brown,* private, Henry Dearborn's Regt., New Hampshire Line.

FREDERICK J. CLARK, Minneapolis, Minn. (18451). Son of George Milo and Lucretia (Ball) Clark; grandson of John and Mary (Lee) Clark; great-grandson of James and Sarah (Smith) Lee; great²-grandson of *Thomas Lee,* Captain, Lewis Du Bois's Regt., New York Militia.

AMBROSE D. COUNTRYMAN, Appleton, Minn. (18462). Son of Peter F. and Elizabeth (Gleason) Countryman; grandson of Daniel and Mary (Fort) Countryman; great-grandson of *George Countryman,* Lieutenant, Col. Samuel Clyde's Regt., New York State troops.

MARCELLUS L. COUNTRYMAN, St. Paul, Minn. (18468). Son of Peter F. and Elizabeth (Gleason) Countryman; grandson of Daniel and Mary (Fort) Countryman; great-grandson of *George Countryman,* Lieutenant, Captain Deifendorph's Company, Colonel Clyde's Regt., New York State troops.

GEORGE HOWARD CROSBY, Duluth, Minn. (18454). Son of C. W. and Elmira J. (Smith) Crosby; grandson of Josiah and Margery (Whitemarsh) Crosby; great-grandson of *William Crosby,* private, Nichols's Regt., New Hampshire Militia; great²-grandson of *Josiah Crosby,* Captain, Nichols's Regt., New Hampshire Militia.

FRED ABBOTT CUTLER, Minneapolis, Minn. (18452). Son of Jonathan and Loretta Elizabeth (Abbott) Cutler; grandson of Hart Balch and Elizabeth (Moore) Abbott; great-grandson of Lemuel and Deborah (Balch) Abbott; great²-grandson of *Hart Balch,* private, Enoch Hale's New Hampshire Regt.

JOHN HENRY DARLING, Duluth, Minn. (18471). Son of Henry and Matilda (Osborn) Darling; grandson of John and Susan (Heminway) Darling; great-grandson of Thomas and Mary (Dibble) Darling; great²-grandson of *John Dibble,* Lieutenant Second Regt., Colonel Thompson's Alarm Lists, New Haven, Conn.

CHARLES LOWREY DAVIS, Minneapolis, Minn. (18463). Son of Asa and Mary (Hosmer) Davis; grandson of Stephen and Martha

(Tileston) Davis; great-grandson of *Jacob Davis,* First Lieutenant, Capt. Moses Whiting's Company, Mass. Minute Men.

GEORGE B. DOTY, Rochester, Minn. (18453). Son of A. J. and Sarah Doty; grandson of Calvin and Caroline Doty; great-grandson of *George Doty,* private, minute man, Essex County, New Jersey, Militia.

MASKELL EWING, St. Paul, Minn. (18460). Son of James G. and Martha (Harding) Ewing; grandson of William Belford and Harriet (Sceley) Ewing; great-grandson of *Thomas Ewing,* Surgeon and Major, Newcomb's Regt., New Jersey Militia.

ELI SLIFER FRICK, Marshall, Minn. (17774). Son of William and Mary Hayes (Wilson) Frick; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Gotschall) Frick; great-grandson of *Michael Gotschall,* private, Barnard Zimmerman's Company, Lancaster County, Penna., Associators.

FREDERICK WILLIAM GAIL, Stillwater, Minn. (18458). Son of Sherman Brown and Julia Ann (Knowlton) Gail; grandson of William and Ruth Maria (Barney) Knowlton; great-grandson of *Luther Barney,* private, Joseph Spencer's Second Regt., Conn. Line.

RICHARD NELSON GARDNER, Minneapolis, Minn. (18469). Son of Willie B. and Martha (Elmer) Gardner; grandson of Andrew and Sarah (Butler) Elmer; great-grandson of Luther and Eliza (Ames) Elmer; great²-grandson of *Gad Elmer,* private, Col. David Field's Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

ARTHUR CLAIR GOODING, Rochester, Minn. (18457). Son of Alphonso and Harriet (Lacey) Gooding; grandson of Ebenezer and Mary (Marsh) Gooding; great-grandson of William and Lydia (Andrews) Gooding; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Andrews,* Sergeant, Timothy Walker's Mass. Regt.

ALBERT EDWARD HOLLISTER, Mora, Minn. (18455). Son of Hill and Caroline (Harlow) Hollister; grandson of *Ashbel Hollister,* private, Roger Enos's Regt., Conn. Militia.

FRANK B. KELLOGG, St. Paul, Minn. (18465). Son of Asa Farnsworth and Abigail (Billings) Kellogg; grandson of William and Rhoda (Farnsworth) Kellogg; great-grandson of *Elijah Kellogg,* private Penna. troops, pensioned.

JOHN FRYE MERRILL, Red Wing, Minn. (17773). Son of Alcander and Olive B. (Andrews) Merrill; grandson of Joseph and Sally (Smith) Merrill; great-grandson of *John Merrill,* private, Jonathan Mitchell's Mass. Regt.

BENJAMIN W. MULFORD, Minneapolis, Minn. (18459). Son of Benjamin W. and Jane M. (Berton) Mulford; grandson of Benjamin W. and Jane (Baker) Mulford; great-grandson of Jonathan and Catharine (Watkins) Mulford; great²-grandson of *Thomas Mulford,* Captain First Regt.. Essex County, New Jersey, Militia.

EARLE GRAHAM NUNNALLY, St. Paul, Minn. (18461). Son of Eldred and Sallie (Hamner) Nunnally; grandson of Morris and Mary William (Lewis) Hamner; great-grandson of Samuel and Nancy (Lucas) Hamner; great^2-grandson of Samuel and (Morris) Hamner; great^3-grandson of William and Mary (Hendly) Hamner; great^4-grandson of *Nicholas Hamner,* patriot of Albemarle County, Virginia, 1776.

ANSON MARTIN SPERRY, Dodge Center, Wasioja, Minn. (18456). Son of Bela Jarvis and Matilda (Dow) Sperry; grandson of Daniel and Desiah Owen (Case) Sperry; great-grandson of *Moses Sperry,* private, Ira Allen's Regt., Vermont Militia.

ALFRED FRANCIS STORY, St. Paul, Minn. (18464). Son of Reuben and Mary R. (Runk) Story; grandson of Nehemiah and Nancy (Kittredge) Story; great-grandson of *Joseph Story,* private, Col. David Gilman's New Hampshire Regt.; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Martha (Dows) Kittredge; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Dows,* Corporal, Col. Jonathan Reed's Mass. Regt.

MISSOURI SOCIETY.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN GRAY, III, Los Angeles, Cal. (Mo. 15113). Son of Benjamin F. and Elizabeth Crittenden (Cabell) Gray; grandson of E. Carrington and Anna M. (Wilcox) Cabell; great-grandson of William H. and Agnes Sarah Bell (Gamble) Cabell; great^2-grandson of *Nicholas* (and Hannah Carrington) *Cabell,* Colonel Virginia Militia; great^3-grandson of *William Cabell,* Member of Committee of Safety; great^3-grandson of *George Carrington,* Lieutenant Commandant, Member Virginia House of Burgesses; great^2-grandson of *Robert Gamble,* Captain Virginia troops, Aide on Staff of Baron de Kalb; great-grandson of Daniel Pinchbeck and Elizabeth (Moss) Wilcox; great^2-grandson of *George Wilcox,* private Virginia Line; great^2-grandson of James Wynne and Mary (Woodson) Moss; great^3-grandson of *Hugh Moss,* Major Virginia Militia; great^3-grandson of *Josiah* (and Elizabeth Woodson) *Woodson,* Major Virginia Militia; great^4-grandson of *John Woodson,* father of Josiah, Member of Virginia Convention of 1774-'76; great^4-grandson of *Matthew Woodson,* father of Elizabeth, Chaplain Virginia troops.

GRANT B. GRUMBINE, Richmond, Mo. (15114). Son of Henry Bucks and Sarah A. (Gessner) Grumbine; grandson of Benjamin and Sarah (Bucks) Grumbine; great-grandson of John and Sophia Krumbine; great^2-grandson of *Leonard Krumbine,* private, David Krause's Company, Lancaster County, Penna., Militia; great-grandson of Jacob and Mary Magdalena (Albright) Bucks; great^2-grandson of *George Albright,* private Fourth Battalion, Lancaster County, Penna., Militia.

WILLIAM MARSHAL JENKINS, Webster Groves, Mo. (15116). Son of Walworth and Henrietta (Averill) Jenkins; grandson of

Edgar M. and Mary E. (Walworth) Jenkins; great-grandson of Reuben Hyde and Maria Ketchum (Averill) Walworth; great^2-grandson of *Benjamin Walworth,* Quartermaster, Colonel Nichols's New York Regt.; great^2-grandson of Nathaniel and Mary (Ketchum) Averill, Jr.; great^3-grandson of *Nathaniel Averill,* private, Captain Couch's Company, Col. Andrew Ward's Conn. Regt.; grandson of Calvin Ketchum and Emily A. (Coit) Averill; great-grandson of *Daniel Coit,* private under Capt. William Fellows and Brigadier General John Fellows.

HERBERT DE QUINCY TAYLOR, Barthold, Mo. (15115). Son of John Martin and Margaret Haven (Sheafe) Taylor; grandson of Jacob and Mary (Haven) Sheafe, Jr.; great-grandson of *Jacob Sheafe,* Member of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Committee of Freeholders.

WILLIAM CAREY TEASDALE, Jr., St. Louis, Mo. (15117). Son of William Carey and Harriet Virginia (Barnhurst) Teasdale; grandson of John and Susan B. (Losey) Teasdale; great-grandson of Cornelius and Abigail (Tuttle) Losey, Jr.; great^2-grandson of *Cornelius Losey,* private New Jersey State troops and Continental Army.

MONTANA SOCIETY.

GEORGE VEAZEY STRONG, U. S. A., Fort Meade, So. Dak. (Mont. 18153). Son of John Winder and Elizabeth (Veazey) Strong; grandson of George Parish and Henrietta (Parsons) Strong; great-grandson of Elisha Beebe and Dolly (Hooker) Strong; great^2-grandson of *Elisha Strong,* Quartermaster Conn. Continental troops.

NEBRASKA SOCIETY.

CHARLES H. BROWN, Angora, Neb. (16495). Son of H. A. and Ellen L. (Hubbard) Brown; grandson of Hosea and Chloe (Bemis) Brown; great-grandson of *Oliver Brown,* private, Captain Eldridge's Company, Conn. Militia, pensioned.

FREEMAN CLARKE BULLOCK, Omaha, Neb. (16496). Son of Volkert Veeder and Jane Eliza (Brown) Bullock; grandson of Joseph and Elizabeth (Veeder) Bullock; great-grandson of *Volkert Veeder,* Lieutenant-Colonel, Tryon County, New York Militia.

ALBERT JOHN ENGLISH, Omaha, Neb. (16494). Son of Edmond Franklin and Emily Colby (Hedgethorn) English; grandson of Nathaniel Spencer and Hannah B. (Stanton) English; great-grandson of Isaac and Catherine (Ross) English; great^2-grandson of Benjamin and Abigail (Doolittle) English; great^3-grandson of *Benjamin English,* mariner, killed in New Haven Invasion, July 5, 1779; great^3-grandson of *Isaac Doolittle,* Member of New Haven Committee of Correspondence.

EDMUND RANDOLPH GURNEY, Fremont, Neb. (16492). Son of Mark Reed and Emma (Goodrich) Gurney; grandson of Alonzo

Asa and Orpha (Reed) Gurney; great-grandson of *Asa Gurney,* private, Colonel Fellows's Eighth Mass. Regt.

CHARLES W. POLLARD, Omaha, Neb. (16497). Son of Cyrus Wallace and Judith (Folger) Pollard; grandson of Asa Davis and Hannah (Wallace) Pollard; great-grandson of Asa and Susanna (Winn) Pollard; great²-grandson of *Samuel Pollard,* Sergeant, Col. Moses Nichols's Regt., New Hampshire Volunteers.

JAMES RICHARDSON, Omaha, Neb. (16493). Son of James and Florence (Wyman) Richardson; grandson of Edward and Elizabeth Frances (Hadley) Wyman; great-grandson of Nehemiah and Susan Frances (Cutter) Wyman; great²-grandson of *Nehemiah* (and Susanna Stearns) *Wyman,* private Second Middlesex Regt., Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Edward Stearns,* private, Bedford Company of Mass. Militia, Lexington Alarm; great²-grandson of Samuel and Rebecca (Hill) Cutter; great³-grandson of *Samuel Cutter,* Lieutenant, Col. Thomas Gardiner's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Moses and Susan (Hazeltine) Hadley, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Moses Hadley,* private, Col. Thomas Gardiner's Mass. Regt.

JAMES OLIVER SNOWDEN, Omaha, Neb. (16498). Son of Francis Laird Eliza (Oliver) Snowden; grandson of John M. and Elizabeth (Moor) Snowden; great-grandson of *William Snowden,* Captain in Navy, died in Sugar House Prison, New York; great-grandson of *John Moor,* Member of Penna. State Convention of 1776, Member of Council of Safety.

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOCIETY.

CHARLES ELEAZER DAVIS, Tilton, N. H. (16541). Supplemental. Son of Silas Wright and Dora (Keniston) Davis; grandson of Eleazer and Mary (Gilman) Davis; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Mary (Stevens) Davis; great²-grandson of *Eleazer Davis,* Selectman and patriot of Tilton, N. H.; great-grandson of Jeremiah and Caroline (Thompson) Gilman; great²-grandson of *Ezekiel* (and Elizabeth Tilton) *Gilman,* Sergeant New Hampshire Militia; great³-grandson of *John Tilton,* Second Lieutenant, Enoch Poor's New Hampshire Regt.; grandson of John and Mary (Baker) Keniston; great-grandson of *William* (and Sarah Morrison) *Keniston, Jr.,* private Canterbury, N. H., Train Band; great²-grandson of *William Keniston, Sr.,* private Canterbury, N. H., Train Band; great²-grandson of *Ebenezer Morrison,* Selectman of Sanbornton, N. H., signer of Association; great-grandson of Benjamin and Hannah (Wyatt) Baker; great²-grandson of *Daniel Wyatt,* private, David Hobart's New Hampshire Regt.

GEORGE PRESCOTT GUTTERSON, Nashua, N. H. (17564). Son of Lauraman and Phebe Jane (Colby) Gutterson; grandson of Lorenzo D. and Sabrina (Prescott) Colby; great-grandson of Jonathan B. and Phebe (Morrison) Prescott; great²-grandson of

Samuel and Mehitable (Bean) Prescott; great^3-grandson of *William Prescott,* Captain of Infantry, Moulton's New Hampshire Regt.

HENRY WALTER HOVEY, U. S. Army, Northfield, Vt. (N. H. 17566). Son of John Gorham and Mary Ann (Ripley) Hovey; grandson of Henry and Mary C. (Dorlof) Hovey; great-grandson of *Ivory Hovey,* Surgeon Third New Hampshire Continental Regt.

WILL BERNARD HOWE, Concord, N. H. (10108). Supplemental. Son of William Holman and Mary (Carleton) Howe; grandson of Daniel and Sally (Holman) Howe; great-grandson of Daniel and Elizabeth (Patch) Howe; great^2-grandson of *Joseph How,* Sergeant Sixth Company, Col. John Brooks's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM BRADLEY PIERSON, Manchester, N. H. (17567). Son of William Edwin and Addie (Keeler) Pierson; grandson of William F. and Olive Tucker (Buzzell) Pierson; great-grandson of William and Lucy (Hardy) Pearson; great^2-grandson of *William Pearson,* private, Captain Harnden's Company, Colonel Bridge's Mass. Regt.

EDMUND KIRBY WEBSTER, U. S. Army, Concord, N. H. (17565). Son of Lucien Bonaparte and Frances Marvin (Smith) Webster; grandson of Joseph Lee and Frances Marvin (Kirby) Smith; great-grandson of *Ephraim Kirby,* Lieutenant First Rhode Island Regt.

JERRY PACKER WELLMAN, Keene, N. H. (17568). Son of George and Zylphia Hibbard (Packer) Wellman; grandson of Jeremy and Lydia (Jewett) Packer; great-grandson of *Daniel Jewett, Juet,* Lieutenant First Cumberland County Regt., New York Militia.

NEW JERSEY SOCIETY.

ELMER HEMPSTEAD AMES, Jersey City, N. J. (18041). Son of William H. and Virginia L. (Elmer) Ames; grandson of Henry Olcott and Caroline Lanphear (Hempstead) Ames; great-grandson of Elijah and Mary (Moore) Ames; great^2-grandson of *Frederick Moore,* private Conn. Militia at Groton Heights; great-grandson of Daniel Booth and Grace (Lanphear) Hempstead; great^2-grandson of *Samuel Booth Hempstead,* private Conn. Militia; grandson of Luther Stewart and Lavinia Granden (Smith) Elmer; great-grandson of Horace and Susan (Stewart) Elmer; great^2-grandson of *William* (and Mary Allison) *Elmer,* private Fourth Regt., Orange County, New York, Militia; great^3-grandson of *William* (and Mary Jackson) *Allison,* Colonel and Brigadier General New York Militia; great^4-grandson of *Michael Jackson,* private Third Orange County, New York, Militia; great-grandson of Cadwalader Colden and Anna (Weis) Smith; great^2-grandson of *Isaac Smith,* Captain, Essex County, New Jersey, Militia; great^2-grandson of *Jacob Weis,* Deputy Quartermaster General New Jersey Militia.

AENAS SAMPSON BAILEY, Lakewood, N. J. (18676). Son of Densmore and Sarah Bailey; grandson of Sampson Bailey; great-grandson of *Shubel Bailey,* private, Col. John Brooks's Seventh Mass. Regt.

IRVING CHESTER BROWN, Newark, N. J. (18042). Son of Albert H. and Julia A. (Crane) Brown, Jr.; grandson of Albert H. and Rebecca (Floor) Brown; great-grandson of Samuel B. and Hannah H. (Ward) Brown; great²-grandson of *Daniel Brown,* Second Lieutenant, Joseph Morris's Company, New Jersey Line.

WILLIAM EUGENE BUNN, Lakewood, N. J. (18049). Son of Manning Forest and Pauline O. (Allen) Bunn; grandson of Jonathan Bunn; great-grandson of *Jonathan Bunn,* private First Hunterdon County Regt., New Jersey Militia.

EDWARD AGER CONDIT, Jr., Newark, N. J. (18048). Son of Edward Ager and Addie Condit; grandson of Edward F. and Catherine Sherman Condit; great-grandson of Linus and Sarah Faitoute Condit; great²-grandson of *David Condit,* First Major Second Essex County Regt., New Jersey Militia.

JOHN HOBART EGBERT, Springfield, N. J. (18679). Son of Abraham and Emeline (Sutton) Egbert; grandson of *Abraham Egbert,* private, Third Middlesex County Regt., New Jersey Militia and First Battalion Continental Line.

FRANKLIN WILLIAM FORT, East Orange, N. J. (18046). Son of John Franklin and Lottie (Stainsly) Fort; grandson of Andrew Heisler and Hannah Ann (Brown) Fort; great-grandson of Andrew and Nancy (Platt) Fort; great²-grandson of *John Fort,* private Burlington County, New Jersey, State Troops and Militia.

LESLIE RUNYON FORT, Lakewood, N. J. (18040). Son of John Franklin and Charlotte (Stainsly) Fort; grandson of Andrew Heisler and Hannah Ann (Brown) Fort; great-grandson of Andrew and Nancy (Platt) Fort; great²-grandson of *John Fort,* private Burlington County, New Jersey, State Troops and Militia.

GEORGE WILBUR HULSART, Glen Ridge, N. J. (18680). Son of Rulief Schenck and Amy (Ely) Hulsart; grandson of Peter M. and Jane Maria (Smyth) Hulsart; great-grandson of *Matthias Hulsart,* private, Lieutenant Tice's Company, First New Jersey Regt.

EDWIN S. KEEFER, Elizabeth, N. J. (18678). Son of Andrew and Rebecca H. (Schafhirt) Keefer; grandson of *Frederick Keefer,* Sergeant York County, Penna., Militia, pensioned.

BOWMAN HENDRY McCALLA, Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy, Santa Barbara, Cal. (N. J. 18677). Son of Auley and Mary Duffield (Hendry) McCalla; grandson of Bowman and Elizabeth (Duffield) Hendry; great-grandson of *Thomas Hendry,* Surgeon Second Regt., Gloucester County, New Jersey Militia, Colonel Ellis.

FRANK C. OGDEN, Elizabeth, N. J. (18044). Son of James Crawford and Lydia (Drake) Ogden; grandson of John and Joanna H. (Ross) Ogden; great-grandson of Moses and Rhoda (Halsey) Ogden; great²-grandson of *John Halsey,* private Morris County, New Jersey, Militia.

ARTHUR TRUMBULL SEYMOUR, Orange, N. J. (18050). Son of Joseph Lucius and Lydia (Sackett) Seymour; grandson of Alva and Sophronia (Cowles) Seymour; great-grandson of Bildad and Jemima (Hurd) Seymour; great²-grandson of *Joseph Seymour,* Sergeant Fourth Conn. Line.

ELEAZER LUSE SKELLENGER, East Orange, N. J. (18047). Son of Elisha and Zillah (Guerin) Skellenger; grandson of *Elisha S.* (and Mary Luse) *Skellenger,* private New Jersey Militia; great-grandson of *Benjamin Luse,* private Morris County, New Jersey, Militia; grandson of Uriah and Theodosia (Goble) Guerin; great-grandson of *Joseph Guerin,* waggoner Morris County, New Jersey, Militia.

THOMAS CAMPBELL SMITH, Lakewood, N. J. (18043). Son of Michael and Mary Jane Smith; grandson of Abner and Angelina Tillman Smith; great-grandson of *Michael Smith,* private, Jesse Woodhull's Regt., Orange County, New York, Militia.

JOHN RANDEL WEEKS, South Orange, N. J. (18039). Son of John Randel and Mary Frances (Adriance) Weeks; grandson of William Raymond and Hannah (Randel) Weeks; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Weeks,* private, Samuel H. Parsons's Conn. Regt.; great-grandson of *John Randel,* patriot, prisoner at Halifax, Nova Scotia; grandson of Charles Platt and Sarah (Camp) Adriance; great-grandson of *Theodorus Adriance,* Sergeant New York State Troops; great-grandson of *Aaron Camp,* private New Jersey Militia; great²-grandson of *Nathaniel Camp,* Captain of Artillery Second New Jersey Regt.

PHILEMON WOODRUFF, East Orange, N. J. (18045). Son of George Drake and Mary (Green) Woodruff; grandson of Ebenezer B. and Clarissa (Drake) Woodruff; great-grandson of *Jacob* (and Esther Dickerson) *Drake,* Colonel Western Battalion New Jersey troops; great²-grandson of *Peter Dickerson,* Captain Third Battalion, Second Establishment, New Jersey troops.

(NEW YORK) EMPIRE STATE SOCIETY.

CHARLES JENIFER ADAMS, East Orange, N. J. (N. Y. 18404). Son of Howard Jenifer and Elizabeth O. (Flint) Adams; grandson of Thomas Jenifer and Isabella Kilgore (Bogie) Adams; great-grandson of *Daniel Jenifer Adams,* Major Seventh Maryland Continental Regt.

GEORGE WASHINGTON ALDRIDGE, Rochester, N. Y. (18541). Son of George Washington and Virginia (De Orsey) Aldridge; grandson of Martin and Mary (Conkey) Aldridge; great-grandson of *Jonas Conkey,* Sergeant Hampshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

CHARLES K. BARNUM, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18416). Son of Noah K. and Mary (Starr) Barnum; grandson of Darius and Maria (Knapp) Barnum; great-grandson of *Seth Barnum,* private Fifth Conn. Militia.

EUGENE M. BARTLETT, Buffalo, N. Y. (18670). Son of Myron E. and Cordelia (McFarland) Bartlett; grandson of William Kelly and Elmina (McLaughlin) Bartlett; great-grandson of Stephen and Abigail (Bailey) Bartlett; great²-grandson of *Asa Bailey,* private, Captain Young's Company, Colonel Bedel's New Hampshire Regt.

GEORGE B. BASCOM, Ticonderoga, N. Y. (18420). Son of Samuel Hopkins and Elizabeth (Clark) Bascom; grandson of Artemeidorus and Chloe (Hulburd) Bascom; great-grandson of *Elias Bascom,* private Mass. Militia and Conn. Line; great-grandson of *Ebenezer* (and Mary Sheldon) *Hulburd,* private, Underhill's Company, Ira Allen's Regt., pensioned; great²-grandson of *Daniel Sheldon,* private Conn. troops; grandson of Moses Avery and Rebecca (Wyman) Clark; great-grandson of *Lemuel Clark,* private, Tilden's Company of Conn. Militia.

HENRY DOLSON BETTS, Newburgh, N. Y. (18529). Son of William Miner and Anna (Dolson) Betts; grandson of George W. and Julia A. (Miner) Betts; great-grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Smith) Betts; great²-grandson of *Thomas Betts,* private Fifth Conn. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Thomas Betts,* Member of Norwalk Committee of Safety; grandson of Henry M. and Anna B. (Thayer) Dolson; great-grandson of William and Elizabeth (Carpenter) Thayer; great²-grandson of Leonard and Bridget (Belknap) Carpenter; great³-grandson of *Benjamin Carpenter,* Signer of Association Pledge at Goshen, N. Y.; great²-grandson of Elijah and Anna (Cady) Thayer; great³-grandson of *David Thayer,* private, Moses Hazen's Regt.; great³-grandson of *Isaac Belknap,* Member of Committee of Safety, Captain Fourth Brigade, New York troops; great-grandson of Theophilus and Diana (Austin) Dolson; great²-grandson of James and Ellen (Carpenter) Dolson; great³-grandson of James and Phœbe (Meeker) Dolson; great⁴-grandson of *Isaac Dolson,* drummer, Hathorn's New York Regt.

WALTER DENHOLM BLAKE, New York, N. Y. (18405). Son of George A. and Phebe J. (Hammond) Blake; grandson of Isaac Buckhout and Susan Pinckney (Landrine) Hammond; great-grandson of James and Rachel (Buckhout) Hammond; great²-grandson of *Staats Hammond,* Sergeant, James Hammond's Regt., Westchester County, New York, Militia.

WILLIAM W. BOSTWICK, New York, N. Y. (18417). Son of Silas Brintnell and Mary Gordon (Spencer) Bostwick; grandson of Barnabas Clapp and Mary E. (Brintnell) Bostwick; great-grandson of Robert Sturgeon and Sarah (Clapp) Bostwick; great²-grandson of *Robert Sturgeon Bostwick,* private Second Westchester County Regt., New York, Militia.

GEORGE RICHARD BREWSTER, Newburgh, N. Y. (18093). Son of Eugene A. and Anna W. (Brown) Brewster; grandson of Timothy and Juliet (Wright) Brewster; great-grandson of Timothy

and Phebe (Wood) Brewster; great²-grandson of *Samuel Brewster,* Chairman of New Windsor Committee of Safety, Member of Provincial Convention of New York, 1775-6.

LLOYD ELWOOD BROWN, Buffalo, N. Y. (18724). Son of David E. and Clara A. (Lloyd) Brown; grandson of Sylvester W. and Mary C. (Dunn) Lloyd; great-grandson of *Jonathan Dunn,* Captain First Battalion New Jersey Militia.

HAL BAILEY BROWNELL, Buffalo, N. Y. (18661). Son of Peris R. and Anna C. (Burdick) Brownell; grandson of Nathan and Polly (Brown) Brownell; great-grandson of George and Lucy (Richmond) Brownell, Jr.; great²-grandson of *George Brownell,* Sergeant, Capt. Thomas Kempton's Company, Mass. Minute Men.

WILLIS RIPLEY BUCK, Buffalo, N. Y. (18660). Son of Elias Magoon and Lydia Louisa (Ripley) Buck; grandson of Tyranius and Rebekah (Howe) Ripley; great-grandson of *Priam Ripley,* powder boy frigate "Oliver Cromwell," private Conn. Light Infantry under Col. Heman Swift.

HARRISON SANFORD CHAPMAN, Elmira, N. Y. (18407). Son of Leander F. and Hannah K. Chapman; grandson of Peter G. and Sarah (Wilbur) Chapman; great-grandson of *Enoch Chapman,* private Third Dutchess County Militia and Minute Men.

HARRY IVES CHATFIELD, Pasadena, Cal. (N. Y., 18401). Son of John R. and Abbie Eunice (Smith) Chatfield; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Ives) Chatfield; great-grandson of *Isaac Chatfield,* private, Pendleton's Company, Conn. Artificers.

JESSE LINCOLN CHURCHILL, Horseheads, N. Y. (18658). Son of Charles and Esther Jane (Rogers) Churchill; grandson of William and Bathsheba (Williams) Churchill; great-grandson of *Joseph Churchill,* private, Captain Wilmarth's Company, Mass. Militia.

JESSE HOWARD CLUTE, New York, N. Y. (18675). Son of John De Graff and Mary (Visscher) Clute; grandson of Peter M. and Mira (De Graff) Clute; great-grandson of Nicholas and Helen (Schermerhorn) Clute; great²-grandson of *Peter Clute,* private Second Albany County Regt., New York, Militia; grandson of Jesse and Annatz (De Graff) Visscher; great-grandson of *Frederick Visscher,* Brigadier General New York Militia.

JAMES HAVILAND CONKLIN, Huntington, N. Y. (18421). Son of Isaac W. and Abigal (Berry) Conklin; grandson of Jesse and Phœbe (Wood) Conklin; great-grandson of *Timothy Conklin,* Lieutenant, Josiah Smith's Suffolk County Regt., New York, Minute Men.

HUNTER CORBETT, Chefoo, China (N. Y. 18666). Son of Ross Mitchel and Fannie Culbertson (Orr) Corbett; grandson of Samuel Culbertson and Margaret (Sloan) Orr; great-grandson of *Robert Orr,* Captain Volunteer Riflemen of Westmoreland County, Pa ; grandson of John C. and Mary (Mitchell) Corbett; great-grandson

of *John Mitchell,* private, Col. James Dunlop's Battalion, Cumberland County, Penna. Militia.

HOWARD TRACY CORNWELL, New York, N. Y. (18412). Son of Francis E. and Catherine Livingston (Howe) Cornwell; grandson of Estes and Anna Jordan (Willard) Howe; great-grandson of *Elias Willard,* Surgeon, Frost's Mass. Continental Regt.

HANSON CLEVELAND COXE, Paris, France (N. Y., 18413). Son of Arthur Cleveland and Katharine Cleveland (Hyde) Coxe; grandson of Samuel Hanson and Abiah Hyde (Cleveland) Coxe; great-grandson of *Aaron Cleveland,* Member of Connecticut General Assembly 1776 to 1781.

BARTON CRUIKSHANK, Syracuse, N. Y. (18672). Son of James and Chloe Roseltha (Hough) Cruikshank; grandson of Homer Johnson and Eleanor Richardson (Green) Hough; great-grandson of Lemuel and Huldah (Johnson) Hough; great²-grandson of *Elijah Hough,* private, Colonel Brewer's Mass. Regt., pensioned; great-grandson of Allen Beach and Hannah (Brown) Green; great²-grandson of *Peleg Green,* private, Col. Benjamin Simmonds's Mass. Regt.

EDGAR NEWELL CURTICE, Rochester, N. Y. (18538). Son of Mark and Elmina (Goodnow) Curtice; grandson of *Ebenezer Curtice,* private, Lemuel Johnson's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of *Jacob Curtice,* Corporal Third New Hampshire Regt.

ROBERT BINGHAM DANA, New York, N. Y. (18094). Son of Robert Knight and Lucretia Saltonstall (Bonnett) Dana; grandson of Peter Riker and Maria (Saltonstall) Bonnett; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Lucretia (Lanpheer) Salstonstall; great²-grandson of *Nathaniel Saltonstall,* Captain of Conn. Ship "Putnam."

BYRON CLARY DARLING, Washingtonville, N. Y. (18702). Son of Abel T. and Frances (Clary) Darling; grandson of Henry and Sarah E. (Davis) Clary; great-grandson of Solomon and Eliza (Hendrickson) Davis; great²-grandson of Daniel and Sarah (Herbert) Hendrickson; great³-grandson of *Okey Hendrickson,* private and Surgeon New Jersey troops.

JOHN COLERIDGE DARROW, Peekskill, N. Y. (18719). Son of John Collett and Adeline (Merle-d'Aubigne) Darrow; grandson of Jonathan and Sarah (Roake) Darrow; great-grandson of *Daniel Darrow,* private, Capt. Matthew Mead's Company, Ninth Conn. Militia.

FRANK EVERETT DAVIDSON, New York, N. Y. (18548). Son of John and Mary Matilda (Hutchinson) Davidson; grandson of William and Mary (Onderdonk) Hutchinson; great-grandson of Adrian and Sarah (Lyons) Onderdonk; great²-grandson of *Adrian Onderdonk,* private Second Orange County Regt., New York, Militia.

JOHN RUSSELL DAVIDSON, New York, N. Y. (18652). Son of John and Mary Matilda (Hutchinson) Davidson; grandson of William and Mary (Onderdonk) Hutchinson; great-grandson of Adrian

and Sarah (Lyons) Onderdonk; great²-grandson of *Adrian Onderdonk,* private Second Orange County Regt., New York, Militia.

WILLIAM SAMUEL DENISON, New York, N. Y. (18406). Son of Ellery and Ellen K. (Gibb) Denison; grandson of Samuel and Nancy (Burlingame) Denison; great-grandson of *Daniel Denison, Jr.,* Sergeant Fourth Regt., New York Militia, Colonel Killian Van Rensselaer.

CHARLES THOMAS DIMOND, South Norwalk, Conn. (N.Y. 18720). Son of George Henry and Louise C. (Wilson) Dimond; grandson of Samuel Stillman and Harriet N. (Morrell) Dimond; great-grandson of *Jacob R. Dimond, Rodimon,* private, Capt. John White's Company, Col. Abijah Stearns's Mass. Regt.

WILLIAM E. H. DUSENBURY, New York, N. Y. (18725). Son of William W. and Teresa (Honeywell) Dusenbury; grandson of William Eagles and Eliza Ann (Warner) Dusenbury; great-grandson of William and Maria (Smith) Warner; great²-grandson of William and Phebe (Post) Warner; great³-grandson of *John Warner,* Captain First Westchester County Regt., New York, Militia; great³-grandson of *Jacob Post,* Lieutenant First Westchester County Regt., New York, Militia.

HENRY RUTGERS FORD, Buffalo, N. Y. (18662). Son of Charles Lindsley and Sarah Townsend (Miller) Ford; grandson of Charles Halsey Lindsley and Eliza (Cruger) Ford; great-grandson of James and Mary (Lindsley) Ford; great²-grandson of Eleazer and Eunice (Halsey) Lindsley; great³-grandson of *Eleazer Lindsley,* Lieutenant Colonel Eastern Battalion Morris County, New Jersey, Militia, Member of New Jersey Assembly; grandson of Henry Rutgers and Sarah Startin (Townsend) Miller; great-grandson of David A. and Maria Cornelia (Gale) Miller; great²-grandson of Henry and Cornelia (Rutgers) Gale; great³-grandson of *Anthony A. Rutgers,* Captain Second Company, New York Artillery.

FRANCIS EATON FROTHINGHAM, New York, N. Y. (18533). Son of Nathaniel Francis and Margaret Tilden (Smith) Frothingham; grandson of Isaac Call and Joanna (Sampson) Frothingham; great-grandson of *Richard Frothingham,* Field Commissary Knox's Artillery Regt.

ALFRED MORRIS GA NUN, New York, N. Y. (18721). Son of Jackson P. and Sarah (Vermilyea) Ga Nun; grandson of Thomas and Jane Ganong or Ga Nun; great-grandson of *Jacob Gannung,* private Eastern Battalion Morris County, New Jersey, State troops; great²-grandson of *John Genungs* or *Gannung,* private First New Jersey Continental Regt., and Morris County State troops.

MURRAY OGDEN GILES, New York, N. Y. (18665). Son of William Ogden and Catherine C. (Darlington) Giles; grandson of George Washington and Elizabeth (Ogden) Giles; great-grandson of *Aquila Giles,* Major, Aide-de-camp to Major General St. Clair.

HENRY HUBERT GIROUX, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18422). Son of Thomas Camille and Helen Augusta (Brown) Giroux; grandson of William and Ellen (McKee) Brown; great-grandson of Amos and Esther (Cutler) Brown, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Amos Brown,* Second Lieutenant, Isaac Gleason's Militia Company of Waltham, Mass.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS HALE, New York, N. Y. (18976). Son of William Lodge and Mary Graham (Halsted) Hale; grandson of Samuel Powell and Charlotte Matilda (Halstead) Halsted; great-grandson of Smith and Jemima (Putney) Halstead; great²-grandson of *Samuel Halstead,* private, Captain Westfall's Company, Colonel Pawling's Regt., New York Levies.

EUGENE W. HARRINGTON, Buffalo, N. Y. (18544). Son of Andrew B. and Adell (Perkins) Harrington; grandson of Daniel and Serepta (Hill) Harrington; great-grandson of Ezekiel and Lydia (Cotton) Harrington; great²-grandson of *Thomas Harrington,* private, Captain Parker's Company, Mass. Minute Men at Battle of Lexington; great³-grandson of *Henry Harrington,* Signer of Declaration of Colony of Mass. Bay, 1776.

EDWARD FINCH HILL, Peekskill, N. Y. (18674). Son of Uriah and Alethea (Finch) Hill; grandson of Uriah and Anna (Dean) Hill; great-grandson of *Noah Hill,* private Seventh Dutchess County Regt., New York Militia.

FREDERICK BARNARD HINCHMAN, New York, N. Y. (18419). Son of John Joseph and Julia Baker (Pratt) Hinchman; grandson of John Redding and Mary Morris (De Camp) Hinchman; great-grandson of Joseph and Jane Ford (Tuttle) De Camp; great²-grandson of Moses and Jane (Ford) Tuttle; great³-grandson of *Jacob Ford,* Colonel New Jersey State troops.

FROST HORTON, Peekskill, N. Y. (18547). Son of Wright and Phœbe E. (Weeks) Horton; grandson of William J. and Leah B. (Carpenter) Horton; great-grandson of Frost and Phœbe (Tompkins) Horton; great²-grandson of Wright and Ann (Qureau) Horton; great³-grandson of *Stephen Horton,* private Third Westchester County Regt., New York, Militia.

HARRY HUDLER, Mount Vernon, N. Y. (18549). Son of John H. and Mary Catherine (Du Bois) Hudler; grandson of John S. Lyland and Margaret (Van Gaasbeek) Du Bois; great-grandson of John C. and Maria (Luyland) Du Bois; great²-grandson of *Cornelius J. Du Bois,* Quartermaster New York Horse; grandson of Peter and Elizabeth (Van Vleet) Hudler; great-grandson of John and Maria (Post) Hudler; great²-grandson of *Hendricus Post,* private, Pawling's New York Regt.; great-grandson of Christopher and Catherine (Osterhout) Van Gaasbeek; great²-grandson of *Jacobus Van Gaasbeek,* First Lieutenant Ulster County Militia; great²-grandson of Tunis and Maria (Low) Osterhout; great³-grandson of *Peter Osterhout,* private Fifth Ulster County Regt., New York Militia.

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES, New York, N. Y. (18977). Son of David Charles and Mary Catherine (Connelly) Hughes; grandson of William and Margaret Ann (Teerpening) Connelly; great-grandson of William and Lydia (Merihew) Connelly; great^2-grandson of *Michael Connelly,* Paymaster Second New York Continental Line; great-grandson of Tjerck V. and Maria (Krous) Teerpening; great^2-grandson of *Hendricus Teerpening,* Lieutenant, Col. Albert Pawling's Regt., New York Levies; great^2-grandson of *Leonard Krous,* private First Ulster County Regt., New York Militia, Col. Johannes Snyder.

HARRY WAGER HULL, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18532). Son of Edward Hicks and Elizabeth Ann (Kipp) Hull; grandson of Abraham and Sarah (Smith) Kipp; great-grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Cypher) Kipp; great^2-grandson of *Abraham Kipp,* private Fifth New York Line.

WALTER LAWRENCE HULL, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18408). Son of Edward Fred and Hattie L. (Cocks) Hull; grandson of Edward Hicks and Elizabeth Ann (Kipp) Hull; great-grandson of Abraham and Sarah (Smith) Kipp; great^2-grandson of Samuel and Elizabeth (Cypher) Kipp; great^3-grandson of *Abraham Kipp;* private Fifth New York Line.

BIRDSEY D. JACKSON, Buffalo, N. Y. (18423). Son of David G. and Helen M. (Wade) Jackson; grandson of Schuyler and Frances Maria (Kellogg) Wade; great-grandson of Stephen and Louisa (Hills) Wade; great^2-grandson of Hewett Hills; great^3-grandson of *Medad Hills,* Lieutenant Colonel Seventeenth Conn. Militia; great^3-grandson of *Amasa Wade,* private Conn. Militia.

ALBERT CHESTER JOHNSON, New York, N. Y. (18095). Son of Frank and Maria Elsa (Cushman) Johnson; grandson of Myron and Susan (Ward) Cushman; great-grandson of John and Anna (Fuller) Cushman; great^2-grandson of *Charles Cushman,* private, Herrick's and Walbridge's Vermont Regts.

LYMAN DENISON JONES, New York, N. Y. (18415). Son of Jay Jarvis and Mary Elizabeth (Tyler) Jones; grandson of Edmund and Charlotte (Kingsbury) Jones; great-grandson of Noah and Susannah (Lovel) Kingsbury; great^2-grandson of *Joseph Lovel,* private, Lemuel Robinson's Mass. Regt.

LUTHER SAGE KELLY, San Carlos, Ariz. (N. Y. 18545). Son of Luther and Jennette E. (Sage) Kelly; grandson of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Cheney) Kelly; great-grandson of *Daniel Cheney,* Lieutenant Seventh Essex County Regt., Mass., Militia.

KARL S. KENNARD, New York, N. Y. (18550). Son of Oscar and Marion Wallace (Sellers) Kennard; grandson of Henry Mortimer and Alethea (Nourse) Sellers; great-grandson of Thomas Woods and Sarah R. (Ashford) Sellers; great^2-grandson of John and Mary (Woods) Sellers; great^3-grandson of *Matthias Sellers,* Captain First Cumberland County Regt., Penna. Militia.

WILLIAM KENNELLY, Jr., New York, N. Y. (18722). Son of William and Anna Augusta (Gardiner) Kennelly; grandson of Thomas Elzare and Adele B. (Walbach) Gardiner; great-grandson of James and Permelia (Dyer) Gardiner; great²-grandson of Henry and (Boarman) Gardiner; great³-grandson of *Richard Gardiner,* Sergeant, Col. Thomas Ewing's Battalion of Flying Camp, St. Marys County, Md.

JOHN JOSEPH KUHN, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18097). Son of John R. and Henrietta M. (Rabitte) Kuhn; grandson of Joseph J. and Jane Rebecca (McCabe) Kuhn; great-grandson of Edward and Rebecca (Hudson) McCabe; great²-grandson of John and Mary (Morgan) Hudson; great³-grandson of *Jacob Morgan,* Colonel Berks County, Penna., Militia, Member of Provincial Council in Carpenter's Hall, Philadelphia, 1776.

WALTER NOAH LAWRENCE, New York, N. Y. (18653). Son of Charles L. and Zipporah (Noah) Lawrence; grandson of Mordecai M. and Rebecca (Jackson) Noah; great-grandson of Manuel and Zipporah (Phillips) Noah; great²-grandson of *Jonas Phillips,* private, Capt. John Linton's Company, Philadelphia Militia.

GEORGE BYRON LOUD, New York, N. Y. (18654). Son of Noah and Elizabeth (Butterfield) Loud; grandson of Elihu and Phœbe (Towne) Loud; great-grandson of *Jacob Loud, Jr.,* and great²-grandson of *Jacob Loud, Sr.,* privates, Capt. Thomas Nash's Company, Col. Solomon Lovell's Mass. Regt.

SEYMOUR LOWMAN, Elmira, N. Y. (18531). Son of John and Fannie S. (Bixby) Lowman; grandson of Samuel and Lydia (Purrington) Bixby; great-grandson of Samuel and Lois (Moss) Bixby; great²-grandson of *Samuel Bixby,* Sergeant, William Williams's Vermont Regt.; grandson of Martin and Lydia (Jenkins) Lowman; great-grandson of Wilkes and Sally (Salisbury) Jenkins; great²-grandson of *John Jenkins,* Member of Conn. General Assembly.

EDWARD PAYSON LUPFER, Buffalo, N. Y. (18424). Son of Samuel and Matilda J. P. (McClure) Lupfer; grandson of Alexander and Isabella Murray (Anderson) McClure; great-grandson of *William McClure,* Captain Second Battalion Cumberland County Associators of Penna.

JOHN ETHELBERT McHORTER, New York, N. Y. (18713). Son of Isaac S. and Frances J. (Bond) McHorter; grandson of Alfred J. and Pamela (Allen) Bond; great-grandson of Levi and Eunice (Peirce) Allen, Jr.; great²-grandson of *Levi Allen,* Adjutant, Col. Ethan Allen's Regt. of Green Mountain Boys.

CHARLES MATTHEWS MANY, Asbury Park, N. J. (N. Y. 18718). Son of John Vicary and Jane Howell (Johnson) Many; grandson of Barnabas and Mary (Vicary) Many; great-grandson of *Barnabas Many, Manna,* private First Orange County Regt., New York Militia; grandson of Peter and Bethia (Horton) Johnson; great-

grandson of *Thomas Horton,* Captain First Orange County Regt., New York, Militia, prisoner, died in captivity July 30, 1778.

EUGENE CALVIN MYRICK, New York, N. Y. (18537). Son of Artemas B. and Julia (Eveleth) Myrick; grandson of Calvin and Sally (Haskins) Myrick; grandson of Obed and Phœbe (Haskins) Myrick; great²-grandson of *William Myrick,* private, Zenas Winslow's Mass. Regt. and Continental Service.

HENRY SCHELL NICHOL, New York, N. Y. (18669). Son of John Fleming and Susan (Schell) Nichol; grandson of Franklin and Margaret (McDermot) Nichol; great-grandson of James and Jane (Fleming) McDermot; great²-grandson of *John McDermot,* matross, Capt. Isaac Coren's Company, Penna. Artillery; great-grandson of Samuel and Rebecca (Bane) Nichol; great²-grandson of *Thomas Nichol,* Corporal Third Lancaster County Battalion, Penna. Militia; grandson of Henry Ferdinand and Rose Ankeny (Stewart) Schell; great-grandson of Andrew and Susan (Ankeney) Stewart; great²-grandson of *Peter Ankeney,* Captain Fifth Company, Third Bedford County Battalion, Penna. Militia.

ROBERT LIONEL NOAH, New York, N. Y. (18673). Son of Robert Phillips and Elizabeth (Drake) Noah; grandson of Mordecai M. and Rebecca (Jackson) Noah; great-grandson of Manuel and Zipporah (Phillips) Noah; great²-grandson of *Jonas Phillips,* private, Capt. John Linton's Company, Philadelphia Militia.

CARTER HENRY PAGE, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. (N. Y. 18667). Son of Carter Henry and Lannia J. (Graham) Page; grandson of Mann and Jane Frances (Walker) Page; great-grandson of *Carter Page,* Captain Third Virginia Continental Dragoons, Aid-de-camp to Lafayette.

FREDERICK HOLDEN PATTERSON, New York, N. Y. (18708) Son of Charles Henry and Frances Ann (Holden) Patterson; grandson of William and Frances Mary (Shepard) Patterson; great-grandson of *Joseph Patterson,* private, Baldwin's New Hampshire Regt.

GEORGE LE FURGE PHILLIPS, New York, N. Y. (18418). Son of George Alfred and Caroline Buckman (Le Furge) Phillips; grandson of Alfred S. and Lucretia H. (Brewer) Phillips; great-grandson of Josiah and Anna (Ginn) Brewer; great²-grandson of *John Brewer,* Captain, Col. Josiah Brewer's Penobscot Regt., Mass. Militia.

TOWNSEND PINKNEY, New York, N. Y. (18098). Son of John Michaels and Emma Louise (Sidell) Pinkney; grandson of William Townsend and Eliza (Michaels) Pinkney; great-grandson of Micajah and Jane (Cross) Pinkney; great²-grandson of *William Pinkney,* Ensign First (South) Westchester County, New York, Militia.

FREDERICK BURHANS POST, Port Jervis, N. Y. (18703). Son of Hiram and Susan Hunt (Arnold) Post; grandson of Peter and

Margaret (Burhans) Post; great-grandson of *Peter Post,* Lieutenant First Ulster County Regt., New York, Militia.

EBENEZER SCUDDER PRIME, Huntington, N. Y. (18701). Son of Edward Youngs and Emma (Cotrel) Prime; grandson of Ebenezer and Experience (Conklin) Prime; great-grandson of *Benjamin Youngs Prime,* Member of Sons of Liberty, patriot writer; great^2-grandson of *Ebenezer Prime,* patriot preacher.

LYNNEL LECKY REED, New York, N. Y. (18403). Son of Calvin Hamilton and Emma Bethiah (Smythe) Reed; grandson of Henry Parmele and Sarah Knowles (Harris) Smythe; great-grandson of Timothy and Bethiah (Linnel) Harris; great^2-grandson of *Israel Harris,* Captain Mass. Continental troops, pensioned.

FREDERICK WHEELER ROE, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18705). Son of James D. and Mary Fletcher (Barnum) Roe; grandson of Ira and Hannah A. (Weed) Barnum; great-grandson of *John Weed,* private Second Continental Artillery, Col. John Lamb.

HARVEY EDWARD ROOSA, Bronx, N. Y. (18534). Son of William Minard and Elizabeth (Paulding) Roosa; grandson of Abraham and Abigail C. (Minard) Roosa; great-grandson of David and Henrietta (Osterhout) Roosa; great^2-grandson of *Isaac A. Roosa,* Lieutenant Fourth New York Line; great^3-grandson of *Abraham Roosa,* Sergeant, Hathorn's New York Regt.

TRACY LOUIS ROOSA, New York, N. Y. (18535). Son of William Minard and Elizabeth (Paulding) Roosa; grandson of Abraham and Abigail C. (Minard) Roosa; great-grandson of David and Henrietta (Osterhout) Roosa; great^2-grandson of *Isaac A. Roosa,* Lieutenant Fourth New York Line; great^3-grandson of *Abraham Roosa,* Sergeant, Hathorn's New York Regt.

WILLIAM MINARD ROOSA, New York, N. Y. (18526). Son of Abraham and Abigail C. (Minard) Roosa; grandson of David and Henrietta (Osterhout) Roosa; great-grandson of *Isaac A. Roosa,* Lieutenant Fourth New York Line; great^2-grandson of *Abraham Roosa,* Sergeant, Hathorn's New York Regt.

JOHN TIMOTHY SADLER, Elmira, N. Y. (18092). Son of Timothy and Harriet (DeWitt) Sadler; grandson of Stephen and Ann (Newkerk) DeWitt, Jr.; great-grandson of *Stephen DeWitt,* private, Levi Pawling's Regt., New York, Militia; great-grandson of *Benjamin Newkerk,* private, Johannes Snyder's Ulster County Regt., New York Militia.

IRA DAVID SANKEY, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18723). Son of David and Mary (Leeper) Sankey; grandson of Zekel and Jane (Doe) Sankey; great-grandson of *William Sankey,* private Frontier Rangers of Bedford County, Pa.

MAXWELL WILLIAMS SCOTT, Dunkirk, N. Y. (18099). Son of Walter and Henrietta (Williams) Scott; grandson of Julian T. and Julia King (Thompson) Williams; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Eunice Mann (Draper) Thompson; great^2-grandson of *Josiah*

(and Mary Mann) *Draper,* drummer, Plymton's Company of Medford, Mass.; great^3-grandson of *Bezaleel Mann,* Member of Attleboro Committee of Safety; great^2-grandson of Ebenezer and Rhoda (Putnam) Thompson; great^3-grandson of *Hiram Thompson,* minute man of Woburn, Mass.

JACOB HERBERT SHAFFER, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18668). Son of Jacob and Cordelia (Hunt) Shaffer; grandson of Jacob and Martha (Brewer) Shaffer; great-grandson of *Solomon Brewer,* First Lieutenant and Forage Master Mass. Militia.

RUFUS GEORGE SHIRLEY, New York, N. Y. (18087). Supplemental. Son of William Fearclo and Caroline Chester (Sidell) Shirley; grandson of Cornelius Low and Eliza (Gautier) Sidell; great-grandson of John and Elizabeth (Low) Sidell; great^2-grandson of Peter and Jannetje (Van Vliet) Low; great^3-grandson of *Aurie Van Vliet,* private, Ostrum's Company, Schuyler's New York Regt.

CHARLES HALLOCK SILKMAN, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18706). Son of Charles Ransom and Irene Estelle (Hallock) Silkman; grandson of James Hoyt and Maria (Parker) Silkman; great-grandson of Ransom and Mary (Dix) Parker; great^2-grandson of George and Olive (Sherman) Parker, Jr.; great^3-grandson of *George Parker,* private, Captain Cole's Company, First Rhode Island Regt.

CHARLES RANSOM SILKMAN, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18664). Son of James Hoyt and Maria (Parker) Silkman; grandson of Ransom and Mary (Dix) Parker; great-grandson of George and Olive (Sherman) Parker, Jr.; great^2-grandson of *George Parker,* private, Captain Cole's Company, First Rhode Island Regt.

FREDERICK ALLAN SMITH, Peekskill, N. Y. (18712). Son of John and Mary H. (Tate) Smith, Jr.; grandson of John and Lydia Ann (Quick) Smith; great-grandson of Thomas and Anna (Knapp) Quick; great^2-grandson of Andrew and Martha (Mead) Quick; great^3-grandson of *John Quick,* private Fourth Westchester County Regt., New York Militia.

JOHN ARCHIBALD SMITH, Saranac Lake, N. Y. (18715). Son of John and Mary H. (Tate) Smith, Jr.; grandson of John and Lydia Ann (Quick) Smith; great-grandson of Thomas and Anna (Knapp) Quick; great^2-grandson of Andrew and Martha (Mead) Quick; great^3-grandson of *John Quick,* private Fourth Westchester County Regt., New York, Militia.

OTIS SMITH, New York, N. Y. (18711). Son of Charles H. and Caroline (Pendleton) Smith; grandson of William Alpheus and Jane (Brown) Smith; great-grandson of Josiah and Abigail (Varnum) Brown; great^2-grandson of *Joseph B. Varnum,* Captain Seventh Middlesex County Regt., Mass. Militia.

WALTER F. SMITH, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18409). Son of Francis C. and Emma Louise (Sidell) Smith; grandson of Cornelius Low and Eliza (Gautier) Sidell; great-grandson of Samuel John Sinclair

and Elizabeth (Fawpell) Gautier; great²-grandson of Samuel and Catalyntie, Cornelia, (Delamater) Gautier; great³-grandson of *Samuel Delamater,* private First Regt. Westchester County, New York, Militia.

WALTER LEWIS SMITH, Syracuse, N. Y. (18410). Son of Frederick Walter and Hattie Maria Smith; grandson of John Lewis and Rose (Walter) Smith; great-grandson of Horace and Phœbe (Morse) Walter; great²-grandson of *Asaph Morse,* private, Geo. King's Company, Berkshire County, Mass., Militia.

ISAAC NATHAN SOLIS, New York, N. Y. (18655). Son of David Hays and Elvira (Nathan) Solis; grandson of Seixas and Sarah (Seixas) Nathan; great-grandson of *Benjamin Mendez Seixas,* officer New York City Militia.

ROBERT MACY STRATTON, New York, N. Y. (18657). Son of Robert Macy and Jane (Wilson) Stratton; grandson of Latham and Phebe (Mead) Stratton; great-grandson of *Nathaniel Mead,* Second Lieutenant Dutchess County Minute Men, Member of Committee of Safety.

LEOPOLD SULZBERGER, New York, N. Y. (18527). Son of Cyrus L. and Rachel Peixotto (Hays) Sulzberger; grandson of David and Judith (Peixotto) Hays; great-grandson of Daniel L. M. and Rachel Mendez (Seixas) Peixotto; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Mendez Seixas,* officer New York City Militia.

WILLIAM HOYT SYLVESTER, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18096). Son of John Field and Jane Eliza (Hoyt) Sylvester; grandson of John R. and Urania Cornelia (Knapp) Sylvester; great-grandson of Edwin Garvin and Marietta (Feris) Knapp; great²-grandson of *Joshua Knapp, Jr.,* Ensign First Conn. Line; great³-grandson of *Joshua Knapp,* minute man of Danbury, Conn.

LINCOLN HERBERT TAYLOR, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18539). Son of Joseph Lincoln and Elsie (Zolper) Taylor; grandson of Joseph Gazzam and Elizabeth Clinton (Tallmadge) Taylor; great-grandson of Matthias Bernhardt and Elizabeth (Clinton) Tallmadge; great²-grandson of *George Clinton,* Brigadier General Continental Army.

BYRON THOMAS, Newark, Wayne Co., N. Y. (18671). Son of Rowland and Adelia Maria (Hinsdill) Thomas; grandson of Daniel and Polly (Briggs) Hinsdill; great-grandson of *Joseph Hinsdale,* Ensign Second Regt., Vermont Militia.

EDWARD KINGSBURY TIDD, Elmira, N. Y. (18651). Son of Charles and Clara Lucretia (Kingsbury) Tidd; grandson of John and Sarah (Bemis) Kingsbury; great-grandson of Ebenezer and Sarah (Whittemore) Kingsbury; great²-grandson of *Jeremiah Whittemore,* Member of Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety of Spencer, Mass.; great-grandson of *Amasa* (and Nancy Dunbar) *Bemis,* private, Capt. John Wolcott's Company of Rangers and Col. Woodbridge's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of

Thomas Dunbar, Sergeant, William Todd's Company, Col. Thomas Craft's Artillery Regt., prisoner.

ALLEN RAY TILLINGHAST, New York, N. Y. (18528). Son of Arthur W. and Jennie V. (Chatham) Tillinghast; grandson of Ira A. Tillinghast; great-grandson of Allen Tillinghast; great^2-grandson of Pardon Tillinghast; great^3-grandson of *Charles Tillinghast,* Recruiting Officer Rhode Island troops.

GUSTAVE DE KAY TOWNSEND, New York, N. Y. (18714). Son of John Fondey and Catherine L. (Douw) Townsend; grandson of John de Peyster and Catherine Douw (Gansevoort) Douw; great-grandson of Leonard and Maria (Van Renssalaer) Gansevoort; great^2-grandson of *Kilian Van Renssalaer,* Quartermaster and Colonel Fourth Regt. New York Militia.

GEORGE CLARK VAN DEUSEN, Kingston, N. Y. (18530). Son of George Nelden and Catherine Edgar (Newkirk) Van Deusen; grandson of Jacob Lansing and Nancy Stone (Clark) Van Deusen; great-grandson of *Jacob* (and Elsie Lansing) *Van Deusen,* Ensign Albany County Militia; great^2-grandson of *Abraham Lansing,* Sergeant Albany County Militia; grandson of Philip and Phœbe Baker (Ten Eyck) Newkirk; great-grandson of *Cornelius Newkirk,* Captain New York Horse Guards; great-grandson of *Richard* (and Janett Baker) *Ten Eyck,* private First Ulster County Regt., New York Militia; great^2-grandson of *Matthew Ten Eyck,* Member of Delegate Committee and Signer of Association of Hurley, N. Y.; great^2-grandson of *Matthias Baker,* Member of Committee of Correspondence of Woodbridge, New Jersey; great-grandson of Sandford and Arabella Jones (Gale) Clark; great^2-grandson of *John Clark,* private First Conn. Line.

LANSING HARRIS VAN DOREN, Jersey City, N. J. (N. Y., 18411). Son of John Lansing and Mary Harriet (Johnson) Van Doren; grandson of William Harris and Helen Jane (Meseroll) Van Doren; great-grandson of Peter Voorhees and Elizabeth (Harris) Van Doren; great^2-grandson of John I. and Nelly (Latt) Van Doren; great^3-grandson of *John Van Doren,* private Second Battalion Somerset, New Jersey, Militia.

ERNEST LYON VAN WAGNER, New York, N. Y. (18402). Son of George Henry and Lydia Ann (Sheldon) Van Wagner; grandson of Mead Z. and Martha Chadwick (Hoag) Sheldon; great-grandson of James and Anna (Mead) Sheldon; great^2-grandson of *Jonathan Sheldon,* Mass. seaman, prisoner, exchanged Aug. 6, 1777.

WILLIAM LOWE VORHIS, Yonkers, N. Y. (18716). Son of Albert B. and Lucinda (Folsom) Vorhis; grandson of Benjamin and Rebecca (Raymond) Folsom; great-grandson of Isaac Royal and Rebecca (Livermore) Raymond; great^2-grandson of *Josiah* (and Rebecca Worcester) *Livermore,* private Paxton Company, Mass. Militia; great^3-grandson of *Jason Livermore,* private, Capt. Phineas Moore's Company of Minute Men, Col. Ephraim Doolittle's Regt., Mass. Militia.

WALTER EDWARDS WARNER, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18546). Son of Charles and Lizzie T. (White) Warner; grandson of Benjamin E. and Phebe (Luce) Warner; great-grandson of John Tuthill and Rachel (Terry) Luce; great²-grandson of *Daniel Terry,* private, Col. Joseph Smith's Regt. of Minute Men of Suffolk County, N. Y.

THOMAS WARD WASSON, New York, N. Y. (18414). Son of Thomas Jefferson and Melissa (Hallock) Wasson; grandson of Isaac De la Vergne and Phœbe (Van Kleek) Hallock; great-grandson of Joshua and Anna Maria (De la Vergne) Hallock; great²-grandson of *Benjamin De la Vergne,* Member of Third Provincial Congress of New York, Major Fourth Dutchess County Regt.

WILLIAM EDWARD WEBB, Jr., Wilton, Conn. (N. Y. 18710). Son of William Edward and Annie Proctor (Washburn) Webb; grandson of Jacob and Irene (Proctor, widow Welsh) Washburn; great-grandson of Thomas and Abigail (Atwood) Proctor; great²-grandson of *Leonard Proctor,* Second Lieutenant, Col. James Prescott's Mass. Regt.; grandson of Darius and Sarah B. (Dewey) Webb; great-grandson of Hezekiah and Deborah J. Webb; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Webb,* Ensign, Capt. Scofield's Company, Conn. Militia.

BERNARD WESTERMANN, Williamstown, Mass. (N. Y. 18542). Son of Charles and Elizabeth Ashmead (Duncan) Westermann; grandson of William and Elmina (Stehley) Duncan; great-grandson of William and Nancy (Young-Bennage) Duncan; great²-grandson of *John Duncan,* Signer of "Association of Liberty Company in Lancaster County, Pa.," Captain Associated Penna. Battalion.

KENT WHIPPLE, Beamsville, Ontario, Canada (N. Y. 18663). Son of Elijah Sheldon and Prince Hamlin (Kent) Whipple; grandson of John Pollard and Maria (Dean) Kent; great-grandson of Harvey and Phebe (Kellogg) Dean; great²-grandson of *Walter Dean,* Captain Mass. Militia and Continentals.

BRYANT WILLARD, New York, N. Y. (18425). Son of Wells and Celeste (Newhall) Willard; grandson of Justice and Sally Lyman (Bryant) Willard; great-grandson of *John* (and Hannah Mason) *Bryant,* Captain-Lieutenant Mass. Artillery Artificers; great²-grandson of *David Mason,* Lieutenant Colonel Mass. Artillery Artificers.

ALEXANDER REED WILSON, Brooklyn, N. Y. (18707). Son of Robert and Ida Maria (Reed) Wilson; grandson of James Hamilton and Christina (Von Hamburg) Reed; great-grandson of Myron and Belinda (Swift) Reed; great²-grandson of Reuben and Hannah (Rose) Reed; great³-grandson of *James Reed, Read,* Second Major First Dutchess County Regt., New York, Minute Men.

ALFRED TRENCHARD WOOD, New Brighton, N. Y. (18543). Son of James Robie and Katherine E. (O'Donoughue) Wood; grandson of John and Rose Anna (Clary) O'Donoughue; great-grandson of William and Hannah (Putnam) Clary; great²-grandson of *Jacob John Putnam,* private Third Tryon (Mohawk) Battalion, New York Militia.

PAUL TRENCHARD WOOD, New Brighton, N. Y. (18540). Son of James Robie and Katherine E. (O'Donoughue) Wood; grandson of John and Rose Anna (Clary) O'Donoughue; great-grandson of William and Hannah (Putnam) Clary; great²-grandson of *Jacob John Putnam,* private Third Tryon (Mohawk) Battalion, New York Militia.

HARRY ANDREW WOODWARD, New Rochelle, N. Y. (18656). Son of Henry and Mary (Hunt) Woodward; grandson of Samuel Bayard and Maria (Porter) Woodward; great-grandson of Samuel and Mary (Griswold) Woodward; great²-grandson of *Shubeal Griswold,* Captain Conn. Militia.

JOHN HYATT WOODFORD, Buffalo, N. Y. (18536). Son of John R. and Armenia E. (Fortner) Woodford; grandson of Ira and Parthenia (Hulbert) Woodford; great-grandson of *Bissell Woodford,* private Conn. Militia.

FRANK PERCIVAL WOOMER, Mount Vernon, N. Y. (18659). Son of Percival J. and Amanda E. (Schwartz) Woomer; grandson of Samuel and Esther (Immel) Schwartz; great-grandson of John Leonard and Catherine (Dieffenbach) Immel; great²-grandson of *Leonard Immel,* Captain Fifth Company, Second Penna. Battalion.

ROBERT SAMUEL WOOMER, New York, N. Y. (18717). Son of Percival J. and Amanda E. (Schwartz) Woomer; grandson of Samuel and Esther (Immel) Schwartz; great-grandson of John Leonard and Catherine (Dieffenbach) Immel; great²-grandson of *Leonard Immel,* Captain Fifth Company, Second Penna. Battalion.

OHIO SOCIETY.

LOUIS PRENTISS BETHEL, Columbus, Ohio (18565). Son of Joseph and Clara (Mills) Bethel; grandson of Harry L. and Sarah (Compton) Mills; great-grandson of James and Clarissa (Cleveland) Compton; great²-grandson of *Josiah Cleveland,* Sergeant, Col. Israel Putnam's Fourth Conn. Volunteers.

ARTHUR DE WITT BROOKS, Cleveland, Ohio (18560). Son of Arthur Stanley and Mary Sophia (De Witt) Brooks; grandson of Samuel Curtis and Emily Maria (Clark) Brooks; great-grandson of Samuel and Sophia (Johnson) Brooks; great²-grandson of *James Brooks,* private, Webb's Conn. Regt. and Washington's "Life Guards."

WILLIAM JOSEPH CANADA, Dayton, Ohio (18287). Son of Charles B. and Laura J. (Libbey) Canada; grandson of Joseph and Jane Hayes (Bradley) Canada; great-grandson of Justus and Sarah (Hayes) Bradley; great²-grandson of *Ezekiel Hayes,* Collector of Army Tax at Branford, Conn.

FRANK RILEY CHAPMAN, Columbus, Ohio (18553). Son of Alva Riley and Matilda (Davis) Chapman; grandson of Alva Riley and Susannah (Trish) Chapman; great-grandson of Isaac and Hannah (Wait) Chapman; great²-grandson of *Stephen Chapman,* Corporal Seventh Company, Third Conn. Regt.

LUCIUS CHARLES COOK, Dayton, Ohio (18556). Son of Lucius and Caroline Gertrude Cook; grandson of Friend and Nancy Foote Cook; great-grandson of *Atwater Cook,* private, Captain Brackett's Company, Fifth Battalion Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

EUGENE GRAY DICK, Oberlin, Ohio (18295). Son of Matthew Gray and Irene Joanna (Barber) Dick; grandson of Amzi Doolittle and Nancy Irene (Bailey) Barber; great-grandson of Eliphalet and and Nancy (Bradish) Bailey; great²-grandson of *James Bradish,* Assistant Surgeon, Col. David Brewer's Ninth Mass. Continental Regt.; great³-grandson of *John Bradish,* Member of Committee of Correspondence and Public Safety at Hardwick, Mass.

CHARLES RUFUS DODGE, Sewickley, Pa. (Ohio 18293). Son of Hiram Lake and Mary (Westcott) Dodge; grandson of Jeremiah and Harriet (Jackson) Dodge; great-grandson of Eusebus and Anna (Merchant) Dodge; great²-grandson of *Jeremiah Dodge,* private, Charles Webb's Conn. Regt.

ELMER ELLSWORTH EYSTER, Hubbard, Ohio (18571). Son of John and Elizabeth (Dilley) Eyster; grandson of Thompson and Sally (Smith) Dilley; great-grandson of Cornelius and Sarah L. (Lock) Dilley; great²-grandson of *Francis Lock,* Captain Fourth Company, Second Hunterdon County Regt., New Jersey, Militia.

FRANK FRANKENBERG, Columbus, Ohio (18552). Son of George O. C. and Lucinda Paige (Armstrong) Frankenburg; grandson of Oliver and Lucinda (Paige) Armstrong; great-grandson of James and Thankful (Raymond) Paige; great²-grandson of *William Paige,* Member of Mass. Provincial Congress and General Court, Captain Mass. "Alarm Men," 1775.

ABNER LORD FRAZER, Youngstown, Ohio (18570). Son of Abner Lord and Martha Johnstone (McDowell) Frazer; grandson of Alexander Johnstone and Mary (Sheldon) McDowell; great-grandson of *John McDowell,* First Lieutenant and Surgeon's Mate Sixth Penna. Battalion; grandson of Eliphalet and Betsy (Lord) Frazer; great-grandson of Abner and Mary (Selden) Lord; great²-grandson of *Abner Lord,* Captain, Col. John Ely's Regt., Fourth Battalion Conn. State troops.

FRANK MOZART GALLUP, Crestone, Colo. (Ohio 18285). Son of Mozart and Mary (Bagg) Gallup; grandson of Palmer and Dezier Worthington (Ball) Gallup; great-grandson of Benadam and Cynthia (Fish) Gallup; great²-grandson of Benadam and Bridget (Palmer) Gallup; great³-grandson of *Benadam Gallup,* Lieutenant Colonel Second Battalion Wadsworth's Brigade Conn. troops.

GEORGE HENRY GANSON, Cleveland, Ohio (18296). Son of George Washington and Jennie Catherine (McGee) Ganson; grandson of Joseph Freeman and Mary (Curtis) Ganson; great-grandson of Joseph and Abiah (Reynolds) Ganson; great²-grandson of *Nathan Ganson,* Sergeant, Captain Daniel Shay's Company, Colonel Rufus Putnam's Mass. Regt., pensioned.

HOWARD E. HIESTAND, Kenton, Ohio (18554). Son of Ezra B. and Hadasiah (Harris) Hiestand; grandson of Nehemiah and Anna (McGuffey) Harris; great-grandson of Barnabas C. and Esther (Miller) Harris; great²-grandson of *George Harris,* Sergeant Second Regt., New Jersey State troops.

ADELBERT P. HIGLEY, Sandusky, Ohio (18284). Son of Milo H. and Mary (Paulen) Higley; grandson of Lucius and Nancy (Shepherd) Higley; great-grandson of *Brewster Higley the 4th,* private Conn. Continental Line, pensioned.

ADIN VINCENT HINMAN, Youngstown, Ohio (17342). Supplemental. Son of Abner and Emma (Shaw) Hinman; grandson of Willis and Mary (Taylor) Hinman; great-grandson of Abner and Lydia (Beckwith) Hinman; great²-grandson of *Phineas Hinman,* private Goshen Company, Conn. Militia.

HUGH HUNTINGTON, Columbus, Ohio (18279). Supplemental. Son of Hugh and Hannah Darlington (Peirce) Huntington; grandson of William and Martha (Kirkpatrick) Huntington; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Rachel (Kelly) Huntington; great²-grandson of *Francis Kelly,* private Fourth Penna. Battalion; grandson of William D. and Cosmelia (Howell) Peirce; great-grandson of Samuel and Hannah (Janney) Howell; great²-grandson of *David Howell,* Captain, Col. Josiah Smith's Regt., Suffolk County, New York, Minute Men.

ORAN FAVILLE HYPES, Springfield, Ohio (18569). Son of Samuel Henry and Hannah (Van Bracklin) Hypes; grandson of Henry and Sara N. (Wright) Hypes; great-grandson of *George Wright,* private Virginia Continental Cavalry.

FRANK BAUDER KENNEDY, East Cleveland, Ohio (18291). Son of William Henry and Martha (Bauder) Kennedy; grandson of Lodovic and Catharine (Klock) Bauder; great-grandson of *Joseph Klock,* private Palatine Battalion, Tryon County, New York, Militia.

EZRA M. KUHNS, Dayton, Ohio (18288). Son of Daniel Y. and Leonora M. Kuhns; grandson of William and Julia Kuhns; great-grandson of *George Kuhns,* private, Captain Graff's Company, Penna. Flying Camp.

MILES S. KUHNS, Dayton, Ohio (18555). Son of Daniel Y. and Leanora M. Kuhns; grandson of William and Julia Kuhns; great-grandson of *George Kuhns,* private Penna. Flying Camp, under Captains Graff and Crawford.

JOHN SHEEHY LETT, Youngstown, Ohio (17931). Supplemental. Son of John and Jane (Sheehy) Lett; grandson of Daniel and Jane (McLaine) Sheehy; great-grandson of *Robert McLaine,* private Seventh Company, First Battalion Cumberland County, Penna., Militia.

B. FRANK LONG, Shelby, Ohio (18286). Son of William R. and Mary Jane (Hunter) Long; grandson of David and Emily (Rose)

Long; great-grandson of John and Catherine (Fry) Long; great²-grandson of *Michael Fry,* private Eighth Battalion Cumberland County, Penna., Militia.

GEORGE EDGAR MEHAFFEY, Lima, Ohio (17335). Supplemental. Son of Robert and Mary Eleanor (Richardson) Mehaffey; grandson of Joseph Hicks and Eda Whitworth (Smith) Richardson; great-grandson of William and Rhoda (Hicks) Richardson, Jr.; great²-grandson of *William Richardson,* Captain Washington County, Penna., Militia, under Colonel William Campbell.

JOHN THURMAN MILAR, New Philadelphia, Ohio (18559). Son of John Calvin and Sadie I. (Forney) Milar; grandson of David and Abigail (Hensel) Forney; great-grandson of John and Rachel (Barton) Hensel; great²-grandson of Eli and Mary (Roberts) Barton; great³-grandson of *William Roberts,* Sergeant Seventh Penna. Regt. of Foot.

DUDLEY WATSON MOOR, Toledo, Ohio (18294). Son of Dudley Watson and Annie L. (Hunt) Moor; grandson of Wyman B. S. and Clara Ann Neal (Cook) Moor; great-grandson of Daniel and Rebecca (Spring) Moor; great²-grandson of *Daniel Moor,* Captain New Hampshire Militia and Fifth Continental Infantry.

WILLIAM H. MOOR, Toledo, Ohio (18297). Son of Dudley Watson and Annie L. (Hunt) Moor; grandson of Wyman B. S. and Clara Ann Neal (Cook) Moor; great-grandson of Daniel and Rebecca (Spring) Moor; great²-grandson of *Daniel Moor,* Captain New Hampshire Militia and Fifth Continental Infantry.

GEORGE ELTWEED POMEROY, Toledo, Ohio (2294). Supplemental. Son of George Eltweed and Nelson (Robinson) Pomeroy; grandson of Seth and Hannah (Wells) Pomeroy; great-grandson of Quartus and Rachel Pomeroy; great²-grandson of *Seth Pomeroy,* Brigadier General Continental Army.

WILBUR EVERETT POSTLE, Shepard, Ohio (18568). Son of Franklin and Catherine (Smith) Postle; grandson of James and Catherine (Evans) Smith; great-grandson of John I. and Catherine (McLeod) Smith; great²-grandson of *John Smith,* private First New Jersey Continental Line.

GEORGE MERRITT POTTER, Cleveland, Ohio (18564). Son of Hervey T. and Hattie O. (North) Potter; grandson of Merritt S. and Laura C. (Wooster) Potter; great-grandson of Jabez T. and Almira (Pierpont) Potter; great²-grandson of *John Pierpont,* private, Lamb's Artillery Regt.

EMIL BRUCE PRATT, Lakewood, Ohio (18558). Son of Elisha Bills and Augusta M. (Hawley) Pratt; grandson of Nathaniel and Candace (Wilcox) Pratt; great-grandson of *Nathaniel Pratt,* private Second Company Fourth Regt., Hinman's Conn. Brigade.

HENRY M. ROBINSON, Youngstown, Ohio (18300). Son of George F. and Mary A. (Gillis) Robinson; grandson of John and Lucia

(Harris) Gillis; great-grandson of Samuel D. and Lucy (Kent) Harris; great²-grandson of *Zenas Kent,* private Eighteenth Conn. Militia.

FRANK ROUDENBUSH, Fremont, Ohio (18299). Son of Ferdinand Davison and Mary (Miller) Roudenbush; grandson of William and Sarah Folwell (Davison) Roudenbush; great-grandson of Samuel and Charlotte L. (Folwell) Davison; great²-grandson of *Joseph Folwell,* Captain First Battalion Philadelphia Militia.

FREDERIC F. SANFORD, Cleveland, Ohio (18292). Son of Theodore Starr and Arabella (Fenton) Sanford; grandson of Frederick Burr and Eveline (Nichols) Sanford; great-grandson of Elijah and Elizabeth (Starr) Sanford; great²-grandson of *Seth* (and Rebecca Burr) *Sanford,* Ensign, Gershom Moorehouse's Company Conn. Militia, Member of Conn. Legislature; great³-grandson of *Stephen Burr,* private, Nathaniel Edwards's Company Conn. Militia.

FREDERICK LOVETT TAFT, Cleveland, Ohio (18290). Son of Newton Archibald and Laura Alba (Humphrey) Taft; grandson of Frederick Lovett and Elvira Laura (Reed) Taft; great-grandson of Auren and Lucy (Stowe) Taft; great²-grandson of *Lovett Taft,* private, Eli Hannon's Company Mass. Militia; great³-grandson of *Robert Taft,* private, Hopkins's Mass. Regt.; grandson of Oliver and Mercey Ashley (Birchard) Humphrey; great-grandson of Nathan and Mercey (Ashley) Birchard; great²-grandson of *Moses Ashley,* Major Fifth Regt. Mass. Line.

HAROLD HEDGES TALLMADGE, Columbus, Ohio (18563). Son of Frank and May (Hedges) Tallmadge; grandson of Theodore W. and Ellen (Brasee) Tallmadge; great-grandson of John Trafford and Mary Jane (Scofield) Brasee; great²-grandson of Elnathan and Drusilla (Reid) Scofield; great³-grandson of John and Charity (Cresap) Reid; great⁴-grandson of Thomas and Drusilla (Van Swearingen) Cresap, Jr.; great⁵-grandson of *Thomas Cresap,* Member of Frederick County, Maryland. Committee of Safety; great-grandson of Darius and Sarah (Wood) Tallmadge; great²-grandson of *Josiah Tallmadge,* private Ninth Albany County Regt., New York, Militia; great²-grandson of William and Magdalin (Trafford) Brasee; great³-grandson of *Andreas Brasee,* private Tenth Albany County Regt., New York, Militia; grandson of Samuel Benson and Martha Eliza (Ayres) Hedges; great-grandson of Seton Elliott and Harriet (Miller) Hedges; great²-grandson of Robert and Mary (Highfield) Miller; great³-grandson of *David Miller,* private, Rawlings's Maryland Regt.

JOHN N. VAN DEMAN, Dayton, Ohio (18557). Son of John L. and Rebecca (Wilson) Van Deman; grandson of Mathias and Rebecca (La Gore) Van Deman; great-grandson of *John Van Deman,* private, Capt. Andrew's Company, Colonel Neville's Virginia State Regt.

CARROLL WARDER, Dayton, Ohio (18289). Son of William and Susan (Carroll) Warder; grandson of David and Annea (Bacon) Carroll; great-grandson of Samuel and Eliza (Grimes) Bacon; great²-grandson of *Richard Bacon,* Sergeant, Webb's Third Conn. Regt.

ISRAEL RICHMOND WATERS, Columbus, Ohio (18566). Son of Israel Richmond and Ellen Grosvenor (Ward) Waters; grandson of Thomas Walter and Harriet Plympton (Grosvenor) Ward; great-grandson of Thomas Walter and Elizabeth (Denny) Ward; great²-grandson of *Artemas Ward,* Major General Continental Army, President Mass. Executive Council 1777; great²-grandson of *Samuel Denny,* Colonel First Worcester County Regt., Mass. Militia, Representative Mass. General Court.

ROBERT WEBSTER, Van Wert, Ohio (18562). Son of James and Mary (Sweet) Webster; grandson of Horatio Nelson and Orinda (Kimball) Sweet; great-grandson of *Joshua Sweet,* private, Captain Smart's Company, Third Mass. Continental Regt.

ROBERT CRUM WHITTLESEY, Toledo, Ohio (18283). Son of Robert Duncan and Augusta Meinell (Smith) Whittlesey; grandson of Sewell and Elizabeth (Duncan) Whittlesey; great-grandson of Samuel and Huldah (Rathbone) Whittlesey; great²-grandson of *Ezra Whittlesey,* Captain Third Regt. Berkshire County, Mass., Militia.

FREDERICK H. WICK, Youngstown, Ohio (18551). Son of Paul and Susan Abigal (Bull) Wick; grandson of Henry and Hannah (Baldwin) Wick; great-grandson of *Caleb Baldwin,* private Second Regt. Essex County, New Jersey, Militia.

GUY VOORHEES WILLIAMS, Portsmouth, Ohio (18561). Son of Cyrus B. and Lottie (Clough) Williams; grandson of Abner and Olive Clough; great-grandson of Philip and Nancy (Glidden) Clough; great²-grandson of *Obadiah Clough,* private, Captain Clough's Company New Hampshire troops, widow pensioned; great³-grandson of *Jeremiah Clough,* Captain, Col. Enoch Poor's New Hampshire Regt.; great²-grandson of *Charles Glidden,* Sergeant, Capt. Jeremiah Clough's Company New Hampshire troops.

JUDSON EUGENE WOLCOTT, East Cleveland, Ohio (18298). Son of James Orrin and Ellen (Lewis) Wolcott; grandson of Guy and Annis (Porter) Wolcott; great-grandson of Guy and Abigail (Allyn) Wolcott; great²-grandson of *Alexander Wolcott,* Chairman of Windsor, Conn., Committee of Inspection, Deputy Conn. General Assembly.

OKLAHOMA SOCIETY.

ROBERT P. CARPENTER, Oklahoma City, Okla. (17750). Son of Samuel and Sarah E. (Montgomery) Carpenter; grandson of Peter and Margaret (Ramsey) Carpenter; great-grandson of *Joseph Carpenter,* private North Carolina Militia; great-grandson of Samuel

and Mary (Orr) Ramsey; great²-grandson of *William Ramsey,* First Lieutenant, Capt. Charles Polk's Company North Carolina Light Horse.

AMOS B. HAMMER, Oklahoma City, Okla. (17749). Son of Augustus W. and Nancy (Bunner) Hammer; grandson of *Peter Hammer,* private First Penna. Regt.

DAVID OSCAR JENNINGS, Wewoka, Indian Territory (Okla. 18951). Son of Schuyler Cutler and Louisa A. (Eiker) Jennings; grandson of Solomon and Susan (Price) Jennings; great-grandson of David Jennings; great²-grandson of *Joseph Jennings,* private Seventh Conn. Continental Line.

OLIVER BLANCHARD LOUD, Lawton, Okla. (17748). Son of John J. and Emily K. (Vickery) Loud; grandson of John W. and Sarah H. (Blanchard) Loud; great-grandson of Jacob and Ruth (Blanchard) Loud; great²-grandson of *Jacob Loud, Jr.,* private, Nash's Company, Lovell's Mass. Regt.; great³-grandson of *Jacob Loud,* private, Nash's Company, Lovell's Mass. Regt.

OREGON SOCIETY.

HENRY LIBERTY BATES, Forest Grove, Oregon (15519). Son of Henry and Keziah (Chapman) Bates; grandson of Liberty and Mary (Russell) Bates; great-grandson of *Laban Bates,* private, Jesse Holbrook's Company, Mass. Militia; grandson of Titus and Eliza (Gillett) Chapman; great-grandson of Nathaniel and Abigail (Wolcott) Gillett; great²-grandson of Guy and Abigail (Allyn) Wolcott; great³-grandson of *Alexander Wolcott,* Chairman of Surgeon Examiners, Deputy Conn. General Assembly.

WILLIAM BEVERLY CHASE, Portland, Oregon (15520). Son of Levi and Harriet (Vining) Chase; grandson of William and Hannah (Swift) Chase; great-grandson of *Beverly Chase,* private Dutchess County, New York, Militia.

FRED W. LEADBETTER, Portland, Oregon (15521). Son of Charles H. and Annie (Comings) Leadbetter; grandson of I. M. and Sarah (Lunt) Comings; great-grandson of William and Ann Matilda (Sumner) Lunt; great²-grandson of David and Dorothy (Vose) Sumner; great³-grandson of *Joseph Vose,* Colonel First Mass. Infantry.

CLIFTON NESMITH McARTHUR, Portland, Oregon (15517). Son of Lewis Linn and Harriet K. (Nesmith) McArthur; grandson of James Willis and Pauline (Goff) Nesmith; great-grandson of William Morrison and Harriet (Willis) Nesmith; great²-grandson of *James Nesmith, II,* private, Reid's Company, New Hampshire Volunteers; grandson of William Pope and Mary S. (Young) McArthur; great-grandson of John Jay and Cornelia Howland (Ensor) Young; great²-grandson of John and Mary Stone (White) Young; great³-grandson of *John Young,* Surgeon, Nichols's New Hampshire Regt.; great-grandson of John and Mary (Linn) McArthur; great²-

grandson of Israel and Ann (Hunter) Linn; great^3-grandson of *William Linn,* Captain, George Rogers Clark's Regt.

BLAINE R. SMITH, Portland, Oregon (15518). Son of Amedee M. and Mary Ellen (Speelman) Smith; grandson of Freeman and Margaret (Hilterbrand) Smith; great-grandson of James Freeman and Candacy Smith; great^2-grandson of *Isaac Smith,* Colonel First Hunterdon County Regt., New Jersey, Militia.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY.

JOSEPH H. BAUSMAN, Rochester, Pa. (18363). Son of John and Sarah (Shilling) Bausman; grandson of William and Jennie (Wilson) Bausman; great-grandson of *John Jacob Bausman,* Captain Virginia Militia at Fort Pitt, Pittsburg.

WALDO MILTON CLAFLIN, Media, Pa. (18351). Son of James Russell and Hannah C. (Farrington) Claflin; grandson of Rufus and Hepzibeth (Bolster) Claflin; great-grandson of *Samuel Claflin,* Lieutenant, Ward's Company, Wesson's Regt. Mass. Continental troops.

SAMUEL R. C. COOPER, Lansdowne, Pa. (18628). Son of David and Susan C. (Sellers) Cooper; grandson of Abram J. and Susan C. (Wilson) Sellers; great-grandson of Jacob and Clarissa Sidney (Claypole) Wilson; great^2-grandson of *John Claypole,* Second Lieutenant Penna. troops.

JOHN FREDERICK DEVELIN, Philadelphia, Pa. (18357). Son of James and Mary (Aylward) Develin; grandson of Michael and Tabitha (Smith) Aylward; great-grandson of *Samuel Smith,* private, Captain Cox's Company, Third Battalion New Jersey State troops.

ARTHUR LOVERING DORR, Pittsburg, Pa. (18362). Son of Theodore Haskell and Nancy Caroline (Richards) Dorr; grandson of John and Esther (Goldthwait) Dorr; great-grandson of *Ebenezer Dorr,* Member of Boston Committee of Correspondence, Inspection, and Safety.

JOHN FRANCIS EDWARDS, Philadelphia, Pa. (17850). Son of William Walpole and Mary Ann (Zook) Edwards; grandson of William Burford and Margaret (Richardson) Edwards; great-grandson of *John Edwards,* Major Fifth Penna. Battalion.

FRANK ALDEN ESTEP, Pittsburg, Pa. (18364). Son of Joseph Phillips and Louisa T. (Packard) Estep; grandson of Zibeon and Sarah (Dike) Packard; great-grandson of *Anthony Dike,* Corporal, Eliphalet Carey's Mass. Regt.

HERMAN WEILLER FERNBERGER, Philadelphia, Pa. (18372). Son of Henry and Julia (Weiller) Fernberger; grandson of Herman and Ellen (Ulman) Weiller; great-grandson of Simon and Sarah (Moyer) Ulman; great^2-grandson of John N. and Elizabeth (Marshall) Moyer; great^3-grandson of *John Marshall,* Captain Second Penna. Line.

ALLEN WARNOCK GRACEY, Vandergrift, Pa. (18352). Son of John S. and Kate S. (Vandergrift) Gracey; grandson of James Monroe and Emma V. (Stackhouse) Vandergrift; great-grandson of John and Marie (Mortimer) Vandergrift; great^2-grandson of Jacob and Mary (Hart) Vandergrift; great^3-grandson of John and Catherine (Knowles) Hart; great^4-grandson of *John Hart,* Signer of the Declaration of Independence.

THEODORE J. HAHN, Philadelphia, Pa. (18629). Son of Henry and Clara (Mayer) Hahn; grandson of Elias and Abby (Aucker) Mayer; great-grandson of Adolph and Abby (Pettigrew) Aucker; great^2-grandson of *James Pettigrew,* Lieutenant Penna. Line, widow pensioned.

JOHN EDGAR HAINES, Pittsburg, Pa. (18355). Son of Samuel E. and Martha (McCamon) Haines; grandson of John and Mary (Patterson) Haines; great-grandson of Robert and Isabel (Brisban) Patterson; great^2-grandson of *John Brisban,* Captain Second Battalion and Third Penna. Line.

WILLIAM WHEELER HALBERT, Philadelphia, Pa. (18365). Son of Asa E. and Miranda (Wainwright) Halbert; grandson of Asel and Elmira (Donaldson) Halbert; great-grandson of *John Halbert,* Lieutenant, John Dickerson's Mass. Regt.

ELNATHAN HOLDEN, Philadelphia, Pa. (18630). Son of *Nehemiah Holden,* private, Col. Michael Jackson's Mass. Regt., pensioned.

CHARLES SHERMAN HUBBARD, Pittsburg, Pa. (18359). Son of Sherman Driggs and Eliza S. (Sexton) Hubbard; grandson of Orange and Loraine (Boardman) Hubbard; great-grandson of *Josiah Hubbard,* private Twenty-second Conn. Continental Line, pensioned.

JACOB DUNCAN JAQUES, Philadelphia, Pa. (18371). Son of Edwin Thomas and Charlotte Louise (Duncan) Jaques; grandson of William and Elmina (Stehley) Duncan; great-grandson of William and Nancy (Young-Bennage) Duncan; great^2-grandson of *John Duncan,* Signer of "Association of Liberty Company in Lancaster County, Pa.," Captain Associated Penna. Battalion.

JACOB FRANKLIN KIRK, Pittsburg, Pa. (18373). Son of Jacob Levi and Jane (Milner) Kirk; grandson of Levi and Rachel Kirk; great-grandson of *Roger Kirk,* Captain Fourth Battalion, Chester County, Penna., Associators.

HOMER J. LINDSAY, Pittsburg, Pa. (18360). Son of Samuel D. and Margaret Ann (Buhoup) Lindsay; grandson of John and Mary Ann (Bartelow) Buhoup; great-grandson of John and Christina (Fry) Bartelow; great^2-grandson of *Michael Fry,* or *Frey,* private Eighth Battalion Cumberland County, Penna., Militia.

CHESTER MUNSON LINGLE, Graceton, Pa. (18374). Son of Lycurgus G. and Gertrude Ann (Munson) Lingle; grandson of Chester and Letitia (McClelland) Munson; great-grandson of

Almond and Polly (Tarbell) Munson; great²-grandson of *Almond Munson,* Musician Fourth Conn. Line, pensioned.

JOHN SMITH LITTEL, Ben Avon, Pa. (18626). Son of Robert Calhoun and Sarah Elizabeth (Cotton) Littell; grandson of John Smith and Mary (Calhoun) Littell; great-grandson of William and Cynthia (Smith) Littell; great²-grandson of *William Littell,* private, Col. Thomas Proctor's Penna. Regt., prisoner, pensioned.

CHARLES LUDLOW LIVINGSTON, Oakmont, Pa. (18627). Son of Ludlow and Mary (Keif) Livingston; grandson of Anson and Ann (Livingston) Livingston; great-grandson of *Henry Brockholst Livingston,* Lieutenant Colonel on staff of Major General Philip Schuyler; great²-grandson of *William Livingston,* Governor of New Jersey, Brigadier General of Militia.

CROSBY PRICE MORTON, Philadelphia, Pa. (18356). Son of Benjamin Newlin and Mary R. (Farson) Morton; grandson of Sketchley and Elizabeth A. (Newlin) Morton; great-grandson of John Sketchley and Susanna (Crosby) Morton; great²-grandson of *Sketchley Morton,* Major Third Battalion Chester County, Penna., Militia; great³-grandson of *John Morton,* Signer of the Declaration of Independence; great²-grandson of *John Crosby,* Captain Third Battalion Chester County, Penna., Militia.

LUCIUS LA VERNE PARISH, Franklin, Pa. (18361). Son of Lucius W. and Josephine (Rice) Parish; grandson of Samuel L. and Charlotte (Tracy) Rice; great-grandson of Amos and Betsey (Fairbank) Rice; great²-grandson of *Cyrus Fairbank,* Drum Major Mass. Continental Troops; great³-grandson of *Joseph Fairbank,* Captain, Asa Whitcomb's Mass. Regt.

JOHN ELIPHALET POTTER, Pittsburg, Pa. (18631). Son of James H. and Sybil A. (Stevens) Potter; grandson of Eliphalet and Christina (Monfort) Stevens; great-grandson of *Ephraim Stevens,* private Third New Hampshire Regt., Lieutenant Mass. Militia, pensioned.

WALTER SCOTT RADEKER, Asheville, N. C. (Pa., 18354). Son of C. W. R. and Evelyn Hale (Lamkin) Radeker; grandson of Henry and Rachel (Taylor) Radeker; great-grandson of *David Taylor,* private Albany County, New York, Militia, pensioned.

HARRY Y. REIFSNYDER, Pittsburg, Pa. (18634). Son of William and Mary Minerva (Konecke) Reifsnyder; grandson of Richard N. and Mary Rebecca (Sewell) Konecke; great-grandson of William Harrison Sewell; great²-grandson of *John Sewell,* Sergeant Seventh Maryland Regt.

WILLIAM K. REIFSNYDER, Pittsburg, Pa. (18633). Son of William and Mary Minerva (Konecke) Reifsnyder; grandson of Richard N. and Mary Rebecca (Sewell) Konecke; great-grandson of William Harrison Sewell; great²-grandson of *John Sewell,* Sergeant Seventh Maryland Regt.

GRAFTON TREVOR REYNOLDS, New Brighton, Pa. (18632). Son of Lot Owings and Eliza (Little) Reynolds; grandson of John and Sarah (Owings) Reynolds; great-grandson of *James Reynolds,* private Fifth Maryland Regt.

DAVID WEIMER RIAL, Greensburg, Pa. (18369). Son of John and Lizzie Margret Rial; grandson of John and Mary Ann Rial; great-grandson of Isaac and Catherine (Divore) Riall; great^2-grandson of *David Ryall* or *Riall,* private New Jersey Continental Line, pensioned.

ROBERT GARRETT STEPHENS RUFFNER, Ben Avon, Pa. (14065). Supplementals. Son of Jacob and Huldah (Stephens) Ruffner; grandson of Edward and Mary (Lydick) Ruffner; great-grandson of Jacob and Susanna (Hainey) Ruffner; great^2-grandson of Henry Ruffner; great^3-grandson of Philip and Eve (Hoenig) Ruffner; great^4-grandson of *Simon Ruffner,* private Northampton, Penna., Rangers; great-grandson of James and Sarah (Chapman) Lydick; great^2-grandson of Patrick and Mary (McHenry) Lydick; great^3-grandson of *John Lydick,* private Westmoreland, Penna., Rangers.

SAMUEL SLOCUM SADLER, Johnstown, Pa. (18375). Son of O. W. and Emma Josephine (Slocum) Sadler; grandson of George W. Sherman and Roda Cary Cortlandt (Mantor) Slocum; great-grandson of Samuel and Mary Gardiner (Sherman) Slocum; great^2-grandson of *Henry Sherman,* Ensign, Colonel Sherbourne's Regt. Rhode Island Regulars.

WILLIAM MORGAN SMITH, Mount Pleasant, Pa. (18358). Son of William X. and Mary Ann (Morgan) Smith; grandson of David and Magdelen (Hossler) Morgan; great-grandson of *Thomas Morgan,* private, Hand's Penna. Regt., and Recruiting Sergeant under General Blaine.

CLARENCE VAN DYKE TIERS, Oakmont, Pa. (18367). Son of La Rue and Anna (Van Dyke) Tiers; grandson of John Stanley and Elizabeth (Sands) Van Dyke; great-grandson of *Nicholas Van Dyke,* Major of Delaware Militia, Member of Continental Congress, Signer of Articles of Confederation, Governor of Delaware.

JAMES HERBERT TRAVIS, Pitcairn, Pa. (18368). Son of George T. and Priscilla Martin (Williams) Travis; grandson of Robert L. and Juliana De Haven (Atlee) Williams; great-grandson of Joseph Augustus and Amelia (De Haven) Atlee; great^2-grandson of *Samuel John Atlee,* Colonel Penna. Musket Battalion.

LYLE VAN VLECK, Corry, Pa. (18353). Son of William and Emma (Huggabone) Van Vleck; grandson of Lawrence and Mercy (Bradley) Van Vleck; great-grandson of William and Almira (Scott) Bradley; great^2-grandson of John and Anice (Brownson) Bradley; great^3-grandson of *Guideon Brownson,* Captain, Ethan Allen's Green Mountain Boys.

HERSHEL WILLIAMS, Moberly, Mo. (Pa. 18366). Son of James M. and Margaret (Ragsdale) Williams; grandson of William Trues-

dal and Julia Ann (Harris) Williams; great-grandson of Elijah Williams; great²-grandson of *John (Jack) Williams,* Captain Virginia State Troops Continental Line.

RHODE ISLAND SOCIETY.

HERBERT FRANKLIN BILLINGS, Natick, R. I. (18117). Son of Arthur Gilbert and Etta E. (Andrews) Billings; grandson of Benjamin Franklin and Ann P. (Palmer) Billings; great-grandson of Gilbert and Lucy (Swan) Billings; great²-grandson of *Sanford Billings,* Lieutenant Eighth Conn. Militia.

IRA FRANKLIN CARR, Providence, R. I. (18118). Son of Franklin and Martha Abby (Greene) Carr; grandson of Lewis and Lucinda Susan (Burse) Carr; great-grandson of John and Martha (aDvis) Carr; great²-grandson of *Caleb Carr,* Captain, Col. William Richmond's Rhode Island Regt., pensioned.

ASA CUSHMAN, 3rd., Providence, R. I. (18122). Son of Asa and Clara Annena (Jackson) Cushman, 2nd; grandson of Asa and Perah (Tilton) Cushman; great-grandson of Mathew Smith and Cynthia (Holbrook) Cushman; great²-grandson of *Amaziah Cushman,* Sergeant Fourth Suffolk County Regt. Mass. Militia.

GEORGE ELMER DRAYTON, East Providence, R. I. (18119). Son of Albert and Martha F. (Safford) Drayton; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Adams) Drayton; great-grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Tapley) Adams; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Adams,* private, Abijah Smith's Company, Enoch Hale's New Hampshire Regt.

RUSSELL CURTIS FALES, Edgewood, R. I. (18116). Son of Lewis L. and Jane Taylor (Osborn) Fales; grandson of Obadiah and Sarah (Taylor) Osborn; great-grandson of David and Sarah (Perry) Osborn; great²-grandson of *Samuel Osborn, Osbon,* First Lieutenant, Captain Wheeler's Company, Col. James Reed's Mass. Regt.

OTIS MASON FREEMAN, Providence, R. I. (18105). Son of Mason and Martha A. (Sherman) Freeman; grandson of Ebenezer and Sally (Legg) Freeman; great-grandson of *Caleb Legg,* Corporal, Andrew Peters's Company, Joseph Read's Mass. Regt.

THEODORE ORMAN GLADDING, Bristol, R. I. (18121). Son of John A. C. and Elizabeth (Greene) Gladding; grandson of Joseph and Mary (Floyd) Greene; great-grandson of *Joseph Greene,* Sergeant, Col. Richard Fry's Independent Company, Kentish Guards of Rhode Island, widow pensioned.

EDWIN LEWIS HUNTSMAN, Providence, R. I. (18111). Son of John Fletcher and Zerviah Stires (Fitz Randolph) Huntsman; grandson of Enoch M. and Mary (Van Syckle) Fitz Randolph; great-grandson of Joseph and Mary (Manning) Fitz Randolph; great²-grandson of *Joseph Fitz Randolph,* Captain Monmouth County, New Jersey, Militia.

ROYAL KNIGHT JOSLIN, Providence, R. I. (18802). Son of Henry Van Amburgh and Henrietta Anna (Briggs) Joslin; grandson of John Henry and Julia Ann (Vaughn) Joslin; great-grandson of Henry Vaughn and Barbara Randall (Cleveland) Joslin; great^2-grandson of Albro and Sarah (Angell) Cleveland; great^3-grandson of *Israel Angell,* Colonel Second Rhode Island Regt.

WARREN AIKEN LULL, New Berlin, N. Y. (R. I. 18125). Son of Nathan and Tammy (McCoye) Lull, Jr.; grandson of *Nathan Lull,* private, Col. Morris Graham's Regt., New York Levies.

CHARLES VASEL MEDBERY, New Berlin, N. Y. (R. I. 18801). Son of Ransom and Chara (Empet) Medbery; grandson of Charles and Sarah (White) Medbery; great-grandson of Charles and Dorcas (Taylor) Medbery; great^2-grandson of Isaac and Lydia (Griffith) Medbery; great^3-grandson of *Isaac Medbery,* Sergeant, Colonel Hitchcock's Rhode Island Regt.

CHARLES SUMNER ORR, Providence, R. I. (18120). Son of James E. and Frances Minerva (Beach) Orr; grandson of Seba and Minerva (Beach) Beach; great-grandson of Caleb and Sarah (Blakeslee) Beach; great^2-grandson of *Jonathan Blakeslee,* private, Col. Benj. Simond's Detachment Mass. Militia.

WILLIAM HAILES PALMER, Providence, R. I. (18109). Son of Frank Arnold and Nellie Julia (Lyke) Palmer; grandson of Arnold and Amanda Jane (Read) Palmer; great-grandson of Garner and Lucretia (Heath) Read; great^2-grandson of Peleg and Abigail (Kelly) Heath; great^3-grandson of *Peleg Heath,* Major Bristol County Regt., Member of Rhode Island General Assembly.

FREDERICK STANHOPE PECK, Providence, R. I. (18803). Son of Leander R. and Sarah Gould (Cannon) Peck; grandson of Asa and Lucretia S. Peck; great-grandson of Ellis and Sarah Peck; great^2-grandson of *Solomon Peck,* Clerk, Capt. Thomas Allen's Company of Rhode Island Militia.

LEANDER REMINGTON PECK, Barrington, R. I. (18123). Son of Asa and Lucretia S. Peck; grandson of Ellis and Sarah Peck; great-grandson of *Solomon Peck,* private and clerk, Capt. Thomas Allin's Company, Rhode Island Militia.

BYRON AINSWORTH PIERCE, Providence, R. I. (18115). Son of William Polleys and Sarah (Pearson) Pierce; grandson of John Hill and Charlotte Maria (Cutter) Pierce; great-grandson of *Abel Pierce,* private, Col. Joseph Vose's First Mass. Regt.; great^2-grandson of *Moses Pierce,* private, Capt. Samuel Lamson's Company, Mass. Militia; great-grandson of Gershom and Mary (Polleys) Cutter; great^2-grandson of *William Polleys,* private, Col. Thomas Gardiner's Mass. Regt.; grandson of John Jay and Martha Maria Converse (Caldwell) Pearson; great-grandson of William and Czarina (Converse) Caldwell; great^2-grandson of *Josiah* (and Martha Tidd) *Converse,* private, Col. Samuel Bullard's Mass. Regt.;

great^3-grandson of *Josiah Converse,* private, Capt. Jesse Wyman's Militia Company of Woburn, Mass.; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan Tidd,* Lieutenant, Colonel Baldwin's Mass. Regt.; great^2-grandson of *Enoch Caldwell,* private, Colonel Johnson's Regt. Mass. Militia; great^3-grandson of *Jacob Caldwell,* Sergeant Second Middlesex County Regt., Mass. Militia.

ALBERT HARDIN SAYLES, Burrillville, R. I. (18110). Son of Albert L. and Fannie Jane (Warner) Sayles; grandson of Hardin and Laura (Wood) Sayles; great-grandson of Daniel and Phebe Sayles; great^2-grandson of *Israel Sayles,* private Second Regt. of Foot Rhode Island Brigade.

WALTER FRANCIS SEYMOUR, Providence, R. I. (18804). Son of Manuel Francis and Juliette L. Seymour; grandson of Joseph and Eunice (Hubbard) Seymour; great-grandson of William and Hannah (Brayton) Hubbard; great^2-grandson of *James Wheaton Brayton,* seaman Rhode Island navy, captive on prison ship.

LEON MARVIN SIMONS, Providence, R. I. (18107). Son of William G. and Ella A. (Webster) Simons; grandson of James M. and Roxanna (Bailey) Webster; great-grandson of Israel and Rebecca (Perham) Webster; great^2-grandson of *John Webster,* Major, Moses Nichols's Regt. New Hampshire Volunteers.

CHARLES EARLE SMITH, Oak Lawn, R. I. (18104). Son of Albert John and Mary Francis (Spaulding) Smith; grandson of John Newell and Sarah Coggeshall (Vose) Spaulding; great-grandson of *Nathaniel Spaulding,* private Smithfield and Cumberland, Rhode Island, Rangers.

GEORGE THRUSTON SPICER, Providence, R. I. (18112). Son of William Arnold and Anna Eliza (Carpenter) Spicer; grandson of George Thurston and Mary Sheldon (Arnold) Spicer; great-grandson of Horatio and Celia (Sheldon) Arnold; great^2-grandson of Nicholas and Phœbe (Potter) Sheldon; great^3-grandson of *Caleb Potter,* private, Captain General Cavaliers of Rhode Island; grandson of Joseph and Ann Eliza (Clark) Carpenter; great-grandson of Daniel and Eunice (Wood) Carpenter; great^2-grandson of *Joseph Carpenter,* private, Colonel Wade's Mass. Regt.; great-grandson of Joseph and Mary (Saunders-Cottrell) Spicer; great^2-grandson of *Stephen Saunders,* Lieutenant, Col. Joseph Noyes's Rhode Island Regt.; great-grandson of Henry F. and Alice (Taylor) Clark; great^2-grandson of Parker and Mary (Finney) Clark; great^3-grandson of *Jeremiah Finney, Phinney,* private, Col. Nathaniel Miller's Rhode Island Regt.

CHARLES TILLINGHAST STRAIGHT, Pawtucket, R. I. (18113). Son of Albert and Angeline Avery (Tillinghast) Straight; grandson of John and Susan Caroline (Avery) Tillinghast; great-grandson of Pardon and Mary (Sweet) Tillinghast; great^2-grandson of *Charles Tillinghast,* Recruiting Officer Rhode Island Militia.

HENRY GILBERT THRESHER, Pawtucket, R. I. (18108). Son of John Cudworth and Ann Eliza (Payne) Thresher; grandson of Noah and Bethiah (Sprague) Payne; great-grandson of *Benjamin Paine,* private, Captain Tourtelotte's Company, Colonel Crary's Rhode Island Regt., pensioned.

JOHN AVERY TILLINGHAST, Providence, R. I. (18114). Son of Pardon E. and Ellen F. (Paine) Tillinghast; grandson of John and Susan Caroline (Avery) Tillinghast; great-grandson of Pardon and Mary (Sweet) Tillinghast; great²-grandson of *Charles Tillinghast,* Recruiting Officer Rhode Island Militia.

LEWIS BRADFORD WALDRON, Bristol, R. I. (18124). Son of Benjamin Lewis and Deborah Floyd (Greene) Waldron; grandson of Joseph and Mary (Floyd) Greene; great-grandson of *Joseph Greene,* Sergeant, Col. Richard Fry's Independent Company, Kentish Guards of Rhode Island, widow pensioned.

GEORGE BURT WALKER, Providence, R. I. (18106). Son of William and Elizabeth (Hull) Walker; grandson of Samuel and Mary (Burt) Walker; great-grandson of Silas and Dimmis (Sexton) Walker; great²-grandson of *James Walker,* Lieutenant, Jonathan Bardwell's Company, Elisha Porter's Mass. Regt.

TEXAS SOCIETY.

MAYNARD DAVIS BEADLE, Fort Worth, Texas (16670). Son of Winfield A. and Ida (Davis) Beadle; grandson of James Louden and Lucy J. (Merrill) Beadle; great-grandson of Abijah and Anna Merrill; great²-grandson of *Abijah Merrill,* private First Berkshire County Regt., Mass. Militia.

WALTER S. MAYER, Galveston, Texas (16668). Son of Leo A. and Mary T. (Kyle) Mayer; grandson of Adolph H. and Rose A. (Phillipson) Mayer; great-grandson of Elias and Abby (Aucker) Mayer; great²-grandson of Adolph and Abby (Pettigrew) Aucker; great³-grandson of *James Pettigrew,* Lieutenant Eleventh and Third Regts. Penna. Line.

EDWIN ELDRIDGE RICE, Galveston, Texas (16669). Son of Joseph Williams and Mary (Bruen) Rice; grandson of Joseph and Mary (Eldridge) Rice; great-grandson of *Elijah Rice, Jr.,* private, James Davis's Company, Doolittle's Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Elijah Rice, Sr.,* Corporal, Jesse Stone's Company, Job Cushing's Mass. Regt.

UTAH SOCIETY.

MAURICE EDWARDS SIMPSON, Salt Lake City, Utah (15621). Son of Samuel Sommerfield and Bettie Woodson (Lockett) Simpson; grandson of George W. and Eliza Watkins (Vaughan) Lockett; great-grandson of Jack and Martha (Watkins) Vaughan; great²-grandson of *Thomas Watkins,* Captain of Cavalry, Colonel North Carolina Militia.

GEORGE CARL SMITH, Salt Lake City, Utah (15620). Son of William F. and Mary E. (Shoemaker) Smith; grandson of Henry F. and Charlotte Shoemaker; great-grandson of *Jacob Shoemaker,* matross First Regt. Virginia Continental Artillery.

HAROLD MONTELLE STEPHENS, Salt Lake City, Utah (15622). Son of Frank Bray and Lunette (Stebbins) Stephens; grandson of Daniel Willard and Sarah Jane (Reynolds) Stebbins; great-grandson of Horace and Lucinda (Adair) Stebbins; great^2-grandson of *James Adair,* private, Marion's Brigade South Carolina Militia; grandson of Edwin Fessenden and Sally Berry (Ricker) Stephens; great-grandson of Ezra and Lydia (Robinson) Stephens; great^2-grandson of *Joseph* (and Patty Spaulding) *Robinson,* private Mass. Militia; great^3-grandson of *Benjamin Spaulding,* private, Colonel Baldwin's Mass. Regt.; great^3-grandson of *Increase Robinson,* Lieutenant Second Plymouth County Regt., Mass. troops; great^2-grandson of *Sylvanus Stephens,* private Plymouth County, Mass., Militia; great-grandson of James and Elizabeth (Berry) Ricker; great^2-grandson of *William Berry,* Sergeant Cumberland County, Mass., Militia.

VERMONT SOCIETY.

EDWARD W. BISBEE, Barre, Vt. (17856). Son of Elijah W. and Lydia (Brown) Bisbee; grandson of John and Nancy (Chamberlin) Bisbee; great-grandson of *Abner Bisbee,* Captain Springfield Company, Cumberland County, Vermont Militia.

THOMAS BUTLER, Concord, Vt. (17784). Son of George Wallace and Frances Jane (Oldham) Butler; grandson of John James and Rachel Richey (Crispin) Oldham; great-grandson of *Joseph Crispin,* Sergeant and Clerk, Fifth Company, Regiment of Foot, Philadelphia Militia, Col. John Eyre.

ARTHUR DEXTER BUTTERFIELD, Burlington, Vt. (17870). Son of Dexter and Georgianna (Kenney) Butterfield; grandson of Leonard and Lucy (Wright) Butterfield; great-grandson of Leonard and Mary (Taylor) Butterfield; great^2-grandson of *Leonard Butterfield,* Captain of Minute Men, Col. Ebenezer Bridge's Mass. Regt.

FRED T. CASWELL, Derby Line, Vt. (17857). Son of George R. and Mary M. (Hackett) Caswell; grandson of Seth and Mary A. (Vena) Caswell; great-grandson of *Nathan Caswell, Jr.,* private, James Blake's Company, New Hampshire Frontier Rangers; great^2-grandson of *Nathan Caswell,* private, Bedel's New Hampshire Regt.

HARRY EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, Burlington, Vt. (17868). Son of Charles E. and Minnie Electa (Potter) Cunningham; grandson of Franklin E. and Helen M. (Downs) Potter; great-grandson of Jesse and Delia (Spencer) Downs; great^2-grandson of Jesse and Meletine (Scott) Downs; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan Scott,* Lieutenant, Col. Samuel Herrick's Regt. Vermont Militia.

FRANK DENISON DEWEY, Montpelier, Vt. (17869). Son of Denison and Amy A. (Chandler) Dewey; grandson of Osman and Betsy (Perley) Dewey; great-grandson of Simeon and Prudence (Yeamans) Dewey; great²-grandson of *William Dewey,* Corporal Hebron Conn. and New Hampshire Militia.

JAMES FRENCH DEWEY, Quechee, Vt. (17866). Son of William Tarbox and Alice Elmore (French) Dewey; grandson of Charles and Betsy (Tarbox) Dewey; great-grandson of Julius Yeamans and Mary (Perrin) Dewey; great²-grandson of Simeon and Prudence (Yeamans) Dewey; great³-grandson of *William Dewey,* Corporal Hebron Conn. and New Hampshire Militia; great-grandson of Lund and Susan (Edson) Tarbox; great²-grandson of Timothy and Polly (Downer) Edson; great³-grandson of Timothy and Susan (Orcutt) Edson; great⁴-grandson of *Samuel Orcutt,* Lieutenant, Colonel Huntington's Conn. Regt., pensioned; great²-grandson of *James Tarbox,* private Mass. Militia.

PAUL SHIPMAN DILLINGHAM, Montpelier, Vt. (17861). Son of William Paul and Mary Ellen (Shipman) Dillingham; grandson of Paul and Julia (Carpenter) Dillingham; great-grandson of *Paul Dillingham,* private, Josiah Whitney's Regt. Mass. Militia.

FRANK LESLIE FISH, Vergennes, Vt. (17860). Son of Frederick Appleton and Sarah Moore (Gates) Fish; grandson of Jason and Sophia (Merriam) Fish; great-grandson of Samuel and Betsey (Kingsbury) Fish; great²-grandson of *Simeon Fish,* Corporal, Read's Twentieth Mass. Regt.; grandson of Martin and Rebecca (Winslow) Gates; great-grandson of *Daniel Gates,* Lieutenant, John Sergeant's Vermont Regt.

EDWARD A. FISK, Waitsfield, Vt. (17873). Son of Anson and Joanna (Barnard) Fisk; grandson of Ebenezer and Experience (Childs) Barnard; great-grandson of *Samuel Barnard,* private, Col. Elisha Porter's Hampshire County Regt., Mass., Militia; grandson of Moses and Hannah (Bachelor) Fisk; great-grandson of *Perrin Bachelor,* Ensign, Capt. Samuel Baldwin's Company, Col. Nicholas Dike's Mass. Regt.

GEORGE W. FOSTER, Hardwick, Vt. (17864). Son of George W. and Polly (Kelton) Foster; grandson of *Thomas Foster,* Sergeant New York Line, pensioned.

CHARLES FREDERICK HOUSE, U. S. Navy (Vt. 17862). Son of Charles Albert and Lydia Ann (Helliwell) House; great-grandson of David and Elizabeth (Hannay) House; great-grandson of *Joseph* (and Sophia Billings) *House,* Second Lieutenant Second Mass. Regt.; great²-grandson of *Samuel* (and Beulah Fay) *Billings,* Major Second Mass. Regt., Assistant Commissary Vermont troops; great³-grandson of *Stephen Fay,* Member of Bennington, Vermont, Committee of Safety.

LUCIUS HINCKLEY JONES, Burlington, Vt. (17859). Son of John W. and Martha Eunice (Johnson) Jones; grandson of Anson Smith

and Agnes M. (Stuart) Johnson; great-grandson of John and Lurinda (Smith) Johnson; great²-grandson of *Benjamin Johnson,* Corporal, Thomas Stickney's New Hampshire Continental Regt.

OWEN F. McCABE, North Hartland, Vt. (17858). Son of Edmund and Emily (Tilden) McCabe; grandson of Jedediah Norton and Arabella (Lombard) Tilden; great-grandson of *Stephen Tilden,* Sergeant Vermont Militia, pensioned.

JOHN ABNER MEAD, Rutland, Vt. (17867). Son of Roswell Rowley and Lydia Ann (Gorham) Mead; grandson of Abner and Nancy (Rowley) Mead; great-grandson of Abner and Amelia (Roots) Mead; great²-grandson of *James Mead,* Colonel Vermont Militia.

CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham, Vt. (17872). Son of Marvin and Hannah (Converse) North; grandson of Nathaniel and Sally (Bateman) North; great-grandson of *Abijah North,* private, Col. Roger Enos's Conn. Regt., and Flower's Artillery Artificers; grandson of Joshua and Mary (Trask) Converse; great-grandson of Josiah and Elizabeth (Lewis) Converse; great²-grandson of *Josiah Converse,* First Lieutenant Third Battalion Wadsworth's Conn. Brigade.

HAMILTON SULLIVAN PECK, Burlington, Vt. (17855). Son of Sullivan and Czarina (Davis) Peck; grandson of Joseph Davis; great-grandson of *John Davis,* Lieutenant Bristol County, Mass., Militia.

REDFIELD PROCTOR, Jr., Proctor, Vt. (17863). Son of Redfield and Emily Jane Proctor; grandson of Jabez and Betsey Proctor; great-grandson of *Leonard Proctor,* Lieutenant Middlesex County, Mass., Militia.

WILLIAM EVERETT ROBERTSON, St. Albans, Vt. (17865). Son of William J. and Clara Jane (Gould) Robertson; grandson of Lucien B. and Elizabeth A. (Foss) Gould; great-grandson of Samuel and Mary P. (Colby) Gould; great²-grandson of Samuel and Sarah (Partridge) Colby; great³-grandson of *Thomas Colby,* private, Thomas Bartlet's New Hampshire Continental Regt.

HENRY ALBERT SLAYTON, Morrisville, Vt. (17871). Son of George Josephus and Fannie A. (Andrews) Slayton; grandson of Bucklin and Sally (Willis) Slayton; great-grandson of *Jesse Slayton,* private, Captain Fisk's Company, Colonel Tyler's Mass. Regt., pensioned.

VIRGINIA SOCIETY.

AMOS JOHNSTON ACKISS, Virginia Beach, Va. (18577). Son of John B. and Virginia (Whitehead) Ackiss; grandson of Caleb Lamont and Lovey (Fisher) Ackiss; great-grandson of Thomas and Susannah (Lamont) Ackiss; great²-grandson of *John Ackiss,* Justice of Princess Anne County Court, Member of Committee of Safety.

ROBERT CLAYTOR AUNSPAUGH, Norfolk, Va. (18579). Son of Robert Tilghman and Anna M. (Claytor) Aunspaugh; grandson of Robert Mitchell and Julia A. (Graham) Claytor; great-grandson of *Michael* (and Elizabeth Lyle) *Graham,* private Penna. Militia; great²-grandson of *Samuel Lyle,* Commissary Virginia troops, Collector of Specific Taxes; great-grandson of *Samuel Claytor,* Sergeant Second Virginia Foot.

JACKSON DAVIS, Richmond, Va. (18581). Son of William Anderson and Sallie Wyatt (Jackson) Davis; grandson of Elisha and Sarah (Swift) Jackson; great-grandson of *John Jackson,* private Virginia Continental Line.

NATHANIEL WALDO HARRISON, Norfolk, Va. (15347). Son of N. W. and Ophelia C. (Charles) Harrison; grandson of Jno. Nicholas and Margaret Elizabeth Ann (Lorton) Harrison; great-grandson of Richard and Mary (Heth) Lorton; great²-grandson of *William Heth,* Colonel Third Virginia Regt.; great-grandson of Benjamin Munford and Dolly Pleasants (Nicholas) Harrison; great²-grandson of *John Nicholas,* Lieutenant Ninth Virginia Regt.

FLOYD HUGHES, Norfolk, Va. (15348). Son of Robert W. and Eliza (Johnston) Hughes; grandson of Charles Clement and Eliza Madison (Preston) Johnston; great-grandson of *Peter* (and Mary Woodson) *Johnston,* Lieutenant, Lee's Virginia Legion; great-grandson of John and Mary (Radford) Preston; great²-grandson of *William Preston,* Colonel Virginia Militia; great²-grandson of *William Radford,* Virginia privateersman on "Phœnix," taken prisoner to England; grandson of Jesse and Elizabeth Woodson (Morton) Hughes; great-grandson of *Hezekiah Morton,* Captain Virginia Continental troops; great-grandson of *David Hughes,* Captain Virginia troops; great²-grandson of *John Morton,* Captain Virginia troops.

FRANK ELLSWORTH ROGERS, Norfolk, Va. (18578). Son of James Chapman and Nancy (Beckwith) Rogers; grandson of William and Mary (Chapman) Rogers; great-grandson of *James Chapman, 3d,* private Conn. troops; great²-grandson of *James Chapman, Jr.,* Major, Selden's Conn. Regt., killed in Orchard Fight, 1776.

ADAIR HARDIN SANDERS, Richmond, Va. (15346). Son of Thomas and Mary Louisa (Stuart) Sanders; grandson of Thomas and Jane Irwin (Hardin) Sanders; great-grandson of Mark and Mary (Adair) Hardin; great²-grandson of *John Hardin,* Second Lieutenant Virginia troops.

WILLIAM HENRY SARGEANT, Norfolk, Va. (18580). Son of Samuel Rowell and Maria Lorrain (Sheldon) Sargeant; grandson of Aaron D. and Sally Dustin (Rowell) Sargeant; great-grandson of *Samuel Rowell,* private, Scammel's and Reid's New Hampshire Regts.

WILLIAM HENRY SARGEANT, Jr., Norfolk, Va. (15349). Son of William Henry and Elizabeth Frances (Williams) Sargeant; grand-

son of Horatio Nelson and Phebe Sutton (Carter) Williams; great-grandson of Joshua and Frances Williams; great²-grandson of *James Williams, Jr.,* Major Bristol County Brigade, Mass., Militia.

JAMES HARVEY WOOL, Norfolk, Va. (18576). Son of James Craig and Elmira (Demarest) Wool; grandson of Joseph and Elizabeth (Craig) Wool; great-grandson of *Robert Wool,* private Second Ulster County Regt., New York, Militia.

THEODORE JACKSON WOOL, Portsmouth, Va. (15350). Son of James Craig and Elmira (Demarest) Wool; grandson of Joseph and Elizabeth (Craig) Wool; great-grandson of *Robert Wool,* private Second Ulster County Regt., New York Militia.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY.

THOMAS MOORE ANDREW, Jr., Seattle, Wash. (17825). Son of Thomas M. and Lida (Atkins) Andrew; grandson of Jesse and Sarah Warwick (Nichol) Andrew; great-grandson of *John Andrew,* Surgeon New Jersey Militia; grandson of Joseph and Loretta (Hooper) Atkins; great-grandson of Pontius and Lydia (Clark) Hooper; great²-grandson of *Samuel Clark,* Major New York troops.

FRANK RUFUS ATKINS, Seattle, Wash. (17822). Son of Henry Allen and Mary Jane Barr (Osborne) Atkins; grandson of Henry and Persis (Allen) Atkins; great-grandson of *Asaph Allen,* private, Colonel Whitcomb's Mass. Regt., pensioned.

JULIUS WEBSTER AUGUSTINE, Seattle, Wash. (17824). Son of Manuel B. and Amanda Elizabeth (Hamilton) Augustine; grandson of Julius and Aurelia (Webster) Augustine; great-grandson of Ephraim and Mercy (Wilcox) Webster; great²-grandson of *Ephraim Webster,* private, Col. Isaac Sherman's Conn. Regt.

MANUEL B. AUGUSTINE, Seattle, Wash. (17819). Son of Julius and Aurelia (Webster) Augustine; grandson of Ephraim and Mercy (Wilcox) Webster; great-grandson of *Ephraim Webster,* private, Isaac Sherman's Conn. Regt.

JOHN R. BOOTH, Seattle, Wash. (17820). Son of John and Sarah Elizabeth (Gillmore) Booth; grandson of *Jonathan Gillmore,* private, Finlay's Company, New Hampshire Militia.

HARRY ROUNTREE CLISE, Seattle, Wash. (17821). Son of Samuel Francis and Nancy (McKenzie) Clise; grandson of James and Lucinthia (Rowntree) McKenzie; great-grandson of John and Rebecca (Hawkins) Rowntree; great²-grandson of *Thomas Rowntree,* private, Woodson's Company, Ninth Virginia Regt.

FRANK L. DAVIS, Tacoma, Wash. (18604). Son of David F. and Louise (Runyon) Davis; grandson of Nathaniel and Sarah (Graham) Davis; great-grandson of *Thomas Graham,* private, Captain Anderson's Company, Colonel Atley's Musket Battalion Penna. troops.

FORREST JOHN DOLLINGER, Seattle, Wash. (18605). Son of George S. and Rebecca (Tobias) Dollinger; grandson of William and Frances (Shepler) Dollinger; great-grandson of *John Dollinger,* private Tenth Penna. Regt., pensioned.

RICHARD HENRY EDELIN, Seattle, Wash. (17808). Supplemental. Son of Benjamin Marcellus and Mary Theresa (Gardiner) Edelin; grandson of Thomas Elzear and Adelphius de Barth (Walbach) Gardiner; great-grandson of James and Permelia (Dyer) Gardiner; great^2-grandson of Harry and Mary (Borman) Gardiner; great^3-grandson of *Richard Gardiner,* Sergeant Second Maryland Regt.

JOHN DRUMMOND FLETCHER, Tacoma, Wash. (18602). Son of James Henry and Elizabeth (Broadwater) Fletcher; grandson of Thomas and Elizabeth (Wallop) Fletcher; great-grandson of Thomas and Elishea (Drummond) Fletcher; great^2-grandson of *Henry Fletcher,* Member of Accomack County Court, Virginia, and High Sheriff.

FRANK JILLSON FRIEND, Seattle, Wash. (17817). Son of William C. and Margaretta D. (Herron) Friend; grandson of John and Clara (Anderson) Herron; great-grandson of *William Anderson,* Corporal and Orderly Sergeant, Captain Rippey's Company, Penna. Volunteers.

CARROLL STEPHEN GRAVES, Spokane, Wash. (17818). Son of Frank Hyde and Esther Maud (Ferris) Graves; grandson of Hiram Gano and Julia Esther (Holton) Ferris; great-grandson of Isaac and Phebe (Arnold) Holton; great^2-grandson of *Seth Arnald,* Sergeant, Higgins's Company, William Douglas's Conn. Regt.; great-grandson of Stephen Gano and Eunice (Beebe) Ferris; great^2-grandson of Israel and Ruth (Mead) Ferris; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan Mead,* private Sixth New York Regt., Col. David Sutherland.

ALMOND FRANKLIN HOLCOMBE, Seattle, Wash. (16774). Supplemental. Son of Almond Fayette and Elizabeth (Crawford) Holcombe; grandson of Oliver and Martha (Holcombe) Holcombe; great-grandson of *Jedidiah Holcombe,* father of Martha, Corporal, Joel Hay's Company Conn. Miltia; grandson of Guian and Sarah (Holland) Crawford; great-grandson of *John Holland,* Ensign, Lewis's Company of Foot, Fourth Regt. Delaware Militia.

JAMES HAMILTON HOWE, Seattle, Wash. (18608). Son of Edward Everett and Lydia Sanborn (Leavitt) Howe; grandson of Abel and Margaret (Bixby) Howe; great-grandson of *Abraham Howe, Jr.,* Corporal Mass. Militia; great^2-grandson of *Abraham Howe,* Captain, Ipswich Company, Mass. Minute Men.

CHARLES FRANCIS KUHN, Seattle, Wash. (18601). Son of Edward J. and Annie (Gill) Kuhn; grandson of Joseph J. and Jane Rebecca (McCabe) Kuhn; great-grandson of Edward and Rebecca (Hudson) McCabe; great^2-grandson of John and Mary (Morgan)

Hudson; great^3-grandson of *Jacob Morgan,* County Lieutenant, Colonel Second Battalion Berks County, Penna., Militia.

EDWARD P. NEWHALL, Livermore, Cal. (Wash. 18603). Son of William and Abigail Low (McDowell) Newhall; grandson of Jonathan and Hannah (Peabody) Newhall; great-grandson of *Stephen Peabody,* Member of Committee of Safety of Warren, Maine.

FRANKLIN HAMILTON RENICK, Seattle, Wash. (17823). Son of James Henry and Josephine S. (Dunklee) Renick; grandson of Benjamin Franklin and Marenda (Gould) Dunklee; great-grandson of Abraham and Susannah (Carter) Dunklee; great^2-grandson of *Jacob* (and Sarah Eastman) *Carter,* drummer, Colonel Stark's New Hampshire Regt.; great^3-grandson of *Moses Eastman,* Lieutenant, Captain Baldwin's Company, Stark's New Hampshire Regt.

EDWARD MARSHALL SHERWOOD, Tacoma, Wash. (18603). Son of George M. and Sarah Maria (Woodbury) Sherwood; grandson of Francis and Maria (Porter) Woodbury; great-grandson of David and Sarah (Johnson) Porter; great^2-grandson of *William Johnson,* Sergeant, Captain Gilmore's Company, Colonel Nixon's Mass. Regt.

JOSEPH SHIPPEN, Seattle, Wash. (7922). Son of Henry and Elizabeth Wallis (Evans) Shippen; grandson of Evan Rice Evans; great-grandson of *Evan Evans,* Colonel Second Chester County Battalion, Penna., Militia.

EDWARD J. WIGHT, Seattle, Wash. (18607). Son of John D. and Martha A. (Josephs) Wight; grandson of Manuel and Susanah (Wilson) Josephs; great-grandson of *William* (and Martha Clark) *Wilson,* private, Eleventh Mass. Continental Regt., Col. Ebenezer Francis; great^2-grandson of *Josiah Clark,* private, Col. Jonathan Mitchell's Mass. Regt.

WISCONSIN SOCIETY.

JOHN SANFORD BATCHELER, Milwaukee, Wis. (16967). Son of Miah and Eliza Ester (Myers) Batcheler; grandson of John and Elizabeth (Henderson) Myers; great-grandson of *Josiah Myers,* Corporal New York and Conn. troops, pensioned.

GEORGE BURR CLEMENTSON, Lancaster, Wis. (16964). Son of George and Mary (Burr) Clementson; grandson of Addison and Martha (Barber) Burr; great-grandson of Aaron and Rebecca (Cook) Burr; great^2-grandson of *Jabez Burr,* private Fifth Conn. Continental Regt.

STANLEY PARKER CRANE, Milwaukee, Wis. (16970). Son of Charles D. and Belle M. (Parker) Crane; grandson of Moses Lyon and Susan Pond (Chase) Crane; great-grandson of Asa and Catherine (Lyon) Crane; great^2-grandson of *Isaac Crane,* private, Capt. Josiah Putnam's Company, Col. Jedediah Foster's Conn. Regt.

CHARLES GARFIELD HOOKER, Wausan, Wis. (16969). Son of Edward Trumbull and Susan Cornelius (Atwater) Hooker; grandson of Edward William and Faith Trumbull (Huntington) Hooker; great-grandson of Jabez and Mary (Lanman) Huntington; great^2-grandson of *Jedidiah* (and Faith Trumbull) *Huntington,* Brigadier General Continental Army; great^3-grandson of *Jonathan Trumbull,* Governor of Connecticut, Aide to Washington; great^3-grandson of *Jabez Huntington,* Major General Conn. Militia.

SAMUEL MARCELLUS PEDRICK, Ripon, Wis. (16968). Son of Marcellus and Mary Ann (Smith) Pedrick; grandson of Samuel and Millicent (Ferguson) Pedrick; great-grandson of *Abijah Pedrick,* private, Thaddeus Crane's Regt. Westchester County, New York, Militia.

HERMAN MONROE POTTER, Madison, Wis. (16965). Son of Abram Mattison and Eva Jane (Beach) Potter; grandson of David and Jane (Groves) Beach; great-grandson of John Sears and Elizabeth (Roberts) Beach; great^2-grandson of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Deake) Beach; great^3-grandson of *Elias Beach,* private Essex County, New Jersey, Volunteers.

EUGENE R. SHIRLEY, La Crosse, Wis. (16966). Son of John and Myra (Page) Shirley; grandson of John and Anna (Dodge) Shirley; great-grandson of William and Rachel (Poland) Dodge; great^2-grandson of *William Dodge,* private Third Essex County Regt. Mass. Militia.

Index of New Members and Revolutionary Ancestors.

Revolutionary Ancestors in *Italics*.

Ackiss, A. J., 372
Ackiss, John, 372
Adair, James, 370
Adams, Aaron, 290
Adams, Benjamin, 366
Adams, C. J., 341
Adams, D. J., 341
Adams, Joseph, 329
Adamson, W. W., 309
Adriance, Theodorus, 341
Akin, David, 310
Akin, David, Jr., 310
Albright, George, 336
Aldridge, G. W., 341
Alexander, Winthrop, 319
Allen, Asaph, 374
Allen, Levi, 348
Allen, Philip, 310
Alley, Ephraim, 329
Alley, Joseph, 321
Allison, William, 339
Ames, Alden, 288
Ames, E. H., 339
Anderson, William, 375
Andrew, John, 374
Andrew, T. M., Jr., 374
Andrews, Caleb, 320
Andrews, Ebenezer, 335
Angell, Israel, 367
Ankeney, Peter, 349
Arnold, Caleb, 334
Arnold, Seth, 375
Ashley, Moses, 359
Atkins, F. R., 374
Atlee, S. J., 365
Atwood, John, 332
Augustine, J. W., 374
Aunspaugh, R. C., 373
Austin, C. J., 301
Averill, Nathaniel, 337

Bacheller, William, 326
Bachelor, Perrin, 371
Bacon, Isaac, 305
Bacon, Richard, 360
Bailey, Asa, 342
Bailey, A. S., 339
Bailey, Cyrus, 293
Bailey, J. R., Jr., 319
Bailey, Samuel, Jr., 319
Bailey, Shubel, 339
Baird, Daniel, 290
Baker, Colgate, 288
Baker, David, 305
Baker, E. R., 305
Baker, Matthias, 353
Baker, Otis, 302
Baker, Paul, 305
Balch, Hart, 334
Baldwin, Caleb, 360
Baldwin, E. D., 301
Baldwin, Jonathan, Jr., 296
Banks, C. L., 291
Banks, Hezekiah, 291
Barber, G. D., 319
Barker, Asa, 324
Barnard, Samuel, 371
Barnes, Fortunatus, 325
Barney, Luther, 335
Barnum, C. K., 341
Barnum, Seth, 341
Bartels, J. M., 319
Bartlet, A. H., 320
Bartlett, C. C., 305
Bartlett, Elisha, 306
Bartlett, E. M., 342
Barton, Benjamin, 330
Barton, Bezaleel, 330
Barron, William, 319
Barron, William, Jr., 319
Barron, W. B., 319
Bascom, Elias, 342
Bascom, G. B., 342
Batcheler, J. S., 376
Bates, E. T., 315
Bates, H. L., 361
Bates, J. W., 315
Bates, Laban, 361
Bausman, J. H., 362
Bausman, J. J., 362
Baxter, C. L., 333
Baxter, L. L., 334

Bayley, Timothy, 304
Bayley, W. H., Jr., 296
Beach, Elias, 377
Beadle, M. D., 369
Beal, Samuel, 320
Beal, W. W., 320
Beals, Uriah, 314
Beard, Amos, 308
Belknap, Isaac, 342
Bemis, Amasa, 352
Benjamin, George, 292
Berry, J. M., 316
Berry, T. L., 316
Berry, William, 370
Bethel, L. P., 355
Betts, H. D., 342
Betts, Thomas, 342
Billings, H. F., 366
Billings, Samuel, 371
Billings, Sanford, 366
Birckhead, Christopher, 316
Birdseye, Thaddeus, 292
Bisbee, Abner, 370
Bisbee, E. W., 370
Bisbee, F. M., 320
Bisbee, J. D., 320
Bisby, Oliver, 320
Bishop, L. B., 305
Bixby, Samuel, 348
Blackler, William, 320
Blackler, W. F. G., 320
Blake, Reuben, 294, 295
Blake, William, 302
Blake, W. D., 342
Blakeslee, Jonathan, 367
Blanchard, F. I., 320
Blodgett, W. A., 305
Blunt, Andrew, 313
Blunt, John, 314
Boland, David, 291
Bolande, F. W., 291
Bond, Bethuel, 320
Bond, C. W., 320
Bond, G. M., 316
Bond, Jacob, 318
Booth, A. S., Jr., 305
Booth, J. R., 374
Bostwick, Sturgeon, 342
Bostwick, W. W., 342
Bowen, Henry, 292
Bowie, R. S., 297
Bowman, Nathaniel, 299
Boyd, W. G., Jr., 297
Bracey, J. M., 288
Brackett, John, 333
Bradbury, Joseph, 315
Bradford, David, 305
Bradford, Gamaliel, 288
Bradish, James, 356
Bradish, John, 356
Brasee, Andreas, 359
Braxton, Carter, 317
Brayton, J. W., 368
Breckenridge, R. J., 311
Brewer, John, 349
Brewer, Solomon, 351
Brewster, G. R., 342
Brewster, Samuel, 343
Bridgman, Erastus, 332
Brink, P. A., 305
Brisban, John, 363
Brockett, Isaac, 332
Brockholst, Henry, 364
Bromley, R. P., 288
Bromley, William, 288
Brooks, A. DeW., 355
Brooks, James, 355
Brooks, John, 326
Brooks, W. W., 320
Brown, Amos, 346
Brown, B. W., 321
Brown, C. H., 337
Brown, C. J., 334
Brown, C. W., 321
Brown, Daniel, 340
Brown, Ezra, 321
Brown, I. C., 340
Brown, Jonathan, 334
Brown, J. H., 334
Brown, L. E., 343
Brown, Oliver, 337
Brown, Stephen, 322
Brown, T. J. W., 297
Brown, William, 334
Brownell, George, 343
Brownell, H. B., 343
Brownson, Guideon, 365
Bryant, Calhoun, 288
Bryant, C. W., 306
Bryant, John, 354
Bryant, Josiah, 306
Buck, Samuel, 319
Buck, W. R., 343
Buckingham, John, 291
Buckingham, N. C., 291
Buckingham, William, 287
Budd, H. A., 291
Budd, Thomas, 291
Buell, Matthew, 287
Bullard, Isaac, 323
Bullock, F. C., 337
Bunn, Jonathan, 340
Bunn, M. E., 340
Burchmore, C. F. P., 321
Burchmore, Zachariah, 321
Burchsted, B. B., 319
Burnham, Benjamin, 321
Burnham, A. W., 321
Burnham, David, 321
Burnham, Wesley, 321
Burns, John, Jr., 292
Burns, S. A., 292

Burr, Jabez, 376
Burr, Stephen, 359
Burrill, Ebenezer, 329, 333
Burrill, H. P., 321
Burrill, John, 333
Burrill, Samuel, 329
Burrill, Sylvanus, 331
Burrill, Theophilus, 321
Burritt, D. F., 321
Burritt, Eben, 321
Burrows, C. I., 321
Bush, Philip, 299
Butler, Phineas, 289
Butler, S. D., 289
Butler, Thomas, 370
Butt, A. W., 297
Butterfield, A. D., 370
Butterfield, Leonard, 370

Cabell, Nicholas, 336
Cabell, William, 336
Caldwell, Enoch, 368
Caldwell, Jacob, 368
Caldwell, J. L., 309
Calkins, I. R., 322
Camp, Aaron, 341
Camp, Nathaniel, 341
Campbell, J. M., 289
Campbell, Robert, 290
Canada, W. J., 355
Carman, L. D., 297
Carman, Phineas, 297
Carnes, Edward, 298
Carnes, T. J., 298
Carpenter, Benjamin, 342
Carpenter, Joseph, 360, 368
Carpenter, R. P., 360
Carr, Caleb, 366
Carr, I. F., 366
Carrington, George, 336
Carter, Jacob, 376
Caswell, F. T., 370
Caswell, Nathan, 370
Caswell, Nathan, Jr., 370
Chadwick, J. H., 306
Chadwick, Levi, 306
Chamberlain, Joseph, 303
Chamberlain, Wilson, 303
Chandler, Joseph, 322, 323
Chapman, Enoch, 343
Chapman, F. R., 355
Chapman, H. S., 343
Chapman, James, 373
Chapman, James, Jr., 373
Chapman, Stephen, 355
Chase, Beverly, 361
Chase, W. B., 361
Chatfield, H. I., 343
Chatfield, Isaac, 343
Cheney, Daniel, 347
Chenery, Isaac, 301
Chesley, W. S., 297
Child, Abijah, 326
Chittenden, Jared, 302
Churchill, Joseph, 343
Churchill, J. L., 343
Chute, Daniel, 289
Claflin, Samuel, 362
Claflin, W. M., 362
Clapp, G. I., 292
Clapp, Thomas, 330
Clark, A. F., 322
Clark, Benoni, 322
Clark, C. H., 322
Clark, C. M., 297
Clark, Daniel, 322
Clark, Edward, 301
Clark, Enoch, 297
Clark, E. A., 322
Clark, F. J., 334
Clark, Hezekiah, 322
Clark, John, 322, 353
Clark, Josiah, 376
Clark, Lemuel, 342
Clark, Samuel, 322, 374
Clark, Satchell, 325
Clark, Timothy, 325
Clark, William, 322
Claypole, John, 362
Claytor, Samuel, 373
Clementson, G. B., 376
Cleveland, Aaron, 344
Cleveland, Josiah, 355
Clift, Joseph, 298
Clift, W. L., 298
Clinton, George, 352
Clise, H. R., 374
Clough, Jeremiah, 360
Clough, Obadiah, 360
Clute, J. H., 343
Clute, Peter, 343
Coburn, Simeon, 323
Coffin, Abner, 302
Coit, Daniel, 337
Colburn, Nathan, 321
Colby, Thomas, 372
Collins, Gamaliel, 328
Condit, David, 340
Condit, E. A., Jr., 340
Conkey, Jonas, 341
Conklin, J. H., 343
Conklin, Timothy, 343
Connelly, Michael, 347
Converse, Josiah, 367, 368, 372
Cook, Atwater, 356
Cook, Colman, 322
Cook, Elisha, 322
Cook, L. C., 356
Cook, Noah, 331
Cooke, G. P., 301
Cooke, J. P., 301
Cooke, J. P., 301

Cooper, S. R. C., 362
Copeland, E. H., 322
Copeland, Jonathan, 322
Corbett, Hunter, 343
Corbin, William, 319
Cornwell, H. T., 344
Countryman, A. D., 334
Countryman, George, 334
Countryman, M. L., 334
Cousins, Nathaniel, 310, 324
Coxe, H. C., 344
Crane, Isaac, 376
Crane, S. P., 376
Crawford, G. A., 322
Crawford, K. P., 323
Cresap, Thomas, 311, 359
Crispin, Joseph, 370
Crocker, Samuel, 305
Croissant, DeW. C., 298
Crosby, G. H., 334
Crosby, John, 364
Crosby, Josiah, 334
Crosby, William, 334
Crowell, Joseph, 316
Crowell, J. W., 316
Cruikshank, Barton, 344
Crum, John, 310
Cunningham, H. E., 370
Currier, E. B., 323
Currier, E. M., 323
Curtice, Ebenezer, 344
Curtice, E. N., 344
Curtice, Jacob, 344
Curtis, Elezier, 294
Curtis, R. G., 292
Curtis, R. P., 292
Cushing, Caleb, 306
Cushing, S. S., 306
Cushman, Amaziah, 366
Cushman, Asa, 366
Cushman, Charles, 347
Cutler, F. A., 334
Cutter, Samuel, 338
Cutler, Simeon, 323
Cutler, W. B., 323

Dale, Samuel, 289
Dale, W. W., 289
Dame, G. W., 316
Damon, S. M., 301
Dana, R. B., 344
Darling, B. C., 344
Darling, J. H., 334
Darrow, Daniel, 344
Darrow, J. C., 344
Dashiell, Arthur, 316
Dashiell, H. P., 316
Dashiell, Louis, 316
Davidson, F. E., 344
Davidson, J. R., 344
Davis, Asa, 323
Davis, C. D., 292
Davis, C. E., 338
Davis, C. L., 334
Davis, C. S., 298
Davis, Edward, 302
Davis, Eleazer, 338
Davis, Eliphalet, 303
Davis, F. L., 374
Davis, Jackson, 373
Davis, Jacob, 335
Davis, John, 372
Davis, Robert, 332
Dean, Walter, 354
Deane, C. W., 292
Deitrick, Peter, 293
De La Hunt, T. J., 309
Delamater, Samuel, 352
De la Vergne, Benjamin, 354
Denison, Daniel, 345
Denison, W. S., 345
Dennis, J. H., 306
Denny, Samuel, 360
Dentler, C. E., 298
De Pue, John, 292
Develin, J. F., 362
Dewey, Daniel, 295, 300
Dewey, F. D., 371
Dewey, J. F., 371
Dewey, William, 371
De Witt, Stephen, 350
Dibble, John, 334
Dick, E. G., 356
Dickerson, Peter, 341
Dickey, C. H., 302
Dickey, Robert, 302
Dickinson, Daniel, 289
Diefendorf, J. J., 291
Dike, Anthony, 362
Dillingham, Paul, 371
Dillingham, P. S., 371
Dimon, Daniel, 304
Dimond, C. T., 345
Dimond, J. R., 345
Dinsmore, Abel, 327
Dodge, C. R., 356
Dodge, Isaac, 331
Dodge, Jeremiah, 356
Dodge, William, 377
Dollinger, F. J., 375
Dollinger, John, 375
Dolloff, Thomas, 291
Dolson, Isaac, 342
Doolitle, Ambrose, 292
Doolittle, E. L., 292
Doolittle, F. A., 292
Doolittle, Isaac, 337
Dorr, A. L., 362
Dorr, D. A., 323
Dorr, D. H., 324
Dorr, Ebenezer, 323, 324, 362
Dorr, E. E., 311

Dorr, Mathew, 311
Doty, George, 335
Doty, G. B., 335
Douglass, William, 301
Dows, Benjamin, 336
Drake, Jacob, 341
Draper, Josiah, 351
Drayton, G. E., 366
Drew, Seth, 324
Du Bois, C. J., 346
Du Bois, Jacob, 310
Dudley, Amos, 306
Dudley, Guilford, 314
Dudley, W. W., 306
Dunbar, Thomas, 353
Duncan, John, 354, 363
Dunlap, J. W., 312
Dunlap, William, 312
Dunn, Jonathan, 343
Dunning, E. L., 324
Dunning, Michael, 324
Durand, Elliott, Jr., 306
Durrell, Benjamin, 324
Durrell, H. C., 324
Dusenbury, W. E. H., 345
Dustin, Paul, 329

Eagleson, Stuart, 309
Earl, Daniel, 307
Easter, Jolin, 310
Eastman, Moses, 376
Eaton, J. H., 324
Eaton, Thomas, 314, 324
Edelen, J. W., 316
Edelen, R. H., 375
Edgerton, Jacob, 299
Edgerton, Simeon, 299
Edwards, G. T., 314
Edwards, John, 362
Edwards, J. F., 362
Egbert, Abraham, 340
Egbert, J. H., 340
Eichelberger, Adam, 316
Eichelberger, L. H., 316
Ellinwood, E. E., 287
Ellinwood, Thomas, 287
Ellsworth, John, Jr., 306
Elmer, Gad, 335
Elmer, William, 339
Elmes, C. S., 324
Ely, Seth, 298
Ely, S. M., 298
Emory, Thomas, 316
English, A. J., 337
English, Benjamin, 337
English, C. B., 306
English, John, 306
Estep, F. A., 362
Evans, Evan, 376
Ewing, Maskell, 335
Ewing, Thomas, 335
Eyster, E. E., 356

Fairbank, Cyrus, 364
Fairbank, Joseph, 364
Fales, R. C., 366
Farmer, Nathaniel, 330
Faunce, W. H., 324
Faxon, Allen, 313
Faxon, Elisha, 313
Faxon, R. H., 313
Faxon, Thomas, 313
Fay, Stephen, 371
Fernberger, H. W., 362
Finney, Jeremiah, 368
Fish, C. M., 306
Fish, F. L., 371
Fish, Simeon, 371
Fisher, Samuel, 323
Fisk, E. A., 371
Fitts, C. N., 324
Fitts, Robert, 324
Flagg, Ebenezer, 307
Flagg, Gershom, 307
Flagg, J. W., 325
Flagg, L. C. S., 307
Flagg, N. G., 307
Fletcher, Henry, 375
Fletcher, J. D., 375
Folwell, Joseph, 359
Ford, H. R., 345
Ford, Jacob, 346
Foster, G. W., 371
Foster, Thomas, 371
Fort, F. W., 340
Fort, John, 340
Fort, L. R., 340
Fowler, Caleb, 302
Fowler, Dijah, 309
Fowler, Ebenezer, 302
Fowler, F. B., 309
Fowler, Josiah, 301
Fox, David, 325
Fox, D. D., 325
Frankenberg, Frank, 356
Frazer, A. L., 356
Freeman, O. M., 366
Frey, Michael, 363
Frick, E. S., 335
Friend, F. J., 375
Frink, H. F., 307
Frink, John, 307
Frothingham, F. E., 345
Frothingham, Richard, 345
Fry, Michael, 358, 363
Fuller, F. H., 292

Gager, G. W., 293
Gager, S. R., 293
Gail, F. W., 335
Gall, George, 308
Gallup, Benadam, 356

Gallup, F. M., 356
Gamble, Robert, 336
Gannung, Jacob, 345
Gannung, John, 345
Ganson, G. H., 356
Ganson, Nathan, 356
Ga Nun, A. M., 345
Gardiner, Richard, 316, 348, 375
Gardner, Benjamin, 325
Gardner, C. R., 325
Gardner, R. N., 335
Garvin, E. C., 299
Gates, Daniel, 371
Gates, Timothy, 298
Genungs, John, 345
Gilbert, C. P., 293
Gilbert, Timothy, 328
Giles, Aquila, 345
Giles, M. O., 345
Gillmore, Jonathan, 374
Gilman, Bradbury, 310
Gilman, Ezekiel, 338
Gilmore, C. W., 307
Gilmore, James, 330
Gilmore, Thomas, 307
Gilpin, H. H., 317
Giroux, H. H., 346
Gladding, T. O., 366
Glidden, Charles, 360
Gooding, A. C., 335
Goss, T. W., 299
Gotschall, Michael, 335
Gracey, A. W., 363
Graham, Michael, 373
Graham, Thomas, 374
Graves, Carleton, 293
Graves, C. S., 375
Graves, E. L., 325
Graves, G. A., 325
Graves, H. H., 325
Graves, Moses, 325
Graves, Samuel, 293
Gray, B. F., 336
Green, Augustus, 307
Green, Gideon, 327
Green, H. L., 307
Green, Peleg, 344
Greene, F. R., 307
Greene, Joseph, 366, 369
Greene, Luke, 312
Greene, Philip, 307
Greene, R. A., 325
Griffin, George, 298
Grinnell, Royal, 305
Griswold, Shubeal, 355
Grumbine, G. B., 336
Guerin, Joseph, 341
Gurney, Asa, 338
Gurney, E. R., 337
Gutterson, G. P., 338
Guyer, C. J., 289
Haberly, J. H., 309
Hadley, Moses, 338
Hager, Benjamin, 321
Hahn, T. J., 363
Haines, John, 325
Haines, J. E., 363
Halbert, John, 363
Halbert, W. W., 363
Hale, C. A., 346
Hale, Jonathan, 304
Hall, Angelo, 317
Hall, Asaph, 317
Hall, Brenton, 295
Hall, Elijah, 320
Hall, Enoch, 297
Hall, E. O., 302
Halsey, John, 340
Halstead, Samuel, 346
Hamilton, David, 305
Hamilton, John, 314
Hamilton, J. F., 314
Hammer, A. B., 361
Hammer, Peter, 361
Hammond, Staats, 342
Hamner, Nicholas, 336
Hanks, Elijah, 299
Hanscom, G. E., 325
Hanscom, Nathan, 325
Hardin, John, 373
Harrington, E. W., 346
Harrington, Henry, 346
Harrington, Jonathan, 327
Harrington, Thomas, 346
Harris, George, 357
Harris, Israel, 350
Harrison, N. W., 373
Hart, John, 363
Hart, Joseph, 329
Harvey, W. D., 325
Harvey, Zachariah, 326
Hauptman, G. D., 288
Hawley, E. S., 293
Hayden, Josiah, 304
Hayden, Robert, 333
Hayes, Ezekiel, 355
Haynes, L. C., 326
Heath, Peleg, 367
Hebbard, G. E., 299
Hempstead, S. B., 339
Hendrickson, Okey, 344
Hendry, Thomas, 340
Henry, John, 318
Herrick, Henry, 315
Heth, William, 373
Hibbard, B. H., 311
Hibbard, John, 311
Hiestand, H. E., 357
Hiester, John, 288
Higgins, L. E., 326
Higley, A. P., 357
Higley, Brewster, 357

Hill, Charles, 326
Hill, E. F., 340
Hill, Jared, 296
Hill, J. W., 307
Hill, Noah, 346
Hill, R. W., 307
Hills, John, 294
Hills, Medad, 347
Hills, Reuben, 307
Himebaugh, C. L., 299
Hinchman, F. B., 346
Hinckley, Elkanah, 293
Hinckley, W. F., 293
Hinds, John, 292
Hinman, A. V., 357
Hinman, Phineas, 357
Hinsdale, Joseph, 352
Hodges, C. B., 314
Holcombe, A. F., 375
Holcombe, Jedidiah, 375
Holden, Elnathan, 363
Holden, Nehemiah, 363
Holland, John, 375
Hollingsworth, Henry, 317
Hollister, Ashbel, 335
Hollister, A. E., 335
Holmes, J. A., 326
Holmes, William, 328
Hooker, C. G., 377
Hooper, Robert, 320
Horne, P. L., 302
Horton, Frost, 346
Horton, Stephen, 346
Horton, Thomas, 349
Hotchkiss, Isaac, 302
Hough, Elijah, 344
Hough, William, 322
Houghton, Darius, 290
Houghton, J. H., 290
House, C. F., 371
House, Joseph, 371
Hovey, Benjamin, 288
Hovey, H. W., 339
Hovey, Ivory, 339
How, Joseph, 339
Howe, Abraham, 375
Howe, Abraham, Jr., 375
Howe, E. W., 326
Howe, J. H., 375
Howe, W. B., 339
Howell, David, 357
Hubbard, C. S., 363
Hubbard, Daniel, 327
Hubbard, James, 327
Hubbard, Josiah, 363
Hubbard, Thomas, 305
Hudler, Harry, 346
Hughes, C. E., 346
Hughes, David, 373
Hughes, Floyd, 373
Hulburd, Ebenezer, 342
Hull, H. W., 347
Hull, W. L., 347
Hulsart, G. W., 340
Hulsart, Matthias, 340
Hungerford, C. S., 293
Huntington, Hugh, 357
Huntington, Jabez, 377
Huntington, Jedidiah, 377
Huntsman, E. L., 366
Hyde, C. H., 326
Hyde, Samuel, 326
Hypes, O. F., 357

Immel, Leonard, 355
Innes, Harry, 319

Jackson, B. D., 347
Jackson, E. G., 288
Jackson, John, 373
Jackson, Michael, 339
Jackson, Samuel, 330
Jackson, Thomas, 289
Jaques, J. D., 363
Jaquith, W. P., 311
Jefferson, Thomas, 287
Jenkins, John, 348
Jenkins, W. M., 336
Jennings, D. O., 361
Jennings, Joseph, 361
Jennison, Josiah, 323
Jenny, Prince, 327
Jewett, Daniel, 339
Jewett, Joseph, 294, 295
Johnson, A. C., 347
Johnson, Benjamin, 372
Johnson, Charles, 313
Johnson, C. B., 308
Johnson, E. S., 313
Johnson, James, 293
Johnson, Samuel, 308
Johnson, William, 376
Johnson, W. E., 293
Johnston, Peter, 373
Jones, C. D., 326
Jones, James, 331
Jones, L. D., 347
Jones, L. H., 371
Joslin, R. K., 367
Juet, Daniel, 339

Keefer, E. S., 340
Keefer, Frederick, 340
Keith, Simeon, 290
Kellogg, Elijah, 335
Kellogg, F. B., 335
Kelly, Francis, 357
Kelly, L. S., 347
Kendall, Asa, 305
Kendig, C. R., 317
Keniston, William, Sr., 338
Keniston, William, Jr., 338

Kennard, K. S., 347
Kennedy, F. B., 357
Kennelly, William, Jr., 348
Kent, Zenas, 359
Kessler, Edwin, 299
Keyes, J. B., 326
Kidder, F. E., 327
Kimball, Aaron, 290
Kimball, G. E., Jr., 290
Kingsbury, Lemuel, 302
Kingsbury, S. B., 302
Kinnan, C. W., 310
Kinnan, Edward, 310
Kipp, Abraham, 347
Kirby, Ephraim, 339
Kirk, J. F., 363
Kirk, Roger, 363
Kittredge, Solomon, 301
Klock, Joseph, 357
Knap, John, 331
Knapp, C. J., 293
Knapp, David, 313
Knapp, Joshua, 352
Knapp, Joshua, Jr., 352
Krom, W. P., 310
Krous, Leonard, 347
Krumbine, Leonard, 336
Kuhn, C. F., 375
Kuhn, J. J., 348
Kuhns, E. M., 357
Kuhns, George, 357
Kuhns, M. S., 357

Lake, Daniel, 312
Lake, Enos, 312
Lansing, Abraham, 353
Lathrop, Elisha, 296
Lawrence, W. N., 348
Leach, R. H., 302
Leadbetter, F. W., 361
Lealand, Asaph, 323
Lee, E. P., 310
Lee, H. K., 293
Lee, John, 313
Lee, Thomas, 334
Legg, Caleb, 366
Legrow, David, 327
Lemmon, R. A., 312
Lett, J. S., 357
Libbey, E. C., 327
Lincoln, C. H., 327
Lindsay, H. J., 363
Lindsley, Eleazer, 345
Lines, Ezra, 296
Lingle, C. M., 363
Linn, William, 362
Littel, J. S., 364
Littell, William, 364
Little, Bond, 332
Livermore, Jason, 353
Livermore, Josiah, 353
Livingston, C. L., 364
Livingston, William, 364
Lock, Francis, 356
Locke, Moses, 305
Lockwood, Ebenezer, 308
Long, B. F., 357
Loomis, C. J., 308
Loomis, W. S., 327
Lord, Abner, 356
Losey, Cornelius, 337
Loud, G. B., 348
Loud, Jacob, 348, 361
Loud, Jacob, Jr., 348, 361
Loud, O. B., 361
Lovejoy, Abial, 329
Lovel, Joseph, 347
Lovell, Solomon, 298
Low, John, 303
Low, J. S., 302
Lowman, Seymour, 348
Lull, Nathan, 367
Lull, W. A., 367
Lumbard, L. A., 312
Lumbard, M. W., 312
Lumbard, Thomas, 312
Lupfer, E. P., 348
Luse, Benjamin, 341
Luther, David, 314
Lutz, Casper, 317
Lydick, John, 365
Lyle, Samuel, 373
Lyman, David, 303
Lyman, E. H., 303
Lyman, F. S., Jr., 303
Lyman, R. P., 294
Lynde, John, 288

McAllister, John, 306, 308
McArthur, C. N., 361
McCabe, O. F., 372
McCalla, B. H., 340
McClintock, Samuel, 320
McClure, William, 348
McCord, D. P., 299
McDermot, John, 349
McDowell, John, 356
McDowell, Samuel, 290
McFarland, A. G., 289
McGuyer, Luke, 289
McHorter, J. E., 348
McLaine, Robert, 357
McMullin, Archibald, 314
McNeil, C. F., 294
McNeill, George, 299
McNeill, R. H., 299
McQueen, David, 297
McSurely, W. H., 308
Mace, Joseph, 296
Magruder, J. H., 299
Magruder, S. W., 299
Mann, Bezaleel, 351

Manna, Barnabas, 348
Manning, J. P., 327
Manning, Samuel, 307
Many, Barnabas, 348
Many, C. M., 348
Marshall, A. D., 290
Marshall, Gilbert, 314
Marshall, John, 362
Martin, J. B., 327
Mason, Benjamin, 295
Mason, David, 354
Matheny, William, 311
Mather, F. M., 294
Mather, Sylvester, 292
Maxwell, W. S., 317
Mayer, W. S., 369
Maynard, C. A., 327
Maynard, Daniel, 327
Maynard, Ezenezer, 327
Mead, James, 372
Mead, Jonathan, 375
Mead, J. A., 372
Mead, Nathaniel, 352
Meader, F. R., 308
Medbery, C. V., 367
Medbery, Isaac, 367
Mehaffey, G. E., 358
Merriam, Christopher, 293
Merrill, Abijah, 369
Merrill, A. J., 328
Merrill, John, 335
Merrill, J. F., 335
Meserve, Stephen, 333
Middlebrook, Ephraim, 299, 300
Milar, J. T., 358
Miller, David, 359
Miller, Jacob, 301
Miller, James, 294
Mitchell, F. M., 328
Mitchell, John, 344
Mohler, I. W., Jr., 317
Monk, Benjamin, 314
Montague, Caleb, 301
Montague, John, 331
Moor, Daniel, 358
Moor, D. W., 358
Moor, John, 338
Moor, W. H., 358
Moore, B. E., 294
Moore, C. W., 294
Moore, D. S., 294
Moore, Frederick, 339
Moore, J. H., 299
Moore, Langdon, 300
Morehouse, Abraham, 293
Morgan, Jacob, 348, 376
Morgan, Thomas, 365
Morris, C. H., 294
Morrison, Ebenezer, 338
Morse, Abner, 323
Morse, Asaph, 352
Morse, John, 315
Morse, Moody, 326
Morton, C. P., 364
Morton, Hezekiah, 373
Morton, John, 364, 373
Morton, Sketchley, 364
Mosely, Arthur, 297
Mosely, Joseph, 304
Mosely, William, 297
Moss, Hugh, 336
Mudge, Nathan, 321
Mulford, B. W., 335
Mulford, Thomas, 335
Mullin, Nelson, 314
Munroe, Benjamin, 306
Munroe, Edmund, 327
Munson, Almond, 364
Murray, Seymour, 295
Myers, E. F., 328
Myers, Josiah, 376
Myers, Peter, 317
Myers, T. F., 317
Myers, T. L., 317
Myrick, E. C., 349
Myrick, William, 349

Nash, Enos, 331
Nelson, Thomas, Jr., 316
Nesmith, James, 361
Newan, Nehemiah, 317
Newcomb, A. E., 328
Newell, A. W., 328
Newell, E. E., 294
Newell, Simeon, 294
Newell, Stephen, 328
Newhall, E. P., 376
Newhall, James, 329
Newkerk, Benjamin, 350
Newkirk, Cornelius, 353
Newton, Abner, 294
Newton, J. E., 294
Nichol, H. S., 349
Nichol, Thomas, 349
Nicholas, John, 373
Nichols, C. H., 295
Nichols, Humphrey, 322
Nichols, Nathaniel, 295
Nichols, Samuel, 295
Noah, R. L., 349
North, Abijah, 372
North, C. N., 372
Nourse, James, 312
Nunnally, E. G., 336
Nutting, C. W., 290
Nutting, Eleazer, 290

Ogden, F. C., 340
Olney, Ezekiel, 289
Olney, Jesse, 289
Onderdonk, Adrian, 344, 345
Orcutt, L. E., 312

Orcutt, Samuel, 371
Orr, C. S., 367
Orr, Robert, 343
Osbon, S. O., 366
Osterhout, Peter, 346
Ostrander, Henry, 328
Ostrander, J. E., 328
Owen, Philip, 330
Owings, E. R., 317
Owings, Thomas, 317

Paddock, Gaius, 307
Page, Carter, 349
Page, C. H., Jr., 349
Page, Enoch, 323
Page, Moses, 323
Page, W. C., 317
Paige, L. R., 328
Paige, Timothy, 328
Paige, Timothy, Jr., 328
Paige, William, 328, 356
Paine, Benjamin, 369
Palmer, F. W., 329
Palmer, George, 290
Palmer, J. W., 298
Palmer, W. H., 367
Palmer, W. L., 329
Parish, L. La V., 364
Parker, Ebenezer, 303, 304, 305, 329
Parker, E. N., 303
Parker, George, 351
Parker, H. R., 329
Parker, Jonathan, 329
Parker, Kendall, 329
Parker, Linus, 327
Parker, P. H., 329
Parker, Samuel, 303
Parker, Samuel, 303, 304, 305
Parker, Samuel, Jr., 303
Parker, T. A., 310
Parker, W. L., Jr., 314
Parlin, F. E., 329
Parlin, Oliver, 329
Parrott, H. F., 295
Parsons, C. F., 303
Patrick, William, 290
Patterson, F. H., 349
Patterson, Joseph, 349
Peabody, Stephen, 376
Peakes, C. E., 330
Peale, C. W., 290
Peale, R. R., 290
Pearre, Aubrey, Jr., 318
Pearson, William, 339
Peck, F. S., 367
Peck, H. S., 372
Peck, L. R., 367
Peck, Solomon, 367
Pedrick, Abijah, 377
Pedrick, S. M., 377
Peirce, P. O., 330
Pendleton, F. N., 330
Pendleton, Peleg, 330
Penney, J. W., 314
Penney, S. R., 314
Penney, Thomas, 314
Penniman, James, 301
Perkins, Jonathan, 287
Perkins, W. O., 287
Perrin, Zachariah, 313
Perry, Samuel, 298
Pettes, Abial, 315
Pettigrew, James, 363, 369
Pettus, William, 308
Philips, David, 313
Phillips, G. Le F., 349
Phillips, Jonas, 348, 349
Phinney, Jeremiah, 368
Pierce, Abel, 367
Pierce, B. A., 367
Pierce, David, 333
Pierce, Moses, 367
Pierpont, John, 358
Pierson, David, 306
Pierson, F. F., 296
Pierson, W. B., 339
Pinkham, Abijah, 289
Pinkney, Townsend, 349
Pinkney, William, 349
Pollard, C. W., 338
Pollard, Samuel, 338
Polleys, William, 367
Pomeroy, G. E., 358
Pomeroy, Seth, 358
Pond, Elias, 295
Post, F. B., 349
Post, Hendricus, 346
Post, Jacob, 345
Post, Peter, 350
Post, Roswell, 305
Post, Roswell, Jr., 305
Postle, W. E., 358
Potter, Caleb, 368
Potter, G. M., 358
Potter, H. M., 377
Potter, J. E., 364
Potts, John, 319
Potts, Samuel, 319
Potts, T. G., 318
Powers, Lemuel, 330
Powers, S. L., 330
Pratt, E. B., 358
Pratt, James, 303
Pratt, Nathaniel, 358
Pratt, R. J., 303
Pratt, W. W., 295
Prescott, William, 339
Preston, Edward, 333
Preston, J. H., 318
Preston, William, 373
Prime, B. Y., 350
Prime, Ebenezer, 350

Prime, E. S., 350
Proctor, Leonard, 354, 372
Proctor, Redfield, Jr., 372
Prouty, Elijah, 328
Provence, John, 311
Putnam, J. J., 354, 355
Putnam, Rufus, 287

Quick, John, 351

Radeker, W. S., 364
Radford, William, 373
Ramsdell, Aquilla, 332
Ramsey, William, 361
Randel, John, 341
Randle, J. E., 308
Randle, T. E., 308
Randolph, J. F., 366
Randolph, T. M., 303
Read, James, 354
Reade, Joseph, Jr., 327
Reed, James, 354
Reed, Job, 313
Reed, Joseph, 327
Reed, Joseph, Jr., 327
Reed, L. L., 350
Reed, R. S., 308
Regan, Michael, 309
Reifsnyder, H. Y., 364
Reifsnyder, W. K., 364
Renick, F. H., 376
Reynolds, G. T., 365
Reynolds, H. E., 330
Reynolds, James, 365
Reynolds, Joseph, 330
Reynolds, Thomas, 330
Rial, D. W., 365
Riall, David, 365
Rice, David, 300
Rice, Elijah, 369
Rice, Elijah, Jr., 369
Rice, E. C., 300
Rice, E. E., 369
Richards, V. S., 290
Richardson, Ezekiel, 323
Richardson, E. A., 315
Richardson, James, 338
Richardson, William, 358
Richie, C. G., 310
Riggs, C. L., 318
Riggs, Samuel, 318
Ripley, Priam, 343
Roberts, William, 358
Roberts, W. C., 312
Robertson, John, 297
Robertson, J. F., 297
Robertson, W. E., 372
Robie, G. S., 310
Robie, Samuel, 329
Robie, W. J., 310
Robinson, Ebenezer, 324
Robinson, H. M., 358
Robinson, Increase, 370
Robinson, Jonathan, 332
Robinson, Joseph, 370
Robinson, Thomas, 329
Rockwood, Timothy, 323
Rodimon, J. R., 345
Roe, F. W., 350
Rogers, F. E., 373
Rogers, G. W., 310
Roosa, Abraham, 350
Roosa, H. E., 350
Roosa, I. A., 350
Roosa, T. L., 350
Roosa, W. M., 350
Root, B. F., 295
Ross, Timothy, 329
Roudenbush, Frank, 359
Rowell, Samuel, 329, 373
Rowland, Andrew, 330
Rowland, W. D., 330
Rowntree, Thomas, 374
Ruffner, R. G. S., 365
Ruffner, Simon, 365
Rumrill, Frank, 330
Russell, P. M., 299
Russell, Stephen, 323, 325
Russell, Thomas, 323
Rutgers, A. A., 345
Rutherford, John, 317
Ryall, David, 365

Sadler, J. T., 350
Sadler, S. S., 365
Saltonstall, Nathaniel, 344
Sanborn, Abner, 287
Sanders, A. H., 373
Sands, Ephriam, 298
Sanford, F. F., 359
Sanford, Seth, 359
Sankey, I. D., 350
Sankey, William, 350
Sargeant, John, 300
Sargeant, T. B., 300
Sargeant, W. H., 373
Sargeant, W. H., Jr., 373
Saunders, John, 293
Saunders, Stephen, 368
Sayles, A. H., 368
Sayles, Israel, 368
Schultz, E. W., 295
Scott, Jonathan, 370
Scott, M. W., 350
Scott, R. M., 313
Sears, Elkanah, 295
Sears, E. C., 295
Sears, H. W., 315
Sears, Stephen, 315
Sears, Willard, 295
Seaward, Richard, 326
Secor, Alson, 312

Secor, Isaac, 312
Seixas, B. M., 352
Sellers, Matthias, 347
Sessions, Robert, 328
Sevier, John, 297
Sewell, John, 364
Seymour, A. T., 341
Seymour, Joseph, 341
Seymour, Noah, 293
Seymour, Thomas, 302
Seymour, T. Y., 302
Seymour, William, 290
Seymour, W. F., 368
Shaffer, J. H., 351
Shattuck, Job, 312
Shaw, Isaiah, 288
Shaw, Moses, 330
Shaw, R. H., 330
Sheafe, Jacob, 337
Sheldon, Amasa, 331
Sheldon, Arad, 331
Sheldon, Daniel, 342
Sheldon, Jonathan, 353
Sheldon, W. A., 331
Sherman, Henry, 365
Sherman, James, 319
Sherwood, E. M., 376
Shew, Jacob, 290
Shine, F. E., 287
Shippen, Joseph, 376
Shirley, E. R., 377
Shirley, R. G., 371
Shoemaker, Jacob, 370
Shores, H. T., 331
Shryock, Henry, 318
Shryock, T. J., 318
Sibley, Timothy, 302
Sigerson, Patrick, 308
Silkman, C. H., 351
Silkman, C. R., 351
Silsby, Henry, 331
Silsby, T. J., 331
Simons, L. M., 368
Simpson, M. E., 369
Singleton, Mathew, 288
Skellenger, E. L., 341
Skellenger, E. S., 341
Slader, Samuel, 322
Slayton, H. A., 372
Slayton, Jesse, 372
Smith, Amos, 298
Smith, Benjamin, 331
Smith, B. R., 362
Smith, C. E., 368
Smith, Daniel, 287
Smith, David, 331
Smith, Ephraim, 300
Smith, E. Q., 300
Smith, F. A., 308, 351
Smith, F. H., 331
Smith, G. C., 370
Smith, H. P., 331
Smith, Isaac, 328, 339, 362
Smith, James, 308
Smith, John, 358
Smith, J. A., 351
Smith, J. H., 331
Smith, J. U., 304
Smith, Michael, 341
Smith, Otis, 351
Smith, Samuel, 362
Smith, S. M. M., 295
Smith, T. C., 341
Smith, W. F., 351
Smith, W. H., 331
Smith, W. J., 313
Smith, W. L., 352
Smith, W. M., 365
Snow, F. G., 304
Snowden, J. O., 338
Snowden, William, 338
Solis, I. N., 352
Somervell, James, 297
Somervell, W. H., 300
Somes, Isaac, 303
Sortwell, A. F., 331
Sortwell, John, 331
Southworth, William, 313
Spangler, Rudolph, 301
Spaulding, Benjamin, 370
Spaulding, Nathaniel, 368
Speed, James, 302
Sperry, A. M., 336
Sperry, Moses, 336
Spicer, G. T., 368
Spoor, Johannes, 308
Spoor, J. A., 308
Spoor, Nicholas, 308
Sprague, Phineas, 326
Sprague, Phineas, Jr., 326
Stannard, J. D., 287
Starr, Thomas, 301
Stearns, Edward, 338
Stebbins, Ebenezer, 333, 334
Stedman, Ebenezer, 294
Stedman, Ebenezer, Jr., 294
Steele, Guy, 318
Steele, John, 317
Stephens, H. L., 290
Stephens, H. M., 370
Stephens, Sylvanus, 370
Stevens, Ephraim, 364
Stevens, John, 319
Stewart, William, 309
Stiles, Caleb, 290
Stiles, Job, 327
Stiles, John, 327
Stimson, Luther, 310
Stockbridge, John, 328
Story, A. F., 336
Story, Joseph, 336
Straight, C. T., 368

Strang, John, 312
Stratton, R. M., 352
Strong, Caleb, 332
Strong, Elisha, 337
Strong, G. V., 337
Strong, S. C., 332
Sturgis, John, 315
Sturgis, Jonathan, 315
Sulzberger, Leopold, 352
Swan, William, 317
Swasey, Emanuel, 318
Swasey, F. P., 318
Sweet, Joshua, 360
Sylvester, W. H., 352

Taft, Daniel, 332
Taft, F. L., 359
Taft, H. C., 332
Taft, H. O., 332
Taft, Lovett, 359
Taft, Nathan, 332
Taft, Robert, 359
Tallmadge, H. H., 359
Tallmadge, Josiah, 359
Tallmadge, T. B., 311
Tarbell, William, 291
Tarbell, W. S., 291
Tarbox, James, 371
Tarbox, William, 329
Taylor, David, 364
Taylor, E. M., 318
Taylor, H. De Q., 337
Taylor, L. H., 352
Taylor, W. S., 318
Teasdale, W. C., Jr., 337
Teerpenning, Hendricus, 347
Temple, Thomas, 328
Ten Eyck, Matthew, 353
Ten Eyck, Richard, 353
Terry, Daniel, 354
Thayer, David, 342
Thomas, Byron, 352
Thompson, Hiram, 351
Thompson, John, 324
Thorpe, G. E., 332
Thorpe, Jacob, 332
Thresher, H. G., 369
Thurston, Richard, 289
Tidd, E. K., 352
Tidd, Jonathan, 368
Tiers, C. V. D., 365
Tilden, Stephen, 372
Tillinghast, A. R., 353
Tillinghast, Charles, 353, 368, 369
Tillinghast, J. A., 369
Tilton, John, 338
Titcomb, Benjamin, 313
Tobey, Isaac, 327
Tobie, L. H., 315
Tobie, Richard, 315
Todd, Asa, 326
Toppan, C. B., 291
Tower, Peter, 309
Tower, W. E., 309
Townsend, G. De K., 353
Trabue, John, 314
Tracy, E. A., 395
Traver, Bastian, 309
Traver, R. C., 309
Travis, J. H., 365
Trowbridge, E. A., 332
Trowbridge, F. L., 296
Trueman, Alexander, 300
Trumbull, Jonathan, 377
Tucker, F. W., 288
Tucker, John, 288

Van Deman, John, 359
Van Deman, J. N., 359
Van Deusen, G. C., 353
Van Deusen, Jacob, 353
Van Doren, John, 353
Van Doren, L. H., 353
Van Dyke, Nicholas, 365
Van Gaasbeek, Jacobus, 346
Van Hoevenburgh, Rudolph, 289
Van Renssalaer, Kilian, 353
Van Vleck, Lyle, 365
Van Vliet, Aurie, 351
Van Wagner, E. L., 353
Van York, J. H., Jr., 296
Varnum, J. B., 351
Veeder, Volkert, 337
Vernon, G. W. F., 318
Vernon, Thomas, 318
Visscher, Frederick, 343
Vorhis, W. L., 353
Vose, Joseph, 361

Wade, Amasa, 347
Wadleigh, A. G., 332
Wadleigh, Thomas, 332
Wadsworth, Robert, 311
Wadsworth, W. W., 311
Waipa, R. P., 304
Waipa, R. P., Jr., 304
Waipa, S. P., 304
Waitt, Samuel, 326
Waitt, Samuel, Jr., 326
Waldron, L. B., 369
Walker, C. C., 300
Walker, G. B., 369
Walker, James, 369
Walker, Moses, 300
Walkup, George, 309
Walkup, W. A., 309
Wallace, John, 308
Walworth, Benjamin, 337
Ward, Artemas, 360
Ward, James, 309
Ward Stephen, 328
Warder, Carroll, 360

Ware, E. F., 313
Ware, Robert, 313
Warfield, Charles, 318
Warner, C. F., 332
Warner, John, 345
Warner, Jonathan, 333
Warner, J. G., 333
Warner, L. H., 333
Warner, W. E., 354
Warren, Joshua, 315
Warren, J. F., 315
Waterhouse, Albert, 304
Waters, I. R., 360
Waters, Joseph, 321
Waters, R. T., 319
Watkins, John, 299
Watkins, Joseph, 318
Watkins, Thomas, 369
Watson, Cyprian, 311
Watson, C. R., 311
Watson, C. W., 309
Watson, John, 309
Washington, Thomas, 297
Wasson, T. W., 354
Webb, Abner, 319
Webb, A. M., 319
Webb, Benjamin, 354
Webb, R. P., 319
Webb, W. E., Jr., 354
Webster, Ephraim, 374
Webster, E. K., 339
Webster, John, 368
Webster, Robert, 360
Webster, Robert, 326
Weed, Benjamin, 292
Weed, John, 350
Weeks, Ebenezer, 341
Weeks, J. R., 341
Weis, Jacob, 339
Wellman, J. P., 339
Wells, Elias, 296
Wells, H. W., 300
Wells, Leonard, 296
Wells, Seymour, 296
Welton, F. P., 296
Wentworth, E. M., 313
Wentworth, Timothy, 333
Wesson, Ephraim, 301
Westermann, Bernard, 354
Westfall, Jacob, 309
Westfall, S. H., 289
Wheeler, B. D., 313
Whipple, Kent, 354
Whisler, Noah, 311
Whiting, R. T., 296
Whiting, Samuel, 296
Whitman, Charles, 306
Whitney, Jesse, 303
Whitney, Silas, 315
Whittemore, Jeremiah, 352
Whittlesey, Ezra, 360
Whittlesey, R. C., 360
Wick, F. H., 360
Wier, John, 321
Wiggin, A. M., 333
Wight, E. J., 376
Wilcox, George, 336
Wildey, H. L., 313
Wildey, Thomas, 313
Wilhite, C. O., 301
Willard, Bryant, 354
Willard, Elias, 344
Williams, Benjamin, 327
Williams, Charles, 304
Williams, Elihu, 298
Williams, G. U., 360
Williams, Hershel, 365
Williams, James, Jr., 374
Williams, John (Jack), 366
Williams, Obed, 304
Willoughby, William, 297, 300
Willson, Peter, 318
Wilson, A. R., 354
Wilson, William, 376
Wingate, Joshua, 302
Wiser, David, 296
Witham, Thomas, 314, 315
Withers, John, 295
Withington, A. H., 333
Wolcott, Alexander, 360, 361
Wolcott, J. E., 360
Wolcott, Oliver, 289
Wood, A. T., 354
Wood, P. T., 355
Woodford, Bissell, 355
Woodford, J. H., 355
Woodruff, Philemon, 341
Woods, P. P., 304
Woods, S. P., 304
Woodson, John, 336
Woodson, Josiah, 336
Woodson, Matthew, 336
Woodward, H. A., 355
Wool, J. H., 374
Wool, Robert, 374
Wool, T. J., 374
Woolsey, Henry, 288
Woomer, F. P., 355
Woomer, R. S., 355
Worcester, H. L., 333
Wright, Benjamin, 287
Wright, George, 357
Wyatt, Daniel, 338
Wyman, Nehemiah, 338

Yost, C. H., 288
Young, John, 361
Younglove, John, 311
Youngs, Henry, 291
Youngs, Henry, Jr., 291

Zimmerman, R. S., 291

General Index.

Alabama Society, delegates, 167
invitation from, 228
membership, 146
officers, 41
Amendments to By-Laws, 111, 139
to Constitution, 107-139
Ames, L. A., New York report, 218
Ames, P. W., biography, 8
elected Vice-President General, 245
nomination, 234
Anderson, C. J., elected trustee, 244
Anthems, Committee on, 17, 201, 205, 248
Appleton, Gen. Francis Henry, 15, 18, 247
Arizona Society, membership, 146
new members, 287
officers, 41
Arkansas Society, membership, 146
new members, 288
officers, 42
report, 205
Armes, G. A., address at banquet, 280
remarks by, 165
Arrangements, Committee on, 17
Auditing Committee, 15
report, 156
Avery, T. G., biography, 5
elected Vice-President General, 245
invitation to Buffalo, 227
nomination, 236
Baird, Admiral, 102, 125, 176
Baltimore, invitation from, 227
Banquet, 249
Batcheller, G. C., 15, 247
Bates, G. W., nominated President General, 232
nomination of C. N. Guyer, 235
remarks by, 117, 122, 141
Bayly, W. H., biography, 7
elected Vice-President General, 245
nominated Vice-President General, 236.
Beardsley, M. B., 15, 247
Charter Committee report, 103
memorial to W. S. Logan, 201
nomination of Willard Secor, 239
Revision Committee report, 106
remarks by, 230, 239
Birdseye, I. W., report, 151
Board of Managers, report, 100
Board of Trustees, Proceedings of, 247
Bray, A. W., 126, 141
Breckinridge, R. W., 120, 121, 226
Buchtel, H. A., address at banquet, 254
Buffalo, invitation from, 227
1908 Congress at, 248
Burgess, G. F., on Credential Committee, 88
remarks by, 129, 245
By-Laws, 33
revision of, 106
California Society, delegates, 167
membership, 146
new members, 288
officers, 42
report, 205
resolution from, 131
Cartwright, J. A., Educational Committee, 173
Certificates of membership, 36, 114
Chaplain General, duties, 34, 113
election, 241
Charter, National, 25
report of Committee on, 104
Church service at Denver, 282
Clark, A. F., remarks by, 98

Clark, A. Howard, biography, 11
elected Secretary General and Registrar General, 239
nominated, 239
remarks at banquet, 270
reports, 143, 145, 247
Clark, Rev. R. W., invocation, 88, 142
nomination of G. W. Bates, 232
report, 171
Colorado Society, banquet, 249
Committee on Arrangements, 86
delegates, 167
membership, 146
new members, 289
officers, 43
report, 206
resolutions on new Constitution, 131
vote of thanks to, 246
Committees, membership of, 15
Committees discontinued, 248
Connecticut Society, delegates, 167
membership, 146
new members, 291
officers, 43
report, 206
Constitution, 28
revision of, 106
Correspondence Committee, 166, 248
Cox, W. V., report, 188
Credentials Committee, 15, 88, 98, 141, 166, 224
Crockett, W. H., Vermont report, 223
Delaware Society, membership, 146
new members, 296
officers, 46
Delegates, list of, 167
Denver, Committee on Arrangements, 86
Proceedings, 87
Dewey, W. T., remarks by, 124, 180, 226, 228
Dickey, L. A., Hawaiian report, 209
Dimitry, T. D., Louisiana report, 211
District of Columbia Society, delegates, 167
membership, 146
District of Columbia Society:
new members, 296
officers, 47
report, 207
Dues, 31, 110, 130
Dutton, Major, 134, 135, 138
Eaton, T. H., 247
Educational Committee, 16, 170
report, 171
Elections, 31, 33, 110
Empire State Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 341
officers, 70
report, 218
Executive Committee, 15, 247
duties, 35, 114, 248
Finance Committee, 15, 169
Flag Committee, 16, 187
Florida Society, membership, 146
officers, 41
France, Society in, membership, 146
officers, 49
Gibson, G. J., Utah report, 223
Goddard, Mrs. E. C., reception by, 283
Goold, Nathan, Maine report, 212
Guyer, C. N., biography, 10
elected Vice-President General, 237, 245
nomination, 235
remarks by, 182
Hadley, E. D., Iowa report, 210
Hale, General, 134
Hanford, C. H., 128, 137
invitation from, 229
Harper, Lt. Gov. E. R., address of welcome, 88
Hawaiian Society, membership, 146
new members, 301
officers, 49
report, 209
Headquarters, provision for, 248
Hersey, H. J., address at banquet, 249
remarks by, 179, 224, 230
Historian General, duties, 34, 113
election, 240
report, 157

Hubbard, A. S., nomination of P. W. Ames, 234
presents California resolution, 131
remarks by, 99, 126, 184, 228
Hubbell, J. J., nomination of W. F. Slocum, 240
remarks by, 116, 124, 125, 175
Illinois Society, delegates, 167
membership, 146
new members, 305
officers, 50
report, 210
Immigrants, Committee on pamphlet for, 17
Indiana Society, delegates, 167
membership, 146
new members, 309
officers, 52
Insignia of Society, 36, 114
Invitations for Congress, 227
Iowa Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 311
officers, 53
report, 210
Joslin, H. V. A., Publication Committee, 197
Kansas Society, membership, 146
new members, 313
officers, 54
report, 211
Kentucky Society, membership, 146
officers, 55
Keyser, W. S., nomination, 244
Kimball, H. W., Massachusetts report, 213
Lauman, Colonel, remarks by, 181
Lippitt, C. W., Educational Committee, 173
Logan, W. S., memorial to, 201, 202
Lord, D. M., address at banquet, 273
nomination of A. H. Clark, 239
nomination of N. A. McClary, 231
remarks by, 126, 156
Louisiana Society, membership, 146
new members, 314
officers, 55
report, 211
Lyman, Col. Charles, nomination of W. H. Bayly, 236
remarks by, 117, 127, 137, 165, 226
McClary, N. A., address at banquet, 260
biography, 4
elected President General, 234
Executive Committee, 247
need of recruiting, 149, 166, 260
nominated President General, 231
Revision Committee, 106, 135
Maine Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 314
officers, 56
report, 212
Marble, W. A., nomination of J. H. Randall, 241
nomination of T. G. Avery, 236
remarks by, 130, 141, 177, 204
Maryland Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 315
officers, 57
Massachusetts Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 319
officers, 58
report, 213
Medals awarded, 147
Membership by States, 146
Memorial Committee, 15
Merger resolution under Charter, 140
Michigan Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
officers, 63
report, 214
Minnesota Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 333
officers, 64
report, 216
Missouri Society, membership, 146
new members, 336
officers, 65
report, 216

Montana Society, membership, 146
new members, 337
officers, 66
report, 216
Moore, Commander J. H., 15, 101, 102, 125, 148, 162, 163, 198, 247
Mullikin, J. R., New Jersey report, 217
National Anthems Committee, 17, 201, 205, 248
National Charter Committee, 105, 196
National Parks Committee, 16, 187, 188, 247
Naval Records Committee, 17, 102, 144, 162, 198, 247
Navy Dept., records in, 162, 247
Nebraska Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 337
officers, 67
report, 217
Needham, C. W., Educational Committee, 173
Nellis, D. W., Kansas report, 211
New Hampshire Society, membership, 146
new members, 338
officers, 68
New Jersey Society, delegates, 168
membership, 146
new members, 339
officers, 69
report, 217
New members, register, 287-377
New York Society, *see* Empire State
Niagara Falls, invitation from, 229
Officers, election, 33, 110, 111
Officers, General, 1889-1906, 19
Officers, General, 1907, 3
Official Bulletin, 197, 248
Ohio Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 355
officers, 73
report, 221
Oklahoma Society, membership, 146
new members, 360
officers, 76
Oregon Society, membership, 146
new members, 361
officers, 76
Organization, Committee on, 15, 169
Palmer, Gen. W. J., 283
Parker, M. G., address at banquet, 270
Past Presidents General, 18
Pennsylvania Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 362
officers, 77
report, 221
Penney, J. P., remarks by, 178, 181
Pension and Muster Rolls Committee, 16, 196, 247
Pettingell, F. H., nominated Vice-President General, 236
Pierce, J. F., Credential Committee, 88
Educational Committee, 173
Platt, W. A., nomination of F. H. Pettingell, 236
President General, election, 234
duties, 33, 111
Presidents General, Past, 18
Press Committee, 16, 187, 248
Publication Committee, 17, 197, 248
Pugsley, C. A., address at banquet, 256
President General's address, 94
vote of thanks to, 245
Randall, J. H., biography, 13
elected Chaplain General, 241
nomination, 241
Record and Pension Office, 247
Recruiting and Lookout Committee, 196
Registrar General, duties, 34, 112
election, 239
report, 145
Register of new members, 287-377
Resolutions on new Constitution, 118, 131
Revolutionary Monuments Committee, 187, 248
Rhode Island Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 366

Rhode Island Society:
officers, 78
report, 222
Seal of Society, 36, 114
Secor, Willard, biography, 12
elected Treasurer General, 240
nomination, 239
Secretary General, duties, 34, 112
election, 239
report, 100, 143
Shryock, R. F., 149, 205, 227
Slocum, W. F., address at banquet, 250
biography, 13
Denver address, 91
elected Historian General, 240
nomination, 240
remarks by, 185
reception by, 283
South Dakota Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
officers, 80
Spengel, A. J., address of welcome, 90
"Spirit of '76 in the Winning of the West," address by Mr. Tuttle, 262
State Societies, duties, 34, 113
officers, 41
reports, 205
Stephens, H. C., elected Trustee, 244
Stockbridge, Henry, Executive Committee, 247
elected Trustee, 244
Revision Committee, 106
Stone, C. G., Connecticut report, 207
Sweet, W. E., address at banquet, 277
Tebbetts, W. F., address at banquet, 279
invitation to Congress, 228
nomination of J. W. Whiting, 235
remarks by, 129, 181
Tennessee Society, membership, 146
officers, 80
Texas Society, membership, 146
new members, 369
officers, 81
Thompson, Colonel, 226
Todd, G. D., Educational Committee, 173
Tolman, E. B., elected Trustee, 244
remarks by, 122, 138, 176, 238
resolution by, 225
Treasurer General, duties, 34, 112
election, 240
report, 151
Trustees, Board of, 14
duties, 35, 113
election, 242
meeting of, 247
Tuttle, J. F., Jr., address at banquet, 262
Unfinished Business, Committee on, 169, 248
Utah Society, membership, 146
new members, 369
officers, 81
report, 223
Vaille, H. T., toastmaster at banquet, 86, 252-282
Vandercook, J. D., Illinois report, 210
member Credential Committee, 88, 98, 141, 166
Vermont Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
invitation from, 228
new members, 370
officers, 82
report, 223
Vice-Presidents General, duties, 33, 112
election, 237
Virginia Society, membership, 146
new members, 372
officers, 82
report, 224
Washington Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 374
officers, 83

Webster, J. R., remarks by, 179, 233
Whiting, Gen. J. W., biography, 9
elected Vice-President General, 245
nomination, 235
Wickes, W. K., Educational Committee, 173
report by, 157
Williams, C. A., Address at banquet, 281
Wisconsin Society, delegates, 169
membership, 146
new members, 376
officers, 84
Woodward, Tyler, nomination, 244
Year Book authorized, 248